

REGULATIONS 2017

CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI

B.Tech.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

VISION AND MISSION OF THE INSTITUTION

VISION

B.S. Abdur Rahman Institute of Science and Technology aspires to be a leader in Education, Training and Research in Engineering, Science, Technology and Management and to play a vital role in the Socio-Economic progress of the Country.

MISSION

- ["] To blossom into an internationally renowned University
- To empower the youth through quality education and to provide professional leadership
- ["] To achieve excellence in all its endeavors to face global challenges
- ["] To provide excellent teaching and research ambience
- To network with global institutions of Excellence, Business, Industry and Research Organizations
- To contribute to the knowledge base through Scientific enquiry, Applied research and Innovation

DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

VISION AND MISSION

VISION

 To be a leader in providing quality education and training in the field of Information Technology at Undergraduate and Postgraduate levels and undertake Research activities thereby contributing to the progress of the country.

MISSION

- To impart quality education and inculcate professionalism to suit the needs of the industries and society.
- To involve graduates in undertaking need based Research activities and disseminate the knowledge to develop entrepreneurial skills.
- To improve the professionalism through extension activities, industrial visits and in-plant training.
- To improve communicate effectively both in documentation and presentation.
- To create awareness of social, economic responsibilities ethically.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

- To provide students with core competence in mathematics, science and engineering concepts essential to formulate, analyze and solve hardware / software engineering problems.
- To impart students with good breadth of knowledge in the core areas of information technology and related engineering so as to comprehend engineering trade-offs, analyze, design and synthesize data and technical concepts to create novel products and solutions for the real time problems.
- To train students in the use of tools and techniques for software development in different application domains and to grow as an entrepreneur.
- To prepare students to apply their knowledge and multifaceted skills to get immediate employment and excel in IT professional careers or awareness of the lifelong learning needed to continue their education in IT or related post graduate programmes to perform excellence, leadership and demonstrate good citizenship.
- To inculcate in students to maintain high professionalism and ethical standards, effective oral and written communication skills, to work as part of teams on multidisciplinary projects and diverse professional environments, and relate engineering issues to the society, global economy and to emerging technologies.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

On successful completion of the programme, the graduates will

- Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- Identify, formulate, research literature, and analyses complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- Use research . based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

- Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
- Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to onec own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.
- To impart broad spectrum of knowledge and skill in the analysis, design, implementation and testing of software systems.
- To focus on need based research in different domains relevant to Information Technology and carry out research projects of national and social relevance.
- To provide problem solving capability through IT tools and techniques with adequate hands on experience to meet industry/ societal needs.
- To develop communication, problem solving, team spirit and leadership skills for a successful professional career.

REGULATIONS - 2017

B.TECH. DEGREE PROGRAMMES

1.0 PRELIMINARY DEFINITIONS & NOMENCLATURE

In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:

- i) "Programme" means B.Tech. Degree Programme.
- ii) **"Branch"** means specialization or discipline of B.Tech. Degree Programme like Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, etc.,
- "Course" means a theory or practical subject that is normally studied in a semester, like Mathematics, Physics, Engineering Graphics, Computer Practice, etc.,
- iv) "Institution" means B.S.Abdur Rahman Crescent Institute of Science and Technology.
- v) **"Dean (Academic Affairs)"** means the Dean (Academic Affairs) of B.S.Abdur Rahman Crescent Institute of Science and Technology.
- vi) **"Dean (Student Affairs)**" means the Dean (Students Affairs) of B.S.Abdur Rahman Crescent Institute of Science and Technology.
- vii) **"Controller of Examinations"** means the Controller of Examination of B.S.Abdur Rahman Crescent Institute of Science and Technology who is responsible for conduct of examinations and declaration of results.

2.0 ADMISSION

- 2.1a) Candidates for admission to the first semester of the eight-semester B.Tech. degree programme shall be required to have passed the Higher Secondary Examination of the (10+2) curriculum (Academic stream) prescribed by the appropriate authority or any other examination of any university or authority accepted by the Institution as equivalent thereto.
- 2.1b) Candidates for admission to the third semester of the eight-semester B.Tech. programme under lateral entry scheme shall be required to have passed the Diploma examination in Engineering / Technology of the Department of Technical Education, Government of Tamil Nadu or any other examination of any other authority accepted by the Institution as equivalent thereto.
- **2.2** Notwithstanding the qualifying examination the candidate might have passed, the candidate shall also write an entrance examination prescribed by the Institution for admission. The entrance examination shall test the proficiency of

the candidate in Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry on the standards prescribed for Ten plus Two academic stream.

2.3 The eligibility criteria such as marks, number of attempts and physical fitness shall be as prescribed by the Institution from time to time.

3.0 BRANCHES OF STUDY

3.1 Regulations are applicable to the following B.Tech. degree programmes in various branches of Engineering and Technology, each distributed over eight semesters with two semesters per academic year.

B.TECH. DEGREE PROGRAMMES:

- 1. Aeronautical Engineering
- 2. Automobile Engineering
- 3. Civil Engineering
- 4. Computer Science and Engineering
- 5. Electrical and Electronics Engineering
- 6. Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 7. Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering
- 8. Information Technology
- 9. Manufacturing Engineering
- 10. Mechanical Engineering
- 11.Polymer Engineering
- 12. Biotechnology
- 13. Cancer Biotechnology
- 14. Food Biotechnology

4.0 STRUCTURE OF THE PROGRAMME

- **4.1** Every Programme will have a curriculum with syllabi consisting of theory and practical courses such as,
 - i) Basic Sciences (BS)
 - ii) Humanities & Social Sciences (HS)
 - iii) Management Sciences (MS)
 - iv) Engineering Sciences Fundamentals (ESF)
 - v) Engineering Core Courses (EC)
 - vi) Professional Electives (PE)
 - vii) General Electives (GE)
 - viii) Workshop practice, laboratory work, industrial training, seminar

presentation, project work, etc.

- 4.2 Each course is normally assigned certain number of credits :
 - one credit per lecture period per week
 - one credit per tutorial period per week
 - one credit for two to three periods and two credits for four periods of laboratory or practical sessions
 - one credit for two periods of seminar / project work per week
 - one credit for two weeks of industrial training.
- **4.3** Each semester curriculum shall normally have a blend of lecture courses, laboratory courses and laboratory integrated theory courses of total not exceeding 26 credits.
- **4.4** For the award of the degree, a student has to earn a minimum total credits specified in the curriculum of the relevant branch of study. The minimum credits to be earned will be between 174 and 180, depending on the program.
- **4.5** The medium of instruction, examinations and project report shall be in English, except for courses in languages other than English.

5.0 DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

- **5.1** A student is ordinarily expected to complete the B.Tech. programme in eight semesters (six semesters in the case of lateral entry scheme), but in any case not more than 14 continuous semesters reckoned from the date of first admission (12 semesters in the case of lateral entry student).
- **5.2** Each semester shall consist of a minimum of 90 working days.
- **5.3** Semester end examination will normally follow within a week after the last working day of the semester.

6.0 CLASS ADVISOR AND FACULTY ADVISOR

6.1 CLASS ADVISOR

A faculty member will be nominated by the HOD as Class Advisor for the class throughout the period of study except first year.

The Class Advisor shall be responsible for maintaining the academic, curricular and co-curricular records of students of the class throughout their period of study.

However, for the first and second semester, the class advisors (First year class advisors) will be nominated by the first year coordinator.

6.2 FACULTY ADVISOR

To help the students in planning their courses of study and for general counseling, the Head of the Department of the students will attach a maximum of 20 students to a faculty member of the department who shall function as faculty advisor for the students throughout their period of study. Such faculty advisor shall guide the students in taking up the elective courses for registration and enrolment in every semester and also offer advice to the students on academic and related personal matters.

7.0 COURSE COMMITTEE

7.1 Each common theory course offered to more than one group of students shall have a Course Committee+comprising all the teachers teaching the common course with one of them nominated as course coordinator. The nomination of the course coordinator shall be made by the Head of the Department / Dean (Academic Affairs) depending upon whether all the teachers teaching the common course belong to a single department or to several departments. The Course Committee shall meet as often as possible and ensure uniform evaluation of the tests and arrive at a common scheme of evaluation for the tests. Wherever it is feasible, the Course Committee may also prepare a common question paper for the test(s).

8.0 CLASS COMMITTEE

A class committee comprising faculty members handling the classes, student representatives and a senior faculty member not handling the courses as chairman will be constituted branch-wise and semester-wise

- **8.1** The composition of class committees for first and second semester will be as follows:
 - i) The first year coordinator shall be the chairman of the class committee
 - ii) Faculty members of all individual courses of first / second semester
 - iii) Six student representatives (male and female) of each class nominated by the first year coordinator
 - iv) The class advisor and faculty advisors of the class.
- **8.2** The composition of the class committee for each branch from 3rd to 8th semester will be as follows:
 - i) One senior faculty member preferably not handling courses for the concerned semester, appointed as chairman by the Head of the

Department

- ii) Faculty members of all courses of the semester
- iii) Six student representatives (male and female) of each class nominated by the Head of the Department in consultation with the relevant faculty advisors
- iv) All faculty advisors and the class advisors.
- v) Head of the Department
- **8.3** The class committee shall meet at least four times during the semester. The first meeting will be held within two weeks from the date of commencement of classes, in which the nature of continuous assessment for various courses and the weightages for each component of assessment will be decided for the first and second assessment. The second meeting will be held within a week after the date of first assessment report, to review the students' performance and for follow up action. The third meeting will be held within a week after the second assessment report, to review the students' performance and for follow up action.
- **8.4** During these three meetings the student members representing the entire class, shall meaningfully interact and express opinions and suggestions to improve the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process.
- 8.5 The fourth meeting of the class committee, excluding the student members, shall meet within 5 days from the last day of the semester end examination to analyze the performance of the students in all the components of assessments and decide their grades in each course. The grades for a common course shall be decided by the concerned course committee and shall be presented to the class committee(s) by the concerned course coordinator.

9.0 REGISTRATION AND ENROLMENT

9.1 Except for the first semester, every student shall register for the ensuing semester during a specified week before the semester end examination of the ongoing semester. Every student shall submit a completed registration form indicating the list of courses intended to be enrolled during the ensuing semester. Late registration with the approval of the Dean (Academic Affairs) along with a late fee will be permitted up to the last working day of the current semester.

- **9.2** From the second year onwards, all students shall pay the prescribed fees for the year on a specific day at the beginning of the semester confirming the registered courses. Late enrolment along with a late fee will be permitted up to two weeks from the date of commencement of classes. If a student does not enroll, his/her name will be removed from rolls.
- **9.3** The students of first semester shall register and enroll at the time of admission by paying the prescribed fees.
- **9.4** A student should have registered for all preceding semesters before registering for a particular semester.

10.0 COURSE CHANGE / WITHDRAWAL

10.1 CHANGE OF A COURSE

A student can change an enrolled course within 10 working days from the commencement of the course, with the approval of the Dean (Academic Affairs), on the recommendation of the Head of the Department of the student.

10.2 WITHDRAWAL FROM A COURSE

A student can withdraw from an enrolled course at any time before the first assessment for genuine reasons, with the approval of the Dean (Academic Affairs), on the recommendation of the Head of the Department of the student.

11.0 TEMPORARY BREAK OF STUDY FROM PROGRAMME

A student may be permitted by the Dean (Academic Affairs) to avail temporary break of study from the programme up to a maximum of two semesters for reasons of ill health or other valid grounds. A student can avail the break of study before the start of first assessment of the ongoing semester. However the total duration for completion of the programme shall not exceed the prescribed maximum number of semesters (vide clause 5.1). If any student is debarred for want of attendance or suspended due to any act of indiscipline, it will not be considered as break of study. A student who has availed break of study has to rejoin in the same semester only.

12.0 CREDIT LIMIT FOR ENROLMENT & MOVEMENT TO HIGHER SEMESTER

- **12.1** A student can enroll for a maximum of 32 credits during a semester including Redo /Pre do Courses
- **12.2** The minimum earned credit required to move to the higher semester shall be
 - ["] Not less than 20 credits, to move to the 3rd semester
 - ["] Not less than 40 credits, (20 for lateral entry) to move to the 5th semester

["] Not less than 60 credits, (40 for lateral entry) to move to the 7th semester

13.0 ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE AND PERCENTAGE WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS

13.1 Every theory course shall have a total of three assessments during a semester as given below:

Assessment No.	Course Coverage in Weeks	Duration	Weightage of Marks
Assessment 1	1 to 6	1.5 hours	25%
Assessment 2	7 to 12	1.5 hours	25%
Semester End Exam	Full course	3 hours	50%

- **13.2** Appearing for semester end theory examination for each course is mandatory and a student should secure a minimum of 40% marks in each course in semester end examination for the successful completion of the course.
- **13.3** Every practical course will have 60% weightage for continuous assessments and 40% for semester end examination. However a student should have secured a minimum of 50% marks in the semester end practical examination.
- **13.4** For laboratory integrated theory courses, the theory and practical components shall be assessed separately for 100 marks each and consolidated by assigning a weightage of 75% for theory component and 25% for practical component. Grading shall be done for this consolidated mark. Assessment of theory component shall have a total of three assessments with two continuous assessments carrying 25% weightage each and semester end examination carrying 50% weightage. The student shall secure a separate minimum of 40% in the semester end theory examination. The evaluation of practical component shall be through continuous assessment.
- **13.5** The components of continuous assessment for theory/practical/laboratory integrated theory courses shall be finalized in the first class committee meeting.
- **13.6** In the case of Industrial training, the student shall submit a report, which will be evaluated along with an oral examination by a committee of faculty members, constituted by the Head of the Department. A progress report from the industry will also be taken into account for evaluation. The weightage for report shall be 60% and 40% for Viva Voce examination.
- 13.7 In the case of project work, a committee of faculty members constituted by the

Head of the Department will carry out three periodic reviews. Based on the project report submitted by the student(s), an oral examination (viva-voce) will be conducted as the semester end examination, for which one external examiner, approved by the Controller of Examinations, will be included. The weightage for periodic review will be 50%. Of the remaining 50%, 20% will be for the project report and 30% for the Viva Voce examination.

- **13.8** Assessment of seminars and comprehension will be carried out by a committee of faculty members constituted by the Head of the Department.
- **13.9** For the first attempt of the arrear theory examination, the internal assessment marks scored for a course during first appearance will be used for grading along with the marks scored in the arrear examination. From the subsequent appearance onwards, full weightage shall be assigned to the marks scored in the semester end examination and the internal assessment marks secured during the course of study shall be ignored.

In case of laboratory integrated theory courses, after one regular and one arrear appearance, the internal mark of theory component is invalid and full weightage shall be assigned to the marks scored in the semester end examination for theory component. There shall be no arrear or improvement examination for lab component.

14.0 SUBSTITUTE EXAMINATIONS

- 14.1 A student who has missed, for genuine reasons, a maximum of one of the two continuous assessments of a course may be permitted to write a substitute examination paying the prescribed substitute examination fees. However, permission to take up a substitute examination will be given under exceptional circumstances, such as accidents, admission to a hospital due to illness, etc. by a committee constituted by the Dean of School for that purpose. However there is no Substitute Examination for Semester End examination.
- 14.2 A student who misses any continuous assessment test in a course shall apply for substitute exam in the prescribed form to the Head of the Department / Dean of School within a week from the date of missed assessment test. However the Substitute Examination will be conducted after the last working day of the semester and before Semester End Examination.

15.0 ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENT AND SEMESTER / COURSE REPETITION

15.1 A student shall earn 100% attendance in the contact periods of every course,

subject to a maximum relaxation of 25% (for genuine reasons such as medical grounds or representing the Institution in approved events etc.) to become eligible to appear for the semester-end examination in that course, failing which the student shall be awarded **%** grade in that course. The cases in which the student is awarded **%** grade, shall register and repeat the course when it is offered next.

