

Regulations 2021 Curriculum and Syllabi (I – IV semesters) (Amendments updated upto February 2022)

B.Tech.
(Aeronautical Engineering)



REGULATIONS 2021

CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI (I - IV Semesters)

(Amendments updated upto February 2022)

B.TECH. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

VISION AND MISSION OF THE INSTITUTION

VISION

B.S.Abdur Rahman Crescent Institute of Science and Technology aspires to be a leader in Education, Training and Research in multidisciplinary areas of importance and to play a vital role in the Socio-Economic progress of the Country in a sustainable manner.

MISSION

- To blossom into an internationally renowned Institute.
- To empower the youth through quality and value-based education.
- To promote professional leadership and entrepreneurship.
- To achieve excellence in all its endeavors to face global challenges.
- To provide excellent teaching and research ambience.
- To network with global Institutions of Excellence, Business, Industry and Research Organizations.
- To contribute to the knowledge base through Scientific enquiry, Applied Research and Innovation.

DEPARTMENT OF AEROSPACE ENGINEERING

VISION AND MISSION

VISION

Department of Aerospace Engineering aspires to be a premier hub in Aerospace Engineering Education, Training and Research and contribute to the development of Aerospace Technology.

MISSION

- To provide quality education and training in Aerospace Engineering to bring out motivated and capable aerospace engineers.
- To create stimulating environment and supportive infrastructure for knowledge development in Aerospace and related areas.
- To develop analytical skills and undertake collaborative research in Aerospace and related industries.
- To provide leadership qualities and team spirit through a balanced curriculum along with co-curricular, extra-curricular and professional society activities.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES

B.TECH. (AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING)

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

- To provide fundamental knowledge in science, engineering and technology relating to Aeronautical/Aerospace Engineering.
- To impart adequate knowledge and skills required for aircraft/aerospace industry, research organization and advance their careers and achieve positions of increasing responsibility, and/ or pursue entrepreneurial endeavors.
- To develop the technical expertise in design, analysis, manufacturing and maintenance management of flight vehicles and their components.
- To provide exposure to the advancements in aeronautical science and engineering and related fields.
- To inculcate a sense of commitment to the profession through involvement with the community and professional organization.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

The graduates will be able to

- apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- identify, formulate, research literature, and analyses complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- use research –based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

- create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

- Formulate and solve problems in Aeronautical Engineering using the knowledge acquired in core areas of aerodynamics, aircraft structures, propulsion, materials, flight dynamics and avionics.
- Design aircraft systems, components and processes to meet desired needs within realistic constraints.

REGULATIONS - 2021 B.TECH. DEGREE PROGRAMMES

(Under Choice Based Credit System)

1.0 PRELIMINARY DEFINITIONS & NOMENCLATURE

In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:

- i) "Programme" means B.Tech. Degree Programme.
- ii) "Branch" means specialization or discipline of B.Tech.

 Degree Programme like Civil Engineering, Mechanical
 Engineering, etc.,
- iii) "Course" means theory / practical / laboratory integrated theory / seminar / internship / project and any other subject that is normally studied in a semester like English, Mathematics, Environmental Science, Engineering Graphics, Electronic Devices etc.,
- iv) "Institution" means B.S. Abdur Rahman Crescent Institute of Science and Technology.
- v) "Academic Council" means the Academic Council, which is the apex body on all academic matters of this Institute.
- vi) "Dean (Academic Affairs)" means the Dean (Academic Affairs) of the Institution who is responsible for the implementation of relevant rules and regulations for all the academic activities.
- vii) "Dean (Student Affairs)" means the Dean (Students Affairs) of the Institution who is responsible for activities related to student welfare and discipline in the campus.
- viii) "Controller of Examinations" means the Controller of Examinations of the Institution who is responsible for the conduct of examinations and declaration of results.
- ix) "Dean of the School" means the Dean of the School of the department concerned.
- x) "Head of the Department" means the Head of the Department concerned.

2.0 ADMISSION

2.1a) Candidates for admission to the first semester of the eight semester B. Tech. degree programme shall be required to have passed the Higher Secondary Examination of the 10+2 curriculum

(Academic stream) prescribed by the appropriate authority or any other examination of any University or authority accepted by the Institution as equivalent thereto.

- **2.1b)** The student shall have studied at least any three of the following courses: Physics, Mathematics, Chemistry, Computer Science, Electronics, Information Technology, Biology, Informatics Technical Practices, Biotechnology, Vocational Subjects, Agriculture, Engineering Graphics, Business Studies, Entrepreneurship at 10+2 level. In case if the student has not studied any or all the courses viz., mathematics, physics and chemistry, he / she shall undergo bridge course(s) in the concerned course(s) at 10+2 level knowledge.
- 2.2 Notwithstanding the qualifying examination, the candidate might have passed at 10+2, the candidate shall also write an entrance examination prescribed by the Institution for admission. The entrance examination shall test the proficiency of the candidate in the courses considered eligible for admission on the standards prescribed for 10+2 academic stream.
- 2.3 Candidates for admission to the third semester of the eight semester B.Tech. programme under lateral entry category shall be required to have passed minimum Three years / Two years (Lateral Entry) Diploma examination in any branch of Engineering / Technology or passed B.Sc. Degree from a recognized University as defined by UGC and passed 10+2 examination with Mathematics as a subject or Passed three year Diploma of Vocation Stream (D.Voc) in the same or allied sector or any other examination of any other authority accepted by the Institution as equivalent thereto.
- **2.4** The Institution shall offer suitable bridge courses in Mathematics, Physics, Engineering drawing, etc., for the students of diverse backgrounds.
- 2.5 The eligibility criteria such as marks, number of attempts and physical fitness shall be as prescribed by the Institution in adherence to the guidelines of regulatory authorities from time to time.

3.0 BRANCHES OF STUDY

3.1 Regulations are applicable to the following B.Tech. Degree

programmes in various branches of Engineering and Technology, each distributed over eight semesters, with two semesters per academic year.

- Aeronautical Engineering
- 2. Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
- 3. Automobile Engineering
- 4. Biotechnology
- 5. Civil Engineering
- 6. Computer Science and Engineering
- 7. Computer Science and Engineering (Cyber Security)
- 8. Computer Science and Engineering (Internet of Things)
- 9. Electrical and Electronics Engineering
- 10. Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 11. Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering
- 12. Information Technology
- 13. Mechanical Engineering
- 14. Polymer Engineering

4.0 STRUCTURE OF THE PROGRAMME

- **4.1** Every programme has a curriculum with syllabi consisting of theory and practical courses such as,
 - Basic Science Courses BSC
 - ii) Humanities and Social Sciences including Management Courses - HSC
 - iii) Engineering Science Courses ESC
 - iv) Professional Core Courses PCC
 - v) Professional Elective Courses PEC
 - vi) Open Elective Courses OEC
 - vii) Laboratory Courses LC
 - viii) Laboratory Integrated Theory Courses LITC
 - ix) Mandatory Courses- MC
 - x) Project PROJ (Project work, seminar and internship in industry or at appropriate workplace)

4.1.1 Mandatory Induction Programme for First year Students

The first year students upon admission shall undergo a mandatory three week induction programme consisting of physical activity, creative arts, universal human values, literary, proficiency modules, lectures by eminent people, visits to local

areas, familiarization with departments / schools and centres, etc.,

4.1.2 Personality and Character Development

All students shall enroll, on admission, in any of the following personality and character development programmes:

- National Cadet Corps (NCC)
- National Service Scheme (NSS)
- National Sports Organization (NSO)
- Youth Red Cross (YRC)
- Rotaract
- Crescent Indian Society Training Development (ISTD –
 C)
- Crescent Creative Strokes
- Crescent Technocrats club

The training activities / events / camp shall normally be organized during the weekends / vacation period.

4.1.3 Online Courses for Credit Transfer

Students are permitted to undergo department approved online courses under SWAYAM up to 20% of credits of courses in a semester excluding project semester with the recommendation of the Head of the Department / Dean of School and with the prior approval of Dean (Academic Affairs) during his / her period of study. The credits earned through online courses ratified by the respective Board of Studies shall be transferred following the due approval procedures. The online courses can be considered in lieu of core courses and elective courses.

4.1.4 Value Added Courses

The students are permitted to pursue department approved online courses (excluding courses registered for credit transfer) or courses offered / approved by the department as value added courses.

The details of the value added course viz., syllabus, schedule of classes and the course faculty shall be sent to the Dean (Academic Affairs) for approval. The students may also undergo the valued added courses offered by other departments with the consent of the Head of the Department offering the course.

These value added courses shall be specified in the consolidated

mark sheet as additional courses pursued by the student over and above the curriculum during the period of study.

4.1.5 Industry Internship

The students shall undergo training for a period as specified in the curriculum during the summer vacation in any industry relevant to the field study.

The students are also permitted to undergo internship at research organizations / eminent academic institutions for the period prescribed in the curriculum during the summer vacation, in lieu of Industrial training.

In any case, the student shall obtain necessary approval from the Head of the Department / Dean of School and the training has to be taken up at a stretch.

4.1.6 Industrial Visit

The student shall undergo at least one industrial visit every year from the second year of the programme. The Heads of Departments / Deans of Schools shall ensure the same.

- **4.2** Each course is normally assigned certain number of credits:
 - one credit per lecture period per week
 - one credit per tutorial period per week
 - one credit for two to three periods and two credits for four periods of laboratory or practical sessions per week
 - one credit for two periods of seminar / project work per week
 - one credit for two weeks of industrial training or 80 hours per semester.
- **4.3** Each semester curriculum shall normally have a blend of lecture courses, laboratory courses, laboratory integrated theory courses, etc.
- **4.5** The medium of instruction, examinations and project report shall be in English, except for courses in languages other than English.

5.0 DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

5.1 A student is expected to complete the B.Tech. programme in eight semesters (six semesters in the case of lateral entry scheme), but in any case not more than 14 continuous semesters reckoned from the date of first admission (12 semesters in the case of lateral entry students).

- **5.2** Each semester shall consist of a minimum of 90 working days including the days of examinations.
- 5.3 The maximum duration for completion of the programme as mentioned in clause 5.1 shall also include period of break of study vide clause 7.1 so that the student may be eligible for the award of the degree.

6.0 REGISTRATION AND ENROLLMENT

6.1 The students of first semester shall register and enroll for courses at the time of admission by paying the prescribed fees. For the subsequent semesters registration for the courses shall be done by the student one week before the last working day of the previous semester.

6.2 Change of a Course

A student can change an enrolled course within 10 working days from the commencement of the course, with the approval of the Dean (Academic Affairs), on the recommendation of the Head of the Department of the student.

6.3 Withdrawal from a Course

A student can withdraw from an enrolled course at any time before the first continuous assessment test for genuine reasons, with the approval of the Dean (Academic Affairs), on the recommendation of the Head of the Department of the student.

7.0 BREAK OF STUDY FROM PROGRAMME

- 7.1 A student may be allowed / enforced to take a break of study for two semesters from the programme with the approval of Dean (Academic Affairs) for the following reasons:
 - 7.1.1 Medical or other valid grounds
 - 7.1.2 Award of 'I' grade in all the courses in a semester due to lack of attendance
 - 7.1.3 Debarred due to any act of indiscipline
- **7.2** The total duration for completion of the programme shall not exceed the prescribed maximum number of semesters (vide clause 5.1).
- **7.3** A student who has availed a break of study in the current semester (odd/even) can rejoin only in the subsequent corresponding (odd/even) semester in the next academic year on approval from the Dean (Academic affairs).

7.4 During the break of study, the student shall not be allowed to attend any regular classes or participate in any activities of the Institution. However, he / she shall be permitted to enroll for the 'I' grade courses and appear for the arrear examinations.

8.0 CLASS ADVISOR AND FACULTY ADVISOR

8.1 Class Advisor

A faculty member shall be nominated by the Head of the Department as class advisor for the class throughout the period of study except first year.

The class advisor shall be responsible for maintaining the academic, curricular and co-curricular records of students of the class throughout their period of study.

However, for the first and second semester, the class advisors (first year class advisors) are nominated by the first year coordinator.

8.2 Faculty Advisor

To help the students in planning their courses of study and for general counseling, the Head of the Department of the students shall attach a maximum of 20 students to a faculty member of the department who shall function as faculty advisor for the students throughout their period of study. Such faculty advisor shall guide the students in taking up the elective courses for registration and enrolment in every semester and also offer advice to the students on academic and related personal matters.

9.0 COURSE COMMITTEE

9.1 Each common theory course offered to more than one group of students shall have a "Course Committee" comprising all the course faculty teaching the common course with one of them nominated as a course coordinator. The nomination of the course coordinator shall be made by the Head of the Department / Dean (Academic Affairs) depending on whether all the course faculty teaching the common course belong to a single department or from several departments. The course committee shall ensure preparation of a common question paper and scheme of evaluation for the tests and semester end examination.

10.0 CLASS COMMITTEE

A class committee is constituted branch wise and semester wise

by the Head of the Department / Dean of the School shall normally comprise of faculty members handling the classes, student representatives and a senior faculty member not handling the courses as chairman.

- **10.1** The composition of class committees for first and second semester is as follows:
 - i) The first year coordinator shall be the chairman of the class committee
 - ii) Faculty members of all individual courses of first / second semester
 - iii) Six student representatives (male and female) of each class nominated by the first year coordinator
 - iv) The class advisor and faculty advisors of the class
- **10.2** The composition of the class committee for each branch from 3rd to 8th semester is as follows:
 - i) One senior faculty member preferably not handling courses for the concerned semester appointed as chairman by the Head of the Department
 - ii) All the faculty members handling courses of the semester
 - iii) Six student representatives (male and female) of each class nominated by the Head of the Department in consultation with the relevant faculty advisors
 - iv) All faculty advisors and the class advisors
 - v) Head of the Department
- 10.3 The class committee shall meet at least three times during the semester. The first meeting shall be held within two weeks from the date of commencement of classes, in which the components of continuous assessment for various courses and the weightages for each component of assessment shall be decided for the first and second assessment. The second meeting shall be held within a week after the date of first assessment report, to review the students' performance and for follow up action.
- 10.4 During these two meetings, the student members shall meaningfully interact and express opinions and suggestions to improve the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process, curriculum and syllabi, etc.
- 10.5 The third meeting of the class committee, excluding the student

members, shall meet after the semester end examinations to analyse the performance of the students in all the components of assessments and decide their grades in each course. The grades for a common course shall be decided by the concerned course committee and shall be presented to the class committee(s) by the course faculty concerned.

11.0 CREDIT LIMIT FOR ENROLLMENT & MOVEMENT TO HIGHER SEMESTER

- **11.1** A student can enroll for a maximum of 32 credits during a semester including Redo / Predo courses.
- **11.2** The minimum credits earned by the student to move to 7th semester shall not be less than 60 credits (40 credits for lateral entry students).

12.0 ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE AND PERCENTAGE WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS

12.1 Every theory course shall have a total of three assessments during a semester as given below:

Assessments	Course Coverage in Weeks	Duration	Weightage of Marks
Assessment 1	1 to 6	1.5 hours	25%
Assessment 2	7 to 12	1.5 hours	25%
Semester End Examination	Full course	3 hours	50%

12.2 Theory Course

Appearing for semester end theory examination for each course is mandatory and a student shall secure a minimum of 40% marks in each course in semester end examination for the successful completion of the course.

12.3 Laboratory Course

Every practical course shall have 60% weightage for continuous assessments and 40% for semester end examination. However, a student shall have secured a minimum of 50% marks in the semester end practical examination for the award of pass grade.

12.4 Laboratory Integrated Theory Courses

For laboratory integrated theory courses, the theory and practical

components shall be assessed separately for 100 marks each and consolidated by assigning a weightage of 75% for theory component and 25% for practical component. Grading shall be done for this consolidated mark. Assessment of theory components shall have a total of three assessments with two continuous assessments carrying 25% weightage each and semester end examination carrying 50% weightage. The student shall secure a separate minimum of 40% in the semester end theory examination. The evaluation of practical components shall be through continuous assessment.

12.5 The components of continuous assessment for theory / practical / laboratory integrated theory courses shall be finalized in the first class committee meeting.

12.6 Industry Internship

In the case of industry internship, the student shall submit a report, which shall be evaluated along with an oral examination by a committee of faculty members constituted by the Head of the Department. The student shall also submit an internship completion certificate issued by the industry / research / academic organisation. The weightage of marks for industry internship report and viva voce examination shall be 60% and 40% respectively.

12.7 Project Work

In the case of project work, a committee of faculty members constituted by the Head of the Department / Dean of the School will carry out three periodic reviews. Based on the project report submitted by the students, an oral examination (viva voce) shall be conducted as semester end examination by an external examiner approved by the Controller of Examinations. The weightage for periodic reviews shall be 50%. Of the remaining 50%, 20% shall be for the project report and 30% for the viva voce examination.

- **12.8** Assessment of seminars and comprehension shall be carried out by a committee of faculty members constituted by the Head of the Department.
- **12.9** For the first attempt of the arrear theory examination, the internal assessment marks scored for a course during first appearance

shall be used for grading along with the marks scored in the arrear examination. From the subsequent appearance onwards, full weightage shall be assigned to the marks scored in the semester end examination and the internal assessment marks secured during the course of study shall become invalid.

In case of laboratory integrated theory courses, after one regular and one arrear appearance, the internal mark of theory component is invalid and full weightage shall be assigned to the marks scored in the semester end examination for theory component. There shall be no arrear or improvement examination for lab components.

13.0 SUBSTITUTE EXAMINATIONS

- 13.1 A student who is absent, for genuine reasons, may be permitted to write a substitute examination for any one of the two continuous assessment tests of a course by paying the prescribed substitute examination fee. However, permission to take up a substitute examination will be given under exceptional circumstances, such as accidents, admission to a hospital due to illness, etc. by a committee constituted by the Head of the Department / Dean of the School for that purpose. There is no substitute examination for semester end examinations.
- 13.2 A student shall apply for a substitute exam in the prescribed form to the Head of the Department / Dean of the School within a week from the date of assessment test. However, the substitute examination will be conducted only after the last instructional day of the semester.

14.0 ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENT AND SEMESTER / COURSE REPETITION

- 14.1 A student shall earn 100% attendance in the contact periods of every course, subject to a maximum relaxation of 25% to become eligible to appear for the semester end examination in that course, failing which the student shall be awarded "I" grade in that course.
- **14.2** The faculty member of each course shall cumulate the attendance details for the semester and furnish the names of the students who have not earned the required attendance in the concerned course to the class advisor. The class advisor shall consolidate

and furnish the list of students who have earned less than 75% attendance, in various courses, to the Dean (Academic Affairs) through the Head of the Department / Dean of the School. Thereupon, the Dean (Academic Affairs) shall officially notify the names of such students prevented from writing the semester end examination in each course.

- 14.3 If a student secures attendance between 65% and less than 75% in any course in a semester, due to medical reasons (hospitalization / accident / specific illness) or due to participation in the institution approved events, the student shall be given exemption from the prescribed attendance requirement and the student shall be permitted to appear for the semester end examination of that course. In all such cases, the students shall submit the required documents immediately after joining the classes to the class advisor, which shall be approved by the Head of the Department / Dean of the School. The Vice Chancellor, based on the recommendation of the Dean (Academic Affairs) may approve the condonation of attendance.
- **14.4** A student who has obtained an "I" grade in all the courses in a semester is not permitted to move to the next higher semester. Such students shall repeat all the courses of the semester in the subsequent academic year.
- 14.5 The student awarded "I" grade, shall enroll and repeat the course when it is offered next. In case of "I" grade in an elective course either the same elective course may be repeated or a new elective course may be taken with the approval of the Head of the Department / Dean of the School.
- 14.6 A student who is awarded "U" grade in a course shall have the option to either write the semester end arrear examination at the end of the subsequent semesters, or to redo the course when the course is offered by the department. Marks scored in the continuous assessment in the redo course shall be considered for grading along with the marks scored in the semester end (redo) examination. If any student obtains "U" grade in the redo course, the marks scored in the continuous assessment test (redo) for that course shall be considered as internal mark for further appearance of arrear examination.

14.7 If a student with "U" grade, who prefers to redo any particular course, fails to earn the minimum 75% attendance while doing that course, then he / she is not permitted to write the semester end examination and his / her earlier "U" grade and continuous assessment marks shall continue.

15.0 REDO COURSES

- 15.1 A student can register for a maximum of three redo courses per semester without affecting the regular semester classes, whenever such courses are offered by the concerned department, based on the availability of faculty members and subject to a specified minimum number of students registering for each of such courses.
- **15.2** The number of contact hours and the assessment procedure for any redo course shall be the same as regular courses, except there is no provision for any substitute examination and withdrawal from a redo course.

16.0 PASSING AND DECLARATION OF RESULTS AND GRADE SHEET

16.1 All assessments of a course shall be made on absolute marks basis. The class committee without the student members shall meet to analyse the performance of students in all assessments of a course and award letter grades following the relative grading system. The letter grades and the corresponding grade points are as follows:

Letter Grade	Grade Points
S	10
А	9
В	8
С	7
D	6
Е	5
U	0
W	-
I	-

"W" - denotes withdrawal from the course

 "I" - denotes inadequate attendance in the course and prevention from appearance of semester end

examination

- "U" denotes unsuccessful performance in the course.
- **16.2** A student who earns a minimum of five grade points ('E' grade) in a course is declared to have successfully completed the course. Such a course cannot be repeated by the student for improvement of grade.
- 16.3 Upon awarding grades, the results shall be endorsed by the chairman of the class committee and Head of the Department / Dean of the School. The Controller of Examinations shall further approve and declare the results.
- 16.4 Within one week from the date of declaration of result, a student can apply for revaluation of his / her semester end theory examination answer scripts of one or more courses, on payment of prescribed fee, through proper application to the Controller of Examinations. Subsequently, the Head of the Department / Dean of the School offered the course shall constitute a revaluation committee consisting of chairman of the class committee as convener, the faculty member of the course and a senior faculty member having expertise in that course as members. The committee shall meet within a week to revalue the answer scripts and submit its report to the Controller of Examinations for consideration and decision.
- 16.5 After results are declared, grade sheets shall be issued to each student, which contains the following details: a) list of courses enrolled during the semester including redo courses / arrear courses, if any; b) grades scored; c) Grade Point Average (GPA) for the semester and d) Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of all courses enrolled from the first semester onwards.

GPA is the ratio of the sum of the products of the number of credits of courses registered and the grade points corresponding to the grades scored in those courses, taken for all the courses, to the sum of the number of credits of all the courses in the semester.

If C_i, is the number of credits assigned for the ith course and GP_i is the Grade Point in the ith course,

$$GPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (C_i)(GPi)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i}$$

Where n = number of courses

The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) is calculated in a similar manner, considering all the courses enrolled from first semester.

"I" and "W" grades are excluded for calculating GPA.

"U", "I" and "W" grades are excluded for calculating CGPA.

The formula for the conversion of CGPA to equivalent percentage of marks shall be as follows:

Percentage equivalent of marks = CGPA X 10

16.6 After successful completion of the programme, the degree shall be awarded to the students with the following classifications based on CGPA.

Classification	CGPA
First Class with	8.50 and above and passing all the courses in first
Distinction	appearance and completing the programme within
	the prescribed period of 8 semesters for all
	students (except lateral entry students) and 6
	semesters for lateral entry students
First Class	6.50 and above and completing the programme
	within a maximum of 10 semesters for all students
	(except lateral entry students) and 8 semesters
	for lateral entry students
Second Class	Others

16.6.1 Eligibility for First Class with Distinction

- A student should not have obtained 'U' or 'I' grade in any course during his/her study
- A student should have completed the UG programme within the minimum prescribed period of study (except clause 7.1.1)

16.6.2 Eligibility for First Class

 A student should have passed the examination in all the courses not more than two semesters beyond the minimum prescribed period of study (except clause 7.1.1)

- **16.6.3** The students who do not satisfy clause 16.6.1 and clause 16.6.2 shall be classified as second class.
- 16.6.4 The CGPA shall be rounded to two decimal places for the purpose of classification. The CGPA shall be considered up to three decimal places for the purpose of comparison of performance of students and ranking.

17.0 SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

Final year students and passed out students can apply for supplementary examination for a maximum of three courses thus providing an opportunity to complete their degree programme. Likewise, students with less credits in VI semester can also apply for supplementary examination for a maximum of three courses to enable them to earn minimum credits to move to higher semester. The students can apply for supplementary examination within three weeks of the declaration of results in the even semester.

18.0 DISCIPLINE

- **18.1** Every student is expected to observe discipline and decorum both inside and outside the campus and not to indulge in any activity which tends to affect the reputation of the Institution.
- 18.2 Any act of indiscipline of a student, reported to the Dean (Student Affairs), through the Head of the Department / Dean of the School concerned shall be referred to a Discipline and Welfare Committee constituted by the Registrar for taking appropriate action. This committee shall also address the grievances related to the conduct of online classes.

19.0 ELIGIBILITY FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE

- **19.1** A student shall be declared to be eligible for the award of B.Tech. degree provided the student has:
 - i) Successfully earned the required number of total credits as specified in the curriculum of the programme of study within a maximum period of 14 semesters (12 semesters for lateral entry) from the date of admission, including break of study.
 - ii) Successfully completed the requirements of the enrolled professional development activity.
 - iii) No dues to the Institution, Library, Hostel, etc.
 - iv) No disciplinary action pending against him/her.
- 19.2 The award of the degree must have been approved by the

Institution.

20.0 MINOR DEGREE PROGRAMMES OFFERED FOR STUDENTS

20.1 The students admitted in the following B.Tech. programmes can graduate with a minor degree, which is optional, along with a major degree:

Civil Engineering	Mechanical Engineering
Electronics and	Electrical and Electronics
Communication Engineering	Engineering
Automobile Engineering	 Aeronautical Engineering
Polymer Engineering	Biotechnology Engineering
Electronics and	 Computer Science and
Instrumentation Engineering	Engineering
Information Technology	 Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
Computer Science and	Computer Science and Computer Science
Engineering (IoT)	Engineering(Cyber Security)

20.2 The eligibility for choosing the minor degree is given as below:

SI.	Minor Degree	Eligible Major Degree Programmes
No.		(from other Departments)
1.	Artificial Intelligence and	Mechanical Engineering
	Machine Learning	Aeronautical Engineering
2.	Block Chain	Polymer Engineering
3.	Cyber Security	Automobile Engineering
4.	Data Science	Civil Engineering
5.	Internet of Things (IoT)	Biotechnology
		Electrical and Electronics Engineering
		Electronics and Instrumentation
		Engineering
6.	Virtual and Augmented	Mechanical Engineering
	Reality	Aeronautical Engineering
		Polymer Engineering
		Automobile Engineering
		Civil Engineering
		Biotechnology
		Electrical and Electronics Engineering
		Electronics and Instrumentation
		Engineering
		Electronics and Communication
		Engineering
7.	Sensor Technology	Mechanical Engineering
		Aeronautical Engineering
		Polymer Engineering

		1
		Mechanical Engineering
		Aeronautical Engineering
		Polymer Engineering
		Automobile Engineering
		Civil Engineering
		Biotechnology
		Electronics and Communication
		Engineering
12.	GIS and Remote	Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
	Sensing	Computer Science and Engineering
		(Cyber Security)
		Computer Science and Engineering (IoT)
		Computer Science and Engineering
		Information and Technology
		Mechanical Engineering
		Aeronautical Engineering
		Polymer Engineering
		Automobile Engineering
		Biotechnology
		Electrical and Electronics Engineering
		Electronics and Instrumentation
		Engineering
		Electronics and Communication
		Engineering
13.	Computational Biology	Artificial Intelligence and Data Science
	Comparational Dielogy	Computer Science and Engineering
		(Cyber Security)
		Computer Science and Engineering (IoT)
		Computer Science and Engineering
		Information and Technology
		Mechanical Engineering
		Aeronautical Engineering
		Polymer Engineering
		Automobile Engineering
		Civil Engineering
		Electrical and Electronics Engineering
		Electronics and Instrumentation
		Engineering
		Electronics and Communication
		Engineering

20.3 A student shall earn an additional 18 to 20 credits for the award of a minor degree.

20.4 A student shall be awarded a minor degree only when he / she completes the requirements for the award of major degree stipulated in the respective programme.

21.0 POWER TO MODIFY

Notwithstanding all that has been stated above, the Academic Council has the right to modify the above regulations from time to time.