- **15.2** The faculty member of each course shall cumulate the attendance details for the semester and furnish the names of the students who have not earned the required attendance in that course to the Class Advisor. The Class Advisor will consolidate and furnish the list of students who have earned less that 75% attendance, in various courses, to the Dean (Academic Affairs) through the Head of the Department/ Dean of School. Thereupon, the Dean (Academic Affairs) shall announce the names of such students prevented from writing the semester end examination in each course.
- **15.3** A student who has obtained <u>a</u>qgrade in all the courses in a semester is not permitted to move to next higher semester. Such student shall repeat all the courses of the semester in the subsequent academic year.
- 15.4 A student should register to re-do a core course wherein ‰ or ‰ + grade is awarded. If the student is awarded, ‰ or ‰ + grade in an elective course either the same elective course may be repeated or a new elective course may be taken with the approval of Head of the Department / Dean of School.
- **15.5** A student who is awarded %J+grade in a course will have the option to either write the semester end arrear examination at the end of the subsequent semesters, or to redo the course in the evening when the course is offered by the department. Marks scored in the continuous assessment during the redo classes shall be considered for grading along with the marks scored in the semester-end (redo) examination. If any student obtained %J+grade in the redo course, the marks scored in the continuous assessment test (redo) for that course will be considered as internal mark for further appearance of arrear examination.
- **15.6** If a student with %J+grade, who prefers to redo any particular course, fails to earn the minimum 75% attendance while doing that course, then he / she will not be permitted to write the semester end examination and his / her earlier %J+ grade and continuous assessment marks shall continue.

16.0 REDO COURSES

- 16.1 A student can register for a maximum of two redo courses per semester in the evening after regular college hours, if such courses are offered by the concerned department. Students may also opt to redo the courses offered during regular semesters.
- **16.2** The Head of the Department with the approval of Dean Academic Affairs may arrange for the conduct of a few courses during the evening, depending on the availability of faculty members and subject to a specified minimum number of students registering for each of such courses.
- **16.3** The number of contact hours and the assessment procedure for any redo course will be the same as those during regular semesters except that there is no provision for any substitute examination and withdrawal from an evening redo course.

17.0 PASSING AND DECLARATION OF RESULTS AND GRADE SHEET

17.1 All assessments of a course will be made on absolute marks basis. However, the Class Committee without the student members shall meet within 5 days after the semester-end examination and analyze the performance of students in all assessments of a course and award letter grades. The letter grades and the corresponding grade points are as follows:

Letter Grade	Grade Points
S	10
A	9
В	8
С	7
D	6
E	5
U	0
W	0
I	0
AB	0

- "W" denotes withdrawal from the course.
- "I" denotes inadequate attendance and hence prevention from semesterend examination
- **"U"** denotes unsuccessful performance in the course.
- "AB" denotes absence for the semester-end examination.
- **17.2** A student who earns a minimum of five grade points (£qgrade) in a course is

declared to have successfully completed the course. Such a course cannot be repeated by the student for improvement of grade.

- 17.3 The results, after awarding of grades, shall be signed by the Chairman of the Class Committee and Head of the Department/Dean of Schools and it shall be declared by the Controller of Examinations.
- 17.4 Within one week from the date of declaration of result, a student can apply for revaluation of his / her semester-end theory examination answer scripts of one or more courses, on payment of prescribed fee, through proper application to Controller of Examination. Subsequently the Head of the Department/ Dean of School offered the course shall constitute a revaluation committee consisting of Chairman of the Class Committee as Convener, the faculty member of the course and a senior member of faculty knowledgeable in that course. The committee shall meet within a week to revalue the answer scripts and submit its report to the Controller of Examinations for consideration and decision.
- **17.5** After results are declared, grade sheets shall be issued to each student, which will contain the following details. The list of courses enrolled during the semester including redo courses, if any, and the grade scored, the Grade Point Average (GPA) for the semester and the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of all courses enrolled from first semester onwards. GPA is the ratio of the sum of the products of the number of credits of courses registered and the grade points corresponding to the grades scored in those courses, taken for all the courses, to the sum of the number of credits of all the courses in the semester.

If Ci, is the number of credits assigned for the ith course and GPi is the Grade Point in the ith course

$$GPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (C_i) (GPi)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i}$$

Where n = number of courses

The Cumulative Grade Point Average CGPA shall be calculated in a similar manner, considering all the courses enrolled from first semester.

"I" and "W" grades will be excluded for calculating GPA .

"U", "I", "AB" and "W" grades will be excluded for calculating CGPA.

The formula for the conversion of CGPA to equivalent percentage of marks shall be as follows:

Percentage Equivalent of Marks = CGPA X 10

17.6 After successful completion of the programme, the Degree will be awarded with the following classifications based on CGPA.

Classification	CGPA					
First Class with	8.50 and above and passing all the courses in					
Distinction	first appearance and completing the					
	programme within the Prescribed period of 8					
	semester for normal entry and 6 semesters					
	for lateral entry					
First Class	6.50 and above and completing the					
	programme within a maximum of 10 semester					
	for normal entry and 8 semesters for lateral					
	entry					
Second Class	Others					

However, to be eligible for First Class with Distinction, a student should not have obtained ±Jqor ±qgrade in any course during his/her study and should have completed the U.G. programme within a minimum period (except break of study). To be eligible for First Class, a student should have passed the examination in all the courses within the specified minimum number of semesters reckoned from his/her commencement of study. For this purpose, the authorized break of study will not be counted. The students who do not satisfy the above two conditions will be classified as second class. For the purpose of classification, the CGPA will be rounded to two decimal places. For the purpose of comparison of performance of students and ranking, CGPA will be considered up to three decimal places.

18.0 ELECTIVE CHOICE:

18.1 Apart from the various elective courses listed in the curriculum for each branch of specialization, the student can choose a maximum of two electives from any other specialization under any department, during the entire period of study, with the approval of the Head of the parent department and the Head of

the other department offering the course.

18.2 ONLINE / SELF STUDY COURSES

Students are permitted to undergo department approved online/ self study courses not exceeding a total of six credits with the recommendation of the Head of the Department / Dean of School and with the prior approval of Dean Academic Affairs during his/ her period of study. In case of credits earned through online mode ratified by the respective Board of Studies, the credits may be transferred following the due approval procedures. The students shall undergo self study courses on their own with the mentoring of a member of the faculty. The online/ self study courses can be considered in lieu of elective courses.

19.0 SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

Final Year students can apply for supplementary examination for a maximum of two courses thus providing an opportunity to complete their degree programme. Like wise students with less credits can also apply for supplementary examination for a maximum of two courses to enable them to earn minimum credits to move to higher semester. The students can apply for supplementary examination within three weeks of the declaration of results.

20.0 PERSONALITY AND CHARACTER DEVELOPMENT

- **20.1** All students shall enroll, on admission, in any of the personality and character development programmes, NCC / NSS / NSO / YRC / Rotaract and undergo practical training.
 - National Cadet Corps (NCC) will have to undergo specified number of parades.
 - *National Service Scheme (NSS)* will have social service activities in and around Chennai.
 - National Sports Organization (NSO) will have sports, games, drills and physical exercises.
 - Youth Red Cross (YRC) will have social service activities in and around Chennai.
 - " Rotaract will have social service activities in and around Chennai.

21.0 DISCIPLINE

21.1 Every student is required to observe disciplined and decorous behavior both inside and outside the campus and not to indulge in any activity which will tend

to affect the prestige of the Institution.

21.2 Any act of indiscipline of a student, reported to the Dean (Student Affairs), through the HOD / Dean will be referred to a Discipline and Welfare Committee nominated by the Vice-Chancellor, for taking appropriate action.

22.0 ELIGIBILITY FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE

- **22.1** A student shall be declared to be eligible for the award of B.Tech. degree provided the student has:
 - i) successfully completed all the required courses specified in the programme curriculum and earned the number of credits prescribed for the specialization, within a maximum period of 14 semester (12 semesters for lateral entry) from the date of admission, including break of study
 - ii) no dues to the Institution, Library, Hostels
 - iii) no disciplinary action pending against him/her.
- **22.2** The award of the degree must have been approved by the Institution.

23.0 POWER TO MODIFY

Notwithstanding all that has been stated above, the Academic Council has the right to modify the above regulations from time to time.

SI.	Course	Course	Course Title		т	Р	С	
No.	Group	Code	Course rille	L	•	Г	C	
1.	BS	MAC 1181	Differential Calculus and	3	1	0	4	
			Geometry					
2.	HS	ENC 1181/	English /	3	0	0	3	
		ISC 1181/	Arabic /					
		LNC 1181/	Mandarin /					
		LNC 1182 /	German /					
		LNC 1183	Japanese					
3.	BS	PHC 1181	Physics	3	0	2	4	
4.	BS	CHC 1181	Chemistry	3	0	2	4	
5.	ESF	GEC 1101	Engineering Graphics	2	0	2	3	
6.	ESF	GEC 1102	Engineering Design	2	0	0	2	
7.	ESF	GEC 1103	Basic Engineering Practices	0	0	2	1	
			Laboratory					
8.	ESF	GEC 1104	Computer Programming I	1	0	2	2	23

SEMESTER I

SEMESTER II

SI.	Course	Course	Course Title		т	Р	С	
No.	Group	Code	Course rille	L	I	F	C	
1.	BS	MAC 1281	Advanced Calculus	3	1	0	4	
2.	BS	-	Physics Elective	2	0	2	3	
3.	BS	-	Chemistry Elective	2	0	2	3	
4.	ESF	GEC 1211	Basic Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	4	
5.	BS	GEC 1212	Environmental Studies	2	0	0	2	
6.	ESF	GEC 1213	Computer Programming II	1	0	2	2	
7.	EC	ITC 1201	Digital Principles and	2	0	2	3	
8.	EC	ITC1202	Applications Programming in Python	2	0	2	3	24

SEMESTER III

SI.	Course	Course			Ŧ	Р	С	
No.	Group	Code	Course Title	L	Т	Ρ	C	
1.	BS	MAC 2181	Partial Differential Equations and Transforms	3	1	0	4	
2.	HS	-	Humanities Elective I	2	0	0	2	
3.	HS	ENC 2181	Oral Communication	0	0	2	1	
4.	EC	ITC 2101	Data Structures	3	0	2	4	
5.	EC	ITC 2102	Computer Architecture	3	0	0	3	
6.	EC	ITC 2103	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3	
7.	EC	ITC 2104	Advanced Java & Internet	3	0	0	3	
8.	EC	ITC 2106	Programming Network Configuration Lab	0	0	3	1	
9.	EC	ITC 2107	Advanced Java & Internet Programming Lab	0	0	3	1	22

SEMESTER IV

SI.	Course	Course	Course Title		т	Р	С	
No.	Group	Code	Course Title	Ľ	I	r	C	
1.	BS	-	Mathematics Elective I	3	1	0	4	
2.	HS	-	Humanities Elective II	2	0	0	2	
3.	HS	ENC2282	Written Communication	0	0	2	1	
4.	EC	ITC2212	Database Management	3	0	0	3	
5.	EC	ITC2213	System Operating Systems	3	0	2	4	
6.	EC	ITC2214	Software Engineering	3	0	0	3	
7.	EC	ECC2208	Signals and Systems	3	0	0	3	
8.	EC	ITC2215	DBMS Lab	0	0	3	1	
9.	PE		Programme Elective - I				3	24

SEMESTER V

SI.	Course	Course	Course Title		т	Р	С	
No.	Group	Code	Course Tille	L	1	r	C	
1.	MS	MSC 3181/ MSC 3182	Leadership and CEO Training/ Social Entrepreneurship	3	0	0	3	
2.	GE	-	General Elective I	3	0	0	3	
3.	HS	ENC3181	Communication & soft skill I	0	0	2	1	
4.	EC	ITC3101	Object Oriented Analysis and Design	3	0	0	3	
5.	EC	ITC3102	Fundamentals of Web	2	0	2	3	
6.	EC	ITC3103	Microprocessor and Microcontrollers	3	0	2	4	
7.	EC	ITC3104	Case Tools Lab	0	0	3	1	
8.	PE	-	Programme Elective - II				6	24

SEMESTER VI

SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	т	Ρ	С	
1.	MS	MSC 3181 MSC 3182	Leadership and CEO Training/ Social Entrepreneurship	3	0	0	3	
2.	BS	-	Mathematics Elective II	2	0	0	2	
3.	HS	ENC3281	Communication & soft skill II	0	0	2	1	
4.	EC	ITC3211	Software Testing	3	0	0	3	
5.	EC	ITC3212	Cloud Computing	3	0	0	3	
6.	EC	ITC3213	Technologies Distributed Computing	3	0	0	3	
7.	EC	ITC3214	Open Source Technologies	1	0	2	2	
8.	EC	ITC3215	Software Development Lab	0	0	3	1	
9.	PE	-	Programme Elective - III				6	24

SEMESTER VII

SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	т	Ρ	С	
1.	GE	-	General Elective II	3	0	0	3	
2.	EC	ITC4101	Internet of Things	3	0	2	4	
3.	EC	ITC4102	Information Security	3	0	0	3	
4.	EC	ITC4103	Wireless Networks	3	0	0	3	
5.	EC	ITC4104	Programming in Hadoop	0	0	2	1	
6.	PE	-	Programme Elective - IV	0	0	0	9	
7.	EC	ITC4105	Internship				1*	24

SEMESTER VIII

SI.	Course	Course	Course Title		т	Р	C	
No.	Group	Code		L	•	•	0	
1.	EC	ITC4211	Project Work	0	0	24	12	12

Total credits - 178

* Industrial training will be undertaken during Third year summer vacation for 15 days. The credit will be awarded in the 7th Semester.

PROGRAMME ELECTIVES IV SEMESTER ELECTIVES (3 CREDITS)

SI.	Course	Course	Course Title	L	т	Ρ	С
No.	Group	Code					
1.	PE	ITCX201	Android Application Development	1	0	2	2
2.	PE	ITCX202	Nextgen Technologies	3	0	0	3
3.	PE	ITCX203	Multimedia Tools & Techniques	0	0	2	1
4.	PE	ITCX204	System Software	0	0	2	1
5.	PE	ITCX205	Principles of Communication	3	0	0	3
0.	• =	110/1200		Ŭ	Ũ	Ŭ	U
6.	PE	ITCX206	Principles of Compiler Design	3	0	0	3
7.	PE	ITCX207	User Interface Design	2	0	0	2
			Ũ				
8.	PE	ITCX208	Semantic Web	2	0	0	2

V SEMESTER ELECTIVES (6 CREDITS)

SI. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	т	Ρ	С
1.	PE	ITCX101	iOS Application Development	1	0	2	2
2.	PE	ITCX102	Oracle Database Programming	0	0	2	1
3.	PE	ITCX103	Natural Language Processing	3	0	0	3
4.	PE	ITCX104	Game Theory	3	0	0	3
5.	PE	ITCX105	Soft Computing	3	0	0	3
6.	PE	ITCX106	Machine Learning Algorithms	3	0	0	3
7.	PE	ITCX107	C# and .NET Framework	3	0	2	4
8.	PE	ITCX108	Artificial Intelligence	3	0	0	3

VI SEMESTER ELECTIVES (6 CREDITS)

SI.	Course	Course	Course Title	L	т	Р	С
No.	Group	Code					
1.	PE	ITCX212	Hybrid Application Development	1	0	2	2
2.	PE	ITCX213	Data Warehousing, Data Mining and Data Mining Tools	3	0	2	4
3.	PE	ITCX214	Cyber Security	3	0	0	3
4.	PE	ITCX215	Software Requirements Management & Software Project Management	3	0	0	3
5.	PE	ITCX216	Business and Data Analytics	3	0	0	3
6.	PE	ITCX217	Web Services	3	0	0	3
7.	PE	ITCX218	Image Processing	3	0	0	3
8.	PE	ITCX219	Expert Systems	3	0	0	3
9.	PE	ITCX220	Service Oriented Architecture	3	0	0	3
10	PE	ITCX221	Pervasive Computing	3	0	0	3
11.	PE	ITCX222	Knowledge Based Decision Support System	3	0	0	3
12.	PE	ITCX223	Electronics Commerce	3	0	0	3

VII SEMESTER ELECTIVES (9 CREDITS)

SI.	Course	Course	Course Title		т	Р	C
No.	Group	Code	Course Title	-	I	Г	C
1.	PE	ITCX117	Cloud Middleware Tools	1	0	2	2
2.	PE	ITCX118	Big Data Tools & Technologies	1	0	2	2

B.Tech.		Inform	matior	n Tec	hnology		
3.	PE	ITCX119	Forensic Tool Kits	0	0	2	1
4.	PE	ITCX120	MongoDB for Java developers	0	0	2	1
5.	PE	ITCX121	Green Computing	0	0	2	1
6.	PE	ITCX122	XML Technologies	0	0	2	1
7.	PE	ITCX123	Big Data Analytics	3	0	0	3
8.	PE	ITCX124	Programming in Scala	0	0	2	1
9.	PE	ITCX125	R Programming	1	0	2	2
10.	PE	ITCX126	Virtual Reality	2	0	2	3
11.	PE	ITCX127	Software Quality Management	3	0	0	3
12.	PE	ITCX128	Cloud Forensics	3	0	0	3
13.	PE	ITCX129	Networking Simulators	0	0	2	1
14.	PE	ITCX130	Enterprise Resource Planning	3	0	0	3
15.	PE	ITCX131	Embedded System	3	0	0	3

_

Physics Elective Courses

(To be offered in II Semester)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	т	Ρ	С
1.	PHCX 01	Fundamentals of Engineering Materials	2	0	2	3
2.	PHCX 02	Heat and Thermodynamics	2	0	2	3
3.	PHCX 03	Introduction to Nanoscience and Technology	2	0	2	3
4.	PHCX 04	Lasers and their applications	2	0	2	3
5.	PHCX 05	Materials Science	2	0	2	3
6.	PHCX 06	Non-Destructive Testing	2	0	2	3
7.	PHCX 07	Properties of Matter and Acoustics	2	0	2	3
8.	PHCX 08	Properties of Matter and Nondestructive Testing	2	0	2	3
9.	PHCX 09	Semiconductor Physics and Optoelectronics	2	0	2	3
		Chemistry Elective Courses				
01		Chemistry Elective Courses (To be offered in II Semester)				
SI. No.	Course Code	-	L	т	Ρ	С
	Course Code CHCX01	(To be offered in II Semester)	L 2	T 0	P 2	C 3
No.		(To be offered in II Semester) Course Title	_			-
No. 1.	CHCX01	(To be offered in II Semester) Course Title Analytical Instrumentation	2	0	2	3
No. 1. 2.	CHCX01 CHCX02	(To be offered in II Semester) Course Title Analytical Instrumentation Corrosion and its Control	2 2	0 0	2 2	3
No. 1. 2. 3.	CHCX01 CHCX02 CHCX03	(To be offered in II Semester) Course Title Analytical Instrumentation Corrosion and its Control Electrical Materials and Batteries	2 2 2	0 0 0	2 2 2	3 3 3
No. 1. 2. 3. 4.	CHCX01 CHCX02 CHCX03 CHCX04	(To be offered in II Semester) Course Title Analytical Instrumentation Corrosion and its Control Electrical Materials and Batteries Engineering Materials	2 2 2 2 2	0 0 0 0	2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3
No. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	CHCX01 CHCX02 CHCX03 CHCX04 CHCX05	(To be offered in II Semester) Course Title Analytical Instrumentation Corrosion and its Control Electrical Materials and Batteries Engineering Materials Fuels and Combustion	2 2 2 2 2 2	0 0 0 0	2 2 2 2 2	3 3 3 3 3

B.Tech.

- - -

9.	9. CHCX09 Polymer Science and Technology		2	0	2	3
		Maths Elective Courses (To be offered in IV Semester)				

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	т	Ρ	С
1.	MACX 01	Discrete Mathematics And Graph Theory	3	1	0	4
2.	MACX 02	Probability And Statistics	3	1	0	4
3.	MACX 03	Random Processes	3	1	0	4
4.	MACX 04	Applied Numerical Methods	3	1	0	4

Maths Elective Courses

(To be offered in VI Semester)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Ρ	С
1.	MACX 05	Mathematical Programming	2	0	0	2
2.	MACX 06	Statistical Methods for Data Analysis	2	0	0	2
3.	MACX 07	Numerical Methods for Integral and Differential Equations	2	0	0	2
4.	MACX 08	Mathematical Modelling	2	0	0	2
5.	MACX 09	Graph Theory	2	0	0	2

Humanities Elective I

(To be offered in III Semester)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	т	Ρ	С
1.	SSCX01	Fundamentals of Economics	2	0	0	2
2.	SSCX02	Principles of Sociology	2	0	0	2
3.	SSCX03	Sociology of Indian Society	2	0	0	2

Humanities Elective II

(To be offered in IV Semester)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	L	т	Ρ	С	
1.	SSCX04	Economics of Sustainable	2	0	0	2	
		Development					
2.	SSCX05	Industrial Sociology	2	0	0	2	
3.	SSCX06	Law for Engineers	2	0	0	2	

General Elective

Group I Courses

(To be offered in V semester)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Offering Department
1.	GECX101	Disaster Management	Civil
2.	GECX102	Total Quality Management	Mechanical
3.	GECX103	Energy Studies	Mechanical
4.	GECX104	Robotics	Mechanical
5.	GECX105	Transport Management	Automobile
6.	GECX106	Control Systems	EEE
7.	GECX107	Introduction to VLSI Design	ECE
8.	GECX108	Plant Engineering	EIE
9.	GECX109	Network Security	CSE
10.	GECX110	Knowledge management	CSE
11.	GECX111	Cyber security	IT
12.	GECX112	Genetic Engineering	LS
13.	GECX113	Fundamentals of Project Management	CBS
14.	GECX114	Operations Research	Mathematics
15.	GECX115	Nano Technology	Physics / Chemistry
16.	GECX116	Vehicle Maintenance	Automobile
17.	GECX117	Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing	ECE

Group II Courses

(To be offered in VII semester)

SI. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Offering Department
1.	GECX201	Green Design and Sustainability	Civil
2.	GECX202	Appropriate Technology	Civil / Mechanical
3.	GECX203	Engineering System Modelling and Simulation	Mechanical
4.	GECX204	Value Analysis and Engineering	Mechanical
5.	GECX205	Industrial Safety	Mechanical
6.	GECX206	Advanced Optimization Techniques	Mechanical
7.	GECX207	Mat Lab Simulation	EEE
8.	GECX208	Embedded Systemsand its	ECE
9.	GECX209	Applications Usability Engineering	CSE
10.	GECX210	Supply Chain Management	CBS
11.	GECX211	System Analysis and Design	CA
12.	GECX212	Advanced Materials	Physics & Chemistry
13.	GECX213	National Service Scheme	School of Humanities
14.	GECX214	Automotive Pollution and Control	Automobile
15.	GECX215	Motor Vehicle Act, Insurance and Policy	Automobile
16.	GECX216	Principles of Communication Systems	ECE
17.	GECX217	Lean Management	Civil
18.	GECX218	Spatial Data Modeling & Analysis	Civil

8+2

SEMESTER I

MAC 1181 DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS AND L T P C GEOMETRY 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

The aims of this course are to

- introduce eigen values and eigenvectors of matrix algebra.
- make the student knowledgeable in the area of Three Dimensional Analytical Geometry.
- demonstrate the application of Differential Calculus.
- familiarize the student with the functions of several variables.
- develop the use of ODE solvable techniques necessary for engineering applications.
- motivate the students with some basic engineering application problems in ODE.

MODULE I MATRICES

Characteristic Equation- Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix . Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors . Cayley-Hamilton Theorem (without proof) . Orthogonal matrices . orthogonal transformations of a symmetric matrix to diagonal form . Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation.

MODULE II THREE DIMENSIONAL ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY 7+3

Direction cosines and ratios . angle between two lines . equations of a plane . equations of a straight line, coplanar lines - shortest distance between skew lines - sphere . tangent plane . plane section of a sphere . orthogonal spheres.

MODULE III DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY 7+3

Curvature . Cartesian and polar coordinates . centre and radius of curvature . circle of curvature . involutes and evolutes . envelopes.

MODULE IV DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS OF SEVERAL 8+2 VARIABLES

Functions of two variables . partial derivatives . total differential . Implicit Functions . Jacobian - Taylors series expansion . Optima of two variables . Lagranges multiplier method.

MODULE V ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 8+2

Linear equations of second order with constant and variable coefficients . Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficients . homogeneous equations of Eulers type . method of undetermined coefficients, method of variation of parameters

MODULE VI APPLICATIONS OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL 7+3 EQUATIONS

Solution of Ordinary Differential Equation Related to Electric Circuits . Bending of Beams- Motion of a Particle in a resisting medium . Simple harmonic motion.

L – 45; T – 15; Total Hours –60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Ramana, B.V, Higher Engineering Mathematics+Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2006.
- 2. Grewal B.S., *M* igher Engineering Mathematics+ (43rd edition), Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.
- 3. John W. Cell Mangineering Problems Illustrating Mathematics+ Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co., New York 1943

REFERENCES:

- 1. Veerarajan.T., ‰ngineering Mathematics+ (5th edition) Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2012
- 2. Kreyszig, E., & dvanced Engineering Mathematics+, 10th edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., Singapore, 2001.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil, % dvanced Engineering Mathematics+, 7th edition, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 4. Dennis G. Zill, Warren S. Wright, %Advanced Engineering Mathematics+, 4th edition, Jones and Bartlett publishers, Sudbury, 2011.
- 5. Alan Jeffrey, %Advanced Engineering Mathematics+, Academic Press, USA, 2002.
- 6. Venkataraman, M.K., Signgineering Mathematics+, Volume I, 2nd edition, National Publishing Co., Chennai, 2003.
- 7. James Stewart % Calculus+(7th edition), Brooks/Cole cengage learning, UK

OUTCOMES:

After completing the course, student will be able to

- understand the matrix techniques and compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a given matrix.
- > do the problems based on three dimensional analytic geometry.
- > apply differential calculus in engineering problems.
- > differentiate more than one variable and their applications.
- solve the differential equations with constant coefficient and variable coefficient.

form and solve differential equations.

S: Making Presentations using visuals.

R : Scanning short texts for gist of information

W: Letter of Invitation, Expository Writing

Language Focus: Homophones, Homographs, Simple Future & Collocations.

MODULE IV

L: Understanding prepared presentation techniques through videos

S: Short Presentations.

R: Reading for coherence and cohesion

W: Letter seeking permission for Industrial Visit

Language Focus: S-V agreement, Euphemism

7

8

MODULE V

L : Understanding Non- Verbal Communications while listening to narration of incidents.

S: Narrating an expereince

R: Inferential Reading

W: Process Description . Transcoding a Flow chart.

Language Focus: Interchange of Active & passive voice, Impersonal Passive voice.

MODULE VI

7

8

L: Learning Story telling techniques (stories & visuals) through audio files

S: Discussion in groups

R: Reading for critical appreciation

W: Developing an idea, Slogan writing, Interpreting a Bar Chart.

Language Focus: If clause and phrasal verbs.

TOTAL HOURS :45

REFERENCES:

- 1. Carol Rosenblun perry(2011). The Fine Art of Technical Writing. Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, New Delhi.
- Dutt, P.K. Rajeevan. G and Prakash , C.L.N. (2007) A course in Communication Skills. Cambridge University Press, India.
- 3. Kala, Abdul & Arun Tiwari (2004) . Wings of Fire : An Autobiography(Simplified and Abridged by Mukul Chowdhri). Hyderabad University Press.
- 4. Sen, Leena. (2004) Communication Skills. Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 5. Matt Firth, Chris Sowton et.al. (2012). Academic English: An Integrated Skills Course for EAP. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, students will have the ability to

- Demonstrate their range of vocabulary in academic and technical contexts
- Exchange ideas and make presentations
- Comprehend and respond appropriately to listening tasks.
- Read a text efficiently and process information.
- Create and draft different kinds of academic documents
- Communicate effectively using grammatically correct expressions.

ISC1181	ARABIC	L	т	Р	С
		3	0	0	3
OBJECTIVES:					
To learn vocat	rite in Arabic language. Julary of different fields Jational communication skills.				
MODULE I	PREPARATORY ARABIC				7
Introducing Arabic Alphabets. Listening and Reading. Audio & Video aided listening, Tajweed listening, Writing Arabic Alphabets (connected & unconnected). Introducing words. Reading simple sentences. Learning names of the things in and around the class room. Exercises.					
MODULE II	FUNCTIONAL ARABIC				7
Communicatin Jumlaqlsmiyya Situational Con Greetings, Intr Classroom, Co Dining and Kito Reading skills. Exercises	oduction. Illege, Picnic. chen.				
MODULE III	FUNCTIONAL ARABIC				8
Audio aids. Writing Simple Communicatin Situational cor Playground, lik	g ordinal and cardinal numbers. nmunication: prary. I . Sample sentences.				
MODULE IV	FUNCTIONAL ARABIC				8
Communicatio Family, travel Market, Prayer					

Writing skills: Note making. Sequencing of sentences. Developing answers from the questions. Exercises.

MODULE V TECHNICAL ARABIC

Importance of technical communication.

Reading and writing skills.

Audio & Video aided listening.

Introduction to Arabic terms related to administration.

Situation communication:

Air travel, Office administration, passport, visa.

Exercises

MODULE VI TECHNICAL ARABIC

7

8

Situation communication: Contractual work, machineries and equipments.. Computer, internet browsing. Banking, Exercises.

TOTAL HOURS :45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Arabic for professionals and employees, Kilakarai Bukhari Aalim Arabic College, Chennai, India, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Arabic Reader for Non Arabs (Ummul Qura University, Makkah), Kilakarai Bukhari Aalim Arabic College, 2005.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- " Write correct sentences in Arabic.
- Communicate in Arabic at primary level in working situations in the fields of engineering and administration.

LNC1181	MANDARIN	L	т	Ρ	С
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To improve the proficiency of students in Mandarin language.
- 2. To develop their knowledge of vocabulary.
- 3. To train them in using appropriate grammatical forms during communications.
- 4. To empower them for successful communication in social and academic contexts.
- 5. To make them appreciate the language usage in real life situations.

MODULE I

®General Introduction to Chinese "Pinyin and Tones "Introduction to the Writing System: basic strokes and stroke order ®Numbers 1-100, song ®Days of the Week ® Months of the Year

MODULE II

Chinese names and related culture Chinese family structures and values R Greetings

®ntroducing Yourself ®Family members ®Occupations

MODULE III

®Languages and Nationalities ®Daily Routine ®Chinese breakfast ®Negative Sentences and Interrogative Sentences ®Asking for Personal Information ®The Verb *shi* and Basic Sentence Structures

MODULE IV

®Answering an Affirmative-negative Question ®Food and drinks ®Transportation ® Likes and dislikes ®Adverbs *bu*, *jiu* and *dou* ®Verb-absent Sentences

MODULE V

®*Jisui* and *duoda* Questions ®S+V+O Construction ®Routines and Daily Activities ® *Haishi* Questions ®Modal Verbs ®Hobbies and Habits

MODULE VI

®Making Suggestions with *haoma* ®Colors ®Clothing ®Body parts ®Talking about Likes and Dislikes ®Measurement Words in Chinese

TOTAL HOURS :45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ma, Yanmin, and Li, Xinying. *Easy Steps to Chinese, Vol. 1 Textbook*. Beijing: Beijing Language and Culture University Press, 2006. Print.

2. Ma, Yanmin, and Li, Xinying. *Easy Steps to Chinese, Vol. 1 Workbook*. Beijing: Beijing Language and Culture University Press, 2006. Print. **OUTCOMES**:

On completion of the course, students will be able to

• Exhibit proficiency in Chinese Language.

7

8

7

8

8

- Use vocabulary in appropriate contexts.
- Use appropriate grammatical forms effectively.
- Use the language in social and academic contexts.
- Appreciate the use of language forms.

LNC1182

GERMAN

- С т Ρ L
- 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To improve the proficiency of students in German language.
- To create awareness of using vocabulary among students.
- To expose them to correct grammatical forms of the language.
- To empower them for successful communication in social and academic contexts.

MODULE I

Introduction to German alphabets, phonetics and pronunciation- Introducing themselves and others using simple sentences and answer to some basic personal questions-: Introduction to different types of articles and verbs, Nouns

MODULE II

Understanding and responding to everyday gueries like instruction, guestions, number & gender, pronouns, present and simple past tense.

MODULE III

Short telephone messages, requests etc., if spoken slowly and clearly-Detailed overview of articles, adjectives with/without articles, Prepositions

MODULE IV

Ask and giving directions using simple prepositions- Ability to fill basic information on forms while registering for courses / classes.

MODULE V

Ability to extract and understand relevant information in a public announcement, broadcast, newspaper, radio etc-- dative & accusative

MODULE VI

Ability to describe about people, work, immediate environment, education and other topics related to personal needs in a concise manner-- Understanding of matters that are familiar and are encountered regularly like instances at school, work, at public places, places of leisure etc.