B.S. ABDUR RAHMAN CRESCENT INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY B.TECH. AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING CURRICULUM FRAME WORK, REGULATIONS 2021

(Choice Based Credit System)

			SEMESTER I				
SI.	Course	Course	Course Title	L	T	Р	С
No.	Group	Code					
1.	BSC	PHD 1181	Applied Physics *	3	0	2	4
2.	BSC	CHD 1181	Engineering Materials and Applications *	3	0	2	4
3.	BSC	MAD 1181	Algebra and Differential Calculus	3	1	0	4
4.	ESC	GED 1101	Engineering Graphics *	2	0	2	3
5.	ESC	GED 1102	Engineering Design	2	0	0	2
6.	ESC	GED 1103	Manufacturing Practices Laboratory	0	0	2	1
7.	ESC	GED 1104	Programming for Problem Solving **	1	0	2	2
			Credits	;			20 #
			SEMESTER II				
			SEIVIESTERII				
SI.	Course	Course	Course Title	L	т	Р	С
SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code		L	Т	Р	С
				L	T 0	P	c
No.	Group	Code	Course Title	_			
No. 1.	Group HSC	Code	Course Title English for Engineers	3	0	0	3
No. 1. 2.	Group HSC BSC	Code	Course Title English for Engineers Physics Elective	3	0	0	3 2
No. 1. 2. 3.	Group HSC BSC BSC	Code END 1281	Course Title English for Engineers Physics Elective Chemistry Elective Partial Differential	3 2 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 2 2
No. 1. 2. 3. 4.	Group HSC BSC BSC	Code END 1281 MAD 1283	Course Title English for Engineers Physics Elective Chemistry Elective Partial Differential Equations and Transforms Basic Electrical and	3 2 2 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	3 2 2 4
No. 1. 2. 3. 4.	Group HSC BSC BSC BSC ESC	Code END 1281 MAD 1283 GED 1202	Course Title English for Engineers Physics Elective Chemistry Elective Partial Differential Equations and Transforms Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering *	3 2 2 3	0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0	3 2 2 4

			Credits			24		
SI.	Course	Course	SEMESTER III Course Title	L	т	Р	С	
No. 1.	Group HSC	Code	Humanities Elective I	3	0	0	3	
2.	BSC		Mathematics Elective	3	1	0	4	
3.	PCC	AED 2101	Solid Mechanics	3	0	0	3	
4.	PCC	AED 2102	Engineering Thermodynamics*	3	0	2	4	
5.	PCC	AED 2103	Fluid Mechanics	3	0	2	4	
6.	PCC	AED 2104	Aircraft Materials and	3	0	0	3	
7.	PCC	AED 2105	Manufacturing Processes Aircraft Component and Assembly Drawing Laboratory	0	0	2	1	
8.	HSC	GED 2101	Essential Skills and Aptitude for Engineers	0	0	2	1	
			Credits				23	
			OFMEOTED IV					
SI.	Course	Course	SEMESTER IV Course Title	L	т	Р	С	
No.	Group	Code	Course Title	-	•	r	C	
1.	PCC	AED 2211	Low Speed Aerodynamics	3	0	0	3	
2.	PCC	AED 2212	Aircraft Structural Mechanics	3	0	0	3	
3.	PCC	AED 2213	Propulsion I	3	0	0	3	
4.	PCC	AED 2214	Aircraft Systems and Instruments *	3	0	2	4	
5.	PCC	AED 2215	Experimental Aerodynamics *	3	0	2	4	
6.	PCC	AED 2216	Solid Mechanics Laboratory	0	0	2	1	
7.	PEC		Professional Elective Courses	3	0	0	3	
8.	HSC	GED 2201	Workplace Skills and Aptitude for Engineers	0	0	2	1	
9.	MC	GED 2202	Indian Constitution and Human Rights	2	0	0	0	
			Credits				22	

			SEMESTER V				
SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С
1.	HSC	MSD 3281	Entrepreneurship	3	0	0	3
2.	PCC	AED 3101	Propulsion II	3	0	0	3
3.	PCC	AED 3102	Aircraft Structural Design and Analysis	3	0	0	3
4.	PCC	AED 3103	High Speed Aerodynamics	3	0	0	3
5.	PCC	AED 3104	Control Engineering *	2	0	2	3
6.	PCC	AED 3105	Propulsion Laboratory	0	0	2	1
7.	PEC		Professional Elective Courses				6
8.	HSC	GED 3101	Communication Skills for Career Success	0	0	2	1
9.	PROJ	AED 3106	Internship I ##	0	0	0	1
			·				
			Credits				24
							24
SI.	Course	Course	Credits SEMESTER VI Course Title	L	т	P	24 C
SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	SEMESTER VI	L	т	Р	
			SEMESTER VI	L 2	T	P	
No.	Group		SEMESTER VI Course Title				С
No. 1.	Group HSC		SEMESTER VI Course Title Humanities Elective II	2	0	0	c
No. 1. 2.	Group HSC OEC	Code	SEMESTER VI Course Title Humanities Elective II Open Elective I	2	0	0	c 2 3
No. 1. 2. 3.	Group HSC OEC PCC	Code AED 3211	SEMESTER VI Course Title Humanities Elective II Open Elective I Avionics *	2 3 3	0 0 0	0 0 2	C 2 3 4
No. 1. 2. 3.	Group HSC OEC PCC	Code AED 3211 AED 3212	SEMESTER VI Course Title Humanities Elective II Open Elective I Avionics * Flight Dynamics	2 3 3	0 0 0	0 0 2 0	c 2 3 4
No. 1. 2. 3. 4.	Group HSC OEC PCC PCC	Code AED 3211 AED 3212 AED 3213	SEMESTER VI Course Title Humanities Elective II Open Elective I Avionics * Flight Dynamics Aircraft Design Project I	2 3 3 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 2 0	C 2 3 4 3
No. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Group HSC OEC PCC PCC PCC	Code AED 3211 AED 3212 AED 3213	SEMESTER VI Course Title Humanities Elective II Open Elective I Avionics * Flight Dynamics Aircraft Design Project I Aircraft Structures Laboratory	2 3 3 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 2 0	c 2 3 4 3 1

			SEMESTER VII				
SI.	Course	Course	Course Title	L	T	Р	С
No.	Group	Code					
1.	OEC		Open Elective II				3
2.	OEC		Open Elective III				3
3.	PCC	AED 4101	Computational Fluid Dynamics *	3	0	2	4
4.	PCC	AED 4102	Aircraft Design Project II	0	0	4	2
5.	PEC		Professional Elective Courses				9
6.	PROJ	AED 4103	Internship II ###				1
7.	HSC	GED 4101	Employability Skills \$	0	0	2	1
			Credits				22
			SEMESTER VIII				
SI.	Course	Course	Course Title	L	т	Р	С
No.	Group	Code	Oddiod Hillo	_	•	•	•
1.	PROJ	AED 4211	Project Work	0	0	18	9
			Credits				9

Overall Total Credits - 165

- * Laboratory Integrated Theory course
- ** Laboratory Course
- # Three Week Orientation Programme Mandatory Non-Credit Course
- ## 15 days of Industrial training during the summer vacation of second year. The credit will be awarded in the 5th Semester.
- ### 15 days of Industrial training during the summer vacation of third year.

 The credit will be awarded in the 7th Semester.
- Not a Mandatory Course The student will take up this course during the Summer Holidays of III year as a comprehension of Soft Skills courses offered from semester III to VI. Upon successful completion, the course will be mentioned in grade sheet of VII semester.

LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES

SPECIALIZATION I: AERODYNAMICS

SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	Semester
1.	PEC	AEDX 01	Industrial Aerodynamics	3	0	0	3	IV
2.	PEC	AEDX 02	Helicopter Aerodynamics	3	0	0	3	V
3.	PEC	AEDX 03	Wind Tunnel Model Design	1	0	0	1	V
4.	PEC	AEDX 04	Viscous Flows	3	0	0	3	VI
5.	PEC	AEDX 05	Hypersonic Aerodynamics	3	0	0	3	VI
6.	PEC	AEDX 06	Optical Flow Diagnostics	1	0	0	1	VII
7.	PEC	AEDX 07	Introduction to Multi- Phase Flow	2	0	0	2	VII

SPECIALIZATION II: PROPULSION

SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	т	P	С	Semester	
1.	PEC	AEDX 08	Space Mechanics	3	0	0	3	IV	
2.	PEC	AEDX 09	Heat Transfer	3	0	0	3	V	
3.	PEC	AEDX 10	Micro Gas Turbine	1	0	0	1	V	
4.	PEC	AEDX 11	Combustion	3	0	0	3	VI	
5.	PEC	AEDX 12	Cryogenics	1	0	0	1	VI	
6.	PEC	AEDX 13	Rocket Propulsion	3	0	0	3	VI	
7.	PEC	AEDX 14	Rockets and Missiles	3	0	0	3	VII	
8.	PEC	AEDX 15	Advanced Propulsion Systems	3	0	0	3	VII	

SPECIALIZATION III: AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES

SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	С	Semester
1.	PEC	AEDX 16	MachineDesign	3	0	0	3	IV
2.	PEC	AEDX 17	Theory of Elasticity	3	0	0	3	V
3.	PEC	AEDX 18	Aircraft Structural Testing and Qualification	1	0	0	1	V
4.	PEC	AEDX 19	Vibration and Aero Elasticity	3	0	0	3	VI
5.	PEC	AEDX 20	Smart Structures	1	0	0	1	VI
6.	PEC	AEDX 21	Experimental Techniques for Aircraft Structures	3	0	0	3	VI
7.	PEC	AEDX 22	Structural Analysis Tools	2	0	0	2	VII
8.	PEC	AEDX 23	Composite Materials and Structures	3	0	0	3	VII
9.	PEC	AEDX 24	Finite Element method	3	0	0	3	VII

SPECIALIZATION IV: AIRCRAFT MATERIALS AND MAINTENANCE

SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	Semester
1.	PEC	AEDX 25	Aviation Rules and Regulation	3	0	0	3	IV
2.	PEC	AEDX 26	Airframe Repair and Maintenance	3	0	0	3	V
3.	PEC	AEDX 27	Advanced Manufacturing Technologies	2	0	0	2	V
4.	PEC	AEDX 28	Measurement Systems	3	0	0	3	VI
5.	PEC	AEDX 29	Aircraft General Engg and Maintenance Practice	3	0	0	3	VI
6.	PEC	AEDX 30	Air Traffic Control and Aerodrome Design	3	0	0	3	VII

_	B.Tech.	,	F	Regulations 2021				
7.	PEC	AEDX 31	Behavior of Materials at High Temperatures	3	0	0	3	VII
8.	PEC	AEDX 32	Product Development and 3D Printing Technologies	2	0	0	2	VII

SPECIALIZATION IV: AVIONICS

SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	Semester
1.	PEC	AEDX 33	Microprocessor and Microcontroller for Aircraft Systems	2	0	0	2	IV
2.	PEC	AEDX 34	Mathematical Modelling and Simulation	2	0	0	2	V
3.	PEC	AEDX 35	MEMS Devices and Fabrication	1	0	0	1	V
4.	PEC	AEDX 36	Satellite Technology	3	0	0	3	VI
5.	PEC	AEDX 37	Space Debris Management	1	0	0	1	VI
6.	PEC	AEDX 38	Aircraft Navigation and Guidance	3	0	0	3	VII
7.	PEC	AEDX 39	UAV and MAV systems	2	0	0	2	VII

PHYSICS ELECTIVES - II SEMESTER

SI.	Course	Course Title		T	Р	С
No.	Code					
1	PHDX 01	Non Destructive Testing of Materials	2	0	0	2
2	PHDX 02	Materials Science for Engineering	2	0	0	2
3	PHDX 03	Biomaterials	2	0	0	2
4	PHDX 04	Optical Fibre Communication	2	0	0	2
5	PHDX 05	Semiconductor Physics for	2	0	0	2
		Information Technology				
6	PHDX 06	Sensors and Actuators	2	0	0	2
7	PHDX 07	Fundamentals of Nanotechnology	2	0	0	2
		and its Applications				

1

2

3

4

SSDX 01

SSDX 02

SSDX 03

SSDX 04

CHEMISTRY ELECTIVES - II SEMESTER

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С
1	CHDX 01	Chemistry of Construction Materials	2	0	0	2
2	CHDX 02	Chemistry of Materials and Electrochemical Devices	2	0	0	2
3	CHDX 03	Chemistry and Instrumentation for Electrical and Electronic Applications	2	0	0	2
4	CHDX 04	Functional Materials and Applications	2	0	0	2
5	CHDX 05	Chemistry of Fuels, Combustion and Lubricants	2	0	0	2
6	CHDX 06	Instrumental Methods of Polymer Analysis	2	0	0	2
7	CHDX 07	Medicinal Chemistry	2	0	0	2
	MAT	HEMATICS ELECTIVES – III SEMESTE	R			
SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	т	Р	С
_		Course Title Transforms and Partial Differential Equations	L	T	P	C
No.	Code	Transforms and Partial Differential	_			
No. 1	Code MADX 01	Transforms and Partial Differential Equations	3	1	0	4
No. 1	Code MADX 01 MADX 02	Transforms and Partial Differential Equations Discrete Mathematics	3	1	0	4
No. 1 2 3	Code MADX 01 MADX 02 MADX 03	Transforms and Partial Differential Equations Discrete Mathematics Probablity and Statistics	3 3 3	1 1 1	0 0 0	4 4

Engineering Economics and

Industrial Economics and

Sociology of Science and Technology

Dynamics of Indian Social Structure

Management

Management

0 0 3

0 3

0 3

0 3

0

0

0

3

3

3

HUMANITIES ELECTIVES - VI SEMESTER

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	С
1	SSDX 11	Economics of Sustainable	2	0	0	2
		Development				
2	SSDX 12	Sociology of Industrial Relations.	2	0	0	2
3	SSDX 13	Professional Ethics and Human Values	2	0	0	2
4	SSDX 14	Gender, Technology and Development	2	0	0	2

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES FOR B.TECH. PROGRAMMES R 2021 - VI SEMESTER

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	Offering Department
1	GEDX201	Application of Fluid	3	0	0	3	Aero
		Mechanics in Everyday Life					
2	GEDX 202	Basics of Management and	3	0	0	3	CSB
		Organizational Behaviour					
3	GEDX 203	Big Data Analytics	3	0	0	3	CA
4	GEDX 204	Biology for Engineers	3	0	0	3	SLS
5	GEDX 205	Consumer Electronics	3	0	0	3	ECE
6	GEDX 206	Creative Writing	2	1	0	3	English
7	GEDX 207	Cyber Forensics	3	0	0	3	CSE
8	GEDX 208	Cyber Security	3	0	0	3	IT
9	GEDX 209	Disaster Management	3	0	0	3	Civil
10	GEDX 210	English for Competitive	2	1	0	3	English
		Examination					
11	GEDX 211	Enterprise Risk Management	3	0	0	3	CSB
12	GEDX 212	Fundamentals of Project	3	0	0	3	CSB
		Management					
13	GEDX 213	Industrial Robotics	2	0	2	3	Mech.
14	GEDX 214	Internet of Things and its	3	0	0	3	ECE
		Applications					
15	GEDX 215	Introduction to Health Care	3	0	0	3	CA
		Analytics					
16	GEDX 216	IPR and Patent Laws	3	0	0	3	CSB

B.Te	ech.	Aeronautical Engineering			R	egula	ations 2021
17	GEDX 217	Logistics and Supply Chain Management	3	0	0	3	CSB
18	GEDX 218	Nano Materials and Technology	2	0	2	3	Physics / Chemistry
19	GEDX 219	Numerical Computational Tools for Engineers	2	0	2	3	EIE
20	GEDX 220	Optimization Techniques	3	0	0	3	EEE
21	GEDX 221	Polymers for Emerging	3	0	0	3	Polymer
		Technologies					
22	GEDX 222	Programming Language	3	0	0	3	CSE
		Principles					
23	GEDX 223	Public Speaking and Rhetoric	2	1	0	3	English
24	GEDX 224	Python Programming	2	0	2	3	ΙΤ
25	GEDX 225	R Programming	3	0	0	3	CA
26	GEDX 226	Smart Sensors for Healthcare	3	0	0	3	EIE
		Applications					
27	GEDX 227	Total Quality Management	3	0	0	3	Mech.
28	GEDX 228	Value Education	3	0	0	3	Commerce
29	GEDX 229	Waste Water Management	3	0	0	3	Civil
30	GEDX 230	Web Application	3	0	0	3	CA
		Development					

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES FOR B.TECH. PROGRAMMES R 2021 - VII SEMESTER

SI.	Course	Course Title	L	Т	Р	С	Offering
No.	Code						Department
1	GEDX 101	Advanced Entrepreneurship	3	0	0	3	CSB
2	GEDX 102	Artificial Intelligence and	3	0	0	3	CSE
		Machine Learning					
		Applications					
3	GEDX 103	Automotive Technology	3	0	0	3	Automobile
4	GEDX 104	Behavioural Psychology	3	0	0	3	SSSH
5	GEDX 105	Building Repair Solutions	3	0	0	3	Civil
6	GEDX 106	Cloud Services and	3	0	0	3	CA
		Management					
7	GEDX 107	Cost Management for	3	0	0	3	Commerce
		Engineers					
8	GEDX 108	Cyber Law and Ethics	3	0	0	3	CSL
9	GEDX 109	Data Analytics and	3	0	0	3	CA
		Visualization					

В	.Tech.		Aeronautical Engineering				Reg	gulations 2021
10	GEDX	110	Deep Learning Essentials	3	0	0	3	CSE
11	GEDX	111	Drone Technologies	2	0	2	3	Aero
12	GEDX	112	Electric Vehicle	3	0	0	3	EEE
13	GEDX	113	Emerging Technologies in Mobile Networks	3	0	0	3	ECE
14	GEDX	114	Fundamentals of Data Science and Machine Learning	3	0	0	3	ΙΤ
15	GEDX	115	Genetic Engineering	3	0	0	3	SLS
16	GEDX	116	Green Design and Sustainability	3	0	0	3	Civil
17	GEDX	117	Image Processing and its Applications	3	0	0	3	ECE
18	GEDX	118	Industrial Automation and Control	3	0	0	3	EIE
19	GEDX	119	Industrial Safety	3	0	0	3	Mech.
20	GEDX	120	Industry 4.0	3	0	0	3	Mech.
21	GEDX	121	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	3	ΙΤ
22	GEDX	122	Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Evolutionary Computing	3	0	0	3	EEE
23	GEDX	123	Motor Vehicle Act and Loss Assessment	3	0	0	3	Automobile
24	GEDX	124	National Service Scheme	3	0	0	3	SSSH
25	GEDX	125	National Cadet Corps	3	0	0	3	SSSH
26	GEDX	126	Personal Finance and Investment	3	0	0	3	Commerce
27	GEDX	127	Soft Computing Techniques	3	0	0	3	CSE
28	GEDX	128	Value Analysis and Engineering	3	0	0	3	Mech.
29	GEDX	129	Vehicle Maintenance	3	0	0	3	Automobile

SEMESTER I

PHD 1181 APPLIED PHYSICS L T P C

(Common to CIVIL, MECH, AUTO, 3 0 2 4

SDG: 4 AERO, POLY and BIOTECH)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To make the students in understanding the importance of mechanics and properties of matter.

COB2: To classify the different types of crystal structures and study their defects.

COB3: To correlate the quantum mechanics principles and its impact in its application.

COB4: To introduce the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers.

COB5: To analyze the acoustics of buildings and applications of ultrasonics

MODULE I MECHANICS AND PROPERTIES OF MATTER 9

Moment of inertia (M.I.) - Radius of gyration - Theorems of M.I.- M.I of circular disc, solid cylinder, hollow cylinder, solid sphere and hollow sphere - Elasticity - Stress-strain diagram - Factors affecting elasticity - Poisson's ratio - Twisting couple on a wire - Shaft - Torsion pendulum - Bending moment - Depression on a cantilever - Young's modulus by cantilever - Uniform and non-uniform bending - I Shape Girders-Viscosity.

MODULE II CRYSTAL PHYSICS

Miller Indices-Interplanar distance-closely packed crystal structures and Diamond structures –Reciprocal Lattice -Defects in crystals: voids – Line defects - Edge and screw dislocations - Surface Defects - Crystal Growth Techniques - Bridgman method – Czochralski method (qualitative)-Polymorphism and allotropy in crystals.

MODULE III QUANTUM MECHANICS 9

Black body radiation – Planck's theory of radiation – Deduction of Wien's displacement law and Rayleigh – Jean's law from Planck's theory — Dual nature of matter – de-Broglie wavelength - Physical significance of wave function – Schrodinger wave equation – Time independent and time dependent wave equation – Particle in one dimensional box – Quantum computing.

9

9

MODULE IV OSCILLATIONS, OPTICS AND LASERS 9

Simple harmonic motion - resonance - waves on a string - standing waves - traveling waves - Energy transfer of a wave - Anti-reflection coating -Air Wedge - Michelson's Interferometer - Determination of wavelength of light and thickness of thin transparent sheet-Characteristics of Laser - Spontaneous and Stimulated Emissions - Einstein's Coefficients - Population inversion - Pumping Mechanism - Laser Action - Types of Laser: Nd:YAG laser -CO₂ laser and semiconductor laser - Applications : Laser Materials Processing - Holography.

MODULE V ACOUSTICS & ULTRASONICS

Basic requirement for the acoustically good halls - Reverberation and time of reverberation — Sabine's formula for reverberation time - Absorption coefficient and its measurement - Factors affecting the architectural acoustics and their remedy-Sound absorbing materials - Introduction to Ultrasonics - Properties - Production methods — MagnetostrictionOscillator method-Piezoelectric Oscillator method — Detection of Ultrasonics — Thermal method — Piezoelectric method — Kundt's tube method — Applications of Ultrasonics — Acoustic Grating — SONAR — Depth of sea — Velocity of blood flow - Ultrasonic Flaw detector.

PRACTICALS

List of Experiments

- 1. Determination of rigidity modulus of the given wire using Torsional pendulum.
- 2. Determination of young's modulus of the beam by uniform / non-uniform bending method.
- 3. Determination of young's modulus of the beam by cantilever method.
- 4. Determination of coefficient of viscosity of low viscous liquid by Poiseuille's flow.
- Determination of coefficient of viscosity of high viscous liquid by Stoke's method.
- To determine the frequency of an electrically maintained tuning fork using a vibration generator. (Melde's experiment)
- 7. Determination of thickness of a thin wire / sheet using Air Wedge method.
- 8. Determination of wavelength of laser light using semiconductor laser diffraction.
- 9. Determination of angle of divergence of a laser beam using semiconductor diode laser and He-Ne laser.

- Determination of particle size of lycopodium powder using semiconductor laser.
- Determination of velocity of sound in solids using Kundt's tube method.
- 12. Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in the liquid using ultrasonic interferometer.

L - 45; P - 30; Total Hours - 75

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. P K. Palanisamy, Engineering Physics Vol I and II Scitech Publications (India) Pvt Ltd, 2018.
- 2. Gaur R.K. and Gupta S.L., Engineering Physics, 8th edition, Dhanpat Rai Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.

REFERENCES:

- 1. D.Kleppner and R.Kolenkow. An Introduction to Mechanics. McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 2. Brij Lal and N. Subramanyam, Properties of Matter, S.Chand& Co, 2003
- 3. P K. Palanisamy, Engineering Physics Vol I and II Scitech Publications (India) Pvt Ltd, 2018.
- 4. Serway R.A. and Jewett, J.W., Physics for Scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics, Brooks/cole Publishing Co., 2010.
- 5. Tipler P.A. and Mosca, G.P., Physics for Scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics, W.H. Freeman, 2007.
- 6. Markert J.T., Ohanian. H. and Ohanian, M., Physics for Engineers and Scientists, W.W. Norton & Co., 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** grasp the importance of mechanics and the principles of elastic behaviour of materials & apply them to analyze the various substances based on elasticity.
- **CO2:** get acquainted with the topics concerning types, defects in crystalstructures, methods of preparation and apply the same to categorize different crystal systems in real time
- CO3: comprehend the importance &principles of quantum mechanics andutilize ideas to understand working of modern devices and its variants.
- **CO4:** know the basics of oscillations, optics and lasers and their applications.

CO5: assimilate the ideas of acoustical requirements of buildings, understand principles of ultrasonics and add values to their usefulness in acoustical design of halls and their applications.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

BOS of Physics was held on 21.6.21

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	Н	М	L	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	М	-	-	-
CO2	Н	М	М	L	L	М	L	L	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO3	Н	М	М	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO4	Н	М	М	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	М	-	-	-
CO5	Н	М	М	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	М	-	-	-

Note: L- Low Correlation M -Medium Correlation H -High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education for all persons and promote lifelong learning opportunities.

Statement: The modules and topics mentioned in this course are designed to ensure all inclusive and thorough education with equity to all persons and promote learning opportunities at all times.

CHD 1181

ENGINEERING MATERIALS AND APPLICATIONS

L T P C 3 0 2 4

SDG: 9

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To make the students conversant with

COB1: preparation, properties and applications of various polymers and composites

COB2: synthesis, properties and applications of nanomaterials

COB3: the basic concepts and different types of catalysts involved in catalytic processes.

COB4: basic principles and its applications of certain spectroscopic techniques towards characterization of chemical compounds and concepts of photochemical processes involved in photochemical reactions.

COB5: different types of sensors and its applications.

MODULE I POLYMER AND COMPOSITES

9

Introduction – classification: source, heat, composition and structure- glass transition temperature – synthesis, properties and applications of polycarbonate, polyurethane, teflon, ABS, kevlar, bakelite, epoxy resin, acrylic polymers (PAN) - biopolymers : importance and applications of biodegradable polymers (PLA, PHBV).

Composites- Introduction - properties and applications: fibre-reinforced plastics (glass, carbon and aramid), ceramic matrix composites (CMC) — biocomposites.

MODULE II NANOCHEMISTRY

9

Introduction – classification based on dimension with examples – properties of nanomaterials (surface to volume ratio and size quantisation effect) - synthesis of nanomaterials (Top-down and Bottom-up)– role of capping & reducing agents - CVD (CNT), laser ablation (Ag, Ag₂O), electrodeposition (semiconductor materials), precipitation (Ag, Au), thermolysis: solvothermal (CuO, CeO₂) and hydrothermal (TiO₂, ZnO, carbon dots), microwave method (metal oxide), bio-nanomaterials - biogenic method (synthesis of Ag, Au by plants extracts, bacteria, fungi)

MODULE III CATALYSIS

9

Types of catalysis – Criteria for catalysts - catalysis by transition metal ions and their complexes- solid catalyst - metal oxides and zeolites - shape

selective catalysts- mechanism of catalytic action- CO oxidation, NOx and SOx reduction – Enzyme catalysis-Mechanism of enzyme action-electrocatalysis -green catalyst.

MODULE IV PHOTOCHEMISTRY AND SPECTROSCOPY 9

Laws of photochemistry – Quantum yield – Jablonski diagram - photophysical processes - photosensitisation – Quenching– chemiluminescence – bioluminescence

Atomic and molecular spectrum – absorption and emission spectrum - Beer Lambert's law – problems and applications – principles and applications: colorimetry, UV -vis spectroscopy (Chromophore- auxochrome, red and blue shift), atomic absorption spectroscopy, IR spectroscopy (finger print region, functional group interpretation)

MODULE V SENSORS

9

Sensors – types: bio and toxic chemicals sensors- principle, working and applications of Electrochemical sensors: MEMS and NEMS, - Biosensors-construction, working and classification, Advantages - Biochips - touch sensor (oxi and gluco meter) - Advanced sensors: Smoke and gas sensors, humidity sensors, temperature sensor and alcohol sensor.

PRACTICALS

List of Experiments

- Preparation of polymers phenol-HCHO, urea-HCHO, polylactic acid, epoxy resin
- Determination of molecular weight and degree of polymerization using Oswald'sviscometer.
- 3. Synthesis of nano-ZnO and CuO by precipitation
- 4. Demonstration of Laser ablation techniques for nanomaterials.
- 5. Electrochemical synthesis of graphene oxide
- 6. One-pot synthesis using green catalyst.
- 7. Green synthesis: Photocatalytic reactions, solvent free organic reaction Aldol; green oxidation, green reduction.
- 8. Diels Alder reaction in eucalyptus oil (green process).
- 9. Spectrophotometer iron estimation.(Beer Lambert's law) determination of Fe³⁺
- 10. FT-IR spectral characterisation (functional group interpretation)

L - 45; P - 30; Total Hours - 75

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jain P.C and Renuka Jain, Physical Chemistry for Engineers, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi. 2016.
- 2. G.A. Ozin and A.C. Arsenault, "Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials", RSC Publishing, Thomas Graham House, Cambridge, 2012.
- B. Viswanathan, S. Sivasanker and A.V. Ramaswamy (Editors), Catalysis: Principles and Applications, Narosa Publishing House, 2002.
- Gadi Rothenberg, Catalysis: Concepts and Green Applications, WILEY-VCH
- Nicholas J. Turro, V.Ramamurthy and Juan C. Scaiano, Principles of molecular photochemistry: An introduction, University Science Books, Sausalito, CA, 2009.
- 6. John Vetelino, AravindReghu, Introduction to Sensors By · 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Jhon S. Wilson, Sensor Technology Handbook, Elsevier 2005.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

CO1: enumerate and compare the preparation, properties and applications of various types of polymers and composites.

CO2: synthesize different type of nanomaterials on a commercial scale based on its size and applications.

CO3: apply the concepts of spectroscopic techniques towards spectral interpretation for identification of compounds and explain various photochemical processes in photochemical reactions.

CO4: Impart types, characteristics and applications of different types of catalyst.

CO5: categorize the sensors and its applications to real time situation.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

11th BoS of Chemistry held on 17.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	PO1	PO2	РО3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
СОЗ	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: To support scientific & technology development and innovation of materials and electronic devices

Introduction of basics on various materials and electronic devices towards innovation on new technology.

9+3

9+3

MAD 1181 ALGEBRA AND DIFFERENTIAL L T P C SDG: 4 CALCULUS 3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To introduce matrix algebra techniques for engineers to apply in practical problems

COB2:To find the roots of polynomial equations using different techniques

COB3:To demonstrate the concepts of limits, continuity and application of differential calculus.

COB4: To familiarize the students with the functions of several variables

COB5: To develop the use of differential equations necessary for engineering applications

MODULE I MATRICES

Characteristic Equation- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof) – Orthogonal matrices – orthogonal transformations of a symmetric matrix to diagonal form – Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation

MODULE II THEORY OF EQUATIONS

Introduction - Surds and irrational roots - simple problems - Equations whose roots are in A.P,G.P and in H.P - Relations between the roots and coefficients - symmetric functions - Formation of equations - Decreasing and Increasing the roots - transformation of equation - Reciprocal equations

MODULE III DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS 9+3

Limits of functions - one sided limits - Continuity - Curvature - Cartesian and polar coordinates - center and radius of curvature - Circle of curvature - Involutes and evolutes - Envelopes

MODULE IV DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS OF SEVERAL 9+3 VARIABLES

Laws of limits –Functions of two variables – partial derivatives – total differential – Implicit Functions – Jacobian - Taylor's series expansion – Optima of two variables – Lagrange's multiplier method

MODULE V ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3

Linear equations of second order with constant and variable coefficients – Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficients –

homogeneous equations of Euler's type – method of undetermined coefficients- method of variation of parameters

L - 45; T - 15; Total Hours - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Ramana, B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2010.
- 2. Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics" 44th edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2017.
- 3. Kreyszig, E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 10th edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., Singapore, 2011

REFERENCES:

- 1. Veerarajan.T., "Engineering Mathematics" (5th edition) Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2012
- 2. Jain, R.K. & Iyengar, S. R. K., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Narosa Publishers, 5th edition, 2016.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th edition, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 4. Venkataraman, M.K., "Engineering Mathematics", Volume I, 2nd edition, National Publishing Co., Chennai, 2003.
- 5. James Stewart ," Calculus" 7th edition, Brooks/Cole Cengagelearning, UK

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will be able to

CO1: use the matrix algebra methods for finding eigenvalues, eigenvectors and diagonalization

CO2: solve equations using the relations between roots and coefficients

CO3: apply differential calculus in various engineering problems

CO4: able to use differential calculus on several variable functions

CO5: solve various types of differential equations that arise in many applications

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

12th BOS of Mathematics & AS held on 23.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	Н	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

SDG 4 : Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong opportunities for all

Learning of various mathematical techniques like matrices and calculus will lead to knowledge of applications in Engineering problems

Aeronautical Engineering

Regulations 2021

B.Tech.

GED 1101 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS

2 0 2 3

C

SDG: 9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To introduce the basic concepts of engineering drawing, andfamiliarize with conic sections, special curves and orthographic projection of points and straight lines

COB2: To get practical exposure on projection of planes and solids

COB3: To be familiar with sectioning of solids, and development of surfaces

COB4:To conversant with 3D isometric projection, and perspective projection of simple solids

COB5: To introduce computerized drafting using CADD for drawing theorthographic views of simple solids

MODULE I BASICS, ENGINEERING CURVES AND L: 7 ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION OF POINTS AND P: 7 STRAIGHT LINES

Drawing instruments, dimensioning, BIS conventions, types of lines, simple geometric constructions.

Conic sections: ellipse, parabola, hyperbola. Special curves: cycloid, epicycloid, hypocycloid and involutes.

Orthographic projection – first angle, second angle, third angle and fourth angle projections. Orthographic projection of points in all quadrants. Projection of straight lines in first quadrant – true length and true inclinations – traces of straight line.

MODULE II PROJECTION OF PLANES AND SOLIDS

L: 7

P: 7

Projection of plane lamina in first quadrant and its traces

Projection of solids in first quadrant: Axis inclined to one reference plane onlyprism, pyramid, cone, and cylinder – change of position method

MODULE III SECTION OF SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF L:5 SURFACES P:5

Section of solids: prism, pyramid, cone and cylinder— sectional view — true shape of section- cutting simple position solids - plane inclined to one reference plane only.

Development of surface of truncated solids: prism, pyramid, cone and cylinder – frustum of cone, pyramid and simple sheet metal parts.

MODULE IV THREE DIMENSIONAL PROJECTIONS

L:4

Regulations 2021

P: 4

Isometric projection: Isometric scale – isometric axes- Isometric projection and view of prism, pyramid, cylinder, cone and frustums.

Perspective projection: station point – vanishing point – Perspective projection and views of prism, pyramid by Visual ray method.

MODULE V ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION USING CADD

L:7

P:7

Introduction to CADD - Basic commands for sketching - Editing sketches - creating texts and tables - Basic dimensioning and editing dimensions - Sketching orthographic views of simple solids and machine parts as per first angle projection - Plotting drawings.

L - 30; P - 30; Total Hours - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. N.D. Bhatt, "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing house, 53rd Edition, 2014.
- 2. Venugopal. K, and V. Prabhu Raja, "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Ltd., Publication, Chennai, Edition 15, 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. K.V. Natarajan, "A text book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi publishers, Chennai, 31st Edition, 2018.
- 2. Agrawal B. & Agrawal C. M., "Engineering Graphics", TMH Publication, 2012.
- 3. Jeyapoovan, T., "Engineering Graphics using AutoCAD", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.
- 4. AutoCAD Software Theory and User Manuals
- Engineering graphics You tube Lecture videos link: https://www.youtube.com/user/BSAUNIV/videos

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, students should be able to

CO1: identify the specifications and standards of technical drawing and drawconic sections, special curves and orthographic projection of points and straight lines

CO2: apply the concept of orthographic projection to draw the orthographic views of plane figures and simple solids

CO3: draw the sections of solids and development of solid surfaces

CO4: apply the concept of isometric and perspective projection to draw the

3-D views of simple solids

CO5: draw the orthographic views of simple objects using drafting software

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

18th BoS of MECH held on 21.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1	М	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-
CO2	М	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-
CO3	М	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-
CO4	М	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-
CO5	М	L	L	-	М	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-

Note: L- Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H -High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

The various industrial standards of technical drawing and the application of orthographic projections to draw simple solids helps to innovate a new design for sustainable industrialization

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021
	3 - 3	- 3

GED 1102 ENGINEERING DESIGN L T P C 2 0 0 2

SDG:9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To learn the basic concepts of design in engineering

COB2: To study the basic design thinking principles in problem solving

COB3: To encourage the students to develop a prototype using design

concepts

COB4: To introduce the role of innovation in engineering

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO DESIGN

80

Introduction to Engineering design – Design thinking – Problem identification - Design of Product, Process, System and Software – Case studies on Product, Process, Systems and Software design.

MODULE II DESIGN THINKING PROCESS

80

Empathy – Ideate - Need analysis - Voice of customers - product specification - concept generation - Bench marking - Quality function deployment - Concept evaluation - Case studies

MODULE III PROTOTYPE DESIGN

07

Product form and function – High level design – Design detailing - Sketch models – Prototypes - 3D printing - Case studies.

MODULE IV INNOVATION

07

Creativity and innovation – Role of innovation in Engineering – incremental changes and systemic changes; scientific approach to driving innovation – Intellectual property rights - case studies on innovative products.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Clive L. Dym, Patrick Little, and Elizabeth J. Orwin, "Engineering Design: A Project Based Introduction", 4th Edition, Wiley, 2014.
- 2. Eppinger, S. and Ulrich, K., "Product design and development", McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Nigel Cross, "Design Thinking", Berg Publishers, 2011.
- 2. Tom Kelley, "The Art of Innovation", Profile Books Ltd, London, 2016.
- 3. Tim Brown, "Change by Design", HarperCollins e-books, 2009.

4. Cliff Matthews, "Case Studies in Engineering Design", John Wiley & Sons Pvt. Ltd, New York, 1998.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, students should be able to

CO1: explain the basic concepts of design in engineering products / process / Service

CO2: analyse the problems and perform design thinking process

CO3: correlate the basic principles of design thinking to solve engineering problems and develop prototypes

CO4: apply innovative approaches to engineering problems and provide design solutions

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

18thBoS of MECH held on 21.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	PO	PSO	PSO											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1	Н	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	Н	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	Н	-	Н	-	М	-	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	-
CO4	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	L	-	-

Note: L- Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H -High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

The holistic understanding of basic knowledge in Engineering design and its process in the development of prototypes results in satisfying industrial challenges.

GED 1103

MANUFACTURING PRACTICES LABORATORY

0 0 2 1

C

SDG: 9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To learn the basics of pipe connections used in household and and industrial systems

COB2: To educate the usage of welding equipment's and machiningmethods

COB3: To impart knowledge onsand mould preparation for simple components

COB4: To explorevarious tools, instruments and methods used in electrical wiring

COB5: To impart knowledge onDesign, assembly and testing ofelectronic circuits

PRACTICALS

List of Experiments:

CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE:

- Study of plumbing in general household and industrial systems: Basic pipe connections – Mixed pipe material connection – Pipe connections with different joining components.
- 2. Making a small window frame with Lap and Mortise & Tenon Joints by sawing planing and cutting.
- 3. Introduction to power tools

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

- 1. Fabrication of a small Table frame with Butt, Lap and Fillet Joints using Arc Welding Gas cutting (Demo)
- 2. Machining of a component using simple turning and drilling practices.
- 3. Foundry operations such as sand mold preparation for simple component.
- 4. Plastic Component Manufacturing (Demo on Injection / Blow moulding)

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE:

- 1. Comparison of incandescent, fluorescent, CFL and LED lamps.
- 2. Domestic, staircase and go down wiring.
- 3. Measurement of earth resistance.
- 4. Study of protection devices (small relay, fuse, MCB, HRC, MCCB, ECCB).

- 5. Familiarization of household electrical gadgets (Iron Box, Wet Grinder).
- 6. Study of inverter fed UPS/Emergency lamp

ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING PRACTICE:

- 1. Identifications and symbolic representation of active and passive electronic components
- 2. Soldering and tracing of electronic circuits and checking its continuity
- 3. Design and testing of electronic circuits using active and passive electronic components

P - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOK:

1. S.Gowri and T.Jeyapoovan, "Engineering Practices Lab Manual – Civil, Mechanical, Electrical, Electronics included", Vikas Publishing, 5th Edition, 2019.

REFERENCES:

- 1. SubhransuSekhar Dash & K.Vijayakumar, "Electrical Engineering Practice Lab Manual", Vijay Nicole Imprints Private Ltd., First Edition, 2013.
- 2. Raghbir Singh Khandpur, "Printed Circuit Boards: Design, Fabrication, and Assembly", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2005.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, students should be able to

CO1: demonstrate Plumbing requirements of domestic buildings.

CO2: use welding equipment's to join the structures and to carry out machining operations

CO3: perform the task of making sand mould for simple components

CO4: execute simple electrical wiring and comprehend the construction and working of household appliances.

CO5: assemble and test simple electronic circuits used in day-to-day life

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

18thBoS of MECH held on 21.06.2021 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ı	-	•
CO2	Н	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1

Note: L- Low Correlation M -Medium Correlation H -High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

The holistic understanding of welding, moulding, machining, wiring and electronic circuit increases the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises in developing countries.

Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021
/ tororiadilodi Erigirioorii ig	1 Rogalation 202 I

GED 1104 PROGRAMMING FOR L T P C SDG: 8 PROBLEM SOLVING 1 0 2 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

B.Tech.

COB1: To explore the hardware and software components of the computer

COB2: To learn the structured and procedural programming concepts usingC.

COB3: To study the constructs of decision making in branching and iteration statements

COB4: To learn Functions for effective reusability and readability of the code.

COB5: To understand pointer and file operation concepts.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO C PROGRAMMING 05

Introduction to components of a computer system: disks, primary and secondary memory, processor, operating system, system software, compilers, creating, compiling and executing a program, Introduction to Algorithms: steps to solve logical and numerical problems. Representation of Algorithm, Flowchart/Pseudo code with examples, Program design and structured programming - Structure of C - C Tokens - Data Types - Declaration of Variables and Storage class - Operators - Expressions - Type Conversion.

MODULE II DECISION MAKING AND ARRAY 05

Decision Making and Branching: Simple if Statements, The if..else statements, Nesting of if..else statements, else...if Ladder, switch Statements, goto Statements, Looping: while, do...while, for Statements, Array: One-Dimensional, Two-Dimensional and Multi-Dimensional operations.

MODULE III USER-DEFINED FUNCTIONS AND FILE 05 OPERATIONS

Definition of Functions - Function Types - Nesting of Functions - Recursion - Structures and Unions - Pointers - File handing operations.

PRACTICALS

LIST OF PROGRAMS IN C:

- Computer organization Hardware in a typical computer Identification Booting error messages and what it means
- 2. Structure of a basic program Hello world program
- 3. Data types and Type conversions
- 4. Input / Output: Formatted functions Unformatted functions Library functions

- 5. Properties of operators Priority of operators Arithmetic relational logical and bitwise operators
- Conditional Statements: If if else- nested if else- goto- switch case nested switch case
- Iteration Statements: for loops nested for loops while loop dowhile loop – break and continue statement
- 8. I/O operations of one- and two-dimensional arrays
- 9. Bubble Sort and Linear Search using arrays.
- 10. Functions and its types, Recursion Function
- 11. Pointers File Operations

L - 15; P - 30; Total Hours - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

B.Tech.

- 1. Richard L. Stegman, "Focus on Fundamentals of Programming with C", Ninth Edition, ISBN -170077395X, 9781700773951, 2019.
- 2. E.Balagurusamy, "Programming in ANSI C", McGraw Hill Education, Eighth Edition, ISBN-13: 978-93-5316-513-0, ISBN-10: 93-5316-513-X, 2019.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", Prentice Hall, ISBN 0-13-110362-8, 2015.
- 2. Ashok N Kamthane, "Computer Programming", Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, ISBN 13: 9788131704370, 2012.
- 3. Paul J. Deitel, Deitel & Associates, "C How to Program", Pearson Education, 7th Edition, ISBN-13: 978-0132990448, 2012.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students who complete this course will be able to

CO1: identify the hardware components and describe the software components of computer.

CO2: bring out the importance of structural and procedural programming

CO3: write C coding using conditional and iteration statements

CO4: develop programs using Functions, Pointers and Files

CO5: implement program to build a real time application.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

18th BoS of CSE held on 26.07.2021 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2
CO1	-	М	L	Н	-	L	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	Н	М	М	-	-	Н	М	-	М	-	-	-	-	-
СОЗ	Н	М	Н	-	-	Н	-	-	Н	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	Н	Н	Н	Н	М	Н	-	-	Н	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	Н	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all

Statement: The students can have productive employment and decent work by learning this computer fundamentals and programming course.

SEMESTER II

END 1281 ENGLISH FOR ENGINEERS L T P C

SDG: 4 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1:To train students to use appropriate vocabulary in academic and technical contexts

COB2:To facilitate students to speak effectively while exchanging ideas and making presentations

COB3:To develop students' listening skill for comprehending and analysing information

COB4:To develop their reading skill through sub skills like skimming, scanning and critical reading of a text

COB5:To sharpen their academic writing skills

COB6:To expose them to the correct usage of language and help them to apply that knowledge appropriately

MODULE I HUMAN RESOURCES 10

L: Listening to short texts – short formal & informal conversations.

S: Introducing one self – exchanging personal info.

R: Process of reading purposes, Reading comprehension, improving comprehension skills, Reading activities – short comprehension passages, practice in skimming & scanning.

W: Scientific & Technical Writing, Editing skills, Activities – completing sentences, developing hints - Paragraph Writing

Voc. development: Prefixes, Suffixes

Lang. development: Articles, Countable and Uncountable nouns, Present tense, Wh – Questions, Yes or No questions.

MODULE II TRANSPORT 10

L: Listening to long scientific talks

S: Sharing personal information – greeting, leave taking.

R: Comprehension passages with multiple choice questions / Wh–questions/ openended questions - Reading longer technical texts & completing exercises based on them.

W: Use of reference words & discourse markers on a text, jumbled sentences, describing a process – flow chart, use of sequence words.

Voc. development: Guessing meanings of words in context, vocabulary used in formal letters, e-mails & reports.

Lang. development: Preposition of Time, Place & Date, Past tense,

Conjunctions, Impersonal passive voice, Question tags, Numerical Adjectives.

MODULE III ENERGY 9

L:Listening to talk on the topic & completing tasks.

S: Asking about routine actions & expressing opinions.

R: Locating Specific Information

W: Letter seeking permission for Industrial Visit / symposium – Letter of invitation

Voc. development: Sequence words, misspelt words.

Lang. development: Adverbs, Degrees of comparison, Future tense, Homophones

MODULE IV OUR LIVING ENVIRONMENT 8

L: Listening to scientific texts & making notes – Effective ways of making notes.

S: Speaking about one's friend.

R: Reading texts & magazines for detailed comprehension. (Students can be asked to read any book of their choice to encourage reading habit)

W: Argumentative writing.

Voc. Development: Synonyms, antonyms, phrasal verbs. Lang. development: If clauses, Subject - Verb Agreement

MODULE V TECHNOLOGY 8

L: Listening to talks (General & Scientific).

S: Short group conversations.

R: Reading and understanding technical articles, Short narratives & articles from Newspaper including conversations.

W: Short essays, Dialogue writing.

Voc. Development: Idioms & Phrases.

Lang. development: Modal verbs.

L - 45; Total Hours - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- Board of Editors. Using English A Coursebook for Undergraduate Engineers and Technologists. Orient BlackSwan Limited, Hyderabad: 2015
- 2. Richards, C. Jack. Interchange Students' Book-2 New Delhi: CUP, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1) Perry, Carol Rosenblum (2011). The Fine Art of Technical Writing, Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, New Delhi.
- 2) Dutt, P.K. Rajeevan G. and Prakash, C.L.N. (2007). A course in Communication Skills, Cambridge University Press, India.
- 3) Sen, Leena (2004). Communication Skills, Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 4) Matt Firth, Chris Sowton et.al (2012). Academic English An Integrated Skills Course for EAP, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 5) Bailey, Stephen 2011. Academic Writing: A practical guide for students, New York, Rutledge.
- Redston, Chris&Gillies (2005). Cunningham Face2Face (Preintermediate Student's Book & Workbook) Cambridge University Press, New Delhi.
- 7) Dutt P. Kiranmai and RajeevanGeeta (2013). Basic Communication Skills, Foundation Books.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Read articles of a general kind in magazines and newspapers

CO2: Participate effectively in conversations, introduce themselves and their friends and express opinions in English

CO3: Comprehend conversations and short talks delivered in English

CO4: Write short essays of a general kind and letters and emails in English

CO5: Express through speaking and writing using appropriate vocabulary and grammar

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

13thBoS of Department of English held on 17th AC held on 15.07.2021 17.6.2021

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG No. 4: Give Quality Education to all the Engineers

Statement: In future, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship.

MAD 1283 PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL L T P C EQUATIONS AND TRANSFORMS 3 1 0 4

SDG: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To formulate and solve partial differential equation of first, second and higher orders

COB2: To introduce basics and engineering applications of Fourier series

COB3:To develop Fourier transform techniques

COB4: To introduce techniques and engineering applications of Laplace Transforms

COB5:To acquaint with Z -Transform techniques for discrete time systems.

MODULE I PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 9+3

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Solution of standard types of first order partial differential equations – Lagrange's linear equation – Linear partial differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients

MODULE II FOURIER SERIES

9+3

Fourier Series and Dirichlet's conditions - General Fourier series - Even and Odd functions - Half range Fourier series - Parseval's identity - Harmonic Analysis

MODULE III FOURIER TRANSFORMS

9+3

Fourier integral theorem (without proof) - Fourier transform pair - Fourier Inverse Transform – Properties - Convolution theorem - Parseval's identity

MODULE IV LAPLACE TRANSFORM

9+3

Introduction to Laplace transform - Existence of Laplace Transform - Properties of Laplace Transforms - Initial & Final Value Theorems - Inverse Laplace Transform - Convolution Theorem - Circuits to signal square wave: Integral equations with unrepeated complex factors - Damped forced vibrations: repeated complex factors - Resonance - Solution of differential equations

MODULE V Z-TRANSFORM

9+3

Introduction and Definition of Z-transform - Properties of Z- Transform -

Convolution Theorem of Z-Transform - Inverse Z-transform - Convolution Theorem of Inverse Z-Transform - Formation of difference equations - Solving Difference Equations using Z-Transform

L - 45; T - 15; Total Hours - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Kreyszig .E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 10th edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., Singapore, 2011.
- 2. Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 44th edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2017.
- Ramana, B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Veerarajan.T., "Engineering Mathematics", 5th edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. Peter V. O'Neil, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th edition, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 3. Dennis G. Zill, Warren S. Wright, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 4th edition, Jones and Bartlett publishers, Sudbury, 2011.
- 4. Alan Jeffrey, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Academic Press, USA, 2002.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will be able to

CO1: form and solve the partial differential equations

CO2: derive a Fourier series of a given periodic function by evaluating Fourier coefficients

CO3: apply integral expressions for the forward and inverse Fourier transform to a range of non-periodic waveforms

CO4: solve ordinary differential equations using Laplace transforms

CO5: solve difference equations using Z-transform

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

12th BOS of Mathematics & AS held on 17th AC held on 15.07.2021 23.06.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
CO3	Н	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	Н	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	Н	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4 : Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong opportunities for all.

Learning of various mathematical techniques like Partial differential equations and transform techniques will help to solve complicated engineering problems

GED 1202

BASIC ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

L T P C 3 0 2 4

SDG: 3, 5, 8, 12

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To make the students understand the basic calculations and measurements in DC circuits.

COB2: To provide the basic knowledge on AC circuit calculations and measurements.

COB3: To familiarize with working and characteristics of different DC and AC machines.

COB4: To impart knowledge onbasic semiconductor devices and their applications.

COB5: To introduce the students to fundamentals of digital electronics.

MODULE I DC CIRCUITS & MEASUREMENTS

12

The concept of voltage and current-Electric circuit elements: R, L, C – Independent and dependent sources - Ohm's law- Kirchhoff's law- series and parallel resistive circuits – Voltage and current division – Star-delta transformation - Mesh and nodal analysis of resistive circuits – simple problems - Measurement ofvoltage, current and power in DC circuits.

MODULE II AC CIRCUITS & MEASUREMENTS 17

Sinusoidal voltage - RMS, average, peak value, peak factor and form factor - single phase RL, RC and RLC circuits -phasor representation - complex power - power factor - simple problems - Resonance in RLC circuits - 3 phase balanced circuit calculations- star and delta connections - Principles of measurement of AC voltage, current, power and energy - Measurement of three phase power.

MODULE III ELECTRICAL MACHINES

Construction, principle of operation, basic equations, characteristics and applications of DC generators, DC motors, single phase transformers and three phase induction motors. Working principle of BLDC Motor and its applications in home appliances.

(Qualitative treatment only).

MODULE IV SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES AND 14 APPLICATIONS

Introduction to semiconductors - Characteristics of PN Junction Diode -

18

Zener Diode and its characteristics – SCR and its characteristics — Bipolar Junction Transistorand its characteristics – JFET & MOSFET – their characteristics.

Applications: Half wave and full wave rectifiers - Voltage Regulation - Regulator ICs.

MODULE V INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL CIRCUITS 14

Logic gates- Boolean algebra theorems- K Map-Introduction to combinational circuits- Flip-Flops - Registers- A/D and D/AConversion-Data acquisition systems

PRACTICALS

List of Experiments

- 1. Verification of KCL and KVL (ii) Measurement of voltage, current and power in DC circuits.
- 2. (i) Resonance of RLC series circuit
 - (ii) Measurement of voltage, current, power and power factor in single phase & three phase AC circuits.
- 3. (i) Magnetization characteristics of DC generator
 - (ii) Characteristics of DC shunt motor, single phase transformer and three phase induction motor.
- 4. Fabrication of a low voltage regulated power supply.
- 5. Implementation of half and full adders.

L - 45; P - 30; Total Hours - 75

REFERENCES:

- 1. Edward Hughes, "Electrical and Electronics Technology", Pearson India, 12th Edition, 2016.
- 2. D P Kothari and I J Nagrath, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill Education, First Edition, 2017.
- 3. Cotton H, "Electrical Technology", CBS Publishers, 7th Edition, 2007.
- 4. Del Toro, "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2015.
- 5. Jacob Millman & Christos C. Halkias, Satyaprataba Jit "Electronic Devices and Circuits" McGraw Hill Education, 4th Edition, 2021.
- 6. Floyd, "Electronic Devices: Conventional Current Version" Pearson Education India, 7th Edition, 2008.
- 7. S. Salivahanan, N. Sureshkumar and A. Vallavaraj, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2018.
- 8. Thomas L. Floyd, "Digital Fundamentals", 10th Edition Pearson

Education Inc., New Delhi, 2008.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the student will be able to:

CO1: perform the basic calculations in DC circuits and measure the various quantities associated with DC circuits.

CO2: measure and compute the rms current and voltage, power, power factor and energy in AC circuits.

CO3: choose appropriate motor for specific applications based on the motor characteristics.

CO4: fabricate a regulated power supply for low voltage applications and build static switches using BJT and SCR.

CO5: build simple digital circuits like half adder and full adder.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

15th meeting of BoS of EEE held on 25.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	-	Н	L	М	-	М	-	L	L	М	L	-	-	-
CO2	Н	-	Н	L	М	-	М	-	L	L	М	L	-	-	-
CO3	Н	-	Н	L	-	-	М	-	L	L	М	L	-	-	-
CO4	Н	-	Н	L	-	-	М	-	L	L	М	L	-	-	-
CO5	Н	-	Н	L	-	1	М	1	L	L	М	L	=		•

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 3: Good health and well being.

Statement: Understanding of the fundamentals of electrical and electronics systems can help in designing systems to promote good health and well being.

SDG 5: Gender equality

Statement: Acquiring the interdisciplinary knowledge help overcome the gender barriers in work place.

SDG 8: Descent work and economic

Statement: The learners of this course can get descent work and earn financial benefits and they can work in interdisciplinary areas.

SDG 12: Responsible consumption and production.

Statement: Use of right and energy efficient electric and electronic components and devices results is reasonable consumption and production.

GED 1201 ENGINEERING MECHANICS L T P C SDG: 9 3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1:To impart knowledge about the basic laws of mechanics,resolution of forces, equilibrium of particles in 2D and 3D force systems.

COB2: To learn about supports, reactions and equilibrium of rigidbodies

COB3:To educate surface properties such as centroid and momentof inertia

COB4:To impart knowledge on friction and its applications

COB5:To study the laws of motion, impulse, momentum and elasticbodies

MODULE I VECTOR APPROACH AND EQUILIBRIUM OF L: 11 PARTICLE T: 3

Introduction - Vectors - Vectorial representation of forces and moments - Vector Algebra and its Physical relevance in Mechanics - Laws of Mechanics - Parallelogram and triangular Law of forces- Coplanar Forces Principle of transmissibility, Resolution and Composition of forces- Forces in plane and space - Lame's theorem - Equilibrium of a particle in 2D plane - Equilibrium of a particle in 3D space - Equivalent systems of forces - Single equivalent force

MODULE II EQUILIBRIUM OF RIGID BODY

L: 7

T: 3

Free body diagram – Types of supports and their reactions – requirements of stable equilibrium – Moments and Couples – Moment of a force about a point and about an axis –Vectorial representation of moments and couples – Scalar components of a moment –Varignon's theorem - Equilibrium of Rigid bodies in two dimensions –Examples

MODULE III PROPERTIES OF SURFACES

L:10

T:3

Determination of Areas – First moment of area and the Centroid of sections – Rectangle, circle, triangle from integration – T section, I section, Angle section, Hollow section using standard formula – second and product moments of plane area – Physical relevance - Standard sections: Rectangle,

triangle, circle- composite sections, Hollow section using standard formula – Parallel axis theorem and perpendicular axis theorem – Polar moment of inertia

MODULE IV FRICTION

L:9

T:3

Introduction to friction- types of friction- Laws of Coloumb friction- Frictional force – simple contact friction –Block friction– Rolling resistance –ladder friction and wedge friction

MODULE V LAWS OF MOTION

L:8

T:3

Review of laws of motion – Newton's second law – D'Alembert's principle and its applications in plane motion; Work Energy Equation of particles– Impulse and Momentum – Impact of elastic bodies.

L - 45; T - 15; Total Hours - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- Beer, F.P and Johnston Jr. E.R, "Vector Mechanics for Engineers", McGraw Hill Education, 10th Edition, 2017.
- 2. R.K. Bansal., "A Text Book of Engineering Mechanics", Laxmi Publications, 6th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Russell C Hibbeler, "Engineering Mechanics: Statics & Dynamics", 14th Edition, Pearson, 2015.
- 2. Irving H. Shames, "Engineering Mechanics Statics and Dynamics", 4th Edition, Pearson Education India, 2005.
- 3. R.S. Khurmi., "A Text Book of Engineering Mechanics", S. Chand Publishing, 22nd Edition, 2018.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, students should be able to

CO1: resolve composite forces, apply concept of equilibrium to particles and solve problems

CO2: apply the concept of equilibrium to rigid bodies and solve problems

CO3: determine the properties of surfaces

CO4: analyse and evaluate the frictional forces between the bodies

CO5: apply the laws of motion in solving dynamics problems

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

18th BOS held on 21.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2
CO1	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-	-
СОЗ	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

The understanding of force systems and its components leads to construction of robust engineeringsystems.

AED 1211 BASICS OF AERONAUTICAL L T P C SDG: 9 ENGINEERING 2 0 2 3

Regulations 2021

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

B.Tech.

COB1: To study various components of aircraft & their functions and understand aerodynamic forces acting on airplane.

COB2: To introduce various aircraft performance parameters and differentiate between various types of air breathing engines.

COB3: To study different structural elements and materials used in aircraft.

COB4: To gain knowledge about instruments and systems required for the operation of airplanes.

MODULE I HISTORY AND BASIC AERODYNAMICS 8

History of Aviation, Airplane configurations, components of airplane, functions. Standard Atmosphere, Aerodynamic forces and Moments, Air speed, Mach Number, Reynold's Number, Airfoil Aerodynamics, Wing Aerodynamics and Drag Polar.

MODULE II AIRCRAFT PERFORMANCE, STABILITY & 8 CONTROL

Coordinate systems, Equations of motion, degrees of freedom, pitch, roll, yaw, introduction to performance parameters: rate of climb, absolute & service ceiling, Range, maximum endurance, glide, descent, Principles of stability and control.

MODULE III AIRCRAFT STRUCTURES AND MATERIALS 7

Stress, strain, stress-strain diagram, Monocoque and semi-monocoque structures – Wing, fuselage, types of rivets and welding methods - Materials used in aircraft – Identification of materials used in Boeing series – Airbus series - metal alloys, composites, smart materials – properties of materials.

MODULE IV AIRCRAFT ENGINES, INSTRUMENTS AND 7 SYSTEMS

Types of engines, Identification of engines used in Boeing series – Airbus series - Engine components, Engine performance parameters - Basic T instruments, Gyro instruments, Hydraulic and pneumatic systems, Fly-by-wire system, Power-by-wire - Auto-Pilot, CVR, Flight data recorder.

PRACTICALS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Flow visualization study on streamlined bodies
- 2. Flow visualization study on bluff bodies
- 3. Identification and study of components of piston engine
- 4. Identification and study of components of jet engine
- 5. Fabrication of panel using TIG and MIG welding
- 6. Fabrication of panel using various riveting techniques
- 7. Study of Beechcraft Bonaza A35 and Gnat aircraft
- 8. Study of different hydraulic and pneumatic actuators

L - 30; P - 30; Total Hours - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. John Anderson, Introduction to Flight, McGraw-Hill, 8th Edition, 2016.
- 2. Richard S. Shevell, Fundamentals of Flight, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Kermode, A. C., Flight without formulae, McGraw-Hill, 5thEdition, 1997
- 2. B. W. McCormick, Aerodynamics, Aeronautics and Flight Mechanics, John Wiley & Sons, 1995.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Identify various components of aircraft & their functions and estimate aerodynamic forces on airplanes and their effects on aircraft structures.

CO2: Calculate various aircraft performance parameters and differentiate between various types of air breathing engines.

CO3: Identify different structural elements and suggest materials used in aircraft.