TOTAL HOURS :45

REFERENCES:

1. NETZWERK A1 TEXTBOOK, Deutsch als Fremdsprache, Stefanie Dengler, Paul Rusch, Helen Schmitz, Tanja Sieber, Langenscheidt and Klett, ISBN: 9788183076968

2. STUDIO D A1 (SET OF 3 BOOKS + CD), Herman Funk, Cornelsen, ISBN: 9788183073509

8

7

7

8

8

3. Willkommen! Beginnerq course. Paul Coggle, Heiner Schenke, ISBN: 9781444165180

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to

- Show their proficiency in German Language.
- Use appropriate vocabulary in real life contexts.
- Use appropriate grammatical forms while communicating with people.
- Effectively use the language in social and academic contexts.

Ρ

С

LNC1183

JAPANESE L T

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To train students to use appropriate vocabulary in academic and technical contexts.

To facilitate students to speak effectively while exchanging ideas and making presentations.

To develop their reading skill through sub skills like skimming, scanning and critical reading of a text.

To sharpen their academic writing skills.

To expose them to the correct usage of language and help them to apply that knowledge appropriately.

MODULE I

Introduction of the Japanese writing system, i.e. *Hiragana*, *Katakana* and *Kanji*, word-building, writing foreign names and loan words in Katakana.

MODULE II

Oral practice of pronunciation and intonation of Japanese sounds, Japanese greetings, self introduction, identifying things, time of the day, calendar; counting using Japanese numerical classifiers; describing things;

MODULE III

Making comparisons; talking of daily activities, kinship terms used for address and reference, seasons, giving and receiving, shopping; making requests, talking of oneg likes and dislikes.

MODULE IV

Extensive practice of basic patterns at the lower intermediate level through drills and exercises.

MODULE V

Comprehension of passages in simple Japanese and writing of composition in Japanese applying lower intermediate grammatical patterns.

MODULE VI

Diverse texts based on Japanese culture, customs, history, food habits, and science etc, for the development of communicative competence of students; skimming, scanning of texts with emphasis on advanced sentence patterns, grammatical structures and idiomatic phrases, reading and writing of approximately

TOTAL HOURS :46

7

8

7

8

8

REFERENCES:

- 1. Nihongo I, Kokusaigakuyukai, and other supplementary material
- 2. Exersice book 1 of Nihongo 1, and other supplementary material
- 3. Nippon, the Land and its People & Encyclopedia of Contemporary Japanese
- 4. Japani: Japanese Conversation for Improving Spoken Proficiency, By P.A. George, Inoue Yoriko and Itsuko Nandi, Books Plus.
- 5. Chukyu Nihongo, Tokyo Gaikokugo Daigaku; Nihongo II, Kokusaigakuyukai, and other supplementary material.

OUTCOMES:

After completion of the course, students will have the ability to

Demonstrate their range of vocabulary in academic and technical contexts

Exchange ideas and make presentations

Comprehend and respond appropriately to listening tasks.

Read a text efficiently and process information.

Create and draft different kinds of academic documents

Communicate effectively using grammatically correct expressions.

PHC 1181	PHYSICS	L	т	Ρ	С
		3	0	2	4

OBJECTIVES:

To make students conversant with the

- · basic concepts of crystal physics and its structures
- production and applications of ultrasonic waves
- study of thermal conductivities of good and bad conductors
- phenomenon of wave optics and its applications
- principle of fibre optic communication and its applications to sensors
- wave mechanics principle and its applications in electron microscopy
- green energy physics and its environmental impacts to society

MODULE I CRYSTAL PHYSICS

Crystalline and amorphous solids . Unit Cell . Seven Crystal Systems . Bravais Lattice . Miller Indices . Interplanar Spacing . Characteristics of Unit Cell - Calculation of Number of atoms per unit cell, Atomic Radius, Coordination Number and Packing Factor for SC, BCC, FCC and HCP and Diamond structures . Defects in crystals-Point defects . Edge and screw dislocations and their significance - Surface Defects.

MODULE II ULTRASONICS AND THERMAL PHYSICS

Introduction to Ultrasonics - Properties - Production methods - Magnetostriction Oscillator method- Piezoelectric Oscillator method . Detection of Ultrasonics . Thermal method . Piezoelectric method . Kundtos tube method . Applications of Ultrasonics . Acoustic Grating . SONAR . Depth of sea . Velocity of blood flow, Ultrasonic Flaw detector (qualitative).

Transmission of heat . Conduction, Convection and Radiation . Thermal Conductivity of good Conductor . Forbecs method- Thermal Conductivity of bad Conductor . Leecs Disc method.

MODULE III APPLIED OPTICS

Interference . Air Wedge . Michelsonos Interferometer . Determination of wavelength of light and thickness of thin transparent sheet.

Introduction to Laser . Characteristics of Laser . Spontaneous and Stimulated Emissions . Einstein $\$ Coefficients - Population inversion . Pumping Mechanism . Laser Action . Types of Laser: He-Ne laser, CO₂ laser and Nd:YAG laser - Applications : Laser Materials Processing .

MODULE IV FIBRE OPTICS

Optical fibre . Principle and propagation of light in optical fibre . Numerical aperture and acceptance angle . Types of optical fibres . Attenuation . Absorption,

8

8

7

Scattering losses, Bending losses and Dispersion in Optical fibres . Fiber Connectors and Couplers - Applications . Fibre optic communication system (block diagram only)- Fibre optic sensors - displacement and pressure sensors (qualitative) - Medical endoscope.

MODULE V QUANTUM MECHANICS

Black body radiation . Planckos theory of radiation . Deduction of Wienos displacement law and Rayleigh . Jeanos law from Planckos theory . Dual nature of matter . de Broglieos wavelength- Physical significance of wave function . Schrodinger wave equation . Time independent and time dependent wave equation . Particle in one dimensional box . Harmonic oscillator(qualitative).

MODULE VI RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES

Present Energy sources and sustainability - Solar energy - Solar photovoltaics -Solar cells . Bioenergy - Biomass . production of liquid fuels from biomass . Wind energy . Wind turbines . energy and power from wind turbines - Geothermal energy - Ocean energy: Wave energy . Wave energy conversion devices . Tidal energy . Tidal power basics . power generation . Tidal energy potential . Environmental benefits and impacts of renewable energy sources

PRACTICALS

- 1. Determination of Velocity of Ultrasonic waves in a given liquid using Ultrasonic Interferometer.
- 2. Determination of wavelength of ultrasonic waves using Kundtos tube method.
- 3. Determination of thickness of a thin wire using Air Wedge method.
- 4. Determination of wavelength of light using spectrometer diffraction grating.
- 5. Determination of angle of divergence of a laser beam using He-Ne laser.
- 6. Determination of particle size of lycopodium powder using semiconductor laser.
- 7. Determination of wavelength of laser light using semiconductor laser diffraction.
- 8. Determination of Acceptance angle and Numerical Aperture using fiber optic cable.
- 9. Determination of thermal conductivity of a good conductor by Forbec method.
- 10. Determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Leeqs disc method.
- 11. Determination of solar cell characteristics.

L – 45; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 75

REFERENCES:

- 1. Gaur R.K. and Gupta S.L., Sciencering Physicson 8th edition, Dhanpat Rai Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.
- 2. Palanisamy P.K., Physics for Engineers, Vol1 & Vol2, 2nd Edition, Scitech Publications, 2003.
- 3. Serway R.A. and Jewett, J.W. % Rhysics for Scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics+ Brooks/cole Publishing Co., 2010.
- 4. Tipler P.A. and Mosca, G.P., Rhysics for Scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics+, W.H. Freeman, 2007.

7

- 5. Markert J.T., Ohanian. H. and Ohanian, M. Rhysics for Engineers and Scientists+ W.W. Norton & Co. 2007.
- 6. Godfrey Boyle, %Renewable Energy: Power for sustainable future+, 2nd edition, Oxford University Press, UK, 2009.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- understand the different types of crystal structures
- apply the concept of ultrasonic principle in engineering and medical field
- calculate thermal conductivities of good and bad conductors
- differentiate the various laser systems and its applications in engineering and medical field
- apply the principle of fibre optics for communication and sensor applications
- formulate wave mechanics principle for applications in electron microscopy
- Correlate the different renewable energy sources for societal needs.
- To complement the knowledge acquired in the theory class.
- To correlate the experimental results for application.

B.Tech.		Information Technolog			echnology
CHC1181	CHEMISTRY	L	т	Ρ	С

3

0

2

4

9

6

8

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be conversant with

- the basic problems like hardness, alkalinity, dissolved oxygen associated with the water used for domestic and industrial purpose and treatment process involved.
- the synthesis, properties and applications of nanomaterials.
- the importance of renewable energy sources like solar, wind, biogas, biomass, geothermal, ocean and their limitations.
- the basic analytical techniques like UV-Visible, FT-IR, NMR, AAS, AES, Circular Dichroism and XRD etc.
- photochemistry concepts related to physical processes and chemical reactions induced by photon absorption and their applications.
- basic principles of electrochemistry, cell construction and evaluation and to understand general methodologies for construction & design of electrochemical cell

MODULE I WATER TECHNOLOGY

Impurities present in water, hardness : types of hardness, demerits of hard water in boilers, estimation of hardness by EDTA method (problems) . alkalinity : estimation of alkalinity (problems) . dissolved oxygen: estimation of dissolved oxygen . conditioning methods : external treatment method: . lime soda and zeolite process (principle only), lon exchange process . Internal treatment : colloidal, carbonate, phosphate and calgon methods . drinking water: standards (BIS), treatment of domestic water {screening, sedimentation, coagulation, filtration, disinfection }. desalination: electrodialysis, reverse osmosis.

MODULE II NANOCHEMISTRY

Introduction . distinction between molecules, bulk materials and nanoparticles . classification based on dimension with examples . synthesis (top-down and bottom-up approach} : sol-gel, thermolysis (hydrothermal and solvothermal), electrodeposition, chemical vapour deposition, laser ablation . properties and applications (electronic, magnetic and catalytic) . risk factors and future perspectives.

MODULE III ENERGY SOURCES

Energy: past, today, and future . a brief history of energy consumption . present energy scenario of conventional and renewable energy sources . renewable energy : needs of renewable energy, advantages and limitations of renewable energy . solar energy: basics, solar energy in the past , photovoltaic, advantages and disadvantages . bioenergy: conversion, bio degradation, biogas generation, biomass gasifier, factors affecting biogas generation, advantages and disadvantages . geothermal energy: geothermal resources (hot dry rock and magma resources, natural and artificial), advantages and disadvantages . wind energy: wind resources, wind turbines, advantages and disadvantages . ocean energy: wave energy, wave energy conversion devices, ocean thermal energy, advantages and disadvantages.

MODULE IV PHOTOCHEMISTRY

Introduction: absorption and emission, chromophores, auxochromes . laws of photochemistry : Grotthus-Draper law, Stark Einstein law . quantum yield (problems) . photo physical processes : fluorescence and phosphorescence - Jablonski diagram (electronic states and transitions) . quenching, annihilation . photosensitization: principle and applications . chemiluminescence, bioluminescence.

MODULE V ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

Spectroscopy: electromagnetic radiation and spectrum . types of transitions . types of spectra (atomic and molecular with their chemical usefulness) . Beer-Lamberts law (problems) . principles, instrumentation and applications of: Colourimetry . UV-Vis spectrophotometer . atomic absorption spectroscopy . atomic emission spectroscopy . principles and applications of: IR, NMR, mass and X-ray diffraction analysis.

MODULE VI ELECTROCHEMISTRY

Electrochemistry - types of electrodes (principle and working) : gas (SHE), metal/metal ion electrode, metal-metal insoluble salt (calomel electrode), ion-selective (glass electrode and fluoride ion selective electrode). Electrolytic and galvanic cells, construction of cell, EMF measurement and applications (problems), standard cell (Weston-cadmium), reversible and irreversible cell, concentration cell. Determination of fluoride ion using fluoride ion selective electrode . Chemically modified electrodes (CMEs) : concept, approaches and applications.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Estimation of hardness in given water sample.
- 2. Estimation of the alkalinity of the given water sample.
- 3. Estimation of strong acid by conductometry.
- 4. Estimation of Fe^{2+} present in the given sample by potentiometry.

5. Verification of Beer-Lamberts law and estimation of Cu²⁺ present in unknown sample.

- 6. Estimation of sodium and potassium present in the given sample by flame photometry.
- 7. Determination of molecular weight and degree of polymerisation of a polymer by viscosity method.

7

8. Synthesis of thermosetting polymer.

L – 45; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 75

REFERENCES:

- 1. S. Vairam, P. Kalyani and Suba Ramesh, Sengineering Chemistry+, Wiley India Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
- 2. G.A. Ozin and A.C. Arsenault, Nanochemistry: A Chemical Approach to Nanomaterials+, RSC Publishing, Thomas Graham House, Cambridge, 2005.
- 3. P.C Jain & Monica Jain, Engineering Chemistry Dhanpatrai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi (2013).
- 4. S S Umare & S S Dara, A text Book of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2014.
- 5. G.D.Rai, % on conventional energy sources,+Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2011.
- 6. John Twidell and Tony Weir, Renewable Energy Resources, Taylor & Francis Ltd, London, United Kingdom, 2005
- Principles of molecular photochemistry: An introduction, Nicholas J. Turro, V.Ramamurthy and Juan C. Scaiano, University Science Books, Sausalito, CA, 2009.

OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

- solve problems related to hardness, alkalinity, dissolved oxygen associated with the water and describe the treatment processes.
- classify nanomaterials and apply the nanochemistry approach to synthesize the nanomaterials.
- explain the principle and enumerate the advantages and disadvantages of various renewable energy sources.
- state the principle and illustrate the instrumentation of various analytical techniques.
- apply the concepts of photochemistry to elaborate various photo-physical and photochemical reactions.
- construct a electrochemical cell and describe the various types of electrodes and determine the fluoride content.

EC 1101 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS L T P	С
------------------------------------	---

2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the students of all engineering programs, the basic concepts of engineering drawing, which is the basic communication medium for all engineers
- ["] To provide practical exposure on important aspects like drawing analytic curves, orthographic projections, section of solids, development of surfaces, isometric projection, perspective projection and free hand drawing.
- ["] To introduce computerized drafting.

MODULE I BASICS AND ENGINEERING CURVES

10

8

10

Drawing instruments, dimensioning, BIS conventions, types of lines, simple geometric constructions.

Conic sections: ellipse, parabola, hyperbola.

Special curves: cycloid, epicycloid, hypocycloid and involutes.

MODULE II ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION

Orthographic projection . first angle, second angle, third angle and fourth angle projections . setup - assumptions, principle. Free hand sketching of orthographic views of simple machine parts as per first angle projection. Orthographic projection of points in all quadrants. Some commands and demonstration of drafting packages.

MODULE III PROJECTION OF STRAIGHT LINES AND PLANES 10

Projection of straight lines in first quadrant . true length and true inclinations .

Rotating line and trapezoidal methods . traces of straight line.

Projection of plane lamina in first quadrant and its traces

MODULE IV PROJECTION OF SOLIDS

Projection of solids in first quadrant: Axis inclined to one reference plane only- prism, pyramid, cone, cylinder . change of position and auxiliary projection methods.

MODULE V SECTION OF SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF 12 SURFACES

Section of solids: prism, pyramid, cone, cylinder, and sphere . sectional view . true shape of section Solids in simple position and cutting plane inclined to one reference plane only.

Development of surface of truncated solids: prism, pyramid, cone cylinder . frustum of cone, pyramid and simple sheet metal parts.

MODULE VI PICTORIAL PROJECTIONS

Isometric projection: Isometric scale . isometric axes- iso sheet - Isometric projection and view of prism, pyramid, cylinder, cone, frustums, truncated solids and simple products

Perspective projection: station point . vanishing point . Perspective projection and views of prism, pyramid, cylinder and frustums by Visual ray method.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

TEXT BOOKS:

 N.D. Bhatt, Engineering Drawingq Charotar Publishing house, 53rd Edtion, (2014)

REFERENCES:

- 1. K.V. Natarajan, A text book of Engineering Graphicsq Dhanalakshmi publishers, Chennai. (2009)
- 2. Venugopal. K, and V. Prabhu Raja, Engineering Graphics, New Age International (P) Ltd., Publication, Chennai. (2011)

OUTCOMES:

- Students should be able to read the specifications and standards of technical drawing and able to draw conic sections and special curves.
- Students should be able to understand the insight of orthographic projection and to draw the various views of orthographic projection of a point and various components.
- Students should be able to draw the orthographic views of straight lines and plane figures.
- ["] Students should be able to draw the orthographic views of simple solids.
- Students should be able to draw the sections of solids and development of solid surfaces.
- Students should be able to draw the isometric and perspective projection of simple solids and components.