CO4: Distinguish various instruments and systems required for the safe operation of airplanes.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

14th BoS of Aero held on 19.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	L	М	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М
CO2	М	Н	L	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М
CO3	-	М	L	L	-	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	М	М
CO4	-	М	L	L	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М
CO5	L	М	L	L	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	М	М

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: an overview of and an introduction to the fundamentals of aeronautics, using the history of aviation as a story line

GED 1206 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES L T P C SDG: All (for Undergraduate B.Tech. 2 0 0 2 Courses)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To make the student conversant with the

COB1: various natural resources, availability, utilisation and its current scenario.

COB2: diverse ecosystems and its function, importance of biodiversity, its values, threats and conservation.

COB3: types of pollutants and its impacts on the environment and the effects of natural disasters.

COB4: impacts of human population, human health, diseases and immunisation for a sustainable lifestyle.

MODULE I NATURAL RESOURCES

8

Natural Resources: Renewable and non-renewable resources: Natural resources and associated problems - (a) Land resources: Land degradation soil erosion and desertification - (b) Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation (c) Water resources: Use and over-utilisation of surface and ground water, conflicts over water, dams: benefits and problems, effects on forest and tribal people - (d) Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, mining (e) Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture (f) Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and nonrenewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources.

MODULE II ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

8

Concept of an ecosystem - Food chains, food webs, Energy flow in the ecosystem - ecological pyramids - Ecological succession - Characteristic features, structure and function of (a) Terrestrial Ecosystems: Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem (b) Aquatic fresh water ecosystems: Ponds and lakes, rivers and streams (c) Aquatic salt water ecosystems: oceans and estuaries

Biodiversity and its conservation - Types: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity - Values of biodiversity - India as a mega-diversity nation - Invasive, endangered, endemic and extinct species - Hot sports of biodiversity and Red Data book - Threats to biodiversity - Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

MODULE III ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND 8 DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Sources, cause, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear pollution (h) ill-effects of fireworks and upkeep of clean environment, types of fire and fire extinguishers- Solid waste Management: types, collection, processing and disposal of urban waste, industrial waste, e-waste and biomedical wastes - Disaster management: flood, drought, cyclone, landslide, avalanche, volcanic eruptions, earthquake and tsunami.

MODULE IV HUMAN POPULATION, HEALTH AND 6 SOCIAL ISSUES

Human Population - Population growth, Population explosion, population pyramid among nations - Family Welfare Programme - Human Rights - Value Education - Environment and human health: air-borne, water borne, infectious diseases, contagious diseases and immunisation (all types of vaccines from birth), risks due to chemicals in food and water, endocrine disrupting chemicals, cancer and environment - Sustainable development - Resettlement and rehabilitation of people - Environment Legislative laws-Women and Child Welfare, Public awareness.

Case studies related to current situation.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- Erach Bharucha, "Textbook for Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses of all Branches of Higher Education for University Grants Commission", Orient Blackswan Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad, India, 2013.
- 2. Benny Joseph, "Environmental Studies", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, India, 2009.
- 3. Ravikrishnan A, "Environmental Science and Engineering", Sri Krishna Publications, Tamil Nadu, India, 2018.
- 4. Raman Sivakumar, "Introduction to Environmental Science and Engineering", McGraw Hill Education, India, 2009.
- 5. Venugopala Rao P, "Principles of Environmental Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited; India, 2006.
- 6. Anubha Kaushik and Kaushik C.P., "Environmental Science and Engineering", New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Masters G.M., "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science", Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. Henry J.G. and Heike G.W., "Environmental Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall International Inc., New Jersy, 1996.
- 3. Miller T.G. Jr., "Environmental Science", Wadsworth Publishing Co. Boston, USA, 2016.
- 4. "Waste to Resources: A Waste Management Handbook", The Energy and Resources Institute, 2014.
- https://www.teriin.org/article/e-waste-management-india-challengesand-opportunities.
- https://green.harvard.edu/tools-resources/how/6-ways-minimize-youre-waste
- 7. https://www.aiims.edu/en/departments-and-centers/central-facilities/265-biomedical/7346-bio-medical-waste-management.html.
- https://tspcb.cgg.gov.in/Shared%20Documents/Guidelines%20for%20 Management%20of%20Healthcare%20Waste%20Waste%20Manage ment%20Rules,%202016%20by%20Health%20Care%20Facilities.pdf

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student will be able to

CO1: analyse the current scenario of various natural resources and their depletion and suggest remedies to curb the exploitation.

CO2: identify food chains and web and its function in the environment, assess the impacts on the biodiversity and propose solutions to conserve it.

CO3: analyse the types and impacts of pollutants in the environment and propose suitable methods to alleviate the pollutants and the natural disasters.

CO4: assess on the impact of human population and the health related issues and immunisation practices and sustainable developments for a healthy life.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

11th BoS of Chem held on 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

17.06.2021

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	-	L	М	-	-	L	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	М	Н	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М	-	-	L	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	-	-	М	М	М	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG All: No Poverty, Zero Hunger, Good Health and Well-Being, Quality Education, Gender Equality, Clean Water and Sanitation, Affordable & Clean Energy, Decent Work and Economic Growth, Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure, Reduced Inequalities, Sustainable Cities and Communities, Responsible Consumption and Production, Climate Action, Life Below Water, Life on Land, Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions, Partnerships for the Goals.

Statement: This course discuss about the environment, all the natural resources available, sharing of resources, effective utilisation, effects of over utilisation, health and environmental issues pertained to that, global warming and related issues, climates, disasters, impact assessments, population, human rights, societal welfare, laws to conserve the environment and sustainability.

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021

AED 2101 SOLID MECHANICS L T P C SDG: 9 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: Predict the behavior of bars under various loadings.

COB2: Calculate the bending and shear stress and the deflection of beams under various loadings.

COB3: Calculate the deflection of beams under various loadings.

COB4: Give a theoretical design of shaft for the required working conditions and predictions of the response of the springs and columns subjected to various loads

COB5: Predict the response of the structural elements subjected to combined loading and the load bearing capacity of pressure vessels.

MODULE I AXIAL LOADING

7

Stress and Strain, Hooke's law, Stress- Strain Diagrams for different engg., Materials, elastic constants, thermal stresses, problems on bars, principle of superposition.

MODULE II BEAMS

10

Statically indeterminate beams, Shear Force diagrams and Bending moment diagrams, Bending Stress and Shear stresses in beam sections, Constant Strength Beam, composite beams.

MODULE III DEFLECTION OF BEAMS

8

Double integration method, Macaulay's methods, Moment Area Method, Conjugate Beam Method.

MODULE IV TORSION -SPRINGS - COLUMNS

12

Torsion of solid and hollow circular shaft - Shear Stress variation - Power transmissions in shaft - open and closed coil helical springs - Stresses in helical springs &Leaf Spring - Euler's Column curve, Columns with different end conditions.

MODULE V PRINCIPAL STRESSES BIAXIAL STRESSES 8

Principle Stress and Strains, Mohr's circle - Stresses in thin-walled pressure vessels - Thick-walled pressure vessel – combined bending, torsion and axial loading of circular shafts.

L – 45; TOTAL HOURS – 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. James M Gere & Barry J. Goodno, Mechanics of Materials, Cenage Learning, 9th Edition, 2018.
- 2. R. K. Rajput, "Strength of Materials: Mechanics of Solid", Fourth edition, S. Chand Limited, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. C.T. Sun, "Mechanics of Aircraft Structures", Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons. 2006.
- 2. R.C. Hibbeler, "Structural Analysis", Fifth Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2002.
- 3. B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain, "Mechanics of Materials", Firewall media, 2002.
- 4. Craig, R.R., 1996, Mechanics of Materials, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- 5. R.S. Khurmi, "Strength of Materials", Twenty third Edition, S. Chand Limited, 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

CO1: predict the behavior of bars under various loadings.

CO2: calculate the bending and shear stress and the deflection of beams under various loadings.

CO3: calculate the deflection of beams under various loadings.

CO4: give a theoretical design of shaft for the required working conditions and predictions of the response of the springs and columns subjected to various loads

CO5: predict the response of the structural elements subjected to combined loading and the load bearing capacity of pressure vessels.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	L	L	L	L						L		L	М	М
CO2	L	L	L	L								М	М	М
СОЗ	М	М	М	L								L	Н	М
CO4	L	М	М	М								М	Н	Н
CO5	L	L	L	L								L	Н	М

Note: L- Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H -High Correlation

SDG No. 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: Understand stresses, deformation of solid materials and structures under various loades.

Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021
--------------------------	------------------

AED 2102 ENGINEERING THERMODYNAMICS L T P C

SDG: 9 3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

B.Tech.

COB1: Use the first Law of Thermodynamics to evaluate the limitations on thermal-mechanical energy conversion

COB2: Can apply thermodynamics second law concepts and entropy principles on engineering applications

COB3: Carry out design and performance analysis on IC Engines.

COB4:Carry out performance analysisof refrigeration and air-conditioning systems

COB5: Estimate heat transfer rates in simple engineering situations

MODULE I BASICS & FIRST LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS 9

Macroscopic approach-thermodynamic systems-properties-state, path and process, quasi-static process-work and heat-zeroth law and first law of thermodynamics-internal energy-enthalpy-applications of first law of thermodynamics to closed and open system.

MODULE II SECOND LAW OF THERMODYNAMICS

Second law of thermodynamics, Heat engine, Carnot cycle, thermodynamic temperature scale, entropy, change of entropy for different processes, equivalence of Kelvin plank and Clausius statements, Clausius inequality.

MODULE III AIR STANDARD CYCLES

Air standard efficiency - Otto cycle - diesel cycle - dual cycle - Brayton cycle - components of IC (piston) engines -Two stroke and four stroke cycle engines - performance of IC engine. Case study: Future of automobiles (fitted with IC engines) Vs Electrical vehicles.

MODULE IV REFRIGERATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING 9

Principle of Refrigeration – Vapour compression & Vapour absorption types – Coefficient of performance, Properties of refrigerants, Psychrometrics – Relative Humidity – WBT/DBT - Principle of Air conditioning – Types – Introduction to reciprocating air compressor- multi stage. Case study: Aircraft cabin air-conditioning.

MODULE V FUNDAMENTALS OF HEAT TRANSFER

Introduction to different modes of Heat Transfer: Conduction, convection and radiation heat transfer - heat conduction through composite walls,

9

9

9

Different types of heat exchangers - heat transfer coefficient for parallel, counter and cross flow type heat exchanger- radiation properties. Case study: Jet Engine cooling – Effective heat transfer methods/techniques.

PRACTICAL

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 9. Valve timing of a 4 stroke engine
- 10. Port timing of a 2 stroke engine.
- 11. Performance test on a 4-stroke diesel engine
- 12. Performance test on a 4-stroke petrol engine.
- 13. Determination of the viscosity coefficient of a given liquid
- 14. COP test on a vapour compression refrigeration test rig
- 15. Performance test on an air-conditioning test rig
- 16. Performance test on 2-stage reciprocating air-compressor test rig
- 17. Determination of thermal resistance of a composite wall.
- 18. Determination of emissivity of a black body.
- 19. Determination of effectiveness of a parallel flow & counter flow heat exchangers.

L - 45; P - 30; TOTAL HOURS - 75

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Yunus A. Cengal, "Thermodynamics an Engineering Approach", 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Co. Ltd., 2014.
- 2. Nag P. K., "Engineering Thermodynamics", 6th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hills Co., Ltd., 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Mayhew, A. and Rogers, B., "Engineering Thermodynamics", E.L.B.S. Edition, Longman Green & Co. Ltd., London, 1990.
- 2. Saad, M.A., "Thermodynamics for Engineers", Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 1989
- 3. Reynolds, "Thermodynamics", Int. Student Edition, McGraw-Hill Book Co., Ltd., 1990
- 4. Kroes Michael J; Wild Thomas W, "Aircraft power plants" 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 5. Yunus A. Cengel, Afshin J. Ghajar, "Heat and Mass Transfer Fundamentals and Applications', 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2020

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

CO1: explain the physical concepts and implications of the first law of TD in practical applications

CO2: use entropy calculations as a tool for evaluating irreversibility in

engineering processes

CO3: estimate the thermodynamic efficiency and power production of an arbitrary ideal cycle

CO4: carry out a thermodynamic analysis of a basic power consumption and assess performance of refrigerator and air conditioners.

CO5: estimate heat transfer rates for different engineering applications

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO 11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	L	L	L							L		L	М	М
CO2	L	L	L	L								М	М	М
CO3	М	М	М	L								L	Н	М
CO4	L	М	М	М								М	Н	Н
CO5	L	L	L	L								L	Н	М

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Quality Education and Build resilient Infrastructure promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: Understanding the fundamentals of thermodynamics will pave way for designing innovative engineering appliances leading to resilient infrastructure and sustainable industrialization.

AED 2103 FLUID MECHANICS L T P C SDG: 09 3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To understand the properties of fluids and working methods of digital measuring devices.

COB2: To provide basic knowledge of governing equations of fluid flows.

COB3: To introduce the concepts of dimensional analysis and its applications.

COB4: To introduce the concepts of boundary layer and its purposes.

COB5: To provide basic knowledge of the working principles of pumps and turbines.

MODULE I BASIC CONCEPTS, FLUID PROPERTIES 10

Definition of fluids, Types of fluids, Classification of fluid flows, No-slip condition, Units and dimensions, Mass, Density, Specific Volume, Specific Weight, Relative density, Viscosity, Newton's law of viscosity, Compressibility, Vapor pressure, Surface tension, Capillarity, Center-of-Pressure, Thermodynamic properties of fluids — Introduction to digital pressure measurement systems- digital gauges- sensors.

MODULE II FLUID STATICS

8

Fluid statics: concept of fluid static pressure, hydrostatic pressure distribution, hydrostatic forces on plane and curved surfaces, buoyancy and stability, pressure. Case studies: pressure distribution overimmersed bodies.

MODULE III KINEMATICS OF FLUIDS AND GOVERNING 11 EQUATIONS OF FLOW & DIMENSIONAL ANALYSIS

Lagrangian and Eulerian approaches, Acceleration field, Material derivative, Concepts of control volume, Control surface; Types of flow, Streamlines, Path lines, Streak lines, Governing equations: Mass, Momentum, Energy. Bernoulli equation, Dimensional homogeneity, Dimensional analysis and Similarity, Buckingham Pi theorem. Case studies: behavioural study of different types of flows.

MODULE IV INTERNAL FLOWS &BOUNDARY LAYER 10 CONCEPTS

Reynolds number regimes, Internal versus external viscous flow, Head loss, Friction factor, Laminar fully developed pipe flow, Turbulent pipe flow, Flow in

non-circular ducts, Losses in pipe systems, Fluid meters. Fundamental concepts, Boundary layer equations, Boundary layer over a flat plate, Momentum integral equation, Flow separation. Concept of thermal boundary layer. Case studies: losses occurred in internal flows.

MODULE V TURBOMACHINERY

6

Introduction and classification. Pumps: Performance curves, Dynamic pumps, Centrifugal pumps, Axial pumps. Pump scaling laws. Turbines: Positive-displacement turbines, Dynamic turbines, Impulse turbines, Reaction turbines, Turbine scaling laws.

PRACTICALS

- Comparison of coefficients of discharge of given Orifice meter and Venturi meter.
- 2. Velocity measurement using Pitot Static tube.
- 3. Determination of major and minor losses in pipes.
- 4. Calibration of Roto meter.
- 5. Impact of jet on flat and curved vanes
- 6. Determination of friction factor for the given set of pipes.
- 7. Performance test on a jet pump.
- 8. Performance study of Centrifugal pump
- 9. Determination of maximum efficiency for the given Reciprocating pump.
- 10. Determination of the maximum power at constant speed / constant load for an Impulse turbine/ Reaction turbine.

L - 45; P - 30; TOTAL HOURS -75

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Cengel, Yunus A. Fluid mechanics. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2010.
- 2. R.K. BANSAL "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines" Revised Ninth Edition Laxmi Publications 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Frank M. White, "Fluid mechanics", Tata McGraw Hill 2015.
- 2. Ira M. Cohen, Pijush. K. Kundu, David. R. Dowling "Fluid Mechanics", Fifth edition, 2015.
- 3. APS/DFD Gallery of Fluid Motion.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

CO1: identify and relate to different kinds of fluids and flows.

CO2: derive and apply the governing equations of fluid flow to solve practical problems.

CO3: evaluate losses in pipe flow systems, and use the principles of dimensional analysis to design realistic and accurate experiments.

CO4: solve the basic problems involved in boundary layer concept.

CO5: apply the knowledge of pumps and turbines to solve basic problems of fluid machinery.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	Н	М					L				L		Н	L
CO2	Н	М									М		Н	L
СОЗ	Н	М	L	М	L		L				М		Н	
CO4	Н	М	L	L							Н		Н	
CO5	Н	Н	L	L						L	L	L	Н	L

Note: L- Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021
--------------------------	------------------

AED 2104 AIRCRAFT MATERIALS AND L T P C SDG:4,9 MANUFACTURING PROCESSES 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

B.Tech.

- **COB1:** To identify & select suitable materials for different parts of aircraft based on their characteristics and properties
- **COB2:**To gain knowledge about engineering behaviour of materials and study effects, protection against corrosion of aircraft materials.
- **COB3:**To study various heat treatment processes of aircraft metals and alloys.
- **COB4:**To acquire knowledge on basics of different ceramic and composite materials.
- **COB5:**To gain better understanding about metal working processes and welding methods used in aerospace industries.

MODULE I SELECTION OF MATERIALS FOR AIRCRAFT 6

Classification of aircraft materials - Importance of strength/weight ratio of materials for aerospace vehicles structures, Materials used for aircraft components - Factors affecting choice of material for different parts of airplane. Materials for stealth - Emerging trends in aerospace materials.

MODULE II MECHANICAL BEHAVIOUR OF MATERIALS & 10 CORROSION

Linear and nonlinear elastic properties – Yielding, strain hardening, fracture, Bauchinger's effect – Notch effect testing – creep and fatigue - flaw detection of materials and components. – NDT Methods, Types of corrosion – effect of corrosion on mechanical properties – stress corrosion cracking – Prevention methods - corrosion resistance materials.

MODULE III AIRCRAFT METAL ALLOYS & HEAT TREATMENT 10

Iron – Carbon diagram – effect of alloying treatment - Heat treatment of carbon steel, aluminum alloys, magnesium alloys and titanium alloys used in aircraft. Heat resistant steels, maraging steels - Introduction to super alloys

MODULE IV CERAMICS AND COMPOSITES 9

Introduction – powder metallurgy - modern ceramic materials – cermets - cutting tools – glass ceramic –production of semi-fabricated forms - plastics and rubber – Graphene - carbon/carbon composites, fabrication processes involved in metal matrix composites - shape memory alloys – applications in aerospace vehicle design, open and close mould processes.

Regulations 2021

MODULE V METAL WORKING PROCESSES AND WELDING 10

Metal working processes used in the manufacture of aircraft materials or components - Hot-working - Cold-working - Rivet joints, methods of riveting, types - Extruding - Casting (permanent mould and die casting) - Forging - Drawing - Metal Cutting.

Various Welding Processes - Oxyacetylene welding - Electric arc welding - Electrical resistance welding - TIG - MIG - Electron beam welding - Plasma arc welding - Thermal spraying - Laser welding - Welding Defects.

L - 45; TOTAL HOURS - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Titterton. G," Aircraft Materials and Processes", V Edition, Pitman Publishing Co., 1995.

REFERENCES:

- 1. F.C Campbell," Manufacturing technology for aerospace structural materials", Elsevier publication.
- 2. Martin, J.W., "Engineering Materials, Their properties and Applications", Wykedham Publications (London) Ltd., 1987.
- 3. Van Vlack. L.H., "Materials Science for Engineers", Addison Wesley, 1985.
- 4. Kenneth. G. Budinski&Michael.K. Budinski, "Engineering material properties and selection", Prentice Hall publications, 2010.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

- **CO1:**select and suggest suitable materials for different parts of aircraft based on their characteristics and properties.
- **CO2:**gain knowledge on engineering behaviour of materials and effects of corrosion on materials.
- **CO3**:identify the need for different alloying materials and heat treatment processes involved.
- **CO4**: acquire knowledge on types and applications of different ceramic and composite materials.
- **CO5**: employ different metal working processes and welding methods used in aerospace industries.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	L	L	L								L	L	М	Н
CO2	L	L	М	L								М	М	М
CO3	М	М	М	L							L	L	Н	М
CO4	L	М	М	М								М	Н	Н
CO5	L	М	М	L							L	L	М	М

Note: L- Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H -High Correlation

SDG 4 & 9: Quality Education and Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: Understanding the fundamentals of thermodynamics will pave way for designing innovative engineering appliances leading to resilient infrastructure and sustainable industrialization.

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021

AED 2105 AIRCRAFT COMPONENT AND L T P C SDG: 09 ASSEMBLY DRAWING LABORATORY 0 0 2 1

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To train the students to draft basic aircraft components using modelling packages

PRACTICALS

List of Experiments:

- 1. Sketches and Part modeling
- 2. Modeling of riveted joints (Lap joint).
- Modeling of riveted joints (Butt joint with single and double straps).
- 4. Construction of airfoil.
- 5. Layout of typical wing structure.
- 6. Layout of typical fuselage structure.
- 7. Computer aided modeling of typical aircraft wing.
- 8. Computer aided modeling of typical fuselage structure.
- 9. Computer aided modeling of Aircraft control surfaces.
- 10. Three view diagrams of a typical aircraft
- 11. Exposure to different CAD modeling software.

P - 30; Total Hours - 30

REFERENCES:

- 1. Basant Agarwal. "Engineering graphics", first Edition, Tata McGraw Hill,2012.
- Frederick Ernest Giesecke, Henry C. Spencer "Technical Drawing withEngineering Graphics" Prentice Hall, 2012
- 3. CATIA Software tutorial manual

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Gain hands-on experience in drafting aircraft components and structuresusing computer-aided modeling.

CO2: Gain knowledge and experience in drawing the layout of aircraft & controlsystems using computer-aided modeling.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021 18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	М	М	М										L	М
CO2	М	М	М										L	М

Note: L- Low Correlation M -Medium Correlation H -High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: understand the modeling of aircraft components using various CAD softwares

GED 2101 ESSENTIAL SKILLS AND APTITUDE L T P C SDG: 17 FOR ENGINEERS 0 0 2 1

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1:To enable them to make effective business presentations

COB2:To train them to participate in group discussions

COB3:To enhance the problem-solving skills

COB4:To train students in solving analytical problems

MODULE I ORAL DISCOURSE

07

Importance of oral communication-verbal and non-verbal communication, Presentation Strategies- one minute presentation (using Audacity/vocaro) - Effective listening skills, listening for specific information

MODULE II VERBAL COMMUNICATION

80

Understanding negotiation, persuasion & marketing skills - Listening to short conversations & monologues - Group Discussion techniques - Role plays - Interview techniques

MODULE III BASIC NUMERACY

80

Simplification and Approximation – Competitive Examination Shortcut Techniques - Number Systems - Simple and Compound Interest-Progression

MODULE IV ANALYTICAL COMPETENCY

07

Blood Relations – Clocks and Calendars – Coding and Decoding – Analytical Reasoning(Linear Arrangement, Circular Arrangement, Cross Variable Relationship and Linear Relationship) – Directions .

P - 30; TOTAL HOURS - 30

REFERENCES:

- 1. Whitby, Norman (2014). Business Benchmark: Pre-Intermediate to Intermediate. Cambridge University Press, UK
- 2. Swan, Michael (2005). Practical English Usage, Oxford University Press
- 3. Bhattacharya. Indrajit (2008). An Approach to Communication Skills, DhanpatRai& Co., (Pvt.) Ltd. New Delhi.
- 4. Tyra .M, Magical Book On Quicker Maths, BSC Publishing Company Pvt. Limited, 2009
- R. S. Aggarwal , Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Examinations,
 S. Chand Limited, 2017

- R. S. Aggarwal , A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning , S. Chand Limited, 2010
- 7. Khattar Dinesh, The Pearson Guide to Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Examinations, 3e, Pearson India, 2016
- 8. Rajesh Verma, Fast Track Objective Arithmetic Paperback, Arihant Publications (India) Limited, 2018
- 9. Arun Sharma Teach Yourself Quantitative Aptitude Useful for All Competitive Examinations, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Limited, 2019.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Make effective business presentations

CO2: Speak English intelligibly, fluently and accurately in group discussions

CO3: To apply the various problem-solving techniques

CO4: Understand and solve aptitude problem

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

13thBoS of the Department of English held on 17.6.2021 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO										Н					
1										П					
CO									М	Н					
2									IVI	11					
CO															
3					_	L									
CO		М		1											
4		IVI		_											
CO															
5															

Note: L- Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development.

Statement: This course ensures capacity building and skills development requisite for implementing global partnership.

Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021
--------------------------	------------------

3

0 3

AED 2211 LOW SPEED AERODYNAMICS L T P C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

B.Tech.

SDG: 9

COB1: Tostudy the governing equations and basic aerodynamic concepts like circulation, vorticity.

COB2: To learn the fundamental equations of inviscid incompressible flow.

COB3: Togain the theoriesinvolved for designing airfoil.

COB4: To introduce the concept of classical thin airfoil theory and Prandtl's lifting linetheory for wings.

COB5: Introduce the basics of viscous flow.

MODULE I FUNDAMENTAL EQUATIONS OF AERODYNAMICS 10

Continuity, momentum and energy equations, Differential equations for streamline, angular velocity, Vorticity - circulation. Stream Function, Potential Function, Equi-potential Lines, Laplace equation - Elementary Flows and their combinations. Case studies: application of governing equations.

MODULE II FUNDAMENTALS OF INVISCID INCOMPRESSIBLE 9 FLOW

Bernoulli's equation, incompressible flow in a duct, pitot tube, pressure coefficient, governing equation for irrotational incompressible flow, Flow over a circular cylinder, D'Alembert's Paradox, lifting flow over a cylinder – Magnus effect – KuttaJoukowski Theorem, Real flow over smooth and rough cylinder.

MODULE III AIRFOIL THEORY

9

Airfoil nomenclature, airfoil characteristics, Kutta condition, Kutta -Joukowski transformation and its applications, Thin Airfoil theory and its applications.

MODULE IV THEORY OF FINITE WINGS

10

Downwash and induced drag, Vortex Filament, Biot - Savart Law, Helmholtz theorems, Bound Vortex and trailing Vortex, Horse Shoe Vortex, Prandtl's Lifting Line Theory, lift and induced drag coefficients for elliptic lift distribution – General lift distribution – Oswald Efficiency factor - effect of aspect ratio.

MODULE V INTRODUCTION TO LAMINARAND TURBULENT 7 BOUNDARY LAYER

Laminar incompressible boundary layer, boundary layer equations, flat plate boundary layer, Blasius solution, effect of pressure gradient, similarity in boundary layer, Shape factor - laminar separation.

Turbulent boundary layer on a flat plate, effect of pressure gradient, Prandtl's mixing length hypothesis, free shear layers. Thermal boundary layer and its importance.

L - 45; Total Hours - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- Anderson Jr, John David. Fundamentals of aerodynamics. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2010.
- 2. Schlichting, Herrmann, and Klaus Gersten. Boundary-layer theory. Springer Science & Business Media, 2003.
- 3. E. Rathakrishnan, Theoretical Aerodynamics, John Wily & Sons, 2013.

REFERENCES:

- Houghton, Edward Lewis, and Peter William
 Carpenter. Aerodynamics for engineering students. Elsevier, 2003.
- Katz and Plotkin, Low Speed Aerodynamics, Cambridge Univ. Press, 2002
- Milne Thomson, L.H., Theoretical Aerodynamics, Macmillan, 1985
- 4. John J Bertin., Aerodynamics for Engineers, Pearson Education Inc, 2002

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students shall be able to

- **CO1:** identify the importance and limitations of potential flow theory and formulate the mathematical express of fundamental equations of fluid flows.
- **CO2:** make the equation which is suitable for inviscid incompressible flow problems.
- **CO3:** perform simple calculations for the estimation of the lift characteristics of airfoils using circulation theory/ thin airfoil theory.
- **CO4:** estimate the induced drag characteristics and lift characteristics of finite wings.

CO5: perform simple laminar and turbulent boundary layer calculations.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	Н	L					М	L			L	L	Н	М
CO2	Н	L					М	L			L	L	Н	М
CO3	Н	Н	М					М					Н	М
CO4	Н	Н	М					М					Н	М
CO5	Н	Н		М				М		Н			Н	М

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: The holistic understanding of aerodynamics and its role of fluid flow problems leads to makes the better safety and performance for aircraft design industry

Aeronautical En	aineerina
-----------------	-----------

Regulations 2021

D	ㅁㅡㅡь
В.	เษาษา

AED 2212 AIRCRAFT STRUCTURAL MECHANICS L T P C

SDG: 09 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: Understand the different loads experiencedduring aircraft flight and determine the loads on different structural member

COB2: Study the load estimation for indeterminate Structural members

COB3: Obtain the critical load relation for inelastic buckling

COB4: Study various energy methods and find loads for different structural members

COB5: Understand different failure mechanism of aircraft structural components for safe design.

MODULE I LOADS AND STATICALLY DETERMINATE 12 STRUCTURES

V-n Diagram, Different structural members of aircraft, loads taken by the component's general definitions.

Plane truss analysis, method of joints, method of sections, 3D trusses.

MODULE II STATICALLY INDETERMINATE STRUCTURES 11

Propped Cantilever beams, Fixed-Fixed beams, Clapeyron's 3 moment theorem, moment distribution method, Maxwell's reciprocal theorem.

MODULE III COLUMN

7

Inelastic buckling, Effect of initial curvature, Eccentric loading on columns, South well plot, Use of energy methods in column, Beam-columns.

MODULE IV ENERGY METHODS

8

Strain energy due to gradual loading (axial, bending, torsion, Shear), impact loading, Castigliano's theorems, Unit load and Dummy load methods, application of energy methods to frames, beams, trusses and rings.

MODULE V FAILURE THEORY

7

Maximum principle Stress theory, Maximum principle Strain theory, shear stress theory, distortion energy theory, octahedral shear stress theory, case study: failure theory for composite materials.

L - 45; TOTAL HOURS – 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C.T. Sun, "Mechanics of Aircraft Structures", Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons. 2006.