B.Tech.		Info	ormat	ion T	echnology
GEC 1102	ENGINEERING DESIGN	L	т	Ρ	С
		2	0	0	2
OBJECTIVES:					
	d the role of design in Engineering				
	d the basic design concepts				
	d the role of innovation in design				
MODULE I	DESIGN AS A CENTRAL ACTIVITY IN E	NGINE	ERI	NG	08
Product design . pro Design of systems; \$	oducts and processes . product design met Software design	hodolo	ogy		
MODULE II	NEED ANALYSIS AND CONCEPT DEVE		IENT	•	07
	Voice of customers . product specification - need analysis Bench marking Product architecture . concept generation and evaluation;				
MODULE III	CASE STUDIES IN ENGINEERING DESI	GN			08
Product design . pro Ergonomics . usabil	ocess design; system design; software desi ity	gn			
MODULE IV	INNOVATION AND DESIGN				07
	Engineering . incremental changes and sy or driving innovation . case studies.	/stemi	c cha	ange	S;

TOTAL HOURS - 30

REFERENCES:

- Clive L. Dym and David C. Brown, Ingineering Design: Representation and Reasoning+, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2011.
- 2. Daniel G. Dorner, G. E. Gorman and Philip J. Calvert, Maformation Needs Analysis: Principles and practice in information organizations+, Published by Faced Publishing, London. 2015.
- 3. Cliff Matthews, ‰ase Studies in Engineering Design+, John Wiley & Sons Pvt. Ltd, New York, 1998.
- 4. Bengt-Arne Vedin, ‰he Design-Inspired Innovation Workbook+, World Scientific, 2011.
- 5. Navi Radjou, Jaideep Prabhu and Simone Ahuja, ‰ugaad Innovation+, Published by Random House India, 2012.

OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

Apply the basic knowledge of design in engineering products / process / service.

- " Analyse the problems and give innovative solutions.
- " Correlate the basic knowledge of design in the real world problems.
- " Apply innovative approaches to engineering design.

С

1

GEC1103

BASIC ENGINEERING PRACTICES L T P LABORATORY 0 0 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide a practical exposure to basic engineering practices like carpentry, fitting, plumbing, welding and making of simple electrical and electronic circuits
- To have an understanding on the use of various tools, instruments and methods
- To enable the students to appreciate the practical difficulties and safety issues

CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

- 1. Study of plumbing in general household and industrial systems
- 2. Making a small window frame with Lap and Mortise & Tenon Joints
- 3. Introduction to power tools

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

- 1. Fabrication of a small Table frame with Butt, Lap and Fillet Joints
- 2. Machining of a simple component like a table weight using lathe
- 3. Mold preparation for simple component

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

- 1. Comparison of incandescent, Fluorescent, CFL and LED lamps.
- 2. Study of Protection Circuits (small relay, fuse, MCB, HRC, MCCB, ECCB).
- 3. Familiarization of households Electrical Gadgets (Iron Box, Wet Grinder).
- 4. Understanding of Domestic and Industrial wiring.
- 5. Earthing and its significance.
- 6. Troubleshooting in Electrical Circuits.
- 7. Study of inverter fed UPS/Emergency lamp

ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING PRACTICE

- 1. Identifications symbolic representation of active and passive electronic components
- 2. Soldering and tracing of electronic circuits and checking its continuity
- 3. Assembling of A.C. to D.C, D.C to A.C. Circuits in bread Board and Mini project

TOTAL HOURS - 30

OUTCOMES:

Upon the completion of the course, students should be able to

- Appreciate the practical skills needed even in making of simple objects, assemblies and circuits
- Attend minor defects especially in items used in day to day life
- Aware of the safety aspects involved in using tools and instruments

7

8

GEC 1104 COMPUTER PROGRAMMING I

L T P C 1 0 2 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To identify the hardware and software components of the computer.
- To know the basic concept of operating system and get knowledge about different operating systems.
- To learn various database concepts and operations
- To develop efficient algorithms for solving a problem.
- To implement the algorithms in C language.
- To use arrays in solving problems.

MODULE I COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS

Introduction -. Number System - Planning the computer program - Computer Software - Basic operating system concepts - Database Operations

MODULE II PROGRAMMING IN C

Introduction to C Programming Language . Operators - Control statements - Iterative statements - Arrays.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Computer organization . Hardware in a typical computer Identification . Booting - error messages and what it means

2. Types of Operating systems . Windows and Linux

3. Structure of a basic program - Hello world program . Debugging it

- 4. Data types: Type conversions
- 5. Input / Output: Formatted functions . Unformatted functions . Library functions

6. Properties of operators . Priority of operators . Arithmetic relational logical and bitwise operators

- 7. If . if else- nested if else- goto- switch case . nested switch case . for loops
- . nested for loops . while loop . do-while loop . break and continue statement

8. Arrays . Operation with arrays

9. Sorting and searching.

L – 15; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 45

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ashok N Kamthane, Computer Programming+, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, ISBN 13: 9788131704370, 2012
- Paul J. Deitel, Deitel & Associates, % How to Program+, Pearson Education, 7th Edition, ISBN-13: 978-0132990448, 2012

OUTCOMES:

Students who complete this course will be able to

- Recognize Modular design, logic flow, data abstraction
- Analyze the working of the programming constructs, functions, and I/O.
- Write down programs for sorting and searching algorithms
- Write down programs developing cycle for different applications
- Debug the programs and solve some practical problems in programming
- Develop programs using arrays.

SEMESTER II

MAC 1281	ADVANCED CALCULUS	L	Т	Ρ	С
		3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES:

The aims of this course are to

- train the students in solving problems using multiple integration.
- provide knowledge in using special functions to find out the area and volume of a region.
- acquire knowledge in tangent and normal vectors.
- gain knowledge in finding the areas of a curve and surface using vector integration.
- learn about the analytic functions and their properties along with bilinear transformation.
- know complex integration using Cauchy theorems.

MULTIPLE INTEGRATION AND ITS APPLICATIONS MODULE I 8+2

Multiple integrals. Cartesian and Polar coordinates . change of order of integration . Multiple integral to compute area and volume.

MODULE II TRANSFORMATION OF COORDINATES AND 7+3 SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

Change of variables between Cartesian, polar, cylindrical and spherical coordinates -Beta and Gamma functions . Properties and applications.

MODULE III **VECTOR DIFFERENTIATION** 7+3

Operations on vectors . Scalar Product, Vector Product, Projection of Vectors -Angle between two vectors - Gradient, divergence and curl

MODULE IV **VECTOR INTEGRATION**

Line, surface and volume integrals. Green Theorem, Gauss Divergence Theorem and Stokes Theorem (statement only) . verification and evaluation of integrals.

MODULE V ANALYTIC FUNCTION 8+2

Analytic function - Necessary and Sufficient condition (statement only). Cauchy-Riemann equations in polar coordinates - properties of analytic function . determination of analytic function . conformal mapping (w = z+a, az and 1/z) and bilinear transformation.

8+2

MODULE VI COMPLEX INTEGRATION

Statement and application of Cauchyos integral theorem . Cauchyos integral formula

. Taylorqs series and Laurentqs series expansion . singularities - classification . residues - Cauchyqs residue theorem . contour integration . Unit circle and semi circular contours (excluding poles on the real axis).

L – 45; T – 15; TOTAL HOURS – 60

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Veerarajan.T., ‰ngineering Mathematics ‰5th edition) Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2012
- 2. Grewal B.S., % digher Engineering Mathematics+ (43rd edition), Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.
- 3. John W. Cell Mangineering Problems Illustrating Mathematics+ Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co., New York 1943

REFERENCES:

- 1. Kreyszig, E., %Advanced Engineering Mathematics%10th edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., Singapore, 2001.
- 2. Peter V. O'Neil, %Advanced Engineering Mathematics+, 7th edition, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 3. Dennis G. Zill, Warren S. Wright, %Advanced Engineering Mathematics+, 4th edition, Jones and Bartlett publishers, Sudbury, 2011.
- 4. Alan Jeffrey, %Advanced Engineering Mathematics+, Academic Press, USA, 2002.
- 5. Ramana, B.V., *Maigher* Engineering Mathematics+ Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2006.
- 6. Venkataraman, M.K., Signaring Mathematics+, Volume 2, 2nd edition, National Publishing Co., Chennai, 2003.
- 7. James Stewart %Calculus+(7th edition),Brooks/Cole cengage learning,UK.

OUTCOMES:

After completing the course, student will be able to

- > compute the area and volume using multiple integrals.
- > apply special functions to solve integration problems.
- > apply differentiation in scalar and vector fields.
- > find area and volume of a region using vector integration.
- > verify analyticity, conformity and bilinearity of complex functions.
- evaluate complex integrals.

Ρ

0

L

3

т

1

С

4

07

06

06

GEC 1211

OBJECTIVES:

To impart knowledge about the basic laws of statics and dynamics and their applications in problem solving

BASIC ENGINEERING MECHANICS

- To acquaint both with scalar and vector approaches for representing forces and moments acting on particles and rigid bodies and their equilibrium
- To give on exposure on inertial properties of surfaces and solids
- To provide an understanding on the concept of work energy principle, friction, kinematics of motion and their relationship

VECTOR APPROACH TO MECHANICS MODULE I

Introduction - Units and Dimensions- Vectors. Vectorial representation of forces and moments . Vector Algebra and its Physical relevance in Mechanics - Laws of Mechanics . Parallelogram and triangular Law of forces -Lames theorem, Coplanar Forces . Resolution and Composition of forces- Equilibrium of a particle.

MODULE II **EQUILIBRIUM OF PARTICLE**

Forces in space - Equilibrium of a particle in space - Equivalent systems of forces. Principle of transmissibility . Single equivalent force

MODULE III EQUILIBRIUM OF RIGID BODY

Free body diagram. Types of supports and their reactions. requirements of stable equilibrium . Moments and Couples . Moment of a force about a point and about an axis. Vectorial representation of moments and couples. Scalar components of a moment . Varignong theorem - Equilibrium of Rigid bodies in two dimensions . Examples

MODULE IV **PROPERTIES OF SURFACES**

Determination of Areas. First moment of area and the Centroid of sections. Rectangle, circle, triangle from integration. T section, I section, Angle section, Hollow section by using standard formula. second and product moments of plane area. Physical relevance - Rectangle, triangle, circle from integration - T section, I section, Angle section, Hollow section by using standard formula. Parallel axis theorem and perpendicular axis theorem . Polar moment of inertia- Mass moment of Area

MODULE V FRICTION

Introduction to friction- types of friction- Laws of Coloumb friction- Frictional force . simple contact friction . Rolling resistance . ladder friction

MODULE VI LAWS OF MOTION

Review of laws of motion . Newton**\$** law . Work Energy Equation of particles . Impulse and Momentum . Impact of elastic bodies.

L – 45; T – 15; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- Beer, F.P and Johnston Jr. E.R, Wector Mechanics for Engineers, Dynamics & Statics+, Third SI Metric Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill International Edition, 2001.
- 2. Hibbeller, R.C., Engineering Mechanics, Vol. 1 Statics, Vol. 2 Dynamics, Pearson Education Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
- 3. Irving H. Shames, Engineering Mechanics . Statics and Dynamics, IV Edition Pearson Education Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2003.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course students should be able

- Analyse and resolve forces, moments and solve problems using various principles and laws of Mechanics
- " Apply the concept of equilibrium to particles and solve problems
- ["] Apply the concept of equilibrium to rigid bodies and solve problems
- " Analyse and determine the properties of surfaces
- ["] Analyse and evaluate the fractional forces between the bodies
- ["] Apply the laws of motion in solving dynamics problems

8

8

GEC 1212	ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES	L	т	Ρ	С
		2	0	0	2

OBJECTIVES:

The student will be conversant with the

- > various natural resources, availability, utilisation and its current scenario
- different ecosystems, energy transfer, values, threats and conservation of biodiversity
- levels of different pollutants and its impact and the causes and effects of natural disasters
- impacts of human population, impact assessment, human rights and environmental acts and sustainable development

MODULE I NATURAL RESOURCES

Land resources: land degradation, soil erosion and desertification - Forest resources: use and over-exploitation, deforestation - Water resources: use and over-utilisation of surface and ground water, conflicts over water (inter-state and international), dams (benefits and problems), water conservation (rainwater harvesting and watershed management) - Mineral resources: use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, mining - Food resources: world food problems, changes in land use by agriculture and overgrazing, modern agriculture and its effects, fertilizer and pesticide problems, water logging and salinity - Energy resources: increasing energy needs, renewable and non-renewable, use of alternate energy sources.

MODULE II ECOSYSTEM AND BIODIVERSITY

Ecosystem- energy flow in the ecosystem - food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids - characteristics, structure and function of (a) Terrestrial ecosystems (forest, grassland, desert) and (b) Aquatic fresh water ecosystems (pond, lake, river) (c) Aquatic salt water ecosystems (ocean, estuary) - ecological succession.

Biodiversity - genetic, species and ecosystem diversity . hot-spots of biodiversity . biogeographic classification of India - endangered, endemic, extinct and invasive species of India - red data book - values of biodiversity: consumptive, productive, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values - threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts - conservation of biodiversity: in-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity

MODULE III ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND NATURAL 8 DISASTER

Definition, cause, effects and control measures of (a) air pollution (b) water pollution (c) soil pollution (d) marine pollution (e) noise pollution (f) thermal pollution (g)

nuclear hazards - ill-effects of fireworks and upkeep of clean environment - solid waste management: types (urban, industrial, biomedical and electronic wastes), collection, processing and disposal (incineration, composting and land-fill) - natural disaster and management: flood, cyclone, drought, landslide, avalanche, volcanic eruptions, earthquake and tsunami.

MODULE IV HUMAN POPULATION, HEALTH AND SOCIAL 6 ISSUES

Population and population growth, population variation among nations, population explosion, family welfare programme.

Human health: air-borne, water borne diseases, infectious diseases, risks due to chemicals in food and environment.

Sustainable development - environmental legislation and laws: water act, air act, wildlife protection act, forest conservation act, environment protection act - environmental impact assessment, steps in EIA - human rights - women and child welfare.

Case studies related to current situation

TOTAL HOURS – 30

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Erach Bharucha, Textbook for Environmental Studies For Undergraduate Courses of all Branches of Higher Education for University Grants Commission, Orient Blackswan Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad, India, 2013.
- 2. Benny Joseph, Environmental Studies, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, India, 2009.
- 3. Ravikrishnan A, Environmental Science and Engineering, Sri Krishna Publications, Tamil Nadu, India, 2015.
- 4. Raman Sivakumar, Introduction to Environmental Science and Engineering, McGraw Hill Education, India, 2009.
- 5. Venugopala Rao P, Principles of Environmental Science and Engineering, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited; India, 2006.
- 6. Anubha Kaushik and Kaushik C.P., Environmental Science and Engineering, New Age International Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, India, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Masters G.M., Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science, Prentice Hall, New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. Henry J.G. and Heike G.W., Environmental Science and Engineering, Prentice Hall International Inc., New Jersy, 1996.
- 3. Miller T.G. Jr., Environmental Science, Wadsworth Publishing Co. Boston, USA, 2016.

OUTCOMES:

The student will be able to

- predict the scenario of various natural resources and suggest remedies to curb the exploitation of these resources.
- identify food chain and web and its role in various ecosystems, assess the impacts on biodiversity and provide solutions to conserve it.
- analyse the impacts of pollutants in the environment and propose suitable method to alleviate the pollutants and the natural disasters.
- assess on the impact of human population and the health related issues and the ethics to be followed for sustainable life.

GEC 1213	COMPUTER PROGRAMMING II	L	т	Ρ	С
		1	0	2	2

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide knowledge about the benefits of Object Oriented Programming over Procedure oriented programming.
- To learn various File operations
- To expose fundamental concepts of object-oriented programming in classes, invoking methods and functions.
- To prepare students to get full use of code reusability using object oriented programming.
- To implement the basic concepts of object oriented programming using C++ concepts.
- To focus on solving problems based on analyzing, designing and implementing programs in C and C++.

MODULE I PROGRAMMING IN C

Functions - Storage Classes - Structures and Unions . Pointers -Self Referential Structures and Linked Lists - File Processing.

MODULE II PROGRAMMING IN C++

Programming in C++ - Overview of OOP in C . Inheritance - Polymorphism - Type Casting . Exceptions.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Functions
- 2. One dimensional arrays, Pointers
- 3. Recursion
- 4. Multi dimensional arrays, Linked lists.
- 5. Operating on Files.
- 6. Simple C++ program with Control statements.
- 7. Getting input from user console.
- 8. Classes, Object and Constructors.
- 9. Method overloading.
- 10. Inheritance

L – 15; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 45

REFERENCES:

7

- Bjarne Stroustrup,+The C++ Programming Language+, Addison Wesley, 4th edition, ISBN-13: 978-0321563842, 2013.
- Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, %The C Programming Language+, Prentice Hall, ISBN 0-13-110362-8, 2015.
- Bjarne Stroustrup, %Programming: Principles and Practice Using C++ % Addison Wesley, 2nd edition, ISBN-13: 978-0321992789, 2014.
- 4. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, %The C Programming Language (Ansi C Version)+, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited, 2nd edition, ISBN-13: 978-8120305960, 1990.

OUTCOMES:

Students who complete this course will be able to

- Develop efficient algorithms for solving problems
- Handle files in C
- Use simple data structures like arrays and linked lists in solving problems.
- Implement algorithms in C++ Language.
- Write simple programs using concepts of object oriented programming.
- Demonstrate the Object Oriented Programming concepts applied in networking, web development and Database applications.

ITC 1201	DIGITAL PRINCIPLES AND PPLICATIONS	L	т	Ρ	С
		2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire the knowledge of various numbering systems and their applications
- " To understand the different methods for simplification of Boolean Algebra
- " To design and implement combinational logic circuits.
- " To design and implement sequential logic circuits

MODULE I NUMBER SYSTEMS, CODES AND DIGITAL LOGIC

Binary Number System . Binary to Decimal Conversion . Decimal to Binary Conversion . Octal Numbers . Hexadecimal Numbers . The ASCII Code . The Excess-3-Code . The Gray Code . Digital Logic . The Basic Gates . NOT,OR,AND . Universal Logic Gates . NOR,NAND, AND-OR-Invert Gates . Boolean Laws and Theorems

MODULE II MAPPING AND TABULATION METHODS

Sum-of-Products Method . Truth Table to Karnaugh Map . Pairs, Quads, and Octets . Karnaugh Simplifications . Donq-care Conditions . Product-of-sums Method . Products-of-sums Simplifications . Simplification by Quine-McClusky Method.

MODULE III COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

Multiplexers . De-multiplexers . Decoders . Encoders . Code converters - Parity Generators and Checkers . Magnitude Comparator . - Read-only-Memory . Programmable Array Logic . Programmable Logic Arrays . Binary Adder and Subtractor.

MODULE IV SEQUENTIAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

Flip-flops: RS Flip-flops, D Flip-flops, JK Flip-flops, T Flip-flops. Registers: Serial-In-Serial-Out, Serial-In-Parallel-Out, Parallel-In-Parallel-Out, Universal Shift Registers. Counters: Asynchronous counters, Synchronous counters. Design of sequential circuits: State Transition diagram, State Synthesis Table, Design Equations and Circuit Diagrams, State Reduction Technique.

8

8

7

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Study of logic gates . AND, OR, NOT, NOR and NAND.
- 2. Simplification of Boolean functions and implementation with logic gates.
- 3. Design and implementation of multiplexers.
- 4. Design and implementation of demultiplexers.
- 5. Design and implementation of decoders
- 6. Design and implementation of encoders
- 7. Design and implementation of code converters.
- 8. Design and implementation magnitude comparators.
- 9. Design and implementation of adders and subtractors.
- 10. Design and implementation of parity generator and checker
- **11.** Study of flip-flops- RS,D,JK and T Design and implementation of Registers with flip-flops.

L - 30; P - 30; TOTAL HOURS 60

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Donald P.Leach, Albert Paul Malvino and Goutam Saha, *Đ*igital Principles an Applicationsq Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, Seventh Edition, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. M. Morris R. Mano and Michael D. Ciletti, Đigital Designq, Pearson, Fourth Edition, 2011
- **2.** John F.Wakerly , *Digital Design* . Principles and practicesq Pearson Fourth Edition, 2014

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course students will be able to:

- ["] Know the fundamental concepts and techniques used in digital electronics.
- ["] Understand and examine the structure of various number systems and codes.
- Apply the principles of Boolean algebra to manipulate and minimize logic expressions
- Apply the mapping and tabulation method to minimize and optimize logic functions of any level.

- ["] Design and implement various combinational logic circuits.
- ["] Design and implement various sequential logic circuits built with different flipflops.

ITC1202	PROGRAMMING IN PYTHON	L	т	Ρ	С
		2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To install and execute python program.
- To provide a complete knowledge about python programming language.
- To develop application using python language.

MODULE I	FUNDAMENTALS	7
Python basics . o	bbjects . sequences . strings . lists . tuples. FILES INPUT AND OUTPUT	7
Mapping and set	types . conditionals and loops . files input and output PYTHON IN OTHER PARADIGMS	8
Errors and excep execution enviror	tions-function programming-object oriented programminent.	ng-
MODULE IV	ADVANCED TOPICS	8
Network program	ming-internet client programming-GUI programming.	

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Download and install Python.
- Write a Python program to print "Hello, World!" and save this in a file named *helloworld.py*. Make this program executable and run it like: ./helloworld.py
- 3. Write a Python program (*swap.py*) to swap values of two variables.
- **4.** Write a program that asks for two numbers. If the sum of the numbers is greater than 100, print "That is a big number."
- Write a python program to have a separate function for the area of a square, the area of a rectangle and the area of a circle (3.14 * radius ** 2).
- 6. Write a python program that prints result based on user input from the random integer between 0 and 99. If the user input is above the range print +Too High+, below range print 500 Low+, within the range print 500 hats right+.
- 7. Write a program using a while loop that asks the user for a number, and prints a countdown from that number to zero. Include a condition in your program if the user inputs a negative number.

- 8. Write a method fact that takes a number from the user and prints its factorial.
- **9.** Write a function roots that computes the roots of a quadratic equation. Check for complex roots and print an error message saying that the roots are complex.
- 10. Draw a Digital Clock by creating a class called DigitalClock that has attributes hour, minute, second, pos and draw method. The attributes store the time in the position the upper left corner of the rectangle face. Add extra methods to help you draw the clock, e.g. a method for drawing the face, a method for drawing the text, a method returning the time as string.

L - 30; P - 30; TOTAL HOURS - 60

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Wesley J Chun, % Gore Python Programming+, Second Edition, Prentice hall, 2006.

REFERENCES:

1. Richard L.Halterman, *&cearning to program with python+*, 2011.

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of this course the student will be able to

- Download and install python compiler.
- Write and test python programs.
- Develop applications using python.

SEMESTER III

MAC 2181 PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND LT С TRANSFORMS 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

The aims of this course are to

- familiarize in solving partial differential equation of first, second and higher orders.
- introduce basics and engineering applications of Fourier series, Laplace Transform, Fourier Transform and Z- Transform.

MODULE I PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 8 + 2

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions. Solution of standard types of first order partial differential equations. Lagranges linear equation. Linear partial differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients..

MODULE II FOURIER SERIES

Fourier Series and Dirichletos conditions - General Fourier series - Half range Fourier series - Parsevalos identity - Harmonic Analysis.

MODULE III FOURIER TRANSFORMS

Fourier integral theorem (without proof) - Fourier transform pair - Fourier Inverse Transform . Properties - Convolution theorem - Parsevals identity.

MODULE IV APPLICATIONS OF FOURIER SERIES AND FOURIER 7 + 3TRANSFORMS

Applications of Fourier series and Fourier Transform to solution of PDEs having constant coefficients with special reference to Heat & Wave equations, Discrete & point Spectrum and Single pulse.

MODULE V LAPLACE TRANSFORM

Introduction to Laplace transform - Existence of Laplace Transform - Properties of Laplace Transforms - Initial & Final Value Theorems - Inverse Laplace Transform -Convolution Theorem . Circuits to signal square wave: Integral equations with unrepeated complex factors. Damped forced vibrations: repeated complex factors. **Resonance - Solution of differential equations**

8 + 2

7 + 3

8 + 2

MODULE VI Z – TRANSFORM

Introduction and Definition of Z-transform - Properties of Z- Transform - Convolution Theorem of Z-Transform - Inverse Z. transform - Convolution Theorem of Inverse Z-Transform - Formation of difference equations - Solving Difference Equations using Z-Transform.

L – 45; T – 15; Total – 60

TEXT BOOKS

- Kreyszig .E., &dvanced Engineering Mathematics 10th edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., Singapore, 2001.
- 2. Grewal B.S., *M*igher Engineering Mathematics+, 42nd edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.
- 3. Ramana, B.V, % digher Engineering Mathematics+ Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2006.

REFERENCES

- Veerarajan.T., Singineering Mathematics, Sthedition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2012.
- 2. Peter V. O'Neil, % dvanced Engineering Mathematics", 7th edition, Cengage Learning, 2011.
- 3. Dennis G. Zill, Warren S. Wright, %Advanced Engineering Mathematics+, 4th edition, Jones and Bartlett publishers, Sudbury, 2011.
- 4. Alan Jeffrey, %Advanced Engineering Mathematics+, Academic Press, USA, 2002.

OUTCOMES:

After completing the course, student will be able to

- > solve the partial differential equations.
- derive a Fourier series of a given periodic function by evaluating Fourier coefficients.
- apply integral expressions for the forward and inverse Fourier transform to a range of non-periodic waveforms.
- > solve wave equation and heat flow equation.
- > solve ordinary differential equations using Laplace transform.
- > solve difference equation using Z-transform.

7 + 3

B.Tech.

ENC 2181	ORAL COMMUNICATION	L	т	Ρ	С	
		0	0	2	1	
OBJECTIVES:						
To expose students to a range of professional contexts through podcasts for						

learning appropriate expressions.

To train them in making poster presentations.

To enable them to make effective business presentations.

To help them learn persuasive and negotiation skills.

To train them to debate on issues of current relevance

To train them to participate in group discussions on current affairs

MODULE I

4

4

Orientation to the Importance of Oral Communication -. Verbal and non-verbal communication -Paralinguistic features - One-minute presentations (using Audacity/ Voicethread) . Just a minute (JAM) on random topics

MODULE II

Negotiating and persuading through effective arguments . to arrive at a conclusion (pair-work) - Understanding Negotiation, persuasion and marketing skills through Podcasts - Listening to short conversations and monologues for understanding real life conversations

MODULE III

4

6

6

6

Making Poster presentations on current issues

Understanding nuances of making effective presentations (TED Videos)

MODULE IV

Deliberation on social and scientific issues . Debates (focus on rebuttal skills and deconstructing arguments) - Viewing videos on debates (NDTV Discussions)

MODULE V

Discussing social issues or current affairs in groups - Viewing group discussions and listening for specific information

MODULE VI

Making full length presentation (through Voicethread) with the focus on onec career plans and prospects (discipline specific) - Listening to interviews for understanding speakersqperception (on industry related issues)

P – 30; Total Hours –30

REFERENCES:

- 1. Hancock, Mark (2012). *English Pronunciation in Use*. Cambridge University Press, UK.
- Anderson, Kenneth & et.al (2007). Study Speaking: A Course in Spoken English for Academic Purposes (Second Edition). Cambridge University Press, UK.
- 3. Hurlock, B.Elizabeth (2011). *Personality Development*. Tata McGraw Hill, New York.
- 4. Dhanavel, S.P (2015). English and Soft Skills. Orient Blackswan, Chennai.
- 5. Whitby, Norman (2014). *Business Benchmark: Pre-Intermediate to Intermediate*. Cambridge University Press, UK.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to

Listen to business conversations and do related tasks.

Deliver effective poster presentations.

Make effective business presentations.

Use persuasive and negotiating skills for justifying arguments.

Participate effectively in debates.

Speak English intelligibly, fluently and accurately in group discussions.

DATA STRUCTURES

L T P C 3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

ITC2101

To enable the students to

- depict the different problem solving techniques and the need for data structures.
- be aware of the various abstract data types and their applications.
- know the tree ADT and their applications.
- understand and implement searching and sorting algorithms.
- recognize graphical representation and apply algorithms for path finding.
- apply the knowledge of data structures in practical applications.

Prerequisite: Computer Fundamentals

MODULE I PROBLEM SOLVING AND ABSTRACT DATA TYPES

Problem solving - Top-down Design . Efficiency- Analysis - Sample algorithms . Introduction to data structures . Data structure types . Abstract Data Types . Arrays . Structures . Unions . Pointers.

MODULE II LISTS, STACKS AND QUEUES

List ADT . Stack ADT . Queue ADT . Circular Queue . Double Ended Queue - Priority Queue . Array implementation of Stack and Queue . Singly Linked List . Doubly Linked Lists . Stack and Queue using Linked List.

MODULE III TREES AND HASHING

Preliminaries - Binary Trees - The Search Tree ADT - Binary Search Trees - AVL Trees - Tree Traversals . Binary Heap - Hashing - General Idea - Hash Function -Separate Chaining - Open Addressing - Linear Probing.

MODULE IV SEARCHING AND SORTING

Linear Search . Binary Search - Preliminaries - Insertion Sort - Selection Sort - Shell Sort - Heap sort - Merge sort - Quick sort.

MODULE V GRAPHS

Definitions - Topological Sort - Shortest-Path Algorithms - Unweighted Shortest Paths . Dijkstracs Algorithm - Minimum Spanning Tree . Primcs Algorithm -Applications of Depth-First Search - Undirected Graphs.

8

7

7

8

MODULE VI APPLICATIONS

Linked List - Maintaining an inventory -- Stack - conversion of infix to postfix expression, evaluation of arithmetic expression - Queue - scheduler in OS - Tree - Priority queue - Graph - Traveling Salesman Problem.

Total : 45 Hours

LIST OF EXERCISES:

- 1. Implementation of linear search and binary search
- 2. Array implementation of List ADT, STACK ADT, Queue ADT.
- 3. Implementation of Singly linked list (addition, deletion. Insertion in all positions)
- 4. Implementation of Doubly linked list (addition, deletion. Insertion in all positions)
- 5. Implementation of Stack and Queues using linked list.
- 6. Implementation of binary search tree.
- 7. Program for tree traversal (inorder, postorder, preorder)
- 8. Implementation of Quick sort, Merge sort, Shell sort.
- 9. Implementation of Dijkstra+s algorithms.
- 10. Implementation of Depth First search.
- 11. Implementation of Linked List, Stack and Queue in real world.

Practical: 20 Hours

L – 45; P – 20; TOTAL HOURS – 65

TEXT BOOK:

- **1.** R. G. Dromey, "How to Solve it by Computer", Prentice-Hall of India, 2009.
- **2.** M. A. Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.

REFERENCES:

- **1.** Ashok Kamthane, "Introduction to Data Structures in C", 2nd edition, Wiley Publishers, 2011.
- Narasimha Karumanchi, ¹/₂ ata Structures and Algorithms Made Easy+, 2nd Edition, CareerMonk Publications, 2011.
- **3.** S.K. Srivastava & Deepali Srivastava," Data Structures Through C in Depth" 2nd Edition, 2011, BPB Publications.
- 4. A.K.Sharma, Quata Structures using C+, Pearson Education, 2013.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Analyze the performance of algorithms.
- Describe how arrays, structures, unions and pointers are represented in memory.
- Exhibit an understanding of the abstract properties of various data structures such as lists, stacks and queues.
- Demonstrate the different methods for traversing trees and outline the concepts of hashing.
- Explain the various searching and sorting algorithms.
- Discuss about graph traversal algorithms.
- Choose an appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application.

B.Tech.

ITC2102 COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- have a thorough understanding of the basic structure and operation of a digital computer.
- explore the instruction set and addressing modes of a computer.
- study about the different types of pipelining and processors
- discuss in detail implementation of fixed-point and floating-point addition, subtraction, multiplication & division.
- explore the different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces.
- study the hierarchical memory system including cache memories and virtual memory.

MODULE I BASIC COMPUTER ORGANIZATION

Instruction codes . Computer Registers . Computer Instructions . Timing and Control . Instruction Cycle . Memory Reference Instructions . Input . output and Interrupt . Complete Computer Description . Design of Basic Computer . Design of accumulator Logic . Micro programmed Control . Control Memory . Address sequencing.

MODULE II CENTRAL PROCESSING UNIT

General Register Organization . Stack Organization . Instruction Formats . Addressing Modes . Data Transfer and Manipulation . Program Control . Reduced Instruction Set Computers.