2. Aircraft Structures for Engg. Students, THG Megson, Elsevier (BH), 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. James M Gere & Barry J. Goodno, Mechanics of Materials, Cenage Learning, 9th Edition, 2018.
- 2. R.C. Hibbeler, "Structural Analysis", Fifth Edition, Prentice-Hall, 2002.
- 3. B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain, "Mechanics of Materials", Firewall media, 2002.
- 4. Craig, R.R., 1996, Mechanics of Materials, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- 5. R.S. Khurmi, "Strength of Materials", Twenty third Edition, S. Chand Limited, 2007
- 6. R.K. Rajput, "Strength of Materials: Mechanics of Solid", Fourth edition, S. Chand Limited, 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Identify and relate different kinds of load factors experienced in aircraft flight and Estimate the load bearing capability of different structural members used in the construction of aircraft.

CO2: Extend the concepts of solid mechanics to in-determinate structural problems.

CO3: Give a theoretical design of columns subjected to various loads.

CO4: Obtain theoretical predictions of structural behavior using energy methods.

CO5: Acquire knowledge on failure theories and to predict the values of the stress at which the structure fails.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	Н	Н	Н	М	-	М	-	-	-	L	-	L	Н	М
CO2	Н	Н	Н	М	-	М	-	-	-	L	-	Н	Н	М
CO3	Н	Н	Н	М	-	М	-	-	-	М	-	Н	Н	М
CO4	L	L	Н	М	-	М	-	-	-	1	-	Н	L	М
CO5	L	L	Н	Н	-	М		-		М	-	Н	L	М

Note: L - Low Correlation

M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: understanding of various types of loads acting on an aircraft and obtain the solution for indeterminate structures & types of failure theory.

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Reg	gulatio	ons 2	021	
AED 2213	PROPULSION I	L	т	Р	С	
SDG: 9		3	0	0	3	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To introduce the fundamental of aero engines and the working principles of different types of aero engines.

COB2: To study and analyse about propeller aerodynamic theories and their applications.

COB3: To analyse the design aspects and flow features of subsonic intakes.

COB4: To study and analyze design aspects and performance characteristics of compressors.

COB5: To study and analyse the design parameters of exhaust nozzles and thrust vector control mechanism.

MODULE I FUNDAMENTALS OF AERO ENGINES

9

Gas turbine Engine development for Aircraft propulsion- Working of Gas turbine engines –the thrust equation and other performance parameters – Factors affecting thrust –Variants of Aircraft jet engines: Turboprop, Turbofan, Turbojet and Turboshaft - Performance characteristics and analysis, Ideal and Real Brayton cycles - analysis, Methods of thrust Augmentation.

MODULE II PROPELLER THEORY

8

Propeller fundamentals, propeller aerodynamic theories – momentum, blade elemental and vortex theory. Introduction to helicopter, Drone and marine propellers.

MODULE III SUBSONICINTAKES

8

Inlets for transport Aircrafts and Military Aircrafts, Internal flow and Stall in subsonic intakes – Boundary layer separation – Major features of external flow near a subsonic intake -Relation between minimum area ratio and external deceleration ratio – Performance of subsonic intake and diffuser.

MODULE IV COMPRESSORS

12

Centrifugal Compressors - Principle of operation – work done and pressure rise - slip factor, velocity diagrams, diffuser vane design considerations, Concept of Surging, choking, prewhirl, rotating stall, Performance characteristics.

Axial Compressors - Basic operation - Elementary theory - Velocity triangles - Work and compression, Design parameters - Flow coefficient - loading

coefficient - Degree of reaction - diffusion factor. Single and multi-stage axial compressor performance characteristics.

MODULE V COMBUSTION SYSTEMS

8

Classification of combustion chamber - Factors affecting combustion chamber performance and design — Aerodynamic pressure losses, Combustion Efficiency, combustion Intensity. Fuel Injectors, Flame stabilization, Flame holders, Flame tube cooling - Combustion instability. Numerical Problems.

L – 45;TOTAL HOURS – 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Saravanamuttoo, H.I. H., Rogers, G.F.C., CohenH., PaulStraznicky, "GasTurbineTheory",7thEdition, Pearson Education Canada,2018.
- 2. Hill Philip, Peterson Carl, "Mechanics and Thermodynamics of Propulsion", 2ndEdition, Addison Wesly, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- 1. KroesMichaelJ,WildThomasW,"AircraftPowerplants",7thEdition, TataMc Graw Hill, 2010.
- 2. MattinglyJ.D., "ElementsofGasTurbinePropulsion", TataMcGrawHill, 2005.
- 3. ElSayedAhmed, "AircraftPropulsionandgasturbineengines", TaylorandFrancis(CRCpress), 2008.
- 4. Rolls Royce Jet Engine", 3rdEdition, 1983.
- 5. Roy Bhaskar, "Aircraft Propulsion", Elsevier(India), 2008.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the courseStudents will be able to

CO1: get perspective of different types of jet engines used in aircraft.

CO2: apply design concepts in propeller blade design.

CO3: learn engineering features of subsonic intakes of jet engines.

CO4: analyze axial type compressor and fan design aspects and performance characteristics.

CO5: acquire basic knowledge on combustion systems used in jet engines.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

5th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	М	М	М	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	Н	Н
CO2	Н	Н	Н	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO3	М	М	М	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO4	Н	Н	Н	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO5	Н	Н	Н	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н

Note: L- Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H -High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Statement: This course covers the fundamental knowledge of aero engines and design aspect of aero engine components results in satisfying aerospace industry challenges.

AED 2214 AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS AND INSTRUMENTS L T P C

SDG: 9 3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- **COB1:** To introduce the basic knowledge of flight control system and its types.
- **COB2:** To impart knowledge of the hydraulic and pneumatic systems components and its operation.
- **COB3:** To acquaint the students to basic engine components and their applications.
- **COB4:** To introduce some knowledge about the cabin comfort system and its applications.
- **COB5**: To gain the basic knowledge of navigational instruments to the students.

MODULE I AIRPLANE CONTROL SYSTEMS

9

Conventional Systems – power assisted and fully powered flight controls – power actuated systems – engine control systems – push pull rod system – operating principles – modern control systems – digital fly by wire systems – auto pilot system, active control technology.

MODULE II AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS

10

Hydraulic systems – Study of typical workable systems –components – hydraulic systems controllers – modes of operation – pneumatic systems – working principles – typical pneumatic power system – brake system – components, landing gear systems – classification – shock absorbers–retroactive mechanism.

MODULE III ENGINE SYSTEMS

9

Fuel systems – piston and jet engines – components – multi-engine fuel systems, lubricating systems – piston and jet engines – starting and ignition systems –piston and jet engines.

MODULE IV AIRCONDITIONING AND PRESSURIZING SYSTEM 8

Basic air cycle systems – vapour cycle systems, boot-strap air cycle system – evaporative vapour cycle systems – evaporation air cycle systems –Cabin Pressurisation control System- oxygen systems – fire protection systems, deicing and anti-icing system.

MODULE V AIRCRAFT INSTRUMENTS

9

Flight instruments and navigation instruments – accelerometers, air speed indicators – Mach meters – altimeters – gyroscopic instruments- Wheel speed Transducer - INS – principles and operation – study of various types of engine instruments – tachometers –temperature gauges – pressure gauge – operation and principles.

PRACTICALS

List of Experiments

- 1. Aircraft Jacking Up procedure
- 2. Aircraft Levelling procedure
- 3. Control System Rigging check procedure
- 4. Aircraft Symmetry Check procedure
- 5. Flow test to assess of filter element clogging
- 6. Pressure Test To assess hydraulic External/Internal Leakage
- 7. Functional Test to adjust operating pressure
- 8. Pressure Test procedure on fuel system components
- 9. Brake Torque Load Test on wheel brake units
- 10. Maintenance and rectification of snags in hydraulic and fuel systems.

L - 45; P - 30; TOTAL HOURS - 75

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Mekinley, J.L. and R.D. Bent, Aircraft Power Plants, McGraw Hill 1993.
- 2. Pallet, E.H.J. Aircraft Instruments & Principles, Pitman & Co, 1993.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Handbooks of Airframe and Power plant Mechanics, US dept. of Transportation, Federal, Aviation Administration, the English Book Store, New Delhi, 1995.
- 2. McKinley, J.L. and Bent R.D. Aircraft Maintenance & Repair, McGraw Hill, 1993.
- 3. Treager, S, "Aircraft Gas Turbine Technology, McGraw Hill 1997

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

CO1: introduce the basic knowledge of flight control system and its types.

CO2: impart knowledge of the hydraulic and pneumatic systems components and its operation.

CO3: acquaint the students to basic engine components and their applications.

CO4: introduce some knowledge about the cabin comfort system and its applications.

CO5: gain the basic knowledge of navigational instruments to the students.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	М	М	М	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO2	Н	Н	Н	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO3	М	М	М	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO4	Н	Н	Н	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO5	Н	Н	Н	L	L	-	-	-	-	-	=	=	Н	Н

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: Understanding operating principles of various instruments used in the aircraft

Aeronautical Engineering R	Regulations 2021
----------------------------	------------------

AED 2215 EXPERIMENTAL AERODYNAMICS L T P C SDG: 9 3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

B.Tech.

To introduce various types of wind tunnels and measurement techniques

COB1: To introduce the concept and working principle of low speed wind tunnel.

COB2: To introduce the concept and working principle of high speed wind tunnel.

COB3: To familiarize the various parameter measuring techniques.

COB4: To gain the knowledge behind the different flow visulazation methods applied in fluid flows.

COB5: To introduce the concept of hypersonic flow and its flow regimes.

MODULE I LOW-SPEED WIND TUNNEL 10

Introduction of Wind tunnel - Classification of wind tunnels- Applications of wind tunnels - Non-dimensional simulationparameters. Irregularities of flow in low-speed tunnels, Reduction of turbulence - Effect ofscreens on turbulence - Honeycombs - Wind tunnel contractions -The diffuser,Losses in wind tunnel circuit, Power requirements — Power economy bypressurization - Power economy by choice of working fluid - Power economyby reduction in stagnation temperature.

MODULE II HIGH-SPEED WIND TUNNEL 10

Types of high-speed tunnels, Supersonic wind tunnels - Test section flow parameters - Dynamic pressure - Mass flow rate - Test section velocity Maximum velocity - Free streamReynold'snumber, Components of supersonicwind tunnels - Air storagetanks - Settling chamber / wide anglediffusersConvergent-divergent (C-D) nozzle - Diffuser, Power required for theoperation of supersonic wind tunnels, Closed circuit supersonic wind tunnel, ActualFlowin the supersonic wind tunnel - Starting the wind tunnel with the model inThetest section, Sizing of the wind tunnel model - Condensation and Liquefaction, Shock tubes—operation and equations.

MODULE III MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES 10

Steady and unsteady pressure, velocity and temperature measurements – Force and moment measurements – three component and six component balances – internal balances – Principles of Hotwire anemometer, PIV, LDtechniques. Skin friction dragcalculation.

MODULE IV FLOW VISUALISATION

10

Requirements and importance of flow visualization techniques. Classification of various methods. Smoke and tuft grid techniques – dye injection special techniques – opticalmethods of flow visualization. Oil flow visualization.

MODULE V INTRODUCTION OF HYPERSONIC 5 FACILITIES

Nature of hypersonic flow regime. Hypersonic facilities and Heating requirements for the simulation of re-entrybodies.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Calibration of subsonic wind tunnel.
- 2. Pressure distribution over smooth and rough cylinder.
- 3. Pressure distribution over symmetric / Cambered airfoils.
- 4. Pressure distribution over cambered airfoils
- 5. Force measurement using wind tunnel balance on aircraft models.
- 6. Flow over a various model Car model / Building model / Launch vehicle model by flow visualization technique.
- Flow over streamlined bodies with different angle of attack by flow visualization technique.
- 8. Supersonic flow visualization studies

L-45; P-30; TOTAL HOURS -75

TEXT BOOKS:

- Barlow J. B., Rae W.H. and Pope A., "Low speed wind tunnel testing" , 3 Rd Edition, Wiley-Interscience, 1999.
- 2. Pope. A and Goin K.L., "High speed wind tunnel testing", John Wiley, 1985
- 3. Van Dyke, Milton, and Milton Van Dyke. An album of fluid motion. Vol. 176. Stanford: Parabolic Press, 2002.
- 4. Josyula, Eswar, ed. Hypersonic nonequilibrium flows: fundamentals and recent advances. American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics, Inc., 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Anderson Jr, John David. Fundamentals of aerodynamics. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2010.
- 2.Anderson, J.D., "Introduction to Flight", 5ThEdition (Special Indian Edition),2009.
- 3. Bendat J.S., and Peirsol A. G., "Random Data Analysis and MeasurementProcedures", 4ThEdition, Wiley, 2010.

- 4. Rathakrishnan, Ethirajan. Instrumentation, measurements, and experiments in fluids. CRC press, 2020.
- 5. Goldstein R. J. (Ed.), Francis T., "Fluid Mechanics Measurements", TaylorFrancis, Washington 2017.
- 6. W-J Yang, "Handbook of Flow Visualization", 2NdEdition, Taylor and Francis, 2001.
- 7. Tropea C., Yarin A., Foss F. J. (Eds.), "Handbook of Experimental FluidMechanics", Springer, 2009.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

CO1: handle the low-speed wind tunnel with its accessories.

CO2: carry out the pressure distribution experiment and able to find the coefficient of pressure value.

CO3: identify the measuring instruments used for various parameter measurment.

CO4: explore the flow visualization outcome of bluff bodies and streamline bodies.

CO5: identify the facilities required for safe landing of reentry vehicles.

Board of Studies (BoS):

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

Academic Council:

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	Н	М	М	L	L		L			М	М	L	Н	L
CO2	Н	М	М	L	L		L			М	М	L	Н	L
СОЗ	Н	М	М	М	М		М			Н	Н	L	Н	L
CO4	Н	М	М	М	М		М			Н	Н	L	Н	L
CO5	Н	М	М	М	М		М			Н	Н	L	Н	L

Note: L- Low Correlation M -Medium Correlation H -High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: the holistic understanding of various experimental measuring tecniques for low and high speed flows

AED 2216 SOLID MECHANICS LABORATORY L T P

SDG: 09 0 0 2 1

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1:To provide training in testing and evaluation of mechanical properties of thematerials like hardness, fatigue strength, tensile strength, flexural strength, rigidity modulus etc.

PRACTICALS

List of Experiments:

- 1. Hardness test a) Vickers b) Brinell c) Rockwell.
- 2. Tension test.
- 3. Torsion test.
- 4. Impact test a) Izod b) Charpy.
- 5. Double shear strength test.
- 6. Determination of stiffness and rigidity modulus on open coil spring.
- 7. Determination of stiffness and rigidity modulus on closed coil spring.
- 8. Determination of Young's modulus of a beam.
- 9. Microstructure study of heat-treated materials.
- 10. Study of stress-strain curves for various engineering materials.

P - 30; TOTAL HOURS - 30

C

REFERENCES:

- 1. R. C. Hibbeler, 'Mechanics of Materials' Prentice Hall 2013 9th Edition
- 2. James M. Gere -'Mechanics of Materials' CENGAGE Learning Custom Publishing 2012 8th Edition

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Evaluate the mechanical properties of materials and compare it with theoretical models.

CO2: Understand the fracture pattern of different specimen.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

14thBoS of Aero held on 19.06.2021 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	PO1	PO2	РО3	PO4	PO5	P06	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	Н	L	М	М									Н	М
CO2	Н	L	М	М									Н	М

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Statement: The holistic understanding of different material testing to identified properties like strength, toughness and hardness etc.

GED 2201 WORKPLACE SKILLS AND APTITUDE L T P C SDG: 8 FOR ENGINEERS 0 0 2 1

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1:To expose them to reading for specific purposes, especially in professional contexts

COB2:To expose them to the process of different kinds of formal writing

COB3:To prepare the students to be successful in their career

COB4:To familiarize various problem-solving techniques in aptitude and puzzles.

MODULE I EXTENSIVE READING & WRITING

07

Reading for comprehension - inferring and note-making – Process of writing-paragraph development - elements of business writing: Email, memos.

MODULE II INTENSIVE READING & WRITING

80

Intensive reading and reviewing - Interpretation of charts, graphs - Résumé - Letter of enquiry, thanksgiving letters.

MODULE III QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE

80

Percentage - Ratio and Proportion - Profit and Loss – Averages, Allegations and Mixtures.

MODULE IV LOGICAL COMPETENCY

07

Syllogism – Blood Relations- Number, Alpha and Alpha numeric series - Puzzles – Cubes and Dice - Odd One Out-Coding and Decoding

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

REFERENCES:

- Sharma, R.C. and Mohan, Krishna (2010). Business Correspondence and Report Writing. 4th edition. Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi
- Whitby, Norman (2014). Business Benchmark: Pre-Intermediate to Intermediate. Cambridge University Press, UK
- Tyra .M, Magical Book On Quicker Maths, BSC Publishing Company Pvt. Limited, 2009
- R. S. Aggarwal , Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Examinations,
 S. Chand Limited, 2017
- R. S. Aggarwal , A Modern Approach to Verbal & Non-Verbal Reasoning , S. Chand Limited, 2010

- 6. Khattar Dinesh, The Pearson Guide to Quantitative Aptitude for Competitive Examinations, 3e, Pearson India, 2016
- 7. Rajesh Verma, Fast Track Objective Arithmetic Paperback, Arihant Publications (India) Limited, 2018
- 8. Arun Sharma Teach Yourself Quantitative Aptitude Useful for All Competitive Examinations, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Limited, 2019.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1:Demonstrate reading skills with reference to business related texts

CO2:Draft professional documents by using the three stages of writing

CO3:Apply various short cut techniques for solving complicated aptitude problems

CO4:To understand various problems and patterns of different ways to solve it

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

13thBoS of the Department of English held on 17.6.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO1 1	PO12	PS O1	PSO 2
CO1		L		Н						Н				
CO2			L							Н				
CO3			L				М							
CO4		Н		М										
CO5														

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all.

Statement: Demonstrating, Drafting and applying various techniques for sustainable growth to employment.

Aeronautical Engineering	
Aeronaulicai Engineering	

Regulations 2021

C

GED 2202 INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND L T P

SDG: 16 HUMAN RIGHTS 2 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

B.Tech.

COB1: To explicate the emergence and evolution of Indian Constitution.

COB2: To have an insight into the philosophy of fundamental rights and duties, and Directive Principles.

COB3: To differentiate the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary.

COB4: To understand human rights and its implication - local and international and redressal mechanism.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION AND BASIC INFORMATION 8 ABOUT INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Meaning of the constitution law and constitutionalism - Historical Background of the Constituent Assembly - Government of India Act of 1935 and Indian Independence Act of 1947 - The Constituent Assembly of India - Enforcement of the Constitution - Indian Constitution and its Salient Features - The Preamble of the Constitution. Citizenship.

MODULE II FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS, DUTIES AND 7 DIRECTIVE PRINCIPLES

Fundamental Rights and its Restriction and limitations in different complex situations - Directive Principles of State Policy (DPSP) & its present relevance in our society with examples- Fundamental Duties and its Scope and significance in nation building - Right to Information Act 2005.

MODULE III GOVERNANCE IN INDIA 8

The Union Executive – the President and the Vice-President – The Council of Ministers and the Prime Minister – Powers and functions. The Union legislature – The Parliament – The Lok Sabha and the Rajya Sabha, Composition, powers and functions – Government of the State - The Governor – the Council of Ministers and the Chief Minister – Powers and Functions-Elections-Electoral Process and Election Commission of India - Indian judicial system.

MODULE IV HUMAN RIGHTS AND INDIAN CONSTITUTION 7

Human rights – meaning and significance - Covenant on civil and political rights - Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural rights - UN mechanism and agencies - The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 – watch on human

rights and enforcement - Roles of National Human Rights Commission of India - Special Constitutional Provisions for SC & ST, OBC - Special Provision for Women, Children & Backward Classes.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. B.K. Sharma, Introduction to the Constitution of India, 6th ed., PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi 2011
- 2. Durga Das Basu "Introduction to the Constitution on India", (Students Edition.) Prentice –Hall EEE, 19th / 20th Edn. 2008
- 3. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitutional Law, 7th ed., LexisNexis, Gurgaon. 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Fadia B.L "Indian Government and Politics", Sahitya Bhavan Publications. 2010
- 2. Kashyap Subhash C "Our Constitution: An Introduction to India's Constitution and constitutional Law, NBT. 2017
- 3. M.V.Pylee "An Introduction to Constitution of India", Vikas Publishing. 2002
- 4. Sharma Brij Kishore "Introduction to the Indian Constitution", 8th Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2015
- Latest Publications of NHRC Indian Institute of Human Rights, New Delhi.

COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course, the students will be able to **CO1:** describe the emergence and evolution of Indian Constitution.

CO2: realize the status and importance of fundamental rights, fundamental duties and directive principles of state policy and relation among them by understanding the articulation of its basic values under the Constitution of India.

CO3: compare the various structure of Indian government.

CO4: recognize the human rights, cultural, social and political rights and its relationship with Indian constitution.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

4thBoS of SSSH held on 28.06.2021 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering
D OO	, toronautiour Engineering

Regulations 2021

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO11	PO 12
CO1			М			Н	М	L	М		М	
CO2			Н			М	Н	М			Н	
СОЗ			М			Н	М	L			L	
CO4			Н			Н	Н	М	М			Н

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

Application of human, legal and political rights leading to empowerment in real-life situations for protection of fundamental freedoms and freedom from violence, abuse, trafficking and exploitation are at the core of human rights.

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES

INDUSTRIAL AERODYNAMICS C AEDX 01

SDG: 9 0 3 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- COB1:To Introduce into turbulence and turbulent fluxes of matter and energy in the atmospheric boundary layer
- COB2: To introduce the methods for describing airflow around vehicles and flow formation.
- COB3: To develop a detailed understanding of the issues associated with the development of wind energy.
- **COB4:** To gain the concept of bluff bodies flow characterisation.
- COB5: To understand the system of dispersion of aerial pollutants in the outdoor atmosphere after being emitted from the sources.

MODULE I ATMOSPHERIC BOUNDARY LAYER 9

Atmospheric circulation, Local winds, Terrain types, Mean velocity profiles, Power law and logarithm law - wind speeds, Turbulence profiles, Roughness parameters, simulation techniques in wind tunnels. Overview of Thermal boundary layer. Case studies related to depression formation.

MODULE II VEHICLE AERODYNAMICS

Boundary layers and separation, Two dimensional wake and vortex formation-Strouhal and Reynolds numbers, Separation and reattachments, Power requirements and drag coefficients of automobiles, Effects of cut back angle, aerodynamics of trains. Case study: Formula - 1 racing car aerodynamic analysis.

MODULE III WIND ENERGY COLLECTORS

9

Horizontal and vertical axis machines, energy density of different rotors, Power Coefficient, Betz coefficient by momentum theory. Aerodynamic aspect of turbine blade.

BUILDING AERODYNAMICS MODULE IV

9

Pressure distribution on low rise buildings, wind forces on buildings, Environmental winds in city blocks, special problems of tall buildings, building codes, ventilation and architectural aerodynamics. Effect of Urban heat Islands (UHI) in public health.

MODULE V AIR POLLUTANT DISPERSION

9

Effectiveness of dispersion, stack height and separation, air pollution control devices, filters, gaseous pollutant scrubbers, absorbers, vapor emissions, dust suppression, open burning, trench burning, air pollution. Case studies: Volcanic eruption and nuclear bomb explosion.

L -45 ; TOTAL HOURS - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Scorer R.S "Environmental Aerodynamics", Ellis Harwood Ltd, England, 1978.
- 2. Sachs P "Wind Forces in Engineering", Pergamum Press, 2013.

REFERENCES:

- Rose Mc called, Fred Brow and, James Rose The aerodynamics of heavy vehicle- Trucks, buses and trains Springer Berlin Heidelberg Newyork,2004
- 2. Sovran, M(ed) "Aerodynamic drag mechanism of bluff bodies and road vehicles", Plenum Press, N.Y, 1978
- 3. Calvert N.G "Wind Power Principles", Charles Griffin & Co London, 1979.
- 4. IS Code 875 Part 3 for wind loads.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

CO1: determines the drag values between the atmosphere and the surfaces.

CO2: calculate lift, drag and moments over an vehicle.

CO3: solve the issues related to wind energy collector location selection and grid connection.

CO4: resolve the practical problems involved in effect of wind loads on buildings.

CO5: identify the control devices and its technology used for air pollution.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021 18th Academic Council held on

24.02.2022

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021

	PO1	PO2	РО3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	М	L		L			L			М	L	Н	L	
CO2	Н	М	L		L			L			М	L	Н	L	
CO3	Н	Н	L	L	L			ML			М	М	Н	L	
CO4	Н	М	L		М			L			М	М	Н	L	
CO5	Н	Н	L	L	М			L		Н		М	Н	L	

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9 : Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Statement: an overview of various aerodynamics concepts applied in industries and understanding atmosphere pollutant

Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021
--------------------------	------------------

AEDX 08 SPACE MECHANICS L T P C SDG: 9 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

B.Tech.

COB1: To study about the planet earth, gravitational fields and atmosphere layers.

COB2: To introduce concepts of solar system, milky way, the galaxies, universe and planets motion.

COB3: To expose students to equation of motion of rocket and multistage concepts of rockets.

COB4: To study and analyse different types of orbits, satellite motion and their trajectories.

COB5: To understand the importance of interplanetary mission and satellite applications.

MODULE I EARTH AND ATMOSPHERE

The Planet Earth; Earth's Gravitational Field; Earth as an Ellipsoid; Peershaped Earth; Ellipticity of the Earth; The Geoid and Its Importance; ThermalStructure of the Atmosphere; Atmospheric Density Variation; Van-Allen RadiationBelt; The Ionosphere – D layer, interplanetary margins, electron density.

MODULE II SOLAR SYSTEM

Motion and Rotation of the Planets; Geocentric and Heliocentric Systems; Sidereal and Synodic Periods; Ecliptic Plane and the Zodiac; Direct and RetrogradeMotions; Configuration and Phases of Interior Planets; Configurations of ExteriorPlanets; Asteroids; Comets; Meteors, Meteorites and Tektites; Micrometeorites; TheMilky Way, the Galaxies and the Universe.

MODULE III TRAJECTORY OF A ROCKET 10

Mass Ratio and Propellant Mass Fraction; Equation of Motion of anIdeal Rocket; Motion of a Rocket in a Gravitational Field; Simplified VerticalTrajectory; Burn- out Velocity and Burn- out Height; Step- Rockets; Ideal MissionVelocity and Losses; Effect of Launch Angle; Factors Causing Dispersion of Rocketsin Flight; Dispersion of Finned Rockets; Stability of Flight.

MODULE IV SATELLITE LAUNCH AND SATELLITE ORBITS 9

Orbits and Trajectories; Conic Sections; Kepler'sLaws of Satellite Motion; Orbital Velocity of Satellites; Orbital Periods; EccentricElliptical Orbits; Effect

8

9

of Injection Conditions; Perturbation of Orbits; Effect ofEarth's Rotation; Low Earth Orbits; Geostationary Satellites; Sun-synchronousSatellites.

MODULE V SATELLITE APPLICATIONS AND 9 INTERPLANETARY MISSION:

Satellite for Meteorological, Communication, Navigational andGeodetic Applications; Atmospheric Sounding; Satellites for Geophysical andInterplanetary Studies.Parking Orbit; Transfer Trajectory; Impulsive Shot; Launching ofInterplanetary Spacecraft.

L - 45; TOTAL HOURS -45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Glasstone, S., "Source book on the Space Science", Van Nostrand Reinhold Inc., U.S. (2007).
- 2. Stuhlinger, E. and Mesmer, G. "Space Science & Engineering", McGraw Hill; First Edition (January 1, 1965).

REFERENCES:

- 1. Hess, W.N,, "Space Science", Gordon & Breach Science Publishers Ltd: 2nd edition (1 August 1968).
- 2. Cornelisse, J.W., Schoyer H.F.R., Wakker K.F., "Rocket Propulsion and Space".

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will be able to

- **CO1:** calculate various atmospheric properties and differentiate the earth shape concepts.
- **CO2:** identify solar systems, planet motion, configurations, interior plants and understand the Milky Way, the Galaxies and the Universe.
- **CO3:** solve the rocket multistage parameters and suggest suitable trajectory for rocket missions.
- **CO4:** distinguish various satellite orbits and give requirements of different satellites.
- **CO5:** recognize various application of satellites and interplanetary missions.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021 18th Academic Council held on

24.02.2022

	РО	PO	РО	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
CO 1	Н	Н	Н	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO 2	,M	М	Н	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М
CO 3	Н	Н	Н	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO 4	М	М	М	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М
CO 5	М	М	М	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М

Note: L- Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Statement:

This course covers the basics of space engineering, design of trajectory for satellite launches and interplanetary mission helps to innovation and fulfill aerospace industry needs for sustainable industrialization.

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021
		-

AEDX 16 MACHINE DESIGN L T P C SDG: 9 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: Study the principles in the formation of mechanisms and their kinematics.

COB2: Analyze the construction features of Gears and Gear Trains.

COB3: Understand the effect of friction in different machine elements.

COB4: Acquire knowledge on importance of balancing, Governors and Gyroscopic effects.

COB5: Study the importance of vibration.

MODULE I KINEMATICS OF MACHINES

9

Mechanisms – Terminology and definitions – kinematics inversions of 4 bar and slide crank chain – kinematics analysis in simple mechanisms – velocity and acceleration polygons – Cam and followers – classifications – displacement diagrams - layout of plate cam profiles – derivatives of followers motion.

MODULE II GEARS AND GEAR TRAINS

9

Spur gear – law of toothed gearing – involute gearing – Interchangeable gears – Gear tooth action interference and undercutting – nonstandard teeth – gear trains – parallel axis gears trains – epicyclic gear trains.

MODULE III FRICTION

9

Types of friction – Friction Drives -friction in screw threads – bearings – Friction clutches – Belt drives.

MODULE IV BALANCING AND MECHANISM FOR CONTROL 9

Static and Dynamic balancing – Balancing of revolving and reciprocating masses – Balancing machines -Balancing a single cylinder engine – Balancing of Multi-cylinder inline, V-engines – Gas turbine engine-Partial balancing in engines- Governors and Gyroscopic effects.

MODULE V VIBRATION

9

Free, forced and damped vibrations of single degree of freedom systems – force transmitted to supports – vibration Isolation – vibration absorption – torsional vibration of shafts – single and multirotor systems – geared shafts – critical speed of shafts.

L - 45; TOTAL HOURS -45

TEXT BOOKS:

- AmbekarA.G., Mechanism and Machine Theoryll Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2007
- Shigley J.E., Pennock G.R and Uicker J.J., —Theory of Machines and Mechanisms, Oxford University Press, 2003

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ghosh.A, and A.K.Mallick, —Theory and Machine II, Affiliated East-West Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1988.
- 2. Ramamurthi. V., "Mechanisms of Machine", Narosa Publishing House, 2005.
- 3. Rao.J.S. and Dukkipatti R.V. —Mechanisms and Machines II, Wiley-Eastern Ltd., New Delhi, 1998.
- 4. Robert L.Norton, "Design of Machinery", McGraw-Hill, 2012.
- 5. Thomas Bevan, —Theory of MachinesII, CBS Publishers and Distributors, 2010

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

CO1: describe the principles in the formation of mechanisms and their kinematics.

CO2: construct the Gears and Gear Trains.

CO3: calculate the of friction in different machine elements.

CO4: acquire knowledge on importance of balancing, Governors and Gyroscopic effects.

CO5: describe the importance of vibration.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021 18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	РО	PO1	PO1	PO1	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	1	2
CO 1	Н	Н	Н	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO 2	,М	М	Н	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М
CO 3	Н	Н	Н	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н
CO 4	М	М	М	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М
CO 5	М	М	М	М	L	1	1	i	-	-	-	ı	М	М

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9 : Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Statement : understanding of machine kinematics and design procedures of machine elements

AEDX 25 AVIATION RULES AND REGULATION L T P C SDG:09 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- **COB1:** Understand the requirement of airworthiness certification in civil aircraft
- **COB2:** Can understand how to record the various data for future investigation in civil aircraft.
- **COB3:** Can know the basic requirements and knowledge for institution certification.
- **COB4:** To provide basic knowledge of eligibility and requirements for maintenance licensing
- **COB5:** Explore the various flight testing and basic requirements for safe flying.

MODULE I C.A.R SERIES 'A' - PROCEDURE FOR CIVIL AIR 10 WORTHINESS REQUIRMENTS & RESPONSIBILITIES OF OPERATORS

Responsibilities of operator / owners; procedure of CAR issue, amendments etc., objectives and targets of airworthiness directorate; airworthiness regulations and safety oversight of engineering activities of operators.

C.A.R. SERIES 'B' - ISSUE APPROVAL OF COCKPIT CHECK LIST, MEL, CDL: Deficiency list (MEL & CDL); preparation and use of cockpit check list and emergency list.

MODULE II C.A.R. SERIES 'C' - DEFECT RECORDING, 7 MONITORING, INVESTIGATION AND REPORTING

Defect recording, reporting, investigation, rectification, and analysis; flight report; reporting and rectification of defects observed on aircraft; analytical study of in-fight readings & recordings; maintenance control by reliability method.

C.A.R. SERIES 'D' - AND AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE PROGRAMMES:

Reliability programme (engines); aircraft maintenance programme & their approval; on condition maintenance of reciprocating engines; TBO - revision programme; maintenance of fuel and oil uplift and consumption records - light aircraft engines; fixing routine maintenance periods and component - initial &revisions.

MODULE III C.A.R. SERIES 'E' - APPROVAL OF 10 ORGANISATIONS:

Approval of organizations in categories A, B, C, D, E, F, & G; requirements of infrastructure at stations other than parent base.

C.A.R. SERIES 'F'- AIR WORTHINESS AND CONTINUED AIR WORTHINESS: Procedure relating to registration of aircraft; procedure for issue / revalidation of type certificate of aircraft and its engines / propeller; issue / revalidation of certificate of airworthiness; requirements for renewal of certificate of airworthiness.

MODULE IV C.A.R. SERIES 'L' - AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE 8 ENGINEER -LICENSING

Issue of AME licence, its classification and experience requirements, complete Series 'L'.

C.A.R. SERIES 'M': MANDATORY MODIFICATIONS AND INSPECTIONS: mandatory modifications / inspections.

MODULE V C.A.R. SERIES 'T' - FLIGHT TESTING OF 12 AIRCRAFT

Flight testing of (series) aircraft for issue of C of A; fight testing of aircraft for which C or A had been previously issued.

C.A.R. SERIES 'X'— MISCELLANEOUSREQUIREMENTS: Registration Markings of aircraft; weight and balance control of an aircraft; provision of first aid kits & physician's kit in an aircraft; use furnishing materials in an aircraft; concessions; aircraft logbooks; document to be carried on board on Indian registered aircraft; procedure for issue of type approval of aircraft components and equipment including instruments.

L - 45; TOTAL HOURS - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. "Aircraft Manual (India) ", Volume - Latest Edition, The English Book Store, 17-1, Connaught Circus, New Delhi.

REFERENCES:

- "Civil Aviation Requirements with latest Amendment (Section 2 Airworthiness)", Published by DGCA, The English Book Store, 17-1, Connaught Circus, New Delhi.
- 2. "Aeronautical Information Circulars (relating to Airworthiness) ", from DGCA.
- "Advisory Circulars ", form DGCA. as Managers Consulting Engineers – Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors – Honesty – Moral Leadership – Sample Code of Conduct.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: students are tested by preparing the basic checklists and their Usage.

CO2: students are tested with various data acquisition and interpretation knowledge

CO3: To interpret the student's knowledge of the approval procedure of DGCA on the various organization.

CO4: Students gain the knowledge on applying and preparing for the AMC examination.

CO5: Students use various testing knowledge acquired in the aircraft for safe flying.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	РО3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	М	L		L			L			М	L	Н	L	
CO2	Н	М	L		L			L			М	L	Н	L	
CO3	Н	Н	L	L	L			М			М	М	Н	L	
CO4	Н	М	L		М			L			М	М	Н	L	
CO5	Н	Н	L	L	М			L		Н		М	Н	L	

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization, and foster innovation

Statement: Understanding the requirements of civil aviation airworthiness, basic requirements, and knowledge for appearing the license certification, along with the record maintenance will pave the way for the student to become the AME licensed technician in a renowned organization.

AEDX 33 SDG:09

MICROPROCESSOR AND MICROCONTROLLER FOR AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS

2 0 0 2

C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: Understand the basic architecture of the microprocessor and its programming

COB2: Study the interfacing of various devices with microprocessor

COB3: Understand the architecture and programming of basic microcontroller

COB4: Impart the knowledge of interfacing the microcontroller to real time application

MODULE I MICROPROCESSOR

8

Introduction to Microprocessor - Block diagram of 8085 Microprocessor - Architecture of Intel 8085 - Microprocessor-Addressing modes of 8085 - Instruction set classification- Instruction formats - Addressing Modes - Simple programs using 8085.

MODULE II INTERFACING MICROCONTROLLER

7

Memory Interfacing and I/O interfacing - Parallel communication interface – Serial communication interface – D/A and A/D Interface - Timer – Keyboard /display controller– Programming and applications Case studies: Traffic Light control, LED display, LCD display, Keyboard display interface and Alarm Controller.

MODULE III MICROCONTROLLER

8

Architecture of 8051 – Special Function Registers (SFRs) - I/O Pins Ports and Circuits - Instruction set - Addressing modes - Assembly language programming.

MODULE IV INTERFACING MICROCONTROLLER

7

Programming 8051 Timers - Serial Port Programming - Interrupts Programming - LCD & Keyboard Interfacing - ADC, DAC & Sensor Interfacing - External Memory Interface- Stepper Motor and Waveform generation - Comparison of Microprocessor, Microcontroller, PIC and ARM processors.

L - 30; TOTAL HOURS - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Goankar R.S, "Microprocessors, Programming to Architecture 8085", 5thEdition, Penram International publishing Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.
- Mohammad Ali Mazidi and Janice GillispieMaszidi "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems" Pearson education, 2003, ISBN- 9788131710265, 2ndEdition

REFERENCES:

- 1. Douglas, Hall, "Microprocessors and Interfacing", Revised edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publication.
- 2. V.K. Mehta, "Principles of Electronics", 2nd Edition, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. Kenneth J. Ayla, "The 8051 Micro controller", Thomson learning, 3rd edition, 2004, ISBN-140186158X

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Students acquire the knowledge of microprocessors and their programming Language.
- **CO2:** Give the practical interface problem to students to interface the aircraft systems
- **CO3:** Students acquire the knowledge of microcontrollers and its programming Language.
- **CO4:** Test the practical interface knowledge by interfacing the microcontroller to aircraft systems

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

15th BoS of AERO held on 11.12.2021

18th Academic Council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	Н	Н	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	Н	Н
CO2	,M	М	Н	М	L	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	М	М	,М
CO3	Н	Н	Н	М	L	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	Н	Н	Н
CO4	М	М	М	М	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М	М
CO5	М	М	М	М	L	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	М	М	М

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization, and foster innovation

Statement: Understanding the basic knowledge of microprocessors and microcontrollers and their interfacing with real-world sensors leads the students to develop their own controllers for the projects and industrial requirements.

PHYSICS ELECTIVE

PHDX 01 NON DESTRUCTIVE TESTING OF L T P C

MATERIALS 2 0 0 2

SDG: 4 (common to Civil, Mechanical, Automobile and Aero)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- **COB1:** To understand the importance, principle, concept and inspection methods of various surface NDT methods and develop the skills of interpretation of results effectively.
- **COB2:** To study the working and instrumentation of thermography and eddy current testing methods and apply to interpret the results and investigate the possible defects.
- **COB3:** To get full exposure about principle, instrumentation and standards of various radiographic NDT methods and improve the skill to identify the defects suitably.
- **COB4:** To get deep insight into the principle, types of waves, instrumentation, standards, calibration methods of ultrasonic NDT methods.
- **COB5:** To understand the importance, principle, concept and inspection methods of various surface NDT methods and develop the skills of interpretation of results effectively.

MODULE I SURFACE NDT METHODS

7

Liquid Penetrant Inspection – Principles, Types of dye and methods of application, developers, advantages and limitations of various methods, Interpretation of results. Magnetic Particle Inspection- Magnetic particle testing, Basic theory of magnetism, Magnetization methods, Interpretation of field indicators, Particle application, Inspection, Residual magnetism Principles and methods of demagnetization.

MODULE II THERMOGRAPHY AND EDDY CURRENT TESTING 7

Thermography- Principles, Contact and non contact inspection methods, Advantages and limitation – infrared radiation and infrared detectors, Instrumentations and methods, applications. Eddy Current Testing-Generation of eddy currents, Properties of eddy currents, Eddy current sensing elements, Probes, Instrumentation, Applications, advantages, Limitations, Interpretation/Evaluation.

MODULE III RADIOGRAPHY

8

Principle, interaction of X-Ray with matter, imaging, film and film less

techniques, types and use of filters and screens, geometric factors, Inverse square law, characteristics of films -graininess, density, speed, contrast, characteristic curves. Penetrameters, Exposure charts, Radiographic equivalence. Fluoroscopy- Xero-Radiography, Digital Radiography.

MODULE IV ULTRASONIC TESTING

8

Ultrasonic Testing: Basic principles of sound propagation, types of sound waves, Principle of UT, methods of UT, their advantages and limitations, Piezoelectric Material, Various types of transducers/probe, Calibration methods, use of standard blocks, technique for normal beam inspection.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- ASM Metals Handbook, Non-Destructive Evaluation and Quality Control, American Society of Metals, Metals Park, Ohio, USA, 200, 2018.
- 2. Baldev Raj, T.Jayakumar, M.Thavasimuthu Practical Non-Destructive Testing, Narosa Publishing House, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ravi Prakash, Non-Destructive Testing Techniques, 1st revised edition, New Age International Publishers, 2010.
- Paul E Mix, Introduction to Non-destructive testing: a training guide, Wiley, 2nd Edition New Jersey, 2005.
- 3. Charles, J. Hellier, Handbook of Nondestructive evaluation, McGraw Hill, New York 2001.
- B.P.C. Rao, Practical Eddy Current Testing, Alpha Science International Limited (2006).

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- **CO1:** Demonstrate the importance, principle, concept and inspection methods of various surface NDT methods and apply the same to interpret the results effectively.
- **CO2:** Comprehend the ideas behind working of thermography and eddy current testing methods and apply them to interpret the results of testing and analyse the defects and problem.
- **CO3:** Grasp the fundamental principles, and standards of various radiographic NDT methods and utilise them to identify the defects and defect location suitably.

CO4: Assimilate the ideas concerning the principle, types of waves, instrumentation, standards, calibration methods of ultrasonic NDT methods and identify the areas for their application.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

BOS of Physics was held on 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

0.04

21.6.21

	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	L	L	L	М	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO2	М	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
СОЗ	L	М	Н	Н	L	Н	М	М	L	Н	L	М	-	-	-
CO4	М	L	Н	М	L	М	М	Н	L	М	L	М	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education for all persons and promote lifelong learning opportunities.

Statement: The modules and topics mentioned in this course are designed to ensure all inclusive and thorough education with equity to all persons and promote learning opportunities at all times.

PHDX 02 MATERIALS SCIENCE FOR L T P C ENGINEERING 2 0 0 2

SDG: 4 (For Polymer)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To impart knowledge on the fundamentals of materials science and engineering.

COB2: To provide a basis for understanding properties and applications of dielectric materials.

COB3: To expose the students to different classes of materials, their properties, structures and imperfections

COB4:To aid the teaching learning process through relevant illustrations, animations, web content and practical examples

MODULE I CLASSIFICATION OF MATERIALS

6

Concept of amorphous, single crystals and polycrystalline materials, crystallinity and its effect on physical properties, metal, ceramic, polymers, classification of polymers, structure and properties, additives for polymer products, effect of environment on materials, composites

MODULE II PROPERTIES OF MATERIALS

10

Mechanical Properties: Stress-strain response of metallic, ceramic and polymer materials, yield strength, tensile strength and modulus of elasticity, toughness, plastic deformation, fatigue, creep and fracture- Electronic Properties: Free electron theory, Fermi energy, density of states, band theory of solids, semiconductors, Hall effect, dielectric behaviour, piezo, ferro, pyroelectric materials - Magnetic Properties: Origin of magnetism in metallic and ceramic materials, para-magnetism, diamagnetism, ferro and ferrimagnetism- Thermal Properties: Specific heat, thermal conductivity and thermal expansion, thermoelectricity- Optical Properties: Refractive index, absorption and transmission of electromagnetic radiation in solids, electro-optic and magneto-optic materials.

MODULE III CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC STRUCTURES AND 7 IMPERFECTIONS

Crystal symmetry, point groups, space groups, indices of planes, close packing in solids, bonding in materials, coordination and radius ratio concepts, point defects, dislocations, grain boundaries, surface energy and equilibrium shapes of crystals.

MODULE IV THERMODYNAMICS AND KINETICS

7

Phase rule, phase diagrams, solid solutions, invariant reactions, lever rule, basic heat treatment of metals, solidification and phase transformations, Fick's laws of diffusion, mechanisms of diffusion, temperature dependence of diffusivity.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

 Nanotechnology: An introduction to nanostructuring techniques by Michael Köhler and Wolfgang Fritzsche, Wiley-VCH; 2Rev Ed edition, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. William D. Callister, Jr., David G. Rethwisch, Materials Science and Engineering, Edition 9, Wiley, 2014.
- 2. Michael F. Ashby, David R.H. Jones, Engineering Materials 1 An Introduction to Properties, Applications and Design · Volume 1, Elsevier Science, 2012
- 3. Michael F. Ashby, David R.H. Jones, Engineering Materials 2: An Introduction to Microstructures, Processing and Design · Volume 2, Elsevier Science, 2013
- Reza Abbaschian, Robert E. Reed-Hill, Physical Metallurgy Principles
 SI Version, Cengage Learning, NY, 2009
- 5. "Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Technology" 3rd Edition, Vol.1-12, Wiley Interscience, 2003

COURSE OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- CO1. select suitable material for specific application.
- **CO2**. analyse crystallographic structure of metals and their imperfections.
- **CO3**. develop metal alloys with varying properties by selecting suitable heat treatment

CO4. correlate the various properties of material with their structure.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

BOS of Physics was held on 21.6.21 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	L	L	L	М	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO2	М	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO3	L	М	Н	Н	L	Н	М	М	L	Н	L	М	-	-	-
CO4	М	L	Н	М	L	М	М	Н	L	М	L	М	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education for all persons and promote lifelong learning opportunities.

Statement: The modules and topics mentioned in this course are designed to ensure all inclusive and thorough education with equity to all persons and promote learning opportunities at all times.

PHDX 03 BIOMATERIALS L T P C (For Biotechnology) 2 0 0 2

SDG: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- **COB1**: To gain basic knowledge in classification of biomaterials and their properties.
- **COB2**: To provide a basis for understanding properties of metallic implant materials.
- **COB3**: To enable the students to correlate theoretical principles with practical applications.
- **COB4**:To help students understand biocompatibility & toxicological screening of biomaterials

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO BIOMATERIALS 8

Introduction: Definition of biomaterials, requirements & classification of biomaterials, Comparison of properties of some common biomaterials. Effects of physiological fluid on the properties of biomaterials. Surface properties of materials, physical properties of materials, mechanical properties-Materials for biophotonic applications.

MODULE II IMPLANT MATERIALS 10

Metallic implants: Stainless steels, co-based alloys, Ti-based alloys, shape memory alloy, nanostructured metallic implants, degradation and corrosion-ceramic implants: bio inert, biodegradable or bioresorbable, bioactive ceramics, nanostructured bio ceramics-Polymer implants: Polymerization, factors influencing the properties of polymers, polymers as biomaterials, biodegradable polymers, Bio polymers: Collagen, Elastin and chitin.

MODULE III BIOCOMPATIBILITY AND TOXICOLOGICAL 6 SCREENING OF BIOMATERIALS

Definition of biocompatibility, blood compatibility and tissue compatibility. Toxicity tests: acute and chronic toxicity studies (in situ-implantation, tissue culture, haemolysis, thrombogenic potential test, systemic toxicity, intracutaneous irritation test), sensitization, carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and special tests.

MODULE IV PRACTICAL ASPECTS OF BIOMATERIALS 6

Preparation of biomaterials - Microscopic study & analysis of different

biomaterials- alginate – material preparation and characterization - Testing of various biomaterials- case studies on industrial and clinical applications of biomaterials.

L - 30; Total Hours -30

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Myer Kutz, Standard Handbook of Biomedical Engineering and Design, McGraw Hill, 2003
- Monika Saini, Yashpal Singh, Pooja Arora, Vipin Arora, and KratiJain. Implant biomaterials: A comprehensive review, World Journal of Clinical Cases, 2015

REFERENCES:

- 1. John Enderle, Joseph D. Bronzino, Susan M.Blanchard, Introduction to Biomedical Engineering, Elsevier, 2005.
- 2. Park J.B., Biomaterials Science and Engineering, Plenum Press, 2007.
- 3. A.C Anand, J F Kennedy, M.Miraftab, S.Rajendran, Woodhead Medical Textiles and Biomaterials for Healthcare, Publishing Limited 2006.
- 4. D F Williams, Materials Science and Technology: Volume 14, Medical and Dental Materials: A comprehensive Treatment Volume, VCH Publishers 1992.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- **CO1:** differentiate common use of biomaterials as metals, ceramics, polymers and apply them to classify its chemical structure, properties and morphology.
- **CO2:** comprehend ideas involving general properties of implant materials and apply the same to identify the benefits of implant materials.
- **CO3:** attain knowledge about the biocompatibility & toxicological screening of biomaterials and realize its usage in real life.

CO4: reflect upon the practical ideas of using biomaterials

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

BOS of Physics was held on 21.6.21

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	М	L	L	М	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO2	М	L	М	L	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO3	М	L	Н	Н	L	Н	М	М	L	Н	L	М	-	-	-
CO4	М	L	Н	М	L	М	М	М	L	М	L	М	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education for all persons and promote lifelong learning opportunities.

Statement: The modules and topics mentioned in this course are designed to ensure all inclusive and thorough education with equity to all persons and promote learning opportunities at all times.

PHDX 04 OPTICAL FIBRE COMMUNICATION L T P C (Common to EEE, ECE, and EIE) 2 0 0 2

SDG: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To facilitate the knowledge about optical fibres and its transmission characteristics.

COB2: To make the students to learn about LED and laser diodes.

COB3: To make the students understand the various types of opticalReceiversand sensors.

COB4: To enrich the knowledge on optical amplifiers and networks.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO OPTICAL FIBRES

Optical fibre – Principle and propagation of light in optical fibre – Numerical aperture and acceptance angle – Types of optical fibres – Attenuation – Absorption, Scattering losses, Bending losses and Dispersion in Optical fibres – Fiber Connectors and Couplers.

MODULE II FIBER OPTICAL SOURCES

7

7

Light Emitting Diodes (LED) – power and efficiency - double hetero LED – LED structure - LED characteristics – Semiconductor Lasers diode, Homojunction and Heterojunction laser diodes - Optical processes in semiconductor lasers - applications.

MODULE III FIBER OPTICAL RECEIVERS AND SENSORS 8

Photo detectors - photodiodes - phototransistors - noise characteristics - PIN diode Avalanche Photodiode (APD) characteristics - APD design of detector arrays — Charged Couple Device - Solar cells - Materials and design considerations, Thin film solar cells, amorphous silicon solar cells - Fiber optic sensors: Intrinsic and Extrinsic sensors, amplitude, phase, wavelength and polarization modulation.

MODULE IV OPTICAL AMPLIFIERS AND NETWORKS 8

Optical amplifiers, Semiconductor optical amplifiers, Erbium-doped fiber amplifiers - Optical Networks: Basic networks, SONET/SDH, WDM Networks, Nonlinear effects on network performance, Performance of WDM + EDFA systems, Solitons, Optical CDMA, Ultrahigh capacity networks.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gerd Keiser, Optical Fiber Communication, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill International, Singapore, 2013.

REFERENCES:

- 1 Govind P. Agrawal, Fiber-Optic Communication Systems (Wiley Series in Microwave and Optical Engineering), Wiley 4th Edition, 2010.
- 2 J. Senior, Optical Communication, Principles and Practice, Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2010.
- 3 D. C. Agrawal, Fiber Optic Communication, S.Chand& Co Ltd., 2005.
- 4 Rajiv Ramaswami, KumarSivarajan, Galen Sasaki, Optical Networks: A Practical Perspective, 3rd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.
- 5 B. Culshaw, Optical Fiber Sensing and Signal Processing, Peter Peregrinus Ltd, 2014.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- **CO1:** realize basics of optical fiber and differentiate various modes and configurations.
- **CO2:** understand and assimilate the working principle of LED andDiode Laser.
- **CO3:** select suitable photodetectors/sensorsfor different types of applications.
- **CO4:** analyze the mechanism of optical amplifiers and analyze opticalnetworks.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

BOS of Physics was held on 21.6.21

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	L	L	L	М	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO2	М	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO3	L	М	Н	Н	L	Н	М	М	L	Н	L	М	-	-	-
CO4	М	L	Н	М	L	М	М	Н	L	М	L	М	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education for all persons and promote lifelong learning opportunities.

Statement: The modules and topics mentioned in this course are designed to ensure all inclusive and thorough education with equity to all persons and promote learning opportunities at all times. PHDX 05 SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS FOR L T P C INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY 2 0 0 2

SDG: 4 (Common to CSE, CS, IT and AI-DS)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To understand the physics of semiconductor devices

COB2: To gain knowledge on various methods involved in nano fabrication of semiconductor devices

COB2: To study the working principle of optoelectronic devices and various display devices

COB4: To get insight to different types of data storage technologies

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES 6

Semiconductors: N and P type, PN junction diode under forward and reverse bias — Zener diode, Schottky diode – Tunnel diode –bipolar junction transistor (BJT) - metal–oxide–semiconductor field-effect transistor (MOSFET), CMOSconcepts and fabrication.

MODULE II FABRICATION OF SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES 6

Deposition of Semiconductor thin films – molecular beam epitaxy (MBE), chemical vapour deposition (CVD), pulsed laser deposition (PLD),magnetron sputtering,Types of lithography:Photo/ultraviolet /Electron-beam/Focused ion beam, Dip pen nanolithography, Etching process:Dry and Wet etching

MODULE III OPTOELECTRONIC DEVICES

Light Emitting Diodes (LED) - double hetero LED structure - LED characteristics - White LED - Applications, Semiconductor Lasers, Homojunction and Heterojunction laser diodes - Optical detection - PIN and avalanche photodiodes, Applications: Optical mouse, traffic lights, Luminescence, Cathode Luminescence, Electro Luminescence, Transparent Conductors, Liquid crystal displays - Dynamic scattering and Twisted nematic display, Display Glasses, Organic LEDs display, Charge-coupled devices (CCD), Inorganic Semiconductor TFT Technology, Organic TFT Technology; Flexible Displays, Touch Screen Technology.

MODULE IV MEMORY STORAGE DEVICES

8

10

Introduction to memory storage, Resistive Random Access Memory (ReRAM), Phase Change Memory (PCM); Magnetoresistive Random Access Memory (MRAM)- Gaint Magnetoresistance (GMR), Tunnel Magnetoresistance (TMR),

Ferroelectric Random Access Memory (FeRAM); Comparison and future directions, Hardware circuits, working analysis.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1) W.Gaddand, D.Brenner, S.Lysherski and G.J.Infrate(Eds.), Handbook of NanoScience, Engg. and Technology, CRC Press, 3rd Edition, 2018
- 2) Chris Mack, Fundamental Principles of Optical Lithography: The Science of Microfabrication, Wiley, 2008
- 3) D. S. Dhaliwal et al., Prevail: Electron projection technology approach for next-generation lithography, IBM Journal Res. & Dev. 45, 615, 2001.

REFERENCES:

- V.K. Mehta, Rohit Mehta, Principles of Electronics (Multicolour Edition)
 S. Chand Publishers, 10th Rev. Edn. 2006 Edition
- 2. Albert Malvino, David J. Bates Electronic Principles (SIE), McGraw Hill, 7th Edition, 2017
- 3. U. Mishra, J. Singh, Semiconductor Device Physics and Design, Springer, 2014
- 4. S.M. Sze, Kwok K. Ng, Physics of Semiconductor Devices, Wiley Publishers, 3ed 2008.
- Bhattacharya Pallab, Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices, Second Edition, By Pearson 2017
- 6. Joseph A. Castellano, Handbook of Display Technology, Springer, 1992
- 7. Yoshio Nishi, Advances in Non-volatile Memory and Storage Technology, Elsevier 2014

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- **CO1:** understand the physics of semiconductor devices and identify its significance towards information technology (IT).
- **CO1:** gain insight into various fabrication techniques towards therealization of nano-dimensional semiconductor devices.
- **CO2:** attain knowledge on working principles of optoelectronic devices and display technologies and can recognize their importance in commercial applications.
- **CO4:** learn the principle of data storage and its application towards futuristic memory technology.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

BOS of Physics was held on 21.6.21

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	L	L	L	М	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO2	М	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
СОЗ	L	М	Н	Н	L	Н	М	М	L	Н	L	М	-	-	-
CO4	М	L	Н	М	L	М	М	Н	L	М	L	М	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education for all persons and promote lifelong learning opportunities.

Statement: The modules and topics mentioned in this course are designed to ensure all inclusive and thorough education with equity to all persons and promote learning opportunities at all times.

PHDX 06 SENSORS AND ACTUATORS L T P C SDG: 4 (For CSE-IOT) 2 0 0 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To understand the basic concept of sensors towards detection of pressure, position, velocity and temperature.

COB2: To avail knowledge on sensor which are sensitive to light, magnetic field, and acoustic waves

COB3: To study the different types of fabrication techniques towards realization of various sensors.

COB4: To get introduced towards MEMS technology and various actuators.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO SENSORS: PRESSURE, 8 POSITION, VELOCITY AND TEMPERATURE

Introduction to sensors – working principles– classification – static and dynamic characteristics, Error Analysis, Pressure sensors – strain gauge, piezoelectric force sensor, vacuum sensors, Position sensor -Proximity sensor, Capacitive, Inductive and displacement sensor, velocity and acceleration sensors, Temperature sensor-thermocouples- thermistors-Thermo-EMF Sensors, metal Junction and metal Semiconductor junction types.

MODULE II SENSORS : LIGHT, MAGNETIC FIELD AND 8 ACOUSTIC

Photocondutors- Optical Detectors - Photodiodes, Phototranistors, Optical encoder-Charge Coupled Device (CCD), Fabry Perot sensor, Hall effect, magneto resistive, magneto strictive sensors, Acoustic sensors-microphones-resistive, capacitive, piezoelectric, fiber optic, solid state - electrect microphone.

MODULE III SENSORS FABRICATION TECHNIQUES 7

Fabrication techniques – molecular beam epitaxy (MBE), chemical vapour deposition (CVD), pulsed laser deposition (PLD),magnetron sputtering,Types of lithography:Photo/ultraviolet /Electron-beam/Focused ion beam, Dip pen nanolithography, Etching process:Dry and Wet etching

MODULE IV MICROSYSTEMS AND ACTUATORS

7

Microelectro-mechanical systems (MEMS) - RF- MEMS, Micro fabrication

and Applications, Classification of transducers: electrostatic, piezoelectric, thermal, Microsystem design and fabrication.working principles of Actuators. Piezoelectric and Piezoresistive actuators, micropumps and micro actuators with practical applications Solid-state switches, relays Solenoids, D.C. Motors, A.C. Motors, Stepper motors. Shape memory alloy actuators.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jacob Fraden, Hand Book of Modern Sensors: physics, Designs and Applications, 3rd edition, Springer, New York, 2015.
- 2. Jon. S. Wilson, Sensor Technology Hand Book, 1st edition, Elsevier, Netherland, 2011.
- 3. John G Webster, Measurement, Instrumentation and sensor Handbook, 2nd edition, CRC Press, Florida, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- W.Gaddand, D.Brenner, S.Lysherski and G.J.Infrate (Eds.), Handbook of NanoScience, Engg. and Technology, CRC Press, 3rd Edition, 2018
- 2. Chris Mack, Fundamental Principles of Optical Lithography: The Science of Microfabrication, Wiley, 2008
- 3. D. S. Dhaliwal et al., PREVAIL: Electron projection technology approach for next-generation lithography, IBM Journal Res. & Dev. 45, 615, 2001.
- 4. Tai-Ran Hsu, MEMS & Microsystem, Design and Manufacture, 1st ed., McGraw Hill India, New Delhi, 2017.
- MassoodTabibArar, Microactuators Electrical, Magnetic Thermal, Optical, Mechanical, Chemical and Smart structures, 1st ed., Kluwer Academic publishers, New York, 2014.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

CO1: get exposed to various types of sensors and apply the ideas to distinguish between pressure, position, velocity and temperature based sensors

CO2: familiarize towards light, magnetic field, and acoustic based sensors and recognize their importance in commercial applications.