MODULE III PIPELINE AND VECTOR PROCESSING

Parallel Processing . Pipelining . Arithmetic Pipeline . Instruction Pipeline . RISC Pipeline . Vector Processing . Array Processors.

MODULE IV COMPUTER ARITHMETIC

Addition and Subtraction Algorithms . Multiplication Algorithms . Division Algorithms . Floating Point Arithmetic Operations . Decimal Arithmetic Unit . Decimal Arithmetic Operations.

MODULE V I/O ORGANIZATION

7

8

7

Peripheral Devices . Input-Output Interface . Asynchronous Data Transfer . Modes of Transfer . Priority Interrupt- Direct Memory Access . Input/ Output Processor . Serial Communication.

MODULE VI MEMORY ORGANIZATION

Memory Hierarchy . Main Memory . Auxiliary Memory . Associative Memory . Cache Memory . Virtual Memory . Memory Management Hardware - CASE study.

Total: 45 Hours

TEXT BOOK:

1. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture+Revised Third Edition, Pearson

Education, 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Smruthi Ranjan Sarangi, Computer Organization and Architecture+, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt.Ltd., 2015.
- 2. William Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture . Designing for Performance+, 9th edition, Pearson, 2013.
- **3.** Hohl, William, **%**RM Assembly Language: fundamentals and techniques % 2nd edition, CRC Press, 2014.
- David A. Patterson and John L.Hennesey, Computer Organization and Design- The Hardware / Software Interface+, 5th edition, Morgan Kauffman / Elsevier, 2014.
- Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic and Safwat Zaky, "Computer Organization", 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2011

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Discuss the central ideas in computer organization and show the relationship between hardware and software of a computer.
- Describe various operations and operands of computer hardware and representation of instructions.
- Explain the importance of Pipelining and parallel processing.
- Explain how a computer performs arithmetic operations and decimal arithmetic operations.
- Outline the I/O Organization, interrupts and interfaces.
- Compile the concepts of memory organization.

ITC2103

COMPUTER NETWORKS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- understand the computer networking basics and the functions of different layers in OSI Model and TCP-IP Model.
- acquire the knowledge about the different error detection and correction methods and how the data flow is controlled in data communication.
- learn the internetworking protocols and how to apply the sub netting scheme to efficiently use the IP addresses by reducing the wastage of addresses.
- be conversant with the various transmission control protocols and congestion control mechanisms.
- be familiar with various application layer protocols .
- learn about cryptographic techniques and algorithms for network security.

Prerequisite: Computer Fundamentals

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER NETWORKS

Data communication: components, data representation, data flow . Networks: Network criteria, Physical Topology, Categories of Networks - Protocols and standards . Network Models: OSI and TCP/IP Model . Data Transmission: Transmission Impairments, line coding . Transmission Media: Guided and Unguided media.

MODULE II DATA LINK LAYER

Error detection and correction: CRC, Hamming code - Flow and Error control Protocols: Stop and Wait, Go back-N ARQ, Selective Repeat ARQ - HDLC . LAN: Ethernet, IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.11 - Switches - Virtual LAN.

MODULE III INTERNET AND ROUTING PROTOCOLS

Logical Addressing . IPv4: Classfull Addressing, Classless Addressing , CIDR, NAT, Sub netting , Super netting, VLSM . IPv6: Structure, Address space, Advantages -- Routers . Routing Protocols - Distance Vector Routing - Link State Routing.

8

8

MODULE IV TRANSMISSION AND CONGESTION CONTROL MECHANISMS

Transmission control: Process to Process Delivery, Transmission Control Protocols: UDP, TCP and SCTP - Congestion control: Open loop and closed loop congestion control methods, Congestion control examples in TCP and Frame Relay - Quality of Service.

MODULE V NETWORK SERVICES AND SECURITY

Domain Name System . Electronic Mail . Remote Connection . File Transfer . Hyper Text Transfer . Cryptography - Symmetric Key Cryptography - Asymmetric Key Cryptography . RSA Algorithm.

MODULE VI SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS

Need for SDN : Evolution of switches and control panel, SDN Implications for Research and Innovation, Data Center Innovation, Data Center Needs . Genesis of SDN: The Evolution of Networking Technology, Forerunners of SDN, Open Source Contributions to SDN . Working Principles of SDN: Fundamental Characteristics of SDN, SDN operation, SDN Devices, SDN Controller and SDN applications.

Total : 45 Hours

TEXT BOOK:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communication and Networking", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw- Hill, 2017.

REFERENCES:

- **1.** James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
- **2.** Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David.J.Wetherall "Computer Networks", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
- **3.** William Stallings, "Data and Computer Communication", Tenth Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
- **4.** Paul Goransson, Chuck Black, and Timothy Culver "Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach+, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

• discuss the terminology and concepts of the OSI reference model & TCP-

7

7

IP model and the various technologies & standards related networks.

- apply the error detection & correction methods and compare various flow control mechanisms in data communication.
- design and apply appropriate subnetting scheme upon analyzing the requirements of the organization networking structure.
- illustrate the role of various transmission control protocols , how congestion in the networks can be controlled .
- explain the various services provided by network and apply cryptographic techniques and algorithms for network security.
- discuss the need for software defined networks and their working principles and characteristics.

3

8

7

8

7

8

Total Hours : 45

3

0 0

B.Tech.

ITC2104 ADVANCED JAVA AND INTERNET PROGRAMMING L T P C

OBJECTIVES:

- To install and setup Java environment and to learn Java basics
- To develop Java application using swing and AWT
- To explore advanced Java concepts
- To have hands on experience in Internet Programming.

MODULE I JAVA BASICS

Introduction to Java . evolution . variables and data types - arrays- operatorscontrol structures- methods- implementation of object oriented concepts . exception handling.

MODULE II MULTI THREADING AND I / O STREAMS

Multithread programming, thread creation, inter process communication, synchronization-i/o basics- generic programming . string handling-collections.

MODULE III INTRODUCTION TO GUI PROGRAMMING

AWT . using AWT Controls - Event Handling -SWING - Applets and Applications-JavaFX Programming.

MODULE IV JAVA OPEN DB AND RICH INTERNET APPLICATIONS 7

Introduction to databases . SQL-MySQL-Java DB / Apache Derby . Java API with XML-AJAX-Rich Internet Applications with XML and JSON.

MODULE V INTERNET PROGRAMMING FUNDAMENTALS

Introduction to HTML5 - cascading Style Sheets -Java Script- functions-arrays . objects- DOM- event handling.

MODULE VI INTERNET PROGRAMMING FRAMEWORKS

Java Beans- Servlets . JSP. Session Management . Cookies . Java Web Start . Java Plug-Ins . Deployment, Plug-In And Web Start Tools . . Installing And Configuring Apache Tomcat Server- Jboss Server.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Herbert Schildt, Wava 2. The Complete Reference+, Nineth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2014.
- Deitel and Deitel and Nieto % nternet and World Wide Web-How to Program+, Prentice Hall, 6th Edition, 2012.

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of course the students will be able to :

- become familiar with the Java environment
- develop Java application using Swings and Middleware technology
- develop Applet and AWT based Java Applications
- apply java concepts to develop frontend and backend applications
- use client side and server side scripting
- explore internet application frameworks

ITC2106	NETWORK CONFIGURATION LAB	L	т	Ρ	С
		0	0	3	1

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- study the tools and commands for constructing and maintaining networks.
- configure the IP addresses in the Network devices.
- configure the various routing protocols and enable the different networks to communicate with each other.
- configure the Access control lists in a network topology.
- configure VLANs on the switches in a network topology.

LIST OF EXERCISES:

- 1. Using Network Tools to verify the various addresses associated with network, connectivity between nodes in a network.
- 2. Basic configuration of Routers and Switches and Configuration of IP addresses in a computer and in the interfaces of a Router.
- 3. Creating simple peer to peer network.
- 4. Creating a Wide Area Network (WAN) with various classes of IP address and configured with RIP protocol.
- 5. Creating a WAN with subnetted IP addresses and configured with IGRP protocol.
- 6. Creating a WAN with variable length subnetted IP addresses and configured with RIP Ver 2 Protocol.
- 7. Creating a WAN with variable length subnetted IP addresses and configured with EIGRP protocol.
- 8. Creating a WAN with variable length subnetted IP addresses and configured with OSPF protocol.
- 9. Creating an Access controlled WAN with variable length subnetted IP addresses and configured with any one of the routing protocol.
- 10. Configuration of Virtual LAN on the switches in a network topology

Total: 30 Hours

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course students will be able to:

• Design and implement a WAN with a distance vectored routing protocol.

- Design and implement a WAN with a link-state routing protocol.
- Design and implement a WAN with VLSM and appropriate classless interdomain

Routing protocol

- Design and implement a WAN with VLAN configured switches.
- Design and implement a WAN with communication restricted through ACLs.

ITC2107 ADVANCED JAVA AND INTERNET PROGRAMMING L T P C LAB

0 0 3 1

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- acquire practical experience on core java programming.
- have hands on experience in advanced concepts of java programming.
- gain hands on experience in Internet Programming.

EXPERIMENTS:

- 1. Java program using AWT GUI components.
- 2. Java programs for layout manager.
- 3. Java program to create applets with the specific features like color palette, background, image insertion, radio buttons, and checkbox group etc.
- 4. Programs to implement Java swing components.
- 5. Java programs to implement thread, thread priority, multi thread concepts.
- 6. Java programs for database connectivity using JDBC-ODBC connectivity.
- 7. Installation and working of webserver like Apache Tomcat and application servers glassfish.
- 8. Java programs to create three-tier applications using servlets and JSP.
- 9. Create a web page using HTML (i.e include map,hotspots).
- 10. Create a web page with various kind of style sheets.
- 11. Demonstration of Java Script, JQuery, and Ajax.
- 12. XML and Java API for XML web services.

Total Hours : 30

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of course the students will be able to :

- become familiar with the Java environment.
- develop Applet, AWT, and Swing based Java Applications.
- practice advanced Java concepts.
- practice Markup languages and programming.
- work in the Internet frameworks.

2 1

0 0

SEMESTER IV

ENC2282 WRITTEN COMMUNICATION L T P C

OBJECTIVES:

To help students identify content specific vocabulary and learn its usage.

To expose them to reading for specific purposes, especially in professional contexts.

To expose them to the process of different kinds of formal writing.

To help them learn corporate correspondence for different purposes.

To train them in preparing effective applications with résumé

To make them write different types of reports.

MODULE I

Introduction - process of writing . Fundamentals of academic and professional writing . Understanding short, real world notices, messages, etc.

MODULE II

Reading industry related texts (ex. Manufacturing, textile, hospitality sector etc.) for specific information. -Writing Instructions and recommendations

MODULE III

Understanding format and conventions of writing email, memo, fax, agenda and minutes of the meeting - Writing email, memo, fax, agenda and minutes of the meeting for various purposes (industry specific)

MODULE IV

Viewing letter of application and Résumé, letter calling for an interview, letter of inquiry and Promotional letter - Writing Functional résumé and letter of application using Edmodo.

MODULE V

Viewing a Video and reading a case study (industry specific) . collaborative writing using Edmodo . reading and information transfer - Writing reports- Survey, feasibility and progress . exposure to discipline specific reports

MODULE VI

4

6

Writing Statement of purpose (Higher Education)-- Justifying and writing about onec preparedness for job (Statement of Purpose highlighting strengths and weaknesses) . Peer evaluation skills through Edmodo.

P – 30; Total Hours –30

REFERENCES:

- 1. Riordan,D (2013). *Technical Report Writing Today*. Cengage Learning, 10th edition. USA.
- 2. Oliu, W. E., Brusaw, C.T., & Alred, G.J.(2012). *Writing that Works: Communicating Effectively on the Job*. Bedford/St. Martings. Eleventh Edition.
- 3. Garner, B.A. (2013). *HBR Guide to Better Business Writing (HBR Guide Series)*. Harvard Business Review Press. USA.
- 4. Sharma, R.C. & Krishna M. (2002). *Business Correspondence and Report Writing*. Tata MacGraw . Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.
- 5. Macknish, C. (2010). *Academic and Professional Writing for Teachers*. McGraw-Hill Education. USA.
- 6. Whitby, Norman (2014). *Business Benchmark: Pre-Intermediate to Intermediate*. Cambridge University Press, UK.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will have the ability to

Identify content specific vocabulary and also use them in appropriate contexts.

Demonstrate reading skills with reference to business related texts.

Draft professional documents by using the three stages of writing.

Create different types of documents for various corporate correspondences.

Write effective letter of applications, résumé and statement of purpose.

Write business related reports efficiently.

ITC2212 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To describe essential features of database management systems and its use.
- Familiar to identify about the procedural and non-procedural language.
- Mastering the design principles of databases, as well as in the normalization approach.
- To provide the description of physical file structures and access methods
- Master the advanced topics and current trends.

MODULE I BASIC CONCEPTS

General Introduction to database and Transactions -Traditional file system and database - Database system three-tier architecture - various components of database- Data models - Modeling using ER model . UML . OLTP Vs OLAP

MODULE II RELATIONAL ALGEBRA AND SQL LANGUAGE

Unary Operations: Select and Project - Relational Set operations - Binary Relational operators. SQL: Data definition Language, Data Manipulation Language, Data Control Language in SQL - Basic constraints in SQL - Basic Queries in SQL- Joins, Aggregate & SORT functions -SQL Views and Privileges.

MODULE III DATABASE DESIGN AND DATA STORAGE

Importance of good schema design - Problems due to bad design schema-Functional dependencies: Definition-Inference rules for FD-minimal sets of FD-Normal forms up to BCNF- Dependency preserving and Lossless decomposition. Storage File organization: Memory Hierarchies - Secondary Storage devices -Magnetic tape storage device. Files - Fixed length and Variable length records. Operations on files: Sorted Files - Heap Files-Hashing and overflow handling techniques.

MODULE IV INDEXING AND TRANSACTION PROCESSING

What is Indexing? Advantages of Indexing; Indexing structure for files: Different type of single-level ordered index- Multi level index-Dynamic multilevel indexing using B tree and B+ trees: Create Index using SQL; Introduction to transaction processing: single-user verses multiuser - Need for Concurrency and recovery - Transaction states - ACID properties and Logs - Schedules based on Serializability: Conflict and View serializability - testing for serializability. Characterizing schedules based on Recoverability: Recoverable - Non-recoverable schedules - cascading rollback and cascade less schedule. What is SQL Tuning?

MODULE V CONCURRENCY AND RECOVERY TECHNIQUES

Concurrency control techniques: Locking, Lock compatibility matrix, Basic Twophase locking (2PL) protocol, and various 2PL protocol, Timestamp-ordering based protocol. Deadlock prevention, Deadlock detection and Deadlock recovery -

8

91

8

8

7

6

Database recovery techniques: Immediate update, deferred update, Shadow paging, and Checkpoint.

MODULE VI ENHANCED DATA MODELS

Overview of object oriented concepts - Temporal databases - Introduction to multimedia and spatial databases - Distributed databases and issues - Types of distributed database systems - XML documents and XML Querying - Data mining concepts . Introduction to NoSQL & Columnar databases

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Silberschatz, A., Korth, H. F., & Sudarshan, Database system concepts+ McGraw-Hill. ,(International Edition) (6th ed.). New York, 2011.
- 2. Elmasri, R., & Navathe, S. B. ‰undamentals of database systems+(6th ed.) Pearson Education, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Raghu Ramakrishnan, ⁽²⁾Database Management System+,3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, 2003.
- Peter Rob and Corlos Coronel- ¹/₂ atabase System, Design, Implementation and Management+, 5th edition, 2003.
- 3. C J Date, % Introduction to Database System+, 8th Edition, 2004.
- 4. Hector Garcia. Molina, Jeffrey D.Ullman and Jennifer Widom- Database System Implementation+, Pearson Education, 2000.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Summarize the vital concepts and architecture associated with DBMS
- Describe relational database using SQL.
- Apply normalization techniques in database design.
- Use the transaction processing and concurrency control for application software.
- Utilize the query evaluation techniques and query optimization.
- Apply the knowledge in current trends of database system.

ITC2213

OPERATING SYSTEMS

L T P C 3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- Study about different types of system software and operating systems.
- understand the concepts of process scheduling and compare the various scheduling algorithms.
- acquire the knowledge about critical section problem and how the solution is provided
- explain conditions that lead to deadlock and the different methods to handle the deadlock.
- understand the concepts of various memory management schemes.
- learn about the file and disk management.