CO3: gain insight into various fabrication techniques towards the realization of sensors

CO4: apply the ideas to conceptualize MEMS technology and different actuators in engineering field

Board of Studies (BoS): Ac

Academic Council:

BOS of Physics was held on 21.6.21

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	М	L	L	М	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO2	М	L	М	L	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
СОЗ	М	L	Н	Н	L	Н	М	М	L	Н	L	М	-	-	-
CO4	М	L	Н	М	L	М	М	М	L	М	L	М	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education for all persons and promote lifelong learning opportunities.

Statement: The modules and topics mentioned in this course are designed to ensure all inclusive and thorough education with equity to all persons and promote learning opportunities at all times.

FUNDAMENTALS OF PHDX 07 NANOTECHNOLOGY AND ITS **APPLICATIONS**

C 2 2 0 0

SDG: 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To introduce the basic concepts of Nanoscience through quantum mechanical theories and solid state physics.

COB2: To provide knowledge about the various synthesis methods applicable to different nano materials

COB3: To enrich the knowledge of students in various characterisation techniques.

COB4: To provide knowledge on applications of poymer based nano materials in various fields.

BASICS OF NANO SCIENCE MODULE I

7

Introduction to Nanoscience & Nanotechnology: Review of classical mechanics - overview Quantum Mechanics. Background to nanoscience and nanotechnology - scientific revolutions - nanosized effects - surface to volume ratio - atomic structure - molecular and atomic size - quantum effects - formation of nano sized particles - energy at the nanoscale.

MODULE II SYNTHESIS OF NANOMATERIALS

8

Nanomaterial Fabrication: Bottom-up vs. top-down - Preparations of Nanomaterials by mechanical and physical methods: - High energy ball milling - melt quenching and annealing - vapour deposition - Pulsed laser deposition - Magnetron sputtering - Microwave plasma evaporation. Chemical Methods of Preparation: Sol-gel method -Electrodeposition -Electrospinning. Arc method for carbon nanotubes – nanofibres and rods – synthesis of Graphene- Handling of nano particles - Health hazards -Precautions.

MODULE III CHARACTERIZATION OF NANOMATERIALS

8

Characterisation of Nanomaterials: XRD – particle size determination - SEM -FESEM - TEM - AFM - Nanoindentor - UV-VIS spectroscopy - FTIR, FT-Raman, Photoluminescence, NMR, ESR - Dielectric characterization -Magnetic characterization.

MODULE IV **APPLICATION OF NANO MATERIALS**

7

Applications of Carbon based nanomaterials (CNT, CNF, Graphene) -

Biosensor (principle, component, types, applications) - agriculture (nanofertilizers, herbicides, nano-seed science, nano-pesticides) and food Systems (encapsulation of functional foods, nano-packaging) - Nano - electronics, Nano-optics.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

 Nanotechnology: An introduction to nanostructuring techniques by Michael Köhler and Wolfgang Fritzsche, Wiley-VCH; 2Rev Ed edition, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1 Nanotechnology: basic science and emerging technologies by Mick Wilson, Kamali Kannangara, Geoff Smith, and Michelle Simmons, Chapman & Hall/CRC; I edition, 2002.
- 2 Handbook of NanoScience, Engineering and Technology by Gaddand. W., Brenner. D., Lysherski. S. and Infrate. G.J., CRC Press, 2012.
- 3 Nanocomposite Science and Technology by P. M. Ajayan, L. S. Schadler, P. V. Braun, WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH, 2003.
- 4 Nanotechnology Applications in Agriculture C.R. Chinnamuthu, B.Chandrasekaran and C. Ramasamy 2008.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- **CO1:** understand basic principles of nanomaterials and apply them to differentiate the significance of nanomaterials compared to bulk materials.
- **CO2:** familiarize the various synthesis methods of nanomaterials andcompare them with the preparation of materials in bulk form.
- **CO3:** get useful ideas about characterization techniques and differentiatedifferent techniques.
- **CO4:** understand the various applications of nanomaterilas and realize the role of nanomaterials in various fields

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

BOS of Physics was held on 21.6.21 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	L	L	L	М	L	М	М	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO2	М	L	М	Н	L	М	Н	М	L	L	L	М	-	-	-
CO3	L	М	Н	Н	L	Н	М	М	L	Н	L	М	-	-	-
CO4	М	L	Н	М	L	М	М	Н	L	М	L	М	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education for all persons and promote lifelong learning opportunities.

Statement: The modules and topics mentioned in this course are designed to ensure all inclusive and thorough education with equity to all persons and promote learning opportunities at all times.

CHEMISTRY ELECTIVE

CHDX 01 CHEMISTRY OF CONSTRUCTION L T P C

MATERIALS 2 0 0 2

SDG: 9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge on

COB1: chemistry of cement and concrete

COB2: properties of steel and mechanism of corrosion

COB3: quality of water and its impact on concrete **COB4:** analytical techniques for concrete research

MODULE I CHEMISTRY OF CEMENT AND CONCRETE

Cement - chemical composition - Bogue's compounds - hydration of cement - hydrated products - influence of hydrated products on properties of cement - types of cement - microstructure of aggregate phase and hydrated cement paste - Interfacial transition zone in concrete: significance and microstructure

MODULE II CHEMISTRY OF STEEL AND CORROSION 8

Steel for construction - chemical composition - types of steels - influence of chemical composition on properties. Corrosion of steel - mechanism of corrosion of steel in water and concrete medium - types of corrosion of steel associated to civil engineering. Corrosion prevention and control : coatings & inhibitors - working mechanism. Cathodic protection to steel : Concept - working mechanism - sacrificial anodes

MODULE III WATER CHEMISTRY FOR CONCRETE 7

Water quality parameters – pH, solids, hardness, alkalinity, chloride and sulphates in water and their determination- Water quality for building construction – Effect of water impurities on concrete strength and durability- Carbonate and Sulphate attack-Chloride attack –Alkali-Silica reactions in concrete-Case studies

MODULE IV ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES FOR CONCRETE 7 RESEARCH

Analytical techniques for cement concrete research - FITR spectroscopy - SEM - XRD - Cyclic voltammetry (CV) - Thermo-gravimetric analysis (TGA) and Differential thermal analysis (DTA) - Advanced chloride and water analysis techniques.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Wieslaw Kurdowski, Cement and Concrete Chemistry, Springer Netherlands, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. P.C Jain and Monica Jain, Engineering Chemistry Dhanpatrai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.
- 2. S SUmare and S S Dara, A text Book of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2014.
- 3. M.G. Fontana and N.G. Green, Corrosion Engineering, McGraw Hill Book Company, New York, 1984.
- 4. B. Sivasnakar, Engineering Chemistry, Tata McGrow Hill Publication Limited, New Delhi, second reprint 2008.
- P. Kumar Mehta and Paulo J.M. Moteiro, "Concrete: Microstructure, Properties and Materials", McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd., 4th Edition, New Delhi, 2014
- APHA Standard Methods for the Examination of Water & Wastewater, American Public Health Association, USA, 2005.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Explain the properties of cement and concrete

CO2: Describe the properties of steel, mechanism of corrosion and its prevention

CO3: Enumerate the impact of water quality on the concrete

CO4: Elaborate the principle, instrumentation and applications of various analytical techniques for concrete research

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

11thBoS of Chemistry held on 17.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-
СОЗ	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Build resilient Infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

CHDX 02 CHEMISTRY OF MATERIALS AND L T P C ELECTROCHEMICAL DEVICES 2 0 0 2

SDG: 9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will be conversant with

COB1: concepts of corrosion, types and various methods to control corrosion.

COB2: the chemicals, chemical reactions, construction and working of different batteries and fuels cells.

COB3: the types, properties and manufacture of refractories and abrasives.

COB4: types, functions of lubricants and mechanism of lubrication.

MODULE I CORROSION AND ITS CONTROL

8

Types of corrosion - chemical corrosion - electrochemical corrosion - galvanic corrosion - differential aeration corrosion - factors influencing rate of corrosion.

Corrosion control – selection of materials - cathodic protection: sacrificial anode - corrosion inhibitors – paints: constituents & functions – treatment of metal surface for inorganic coatings - metallic coatings: hot dipping: galvanizing and tinning – electroplating — electroless plating.

MODULE II ELECTROCHEMICAL DEVICES

8

Electrochemical cell, electrolytic cell - introduction to batteries – classification – primary: dry alkaline – secondary: lead–acid, nickel–cadmium and lithium batteries, Fuel cells – classification based on temperature and electrolyte - hydrogen–oxygen fuel cell, applications – solar cells: construction and working – dye sensitised solar cells.

MODULE III REFRACTORIES AND ABRASIVES

7

Refractories: Introduction - refractory - classification - based on chemical nature - characteristic and selection of good refractory - properties of refractories: refractoriness - refractoriness under load - thermal spalling - porosity and dimensional stability - general manufacture of refractory - components, properties and uses of: silica, magnesite, zirconia refractories - super refractories - application of refractories.

Abrasives: classification - Moh's scale - properties - natural abrasives: diamond, corundum, emery, garnet, quartz - synthetic abrasives: preparation, properties and uses: carborundum, alundum, boron carbide (norbide),

tungsten carbide, zirconium silicate – grinding wheel – abrasive paper and cloth - Rockwell scale test - knoop hardness test.

MODULE IV LUBRICANTS

7

Regulations 2021

Introduction – functions of lubricant- mechanism of lubrication - classification of lubricant – selection of lubricants - lubricating oils - properties of lubricant: viscosity index - flash point and fire point - cloud point and pour point – oiliness - aniline point - carbon residue - semisolid: grease (sodium, calcium, lithium, aluminium) - solid lubricant: graphite, graphene, molybdenum disulphide – lubricating emulsions - cutting fluids – synthetic and semisynthetic lubricants.

L – 30; Total Hours – 30

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jain P.C and Monika Jain, *Engineering Chemistry*, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Co., New Delhi. 2016.

REFERENCES:

- 1. E. McCafferty, "Introduction to Corrosion Science" Springer, May 2010.
- 2. Tulika Sharma "Electrochemical devices" LAP Lambert Academic Publishing, 2011.
- 3. Jeffry S Gaffney, Nancy A Marley *General chemistry for engineers*, Elsevier, 2018.
- 4. Don M Pirro, Martin Webster, Ekkehard Daschner "Lubrication Fundamentals", Taylor & Francis Gp, LLC, 2016.
- 5. Theo Mang, Wilfred Dresel "Lubricants and Lubrication" Wiley-VCH, 2017

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

CO1: apply specific methods to control corrosion of different materials.

CO2: illustrate the construction and working of different types of cells, batteries and fuel cells.

CO3: compare the properties and devise a method of manufacture of refractories and abrasives.

CO4: analyze and choose the right type of lubrication based on the type of machines.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

11th BoS of Chemistry held on 17.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	М	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	М	-	М	-
CO2	Н	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	L	-	М	-
CO3	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-
CO4	Н	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	L	-	М	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

CHDX 03 CHEMISTRY AND INSTRUMENTATION FOR L T P C SDG: 9 ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC 2 0 0 2 APPLICATIONS

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: Synthesis, properties and applications of electrical and electronic devices.

COB2: Classification and types of fuel cells.

COB3: Types of sensors and their applications.

COB4: Principle, instrumentation and applications of analytical techniques.

MODULE I ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC DEVICES

7

Solar Cell- Si solar cell, quantum dot solar cell, LCD: components, liquid crystals and their composition, electrodes – OLEDS: components, synthesis and modification of small molecules, polymers, phosphors - FRP-synthesis, properties and electrical applications - Solders: composition and uses – Capacitors: synthesis and modification of capacitor materials, fabrication.

MODULE II FUEL CELLS

7

Difference between batteries and fuel cells - classification of fuel cell (based on temperature and electrolyte) – principle, characteristic features, advantages, disadvantages and applications of polymer electrolyte membrane or proton exchange membrane fuel cell (PEMFC), direct methanol fuel cell (DMFC), alkaline fuel cell (AFC), phosphoric acid fuel cell (PAFC), molten carbonate fuel cell (MCFC), and solid oxide fuel cells (SOFC) microbial fuel cell, - hydrogen storage materials, challenges in using hydrogen as a fuel.

MODULE III SENSORS

7

Definition, receptor, transducer, classification of chemical sensors based on operating principle of transducer, Ion-selective electrodes, Conductometric gas sensors (chemoresistors), Electrochemical sensors, Potentiometric MOSFET gas sensor, Touch sensors (oximeter, glucometer), Chemocapacitors, Biochips and microarray.

MODULE IV ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

9

Voltammetry: cyclic voltammetry, electrogravimetry - principle, instrumentation and applications of: UV-Vis spectrophotometry, Atomic emission spectroscopy-Photoluminescence spectrophotometry, atomic absorption spectrophotometry — FT-IR spectroscopy, Raman spectroscopy, TGA-DTA analyzer, TEM.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P.C. Jain & Monica Jain, Engineering Chemistry, Dhanpatrai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi (2016).

REFERENCES:

- 1. K.M. Gupta & Nishu Gupta, Advanced electrical and electronic materials: process and applications, Wiley-Scrivener (2015).
- 2. S. Vairam, P. Kalyani and Suba Ramesh, Engineering Chemistry, Wiley India Ltd., New Delhi (2011).
- 3. B. Viswanathan & M. Aulice Scibioh, Fuel Cells: Principles and Applications, University Press (2008).

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Illustrate the construction and applications of electrical and electronic devices.

CO2: Classify the fuel cells and elaborate the different types of fuel cells.

CO3: Explain the different types of sensors and their applications.

CO4: State the principle and illustrate the instrumentation of various analytical techniques.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

11th BoS of Chemistry held on 17.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PO	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	-	Н	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	-	-	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

CHDX 04 FUNCTIONAL MATERIALS AND L T P C APPLICATIONS 2 0 0 2

SDG: 11 & 12 (CSE – cyber security, AI, IOT, IT)

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To make the students conversant with

COB1: specific materials for hardware components fabrication, data storage and their related properties

COB2: selection of advanced materials for various current applications

COB3: materials for the fabrication of sensors

COB4: essential characterization techniques and software tools with

chemistry background

MODULE I MATERIALS FOR HARDWARE AND DATA 7 STORAGE

Specific materials for electrical and electronic gadgets-computers, instruments (Semiconductors-N, S doped Silicon, CdX QDs, metal nano and other applications). Networking of networks and connecting devices - materials used in robotic construction (metal alloys, kevlor, biodegradable smart materials). Data storage and magnetic hard disk and devices-pendrive (flash memory-ferro magnetic and super paramagnetic materials, optical dics). Nanomaterials to enhance the lifetime and storage of CD, DVD and BD (Nano incorporated Polycarbonate, Al and lacquer) - Nanomaterials and small molecules for data storage.

MODULE II ADVANCED MATERIALS AND APPLICATIONS 8

Materials for 3D printing (Nylon, ABS, PLA, Ti, Au and Ag). Solar panels function monitoring-IOT enabled (crystalline Si, organometallics) – Displays and LCD, LEDs and its types-OLEDs (Group III-V materials). RGB analysis - sensing and TV/system screen (QDs and anthocyanins). Semiconductor chemistry for VLSI processing technology (metalloid staircase, Si, Ge, GaAs)-materials for inkjet printable circuit board (nanocarbon based) - Right material for signal speed and right thermal coefficient of expansion - Remote sensing (photodectectors and radiometers). Solder:-Lead based solder - issues and alternative for lead free solder (Conductive inks).

MODULE III MATERIALS FOR FABRICATION OF SENSORS 8

Wireless Sensors – Introduction to sensors (chemo/bio/gas sensors)-Wearable/touch sensors-Components - selection of materials - Device fabrication and function monitoring - wireless, Smartphone based and IOT

enabled-Properties of materials, anti-corrosive, water proof, insulation and lamination. Robotics in surgery, gene coding and molecular modelling. Biochips and DNA microarray chips(fluorescent dyes, glass/nylon).

MODULE IV ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES AND SOFTWARE 7 SOLUTIONS

Characterization tools – UV-Visible (DRS), FT-IR, SEM, TEM, AFM, TG-DTA and XRD (Principle and applications only). Introduction to softwares-ChemOffice, Image J, Origin - Molecular modelling, comparison of old drug structures with new, drug designing-drug for COVID-19 and drug delivery. Molecular docking (drug interaction in a human body).

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- P. Roy, S.K. Srivastava, Nanomaterials for Electrochemical Energy Storage Devices (Book), John Wiley & Sons, 2019.
- 2. K. Brun, T. Allison, R. Dennis, Thermal, Mechanical, and Hybrid Chemical Energy Storage Systems (Book), Elsevier, 2000.

REFERENCES:

- B.J. Cafferty, A.S. Ten, M.J. Fink, S. Morey, D.J. Preston, M. Mrksich, G.M. Whitesides, Storage of Information Using Small Organic Molecules, ACS Central Science, 2019, 5, 911–916.
- 2. Nabeel Ahmad P. Gopinath and Rajiv Dutta, 3D Printing Technology in Nanomedicine (Book), Elsevier, 2019.
- 3. Aaftaab Sethi, Khusbhoo Joshi, K. Sasikala and Mallika Alvala, Molecular Docking in Modern Drug Discovery: Principles and Recent Applications, IntechOpen, (2019), DOII: 10.5772/intechopen.85991.
- 4. W-L. Xing, J. Cheng, Frontiers in Biochip Technology, Springer, 2006.
- 5. Sulabha K. Kulkarni, Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices, 3rd Edition, Springer, 2015.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Identification of suitable materials in electronic gadgets and data storage systems.

CO2: Application of specific functionalized materials for advanced applications

CO3: Choose appropriate materials for fabricating the different types of sensors

CO4: Hands on experience of software and exposure to material properties

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

15th BoS of Department of Chemistry

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

held on 15.06.2021

	PO1	PO2	РО3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	-	L	-	Н	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	-	-	-	Н	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
СОЗ	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	-	-	Н	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG: 11 & 12

Statement: Identification of suitable materials towards the manufacturing of electronic gadgets and data storage systems without much affecting the natural resources and application of the fabricated devices to the sustainable cites and communities.

CHDX 05

CHEMISTRY OF FUELS, L T P C COMBUSTION AND LUBRICANTS 2 0 0 2

SDG: 9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will be conversant with

COB1: types, composition and process of manufacture of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.

COB2: determination of calorific value and calculation of GCV and NCV.

COB3: types, concepts of corrosion and different methods for control of corrosion.

COB4: types, functions of lubricants and mechanism of lubrication.

MODULE I FUELS

8

Introduction – classification of fuels – calorific value – characteristics of a good fuel – comparison of solid, liquid and gaseous fuel – solid fuels – coal – ranking of coal – proximate analysis of coal – pulverised coal – metallurgical coke – manufacture of coke (Otto Hoffman) – Liquid fuel – petroleum – refining of petroleum – cracking – fixed bed catalytic cracking - synthetic petrol – Fischer-Tropsch process – biodiesel - Gaseous fuel – CNG – LPG – Biogas – producer gas – water gas

MODULE II COMBUSTION

8

Introduction – calorific value - Calorific value: Gross and net calorific value - Bomb Calorimeter - Gas calorimeter - Definition of combustion – theoretical calculation of calorific values (Dulong's formula) - Gross and net calorific values (problems) - air-fuel ratio - minimum requirement of air for complete combustion of fuels (problems) — Analysis of flue gas - Orsat's gas analysis method

MODULE III CHEMISTRY OF CORROSION

7

Types of corrosion - chemical corrosion - electrochemical corrosion - galvanic corrosion - differential aeration corrosion - factors influencing rate of corrosion.

Corrosion control – selection of materials - cathodic protection: sacrificial anode - corrosion inhibitors – paints: constituents & functions – treatment of metal surface for inorganic coatings - metallic coatings: hot dipping: galvanizing and tinning – electroplating — electroless plating.

MODULE IV LUBRICANTS

7

Introduction - functions of lubricant- mechanism of lubrication -

classification of lubricant – selection of lubricants - lubricating oils-properties of lubricant: viscosity index - flash point and fire point - cloud point and pour point – oiliness - aniline point - carbon residue – semi solid: grease (sodium, calcium, lithium, aluminium) - solid lubricant: graphite, graphene, molybdenum disulphide – lubricating emulsions - cutting fluids – synthetic and semi-synthetic lubricants.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jain P.C and Monika Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Co., New Delhi. 2016.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Stephen R Turns, "An Introduction to Combustion: Concepts and Applications", McGraw Hill Education, July 2017,
- 2. Samir Sarkar, "Fuels and Combustion", University Press, 2009
- Dipak K Sarkar "Thermal power plant: Design and operations Chapter-3", Elsevier, 2015.
- 4. E. McCafferty, "Introduction to Corrosion Science" Springer, May 2010.
- 5. Don M Pirro, Martin Webster, Ekkehard Daschner "Lubrication Fundamentals", Taylor & Francis Gp,LLC, 2016.
- Theo Mang, Wilfred Dresel "Lubricants and Lubrication" Wiley-VCH, 20172nd Edition, India, 2012. (ISBN 13: 9788131704370)

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

CO1: compare and interpret the different purpose of application, composition, and calorific value of different fuels.

CO2: calculate the minimum amount of air required, GCV and NCV for the combustion of the fuels.

CO3: apply specific methods to control corrosion of different materials.

CO4: analyze and choose the right type of lubrication based on the type of machines.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

11thBoS of Chemistry held on 17.06.2021

!7th AC held on 15.07.2021

Aeronautical	Engineering
/ tororidation	Linginiconing

	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	Н	М	-	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-
CO2	Н	Н	-	L	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-
CO3	Н	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	М	-
CO4	Н	М	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	М	L	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9: Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure

The holistic understanding of the materials used as fuels and lubricants and devices towards sustainable solutions for the advances in mechanical systems.

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Reg	gulati	ons 2	2021	
CHDX 06	INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF POLYMER ANALYSIS	L	Т	Р	С	
SDG: 4		2	0	0	2	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: to impart knowledge on spectroscopic analysis of polymers.

COB2: to equip with the knowledge of optical methods and X-ray diffraction methods for understanding the morphology and orientation of molecules

COB3: to develop an understanding on separation of various mixtures by different chromatographic techniques.

COB4: to understand the chemical elemental structure of polymers by NMR and mass spectroscopic technique.

MODULE I ULTRAVIOLET, VISIBLE AND IR SPECTROSCOPY 9

Principle- Instrumentation-Double beam spectrophotometers – single beam spectrophotometers -sources of radiation – Detectors – I operational procedure – qualitative and quantitative analysis – applications in polymer analysis.

Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy -principle- instrumentation – optical materials – sources- detectors – typical spectrophotometers — calibration and standardization – sample preparation - analysis – interpretation of FTIR spectra-principle of identification and characterization of polymers using IR

MODULE II NMR SPECTROSCOPY

7

Fundamental concepts – chemical shift – spin –spin- coupling. Instrumentation - data acquisition and spectral interpretation. Solid state NMR (magic angle), Applications of NMR and FT NMR in the characterization of polymers

MODULE III CHROMATOGRAPHY AND THERMAL ANALYSIS 7

Thermal analysis: DSC, TG/DTA, TMA, DMA, DETA with examples. gel permeation chromatography (GPC) – High pressure liquid chromatography (HPLC) – Thin layer chromatography (TLC - Gas chromatography (GC) – sample preparation. Chromatographic process and instrumentation – compositional separation and detectors – various types – Analyses. The uses and applications of various chromatographic techniques – pyrolysis gas chromatography.

MODULE IV X-RAY DIFFRACTION & NEWTON SCATTERING 7

Principle & basic concept of absorption of X-rays- monochromatic X-ray sources – X-ray detectors - Instrumentation – Experimental technique -Analysis by X-ray absorption. Absorption apparatus – X-ray diffraction – Diffraction apparatus. Application to polymer analysis.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Douglas A. Skoog, F. James Holler, Stanley R. Crouch "Principles of Instrumental Analysis" 7th edition, Publisher Cengage Learning, 2016
- 2. Donald L. Pavia, Gary M. Lampman, George S. Kriz, James R. Vyvyan, "Introduction to Spectroscopy" 5th edition, Publisher Cengage Learning, 2015
- 3. Yang, Rui "Analytical methods for polymer characterization" CRC Press, 2018
- 4. Joseph D. Menczel, R. Bruce Prime "Thermal analysis of polymers: fundamentals and applications" John Wiley, 2019.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Galen W. Euring, "Instrumental methods of chemical analysis", McGraw Hill International editions, New York, 1985.
- 2. B.J. Hunt & MI Jones Blackie, "Polymer Characterisation", Academic professional, London, 1997.
- 3. Hubert Lobo, Jose V.B.Bonilla, "Handbook of Plastic analysis", Marcel Dekker inc, New York, 2003.
- 4. RA pethrick & JV Daukins, "Modern techniques for polymer characterization", John Wiley & sons Chichester, UK, 1999.
- 5. D. Campbell and R. White, "Polymer characterization", Chapman & Hall, London 1989.
- 6. Arza Seidel, "Characterization and Analysis of Polymers", John wiley and sons, New jersey, 2008.
- 7. Nicholas P. Cheremisinoff, "Polymer Characterization: Laboratory Techniques and Analysis", Noyes publications, New jersey, 1996.
- 8. John M Chalmers, Robert J Meier, "Molecular characterization and analysis of polymers" Elsevier, 2008

COURSE OUTCOMES

CO1: Gaining knowledge on principles of various instrumentsCO2: Understand about various characterization techniquesCO3: Interpretation the polymer by different techniques

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

11thBoS of Chemistry held on !7th AC held on 15.07.2021

17.06.2021

	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4 : Aims at ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all

This course will provide deep knowledge on analysis of polymers using different instrumental methods.

	Aeronautical Engineering
--	--------------------------

Regulations 2021

CHDX 07

B.Tech.

MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY

LTPC

0

2

0

2

SDG: 9

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge on

COB1: The basic factors governing drug design.

COB2: The software tools for molecular docking.

COB3: The synthetic pathway of antinfective, antineoplastic, cardiovascular and

steroidal drugs.

COB4: The mode of action and side effects of synthetic drugs.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO DRUG DESIGN

7

Development of new drugs: Procedure followed in drug design – Literature survey - Search for Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient(s) - Molecular modification – Types of pharmaceutical form / mode of administration, Chemical Characterization of Medicinal Drugs - Molecular docking.

MODULE II ANTIINFECTIVE DRUGS

8

Synthesis, mode of action and side effect of Dapsone and Clofazimine (antileprotic) – Isoniazid, Rifampicin, Pyrazinamide and Ethambutol (antitubercular) – Fluconazole and griseofulvin (antifungal) – Chloroquine and Primaquine (antimalarial) - Semisytheticpencillin, Streptomycin, Ciprofloxacin (Antibiotics) - Nevirapine and Zidovudine (Antiviral)

MODULE III ANTINEOPLASTIC AND CARDIOVASCULAR 8 DRUGS

Synthesis, mode of action and side effect of Mechlorethamine, Cyclophosphamide, Melphalan, Fluorouracil, 6-Mercaptopurine (Antineoplastic) – Sorbitrate, methylprednisolone, Methyldopa, quinidine (Cardiovascular).

MODULE IV STEROIDS AND RELATED DRUGS

7

Synthesis, uses and mode of action - (A) Androgens -testosterone (B) Estrogens and progestational agents – progesterone, (C) Adrenocorticoids – prednisolone, dexamethasone, Remdesivir (D) Glucocorticoids – Cortisol (E)Anabolicsteroids - nandrolone, oxandrolone (F) Neurosteroids – allopregnanolone.

L - 30; Total Hours - 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. An Introduction to Drug Design, S. N. Pandeya and J. R.Dimmock, New Age International, 1997.
- 2. Burgers's Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery, Fifth Edition; M. E. Wolff, John Wiley and Sons, 1996.
- 3. The organic chemistry of drug design and drug action, R. B. Silverman and M. W. Holladay, Academic Press, 3rd Edition, 2014.
- 4. Introduction to medicinal chemistry: How Drugs Act and Why, A. Gringuage, Wiley-VCH, 1996.
- 5. Wilson and Gisvold's Text Book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry; Eleventh Edition; Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Strategies for Organic Drug Synthesis and Design, D. Lednicer, John Wiley, 2nd Edition 2008.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Carry out searches to retrieve information relevant to the development of a new drug.

CO2: Describe and justify the role and importance of the various disciplines involved in the different phases of drug discovery and development.

CO3: Explain how synthetic methods are used to make early decisions in the drug discovery and development.

CO4: Elaborate the mode of action and side effect of the drugs.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

11thBoS of Chemistry held on 17.06.2021 17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PO	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	-	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-
CO2	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	М	-	-
CO3	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-
CO4	-	-	-	М	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	-

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 9 :Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure

Understanding of drugs preparation and usage in sustainable method reduces unwanted side effects and help to environments.

HUMANITIES ELECTIVE – I (SEMESTER III)

SSDX 01 ENGINEERING ECONOMICS L T P C SDG: 4, 8, 9,12 AND MANAGEMENT 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To present the major concepts and techniques of engineering economic analysis that is needed in the decision making process by providing insights to the basic microeconomic concepts of demand, supply and equilibrium.

COB2: To generate theoretical knowledge and understanding of macroeconomic aggregates such as national income and inflation and the major challenges associated with the measurement of these aggregates.

COB3: To develop analytical and critical thinking skills on money, banking and public finance and use them to judge the appropriateness of economic development and policy options.

COB 4: To introduce the basic concepts of management and planning and highlight the contribution of planning to the attainment of organization's objectives.

COB 5: To apprise the students about important management concepts and create awareness about the corporate social responsibilities and ethical aspects.

MODULE I DEMAND AND SUPPLY ANALYSIS 9

Introduction to Engineering Economics – Engineering efficiency – Economic efficiency - Scope of Engineering Economics, Engineers' contributions to economic growth- Problem solving and decision making - Laws of Demand and Supply - Difference between Microeconomics and Macroeconomics - Equilibrium between Demand and Supply, Elasticity of Demand - Pricing strategies.

MODULE II NATIONAL INCOME AND INFLATION 8

Concepts of National Income and measurement – GDP Growth Rate - Importance and difficulties of estimating National Income in India - Aggregate demand and aggregate supply, Macroeconomic equilibrium – Meaning of Inflation, its types causes and preventive measures.

MODULE III MONEY, BANKING AND PUBLIC FINANCE 10

Money - Meaning, types, functions, importance - Commercial Banks -

Central Bank - Monetary Policy - meaning, objectives, Methods of Credit Control By RBI, Government Budget - Government revenue and expenditures - Fiscal policy - Its objectives, instruments and limitations - Deficit Financing - The Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act, 2003 (FRBMA) - Economic Reforms in India - LPG Policy.

MODULE IV PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT AND 8 PLANNING

Nature of management and its process - Importance of Management-Functions and Principles of Management - Nature, Purpose and Kinds of Planning.

MODULE V ENGINEERING MANAGEMENT 10

Strategic Management-Manager and Environment - Globalization and Technology Intermediation, Corporate Social Responsibility of business - meaning, importance, arguments for and against Corporate Social Responsibility - Business Ethics- Role of Ethics in Engineering Practice-meaning, importance - State intervention in business - Pros and Cons of intervention.

L - 45; Total Hours - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Krugman, P, Wells, R, and Graddy, K., "Essentials of Economics", Worth Publishers, 4th Edition, New York, 2016.
- 2. Hussain, Moon Moon, "Economics for Engineers", Himalaya Publishing House, 1stEdition, New Delhi, India, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- **2.** Andrew Gillespie, "Foundations of Economics", OUP Oxford, England, 2007.
- **3.** Acemoglu, D., Laibson, D., & List, J., "Microeconomics", Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, Boston, 2017.
- **4.** Brinkman John , "Unlocking the Business Environment", Routledge, 1st Edition, London, United Kingdom, 2010.(ISBN 9780340942079)
- **5.** Cleaver Tony, "Economics: The Basics", Routledge, 3rd Edition, London, United Kingdom, 2014.
- **6.** H. L. Ahuja, "Macroeconomics", S Chand Publishing; Twenty Edition, New Delhi, India, 2019.
- **7.** Koutsoyiannis A, "Modern Microeconomics", Palgrave Macmillan, 2nd Edition, U.K, 2003.
- 8. R.A. Musgrave and P.B. Musgrave, "Public Finance in Theory and

Practice", McGraw Hill Education India, Fifth Edition, India, 2017.

- **9.** Mell Andrew and Walker Oliver, "The Rough Guide to Economics", Rough Guide Ltd, 1st Edition, London, 2014.
- **10.** R. Paneerselvam, "Engineering Economics", PHI Publication, 2nd Edition, New Delhi, India, 2014.
- **11.** Robbins S.P. Decenzo David A and Coulter, "Fundamentals of Management: Essential Concepts and Applications", Pearson Education, 9th Edition, London, England, 2014.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, students will be able to

CO1: interpret the forces driving demand and supply and their impact on market conditions.

CO2: demonstrate various dimensions of macroeconomic variables like national income, money supply, employment, etc. in analyzing the effects on business.

CO3: explicate the different aspect of Governmental activities and their rationality and describe how they can be pursued through fiscal and monetary policy.

CO4: develop skills to plan, organize, direct and control the resources of the organization for obtaining common objectives or goals.

CO5: augment managerial skills and adopt ethical practices in various functional areas and engineering practices.

Board of Studies (BOS):

Academic Council:

5thBoS of SSSH held on 29.12.2021

18th Academic council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO11	PO 12
CO1		Н	Н	М		Н	Н				Н	Н
CO2		Н	М			М					Н	Н
СОЗ			М	М		Н	Н		Н			Н
CO4						М	Н	Н	М		М	Н
CO5						М	Н	Н	М		М	Н

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.

- **SDG 8:** Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment, and decent work for all.
- **SDG 9**: Build resilient infrastructure, promote sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.
- **SDG 12:** Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns.

Inclusive and equitable quality education can make a critical difference to production patterns, consumer understanding of more sustainably produced goods, promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth along with productive employment and decent work for all.

PC

SSDX 02 SOCIOLOGY OF SCIENCE AND L T
SDG: 17 TECHNOLOGY 3 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To recognize and define the basic concepts of society and the ways in which sociologists use these concepts in constructing explanations for individual and group problems.

COB2: To illustrate the convergence and divergence of sociology with engineering subjects in terms of the subject matter, nature and scope of the discipline and its approach.

COB3: To demonstrate the relationship between science, technology and society.

COB4: To understand the issues relating to science, technology and change in India both in the historical and globalization contexts.

COB5: To appraise the impact of science and technology on different sociocultural institutions and processes.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

8

Sociology - Definition, scope and importance, relationship with other social sciences - Major theoretical perspectives: Functionalism, Conflict Theorizing and Interactionism - Elements of social formation - Society, Community, Groups and Association - Institutions, family and kinship, religion, education, politics - Social process - Associative Social Process - Co-operation, Accommodation and Assimilation - Dissociative Social Process - Competition and Conflict.

MODULE II INDIVIDUAL AND SOCIETY

9

Culture - characteristics, functions, types, cultural lag and civilization - Socialization - process, stages, agencies and anticipatory socialization - Social Control - characteristics, importance, types and agencies - Social stratification. - Meaning, forms - caste and class.

MODULE III SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND SOCIETY 9

Relationship between society and science and vice-versa - Science as a social system - Norms of science - Relationship between science and technology - History of modern science in India - colonial-independence and post-independence science - Science education in contemporary India - primary level to research level - Performance of universities in the development of technology - Interrelationship between industry and

universities.

MODULE IV SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND SOCIAL ISSUES 10

Technology, media, identity and global society - Conformity and deviance and role of science and technology - Technology and development issue - S&T and sustainable development - Role of science and technology in the creation of environmental crisis - Social inequality, social exclusion and digital divide - Science, technology and ethical issues -Gender and technology.

MODULE V GLOBALIZATION, SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY 9 AND CHANGE

Social Change - nature, direction, forms - Technology and rate of social change - Globalization - characteristics, historical and social context- Social consequences of science and technology on civil society - Globalization - Liberalization - Their impact on Indian science and technology - WTO and issues related to intellectual property rights - MNCs and Indian industry.

L - 45; Total Hours - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Giddens A. "Sociology" Wiley India Pvt. Ltd2017
- Heald Haralambos, R.M "Sociology Themes and Perspectives", Oxford, New Delhi-92. 2014
- Sergio Sismondo. An Introduction to Science and Technology Studies Malden: Wiley Blackwell.2010
- 4. R.K. Merton, Sociology of Science, Theoretical and Empirical Investigations, University of Chicago Press, 1973.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Atal Yogesh, "Changing Indian Society" Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2006
- 2. Bilton, T. et al "Introductory Sociology", Palgrave, New York. 2002
- 3. Das Gupta, Samir and "An Introduction to Sociology", Pearson, Delhi. 2012.
- 4. Francis Abraham M. "Contemporary Sociology: An Introduction to Concepts and Theories", New Delhi, Oxford University Press. 2014
- 5. Inkless, A, "What is Sociology", Prentice Hall, New Delhi. 1987
- 6. Tumin, Melvin M "Social Stratification", Prentice Hall, New Delhi. 1969.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: recognize the fundamental tenets of Sociology.

CO2: interpret the relationship between individual and society in a sociological perspective.

CO3: categorize and constructively identify their own assumptions about the relationships among society, science and technology

CO4: appraise the dynamics of human society with special reference to the science, technology and contemporary trends of globalization.

CO5: able to link and reflect on current and ongoing sociological debates on development and role of technology.

Board of Studies (BOS):

Academic Council:

5th BoS of SSSH held on 29.12.2021

18th Academic council held on 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO11	PO 12
CO1			Н			Н	Н	М	L	Н	L	
CO2			М			Н	Н	М	Н	Н	М	L
СОЗ			Н	М	Н	Н	М		М	Н	Н	М
CO4			М			Н	Н	L	L	М	Н	Н
CO5			М			Н				М		L

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development.

To inculcate knowledge and socialize youth in building participation, institutions and partnership for inclusive development for the implementation of sustainable development goals.

B.Tech. Aeronautical Engineering Regulations 2021

3

SSDX 03

SDG: 8 and 9

INDUSTRIAL ECONOMICS AND **MANAGEMENT**

Т Ρ 0

0 3

C

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To provide a wholesome idea about the concept of industrial economics and identify the classifications of firms based on ownership and control.

COB2: To impart theoretical and analytical knowledge on the different market structures, pricing practices and government policies.

COB3: To equip the students with the framework that will be useful for applying economic models in business strategy, competition policy and regulations.

COB4: To understand the importance of Industrial Policy in the development of Industries in India.

COB5: To elucidate industrial growth in India by examining its performance and problems in industrial sector.

INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL ECONOMICS MODULE I

Definition and scope of industrial economics - Concept and importance of industry; Concept and organization of a firm - Classification of firms based on ownership - sector (industries, formal vs. Informal) - size and use - based classification - Separation of ownership and control - Localization of industries .

MODULE II MARKET STRUCTURE

9

9

Perfect Competition - Imperfect Competition: Monopoly - Monopolistic - Oligopolistic Strategy, Cartels, Cournot Kinked Demand and Price Leadership - Measurement of economic concentration - Policy against monopoly and restrictive trade practices -Competition Law - Pricing Practices: Objectives - Determinants - Pricing Methods -Government Policies and Pricing.

PRODUCTION ECONOMICS AND THEORY OF FIRM 9 MODULE III

Production and Production function - Types, Factor Inputs - Input-Output Analysis, Undifferentiated Products - Cournot, Stackelberg, Dominant firm model, Bertrand-Heterogeneous products - Chamberlin's small and large number case - Kinked demand curve theory - Bain's limit pricing - Production Possibility Frontier.

9

MODULE IV **INDUSTRIAL POLICY**

Industrial Policy: Industrial Policy in India -1948, 1956, 1977, 1980, 1990, 1991 - Industrial Performance after Independence.

MODULE V **INDUSTRIAL GROWTH IN INDIA**

9

Trends and prospects - Public enterprises; efficiency - Productivity and performance

constrain - Small scale industries: definition, role - Policy issues and performance - Capacity utilization - Industrial sickness and Exit - Technology transfer - Privatization.

L - 45; Total Hours - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 7. Barthwal R R "Industrial Economics: An Introductory Textbook", New Age International Pvt. Ltd Publishers, 2017
- 8. P.J. Devine, N. Lee, R.M. Jones, W.J. Tyson, "An Introduction to Industrial Economics", Routledge.2019.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ferguson, Paul R. and Glenys J. Ferguson, "Industrial Economics Issues and Perspectives", Macmillan, London. 1994
- 2. Gregory Mankiw "Principles of Microeconomics", Havcourt Asia Publishers, 2001.
- 3. Mohanty Binode Ed. "Economic Development Perspectives", Vol. 3, Public Enterprises and Performance, Common Wealth Publishers, New Delhi, 1991
- 4. Mote and Paul "Managerial Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2001
- 5. Peterson and Lewis "Managerial Economics", 4th Ed., Prentice Hall, 2004

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Develop knowledge on the concept and organization of firms and the implications of the separation of ownership and control.

CO2: Acquire familiarity with various market structures and formulate appropriate pricing strategies.

CO3: Think analytically using various economic models concerning market structures and apply them to the real world of industry.

CO4: To compare the various Industrial Policies introduced in India and recognize the role of these policies in making required industrial development in India.

CO5: Clearly diagnose and illustrate the challenges in industrial economy in India and develop effective and comprehensive solution on them.

Board of Studies (BoS): Academic Council:

Mention details of BoS 18th Academic council held on 5thBoS of SSSH held on 29.12.2021 24.02.2022

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO11	PO 12
CO1			Н	М			Н		М		М	L
CO2			Н		М		Н		М		М	L
CO3			Н				Н		М		М	М
CO4			Н				Н		М		Н	М
CO5			Н				Н		М		Н	М

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 8 - Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all.

SDG 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

A comprehensive and holistic approach towards the way for sustainable development and economic growth through the inclusive economic strategy and thereby to reduce the poverty, hunger among people by familiarizing them industry and its importance as survival strategy for earning decent standard of living.

3

9

SSDX 04 SDG: 10, 16

DYNAMICS OF INDIAN SOCIAL **STRUCTURE**

C 0 0

3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To provide knowledge on the components of the Indian social

COB2: To learn the nature and contemporary structure of Indian social institutions.

COB3: To sensitize students about social stratification in Indian Society.

COB4: To create awareness about the social problems occurring in contemporary India.

COB5: To explicate the changing institutions, the processes, the agents and the interventions that brings about change in the Indian society.

MODULE I INDIAN SOCIAL STRUCTURE

Demographic composition - Racial, religious, ethnic and linguistic -Types of communities - rural, urban, agrarian and tribal - Social backwardness -OBC, SC, ST and EWS - Indian minorities- religious, ethnic, linguistic and LGBT.

MODULE II INDIAN SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS 9

Family - types, characteristics, functions of family - Joint Family- definition features, functions of joint family, dysfunctions of joint family, disintegration of joint family - Marriage - definition, characteristics, marriage as sacrament or contract.

MODULE III **SOCIAL STRATIFICATION IN INDIA**

Social stratification - Concept of hierarchy - inequality, meaning and characteristics - Social Stratification and Social Mobility - Functions of Social Stratification - Caste, definition, principles, contemporary changes, dominant caste - Caste - class interface - Religious minorities.

9 **MODULE IV SOCIAL PATHOLOGY**

Social Problem - nature, social disorganization - Population explosioncauses, effects, relationship with development - Child Labour- causes, magnitude and consequences – Unemployment - nature, types, causes and effects - Gender issues - social status of women, violence against women and women in work place - Contemporary issues - communalism, terrorism and corruption.

MODULE V SOCIAL CHANGE IN INDIA

a

Socio-cultural change - Sanskritization - Westernization - Secularization, Modernization - Processes of Social change - Industrialization - Urbanization - Globalization - Social movement - concept, characteristics, functions - New social movement-Women and Environment movement.

L - 45; Total Hours - 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Sharma,K.L., "Indian Social Structure and Change", Jaipur: Rawat Publications, 2008.
- 2. Ahuja Ram., "Social Problems in India", Rawat Publication: New Delhi, 2014.
- 3. Ahuja Ram., "Society in India", Rawat Publication: New Delhi, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- Atal Yogesh, "Changing Indian Society" Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2006.
- 2. Dube S.C., "India's Changing Villages: Human Factors in Community Development", London, Routledge and Kegan Paul, 2003.
- Hasnain N., "Indian Society: Themes and Social Issues", Mc Graw Hill, 2019.
- 4. Jayapalan, N., "Indian Society and Social Institutions" Atlantic Publishers, 2001.
- 5. Pandey Vinita., "Indian Society and Culture", Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2016
- 6. Rao Sankar., "Sociology of Indian Society", S. Chand Publisher, New Delhi, 2004.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: explain about the social structure and social institutions that constitute society in India.

CO2: differentiate the various categories of inequalities and their challenges.

CO3: describe the social stratification and its impact in society.

CO4: analyze the social problems encountered in contemporary India.

CO5: correlate the various forms and trends of the social change in Indian society and realize the relevance of their role in bringing about development.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

5thBoS of SSSH held on 29.12.2021

18th Academic council held on 24.02.2022

	PO 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO11	PO 12
CO1			Н			Н	М			М		
CO2			М			М	Н	L				Н
CO3			М			М	Н	L				Н
CO4			Н			Н	Н		М			М
CO5			Н		Н	М	Н	М		Н		Н

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries.

SDG16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.

To sensitize and impart pertinent knowledge to youths to combat the contemporary issues and challenges facing Indian society in order to remedy its social pathos and injustices in the path of achieving sustainable development in India.

MATHEMATICS ELECTIVE (SEMESTER III)

MADX 01 TRANSFORMS AND PARTIAL L T P C SDG: 4 DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To formulate and solve partial differential equations of first, second and higher orders

COB2: To introduce basics and engineering applications of Fourier series

COB3:To develop Fourier transform techniques

COB4: To introduce analytic solutions of PDEs by using Fourier series

COB5:To acquaint with Z -Transform techniques for discrete time systems

MODULE I PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions — Solution of standard types of first order partial differential equations — Lagrange's linear equation — Linear partial differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients.

MODULE II FOURIER SERIES

9+3

9+3

Fourier Series and Dirichlet's conditions - General Fourier series – Even and Odd functions - Half range Fourier series - Parseval's identity - Harmonic Analysis.

MODULE III FOURIER TRANSFORMS

9+3

Fourier integral theorem (without proof) - Fourier transform pair - Fourier Inverse Transform - Properties - Convolution theorem - Parseval's identity.

MODULE IV APPLICATIONS OF FOURIER SERIES

9+3

Applications of Fourier series to solution of PDEs having constant coefficients with special reference to Heat & Wave equations, Discrete and point Spectrum and Single pulse.

MODULE V Z-TRANSFORM

9+3

Introduction and Definition of Z-transform - Properties of Z- Transform - Convolution Theorem of Z-Transform - Inverse Z-transform - Convolution

Theorem of Inverse Z-Transform - Formation of difference equations - Solving Difference Equations using Z-Transform

L-45; T-15; TOTAL HOURS - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 Kreyszig .E., "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 10th edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., Singapore, 2011.
- 2. Grewal B.S., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 44th edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2017.
- 3. Ramana, B.V, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Veerarajan.T., "Engineering Mathematics", 5th edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. Peter V. O'Neil, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th edition, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 3. Dennis G. Zill, Warren S. Wright, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", 4th edition, Jones and Bartlett publishers, Sudbury, 2011.
- 4. Alan Jeffrey, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Academic Press, USA, 2002.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will be able to

CO1: form and solve the partial differential equations using different methods

CO2: derive a Fourier series of a given periodic function by evaluating Fourier coefficients

CO3: apply integral expressions for the forward and inverse Fourier transform to a range of non-periodic waveforms

CO4: solve partial differential equations by using Fourier series

CO5: solve difference equations using Z-transform

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

12th BOS of Mathematics & AS held on 17th AC held on 15.07.2021 23.06.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	М														
CO2	М														
CO3	Н														
CO4	М														
CO5	М														

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4 : Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong opportunities for all.

Learning of various mathematical techniques like matrices and calculus will lead to knowledge of applications in Computer Science

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Regulations 2021
---------	--------------------------	------------------

MADX 02 DISCRETE MATHEMATICS L T P C SDG: 4 3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To introduce logical and mathematical ability to deal with abstraction

COB2: To acquaint with the concepts of predicate calculus.

COB3:To introduce the notations and concepts used in set theory

COB4: To apply and use the terms function, domain, codomain, range, image, inverse image and composition

COB5: To introduce basic concepts from abstract algebra, especially the essential concepts in group theory

MODULE I PROPOSITIONAL CALCULUS 9+3

Propositions – Logical connectives – Compound propositions – Conditional and biconditional propositions – Truth tables – Tautologies and contradictions – Contrapositive – Logical equivalences and implications – DeMorgan's Laws – Normal forms – Principal conjunctive and disjunctive normal forms – Rules of inference – Arguments – Validity of arguments.

MODULE II PREDICATE CALCULUS

9+3

Predicates – Statement function – Variables – Free and bound variables – Quantifiers – Universe of discourse – Logical equivalences and implications for quantified statements – Theory of inference – The rules of universal specification and generalization – Validity of arguments.

MODULE III SET THEORY

9+3

Basic concepts –Notations-Subset –Algebra of sets –The power set – Ordered pairs and Cartesian product- Relations on sets – Types of relations and their properties – Relational matrix and the graph of a relation – Partitions –Equivalence relations –Partial ordering –Poset – Hasse diagram – Lattices and their properties – Boolean algebra – Homomorphism.

MODULE IV FUNCTIONS

9+3

Functions – Classification of functions — Composition of functions – Inverse functions – Binary and n–ary operations – Characteristic function of a set – Hashing functions – Recursive functions – Permutation functions.

MODULE V ALGEBRAIC SYSTEMS

9+3

Groups, Cyclic Groups, Subgroups, Cosets, Lagrange's theorem, Normal subgroups – Codes and group codes – Basic notions of error correlation – Error recovery in group codes.

L-45; T-15; TOTAL HOURS - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- Trembly J.P and Manohar R, "Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science", Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 30th Reprint 2011.
- Kenneth H.Rosen, "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications:, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, Special Indian Edition, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ralph.P.Grimaldi, "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics: An Introduction", 4th Edition, Pearson Education Asia, Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Thomas Koshy, "Discrete Mathematics with Applications", Elsevier Publications, 2006.
- 3. C.L.Liu, D.P.Mohapatra, "Elements of Discrete Mathematics", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will be able to

CO1: form truth tables and write principal normal forms

CO2: write the negation of a quantified statement involving either one or two quantifiers.

CO3: prove that a proposed statement involving sets is true, or give a counterexample to show that it is false.

CO4: compute the connection between bijective functions and inverses. Be able to find the inverse of an invertible function.

CO5: give intrinsic structure of groups both abstract and specific examples illustrating the mathematical concepts involved.

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

12th BOS of Mathematics & AS held on 23.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	М														
CO2	М														
CO3	Н														
CO4	М														
CO5	М														

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong opportunities for all.

Learning of various mathematical techniques will lead to knowledge of applications in Communication Engineering

B.Tech.	Aeronautical Engineering	Reg	egulation . T	ns 2	021	
MADX 03	PROBABLITY AND STATISTICS	L	Т	Р	С	
SDG:4		3	1	0	4	

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To impart knowledge on the basic concepts of probability

COB2: To understand random variables and distribution functions

COB3:To acquaint with joint density function and generating

functions

COB4: To introduce sampling techniques and estimation

COB5:To perform hypothesis testing and draw inference

MODULE I PROBABILITY

9+3

Sample space, events- axioms of probability and interpretation – Addition, multiplication rules – conditional probability, Independent events - Total probability – Baye's theorem - Descriptive Statistics.

MODULE II RANDOM VARIABLE AND DISTRIBUTION 9+3 FUNCTIONS

Discrete random variable –continuous random variable – Expectation - probability distribution - Moment generating function – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform (continuous), Exponential and Normal distributions.

MODULE III TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES 9+3

Joint, marginal, conditional probability distributions –covariance, correlation - transformation of random variables- Generating functions.

MODULE IV SAMPLING AND ESTIMATION 9+3

Sampling distributions – basic knowledge on Random, simple random, stratified and cluster samplings – Test of Hypotheses - concepts- Point estimation and Interval estimation.

MODULE V THEORY OF INFERENCE 9+3

Large sample tests – test for single and difference on proportions, single mean, difference of means, difference of variances – confidence intervals. Small sample tests – Student's t test, F test and Chi square test on theory of goodness of fit and analyses of independence of attributes.

L - 45; T-15; TOTAL HOURS - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. T.Veerarajan, "Probability and Statistics", Tata McGraw-Hill New Delhi, 2008.
- 2. Miller, I., Miller, M., Freund, J. E., "Mathematical statistics", 7th Edition, Prentice Hall International, New Jersey 1999.
- 3. S.P.Gupta, "Applied Statistics", Sultan Chand & Sons 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. S.M.Ross, "Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists" Fifth Edition, Elesvier 2016
- 2. S.C.Gupta and V.K.Kapoor, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", Sultan Chand and Sons New Delhi 2012
- 3. Arora and Arora, "Comphrensive Statistical Methods", S. Chand, New Delhi 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course students will be able to

CO1: do problems on probability, Baye's theorem and descriptive statistics.

CO2: evaluate moment generating functions and calculate probabilities using distributions.

CO3: calculate probabilities and derive the marginal and conditional distributions of bivariate random variables

CO4: classify random samplings and calculate point and interval estimates

CO5: make an informed decision, based on the results of inferential procedures

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

12th BOS of Mathematics & AS held on 17th AC held on 15.07.2021 23.06.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	М	L													
CO2	М	L													
CO3	М	L													
CO4	М	L		М											
CO5	Н	L		М											

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong opportunities for all

Learning of various statistical methods will lead to knowledge of applications in Electronics and communication Engineering

MADX 04 RANDOM PROCESSES L T P C SDG: 4 3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To acquire knowledge of the theory of probability, Baye's theorem and Tchebechev inequality

COB2: To understand random variables and discrete and continuous probability distributions

COB3: To demonstrate the techniques of two dimensional random variables and its distributions

COB4: To introduce the random process, stationary, Markov process and the study of correlation functions

COB5: To study spectral analysis and Weiner-Khinchine theorem

MODULE I PROBABILITY

9+3

Sample space, events- axioms of probability and interpretation – Addition, multiplication rules – conditional probability, Independent events - Total probability – Baye's theorem - Tchebychev's inequality.

MODULE II RANDOM VARIABLES AND ROBABILITY 9+3 DISTRIBUTIONS

Discrete random variable –continuous random variable – Expectation - probability distribution - Moment generating function – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform (continuous), Exponential and Normal distributions

MODULE III TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES 9+3

Joint, marginal, conditional probability distributions - covariance, correlation and regression lines - transformation of random variables.

MODULE IV RANDOM PROCESSES

9+3

Classification of Random process - Stationary process - WSS and SSS processes - Poisson process - Markov Chain and transition probabilities-Autocorrelation function and its properties - Cross Correlation function and its properties.

MODULE V SPECTRAL DENSITY

9+3

Linear system with random inputs – Ergodicity-Power spectral Density Function - Properties - System in the form of convolution - Unit Impulse

Response of the System – Weiner-Khinchine Theorem - Cross Power Density Spectrum

L-45; T-15; TOTAL HOURS - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Veerarajan T., "Probability, Statistics and Random Processes", Tata McGraw Hill,3rd edition, New Delhi, 2008.
- 2. Papoulis, "Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Company, New Delhi, 2002.
- 3. S.M.Ross, "Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists" Fifth Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Scott L. Miller, Donald G. Childers, Probability and Random Processes, Academic Press, London, 2009.
- 2. Trivedi K S, "Probability and Statistics with reliability, Queueing and Computer Science Applications", Prentice Hall of India, 2nd edition, New Delhi, 200

COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course students will be able to

CO1: evaluate probability, apply Baye's theorem and calculate bounds using Tchebechev inequality

CO2: calculate probabilities and expected values for distributions

CO3: calculate probabilities and derive the marginal and conditional distributions of bivariate random variables

CO4: evaluate stationary process, compute correlation functions and related identities

CO5: compute power spectral density functions and apply Weiner-Khinchine theorem

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

12th BOS of Mathematics & AS held on 17th AC held on 15.07.2021 23.06.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	Н	L													
CO2	М	L													
CO3	М	L													
CO4	Н	М													
CO5	Н	М													

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4 : Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong opportunities for all.

Learning of various techniques in Random Processes will lead to knowledge required for applying in many projects.

MADX 05 NUMERICAL METHODS L T P C

SDG: 4 3 1 0 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

COB1: To familiarize with the methods of solving equations numerically

COB2: To introduce interpolation techniques and finite difference concepts

COB3: To acquire knowledge on Numerical differentiation and integration

COB4: To solve ordinary differential equations numerically **COB5:** To solve partial differential equations numerically

MODULE I NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS OF EQUATIONS 9+3

Bisection method - Regula Falsi method - Secant method - Fixed point iteration method - Newton's Raphson method - Gauss Elimination method - Gauss-Jordon method - Gauss Jacobi method - Gauss-Seidel method.

MODULE II INTERPOLATION

9+3

Finite difference operators – Gregory Newton's forward and backward interpolations – Cubic spline interpolation - Lagrange interpolation - Newton's divided difference formula.

MODULE III NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND 9+3 INTEGRATION

Numerical differentiation using Newton's forward and backward formulae – Numerical integration: Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 and 3/8 rules – Romberg's method – Gaussian Two Point and Three Point Quadrature formulae – Double integrals using Trapezoidal and Simpson's 1/3 rule.

MODULE IV INITIAL VALUE PROBLEMS FOR FIRST 9+3 ORDER ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Numerical solutions by Taylor's Series method, Euler's method, Modified Euler's Method - Runge – Kutta Method of fourth order – Milne's and Adam's Bashforth Predictor and Corrector methods.

MODULE V BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS FOR PDE 9+3

Finite difference solution of one dimensional heat equation by explicit and implicit methods – One dimensional wave equation and two dimensional

Laplace equation

L - 45; T-15; TOTAL HOURS - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Grewal, B.S., "Numerical methods in Engineering and Science", 7th edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Gerald C.F., P.O.Wheatley, "Applied Numerical Analysis", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2002.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Chapra S.C, Canale R.P. "Numerical Methods for Engineers", 5th Ed., McGraw Hill, New York, 2006.
- 2. Jain M.K., S.R.K.Iyengar, R.K.Jain, "Numerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2003
- 3. Sastry.S.S,"Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis",Fifth Edition,PHI Learning Private Ltd., New Delhi, 2012.

COURSE OUTCOMES: At the end of the course students will be able to

CO1: solve algebraic, transcendental and system of equations by numerical methods

CO2: apply various interpolation techniques and finite difference concepts

CO3: carry out numerical differentiation and integration using different methods whenever regular methods are not applicable

CO4: solve first order ODE using single and multi step methods

CO5: solve the boundary value problems in PDE by finite differences

Board of Studies (BoS):

Academic Council:

12th BOS of Mathematics and AS department held 23.06.2021

17th AC held on 15.07.2021

	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO1	М	L													
CO2	М														
CO3	М	L													
CO4	М	L													
CO5	М	L													

Note: L - Low Correlation M - Medium Correlation H - High Correlation

SDG 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong opportunities for all.

Learning of various methods in numerical analysis will lead to use of applications in many projects in Engineering