Prerequisite: Computer Programming and Computer Architecture

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO SYSTEM SOFTWARE AND 8 OPERATING SYSTEM

Introduction to system software-Editor, Assembler, Loader, Linker, Compiler & Interpreter, Macro-processors and Emulator, Operating System: Goals . Operating System Types: Multiprogramming, Timesharing, Distributed, Real-Time System, Multimedia, Open Source, Android . Computing Environments . System Components . Operating System Design & Implementation . Operating System Structure

MODULE II PROCESS SCHEDULING

Overview of Process, Memory, File and Disk Management-Process Management-Process Concepts . Schedulers . Process Scheduling: Algorithms, Multiple-Processor & Real-Time Scheduling . Threads: Overview, Threading Issues, Thread Scheduling.

MODULE III PROCESS SYNCHRONIZATION

Operations on Processes . Inter-Process Communication . Process Synchronization: Critical-Section Problem, Semaphores, Classic Problems of Synchronization, Critical Region-Monitors.

7

MODULE IV DEADLOCKS AND SYSTEM PROTECTION

Deadlocks: System Model. Deadlock Prevention-Deadlock Avoidance: Banker's Algorithm - Deadlock Detection -Deadlock Recovery- System Protection: Goals, Principles- System and Network Threats: Firewall-Port Scanner.

MODULE V MEMORY MANAGEMENT

Main Memory Address Space. Swapping . Contiguous Memory Allocation: Fragmentation, Paging, Segmentation . Virtual Memory: Demand Paging, Page Replacement Algorithms, Allocation of Frames, Thrashing, Virtualization: Memory Virtualization, Virtual Machine.

MODULE VI FILE AND DISK MANAGEMENT

File Concepts . Access Methods . Directory Structure. File System Structure . File System Implementation. Virtual File System: Network File System . Distributed File System . File System Mounting . File Sharing & Protection: File Locking- Disk Structure . Disk Scheduling. Disk Management, Case study- UNIX Operating System.

Lecture : 45 Hours

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Study of UNIX Commands & Utilities.
- 2. Study of Shell Programming
- 3. Creation of process using system calls, fork() & exec().
- 4. Implementation of Inter-process communication using pipes and filters.
- 5. Development of multi-threaded program.
- 6. Implementation of Semaphore.
- 7. Implementation of Scheduling algorithms (FIFO, SJF, Priority & Round-robin)
- 8. Implementation of Banker's algorithm for Deadlock avoidance.
- 9. Implementation of Port Scanner.
- 10. Implementation of First-fit, Best-fit and Worst-fit memory allocation strategies.
- 11. Implementation of page replacement algorithms.
- 12. Creation of Virtual Machines
- 13. Implementation of File-locking concept.
- 14. Implementation of disk scheduling algorithms (SCAN, C-SCAN & LOOK)

Lecture: 45 Hours, Practical: 30 Hours Total: 75 Hours

7

8

TEXT BOOK:

 Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, Deperating System Conceptsq Ninth Edition, John Wiley & Sons (ASIA) Pvt. Ltd, 2013.

REFERENCES:

- Leland L. Beck, "System Software An Introduction to Systems Programming", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2000.
- Harvey M. Deitel, Deperating Systemsq Second Edition, Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd, 2002.
- Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Modern Operating Systemsq Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, 2003.
- 4. William Stallings, Deperating System Prentice Hall of India, 4th Edition, 2003.
- 5. Pramod Chandra P. Bhatt . An Introduction to Operating Systems, Concepts and Practiceq PHI, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- discuss the different types of system software and operating systems
- analyze the different CPU scheduling algorithms
- use appropriate schemes for providing process synchronization
- discuss how the deadlock can be managed / avoided.
- illustrate the various memory management schemes.
- explain the concepts of file and disk management

B.Tech.

ITC2214 SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- understand various software process models.
- acquire the knowledge about software requirements engineering.
- Understand the fundamental concepts of software design.
- learn software design techniques.
- comprehend software testing techniques.
- understand software project management concepts.

Prerequisite: Computer Programming

MODULE I SOFTWARE PROCESS MODELS

The Software Process - Software Engineering Practice - Software Development Myths - Software Process Structure - Process Models - Agile Process Models - Agile Teams.

MODULE II SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

Requirements Engineering - Establishing The Groundwork - Eliciting Requirements -Developing Use Cases - Building The Analysis Model - Scenario-Based Modeling: Requirements Analysis - Scenario-Based Modeling - Class-Based Methods: -Requirements Modeling for Web And Mobile Apps.

MODULE III SOFTWARE DESIGN FUNDAMENTALS

The Design Process - Design Concepts - The Design Model - Software Architecture -Architectural Styles - Component-Level Design: - Designing Class-Based Components - Component-Level Design for Webapps - Component-Level Design for Mobile Apps.

MODULE IV SOFTWARE DESIGN

User Interface Design: The Golden Rules - Interface Design Steps - Webapp And Mobile Interface Design - Design Evaluation - Pattern-Based Software Design.

MODULE V SOFTWARE TESTING

Test Strategies For Conventional Software - Test Strategies For Object-Oriented Software - Test Strategies For Webapps - Test Strategies For Mobileapps -Validation Testing - System Testing - The Art Of Debugging - White-Box Testing

7

8

8

96

Techniques - Black-Box Testing Techniques - Testing Object-Oriented Applications - Testing Concepts For Webapps - Testing Web Applications - Testing Mobileapps.

MODULE VI MANAGING SOFTWARE PROJECTS

7

Introduction To Software Configuration Management - Project Management Concepts - Empirical Estimation Models - Estimation For Object-Oriented Projects -The CMMI -

Total : 45 Hours

TEXT BOOK:

 Roger S. Pressman, "Software Engineering - A Practitioners Approach", 8th Edition, McGraw Hill Publication, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- **1.** Sommerville, "Software Engineering", 10th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2015.
- Jordan Hudgens, Skill Up: A Software Developer's Guide to Life and Career+, Packt Publishing, 2017.
- John Sonmez,
 —
 —
 — Complete Software Developer's Career Guide: How to

 Learn Programming Languages Quickly, Ace Your Programming Interview, and
 Land Your Software Developer Dream Job+, Simple Programmer, 2017.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- select the suitable software process model to develop the software successfully.
- prepare requirements specification document and analyze the requirements.
- explain software design concepts.
- design a software for given requirements to develop a quality software.
- develop test case specification and to test the software using both whitebox and black-box testing techniques.
- explain about the software project management concepts.

ECC2208	SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS	L	Т	Ρ	С
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concepts of Signals and Linear Time-Invariant Systems
- To illustrate various Transform such as Fourier, Laplace, Z-Transform etc. for signal processing applications

PREREQUISITES:

• Fundamentals of Engineering Mathematics

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO SIGNALS

Discrete and Continuous Signals. Standard elementary signals, Basic operations on signals. Energy and Power of signals.

MODULE II INTRODUCTION TO LTI SYSTEMS

Continuous-Time and Discrete-Time Systems, Linear Time Invariant (LTI) Systems and its Properties, Impulse Response, Discrete-time and Continuous-time convolution and Correlation.

MODULE III FOURIER SERIES ANALYSIS

Fourier Series representation of signals. Properties of Fourier Series. Complex exponential Fourier Series

MODULE IV FOURIER TRANSFORM ANALYSIS

Continuous-Time Fourier Transform and its properties. Frequency Response of CT-LTI Systems. Discrete-Time Fourier Transform (DTFT) and its properties.

MODULE V LAPLACE TRANSFORM ANALYSIS

Unilateral and Bilateral Laplace Transform. Region of Convergence (ROC), Properties of Laplace Transforms. Poles and Zeros. Inverse Laplace Transformation.

MODULE VI Z- TRANSFORM ANALYSIS

Z-Transform. Z-Plane and ROC. Properties of Z-Transform. Poles and Zeros. Methods for Inverse Z-Transform

Total Hours -45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Willsky, with S. Hamid Nawab, "Signals and Systems", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015. (ISBN: 9789332550230)
- 2. Simon Haykin, Barry Van Veen, "Signals and Systems", 2nd Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd., 2007. (ISBN: 9788126512652)

8

8

7

7

7

REFERENCES:

- 1. Hwei P. Hsu, "Signals And Systems", 3rdEdition, Schaum's Outlines, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 2. Won Young Yang, "Signals and Systems with MATLAB", 1st Edition, Springer, 2011.
- 3. Simon Haykin & Michael Moher, Communication Systems+, 5th Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd., 2009.
- 4. John G. Proakis & Dimitris G Manolakis , Digital Signal Processing : Principles, Algorithms, and Applications+, 4 Edition, Pearson India, 2007.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to

- Mathematically represent and classify the signals
- Mathematically represent and classify the systems
- Evaluate and manipulate signals mathematically.
- Identify, and characterize common LTI Systems.
- Apply the tools such as Fourier Series and Fourier Transform in problem solving.
- Apply the Laplace Transform and Z-Transform in problem solving

ITC2215

DBMS LAB

LTPC

0 0 3 1

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- know how to create a database and query it using SQL.
- understand the importance of Referential and Integrity constraints.
- know how to work with PL/SQL.
- be aware of database connectivity for developing an application.

LIST OF EXERCISES:

- 1. Creation of Data Definition Language (DDL) to perform table creation, Alter, modify and drop commands in RDBMS.
- 2. Integrity and referential Constraints.
- 3. Data Manipulation Language Basic Queries in SQL, Joined tables in SQL, Aggregate functions in SQL, Group By and Having clause.
- 4. Working with Views.
- 5. Basic programs in Procedural Language using SQL (PL/SQL).
- 6. No_Data_Found, Too_Many_Rows Exception program using PL/SQL.
- 7. Programs using Cursors.
- 8. Programs using Functions and Procedures.
- 9. Triggers.
- 10. Database connectivity using MySQL.
- 11. Design and implementation of any application using database.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Apply SQL DML/DDL commands for creating a database.
- Demonstrate PL/SQL programming.
- Develop small-scale database oriented applications.

SEMESTER V

MSC 3181 LEADERSHIP & CEO TRAINING L T P C

3003

OBJECTIVES:

The course aims at

- Bringing about positive transformation in studentsqattitude.
- Building unique leadership competencies that would ensure successful transition of students across all career stages.
- Sensitizing students to identify their strengths & weakness and training them to deal with it
- Assisting students in enhancing their expressive ability and inducing a high level of self confidence to manage both business and emotions
- Training students to become more adaptable and flexible to changing business environment

MODULE I Introduction to Leadership

Leadership concept - meaning, definitions, importance of leadership, leadership traits. Leadership functions- general functions, listening, observing, managing and decision making. Components of leadership - leaders, followers and situation. Leadership theories . Trait theory, Skills theory, Style theory, Situational theory, Transformational theory, Transactional theory, Path Goal Theory and LMX. Assessing emotional intelligence and exploring the capabilities and inherent traits through psychometric tests - Multi factor leadership questionnaire and personal reflections

MODULE II Leadership Style and Communication

Leadership styles-visionary, Coaching, Affiliative, Democratic, Pacesetting Commanding, Transformational, Transactional. Autocratic, Participative, Laissez-Faire Leader versus Managers. Leadership communication - Rationale, tactic, assertive, formal, informal, communication in crisis- leadership and negotiations, Leadership Presentations-convincing and impressive style

MODULE III Leadership Roles

Facets of leadership- Leader as an individual. personality and leadership, values, attitudes and ethics of a leader. **Leader as a relationship builder**empowering people to meet higher order needs, initiating organization wide motivational programs, involvement with all stakeholders- focusing on organization growth. **Leader as an inspirer**- motivation and leadership, recognizing and appreciating contributions, empowering others to lead **Leader as an innovator**.

80

12

leaderc role in shaping culture and values in an organization. Leader as a Liaison-Leader as team player

MODULE IV Leadership Challenges and Strategies

Challenges in leadership: Perception of organization culture and values, interpreting the power dynamics in the organization, establishing work life balance. Bad leadership . Reasons and impact.-Case Study of Marissa Mayer-Yahoo.Inc Organizational transformation through efficient leaders-Case study of Apple Inc. Blue Ocean Leadership-Steps to Blue ocean Leadership-Four Pillars of Blue Ocean leadership-Blue Ocean leadership grid

MODULE V Leadership and CEO Training

Leader as a CEO: Traits of a successful CEO, Key responsibilities of a CEO, the path to be a CEO ,Training on Board Room Discussions, Meeting the CEO . Live sessions with industry CEOqs. Requirements of Leadership: - Cognitive skills, Interpersonal skills, Business skills, Strategic skills. Role of Emotional Intelligence in taking up key-positions in the organization.

Teaching Pedagogy:

Nurturing. Based on the identified strengths and weaknesses, training will be given to enhance the strengths and overcome the weakness.

Assessment - Continuous evaluation will be effected through group discussions, oratory assignments and situational enactments. Pre-and post-training assessment through peer reviews and faculty feedback.

Sustained development. Training will be imparted for self-development and monitoring of leadership skills to ensure sustained applicability of the skills learnt.

Total Hours: 45

102

REFERENCES:

- Andrew J DuBrin. Meadership: Research Findings, Practice, and Skills+, 8th Edition, South-Western College Pub, 2015.
- 2. Yukl G, Meadership in Organisations+, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
- Richard L Daft , & deadership+, 5th Edition, South Western Cengage Learning 2012.
- Stephen P. Robbins and Timothy A. Judge. ⁽Drganizational Behaviour+, 15th Edition, New Delhi: Pearson, 2013.

- Fred Luthans, @rganizational Behavior, An Evidence Based Approach+, 12th Edition, New Delhi: McGraw Hill Education, 2013.
- Emotional Intelligence, Why it can matter no more than IQ by Daniel Goleman (include a book) Publisher: Bloomsbury Publishing India Private Limited; Latest edition (2017)
- Primal Leadership: Unleashing the Power of Emotional Intelligence by Prof Daniel Goleman, Richard Boyatzis and McKee, Harvard Business Review Press

Recommended Readings:

- Jim Collins, (2001). Good To Great: Why Some Companies Make the Leap...And Others Don't+, Random House Publishers India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi
- 2. George, B. with Sims, P. True North: Discover Your Authentic Leadership, The Times Group Books; First edition (1 October 2015)
- Kim, W. C., & Mauborgne, R. A. (2014). Blue ocean strategy, expanded edition: How to create uncontested market space and make the competition irrelevant. Harvard business review Press.
- 4. Leadership Wisdom by Robin Sharma Jaico Publishing House;

OUTCOMES

The students will be able to

- Explore through self-introspection onec own leadership style, their strength and weakness
- Gain self confidence to lead a team in the organization
- Realize the role of leadership in making or breaking of an organization
- Acquire the practice of self introspection and development of leadership competencies thorough continuous efforts
- Manage their own emotions as well as other resulting in successful relationship building with all stakeholders

MSC 4181 SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP L T P C

3003

OBJECTIVES:

- To be able to understand the field of social entrepreneurship and Social problems
- To be able to describe and understand the traits of social entrepreneurs
- To recognize the social business opportunities
- To synthesize the resource mobilization ways for social entrepreneurship
- To understand the social entrepreneurship models
- To recognize the impact of social entrepreneurship on societies

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP 07

Introduction - Emergence and Development of Social Entrepreneurship. Social Problems in India: An Overview. Social Development: The Indian Scenario. Emergence of Social Entrepreneurs and Sustainable Solutions to Social Problem. Characteristics and Context of Social Entrepreneurship .The Role of Social Entrepreneurship in Societies & Economies.

MODULE II SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP: DRIVERS AND CHALLENGES 07

The Drivers of Social Entrepreneurship. Elements of the Social Entrepreneurial Personality. Challenges of financial constraints. Challenge to attract and cultivate talented workers. Challenge of evaluation of social entrepreneur impact. Challenge of scaling and its impact. Cases

MODULE III SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP: OPPORTUNITY RECOGNITION 07

Opportunity Recognition and Planning Process. Opportunities for Social Entrepreneurs. The Nature of Social Entrepreneurial Opportunities. Social Problems into Opportunities. Idea development and conceptualization of social problem. Cases

MODULE IV RESOURCE MOBILIZATION FOR SOCIAL VENTURE 08

Resources at Initial Stage. Social Network as a role of Social Capital. Team and Collective Efforts. Need and Determination of Important Resources. Resource of Knowledge, Skills and Abilities. overview of venture capital and angel investment. Cases

MODULE V BUSINESS MODELS AND BUSINESS PLAN FOR SOCIAL ENTERPRISES

08

Design Principles of Social Entrepreneurship Business Models, Evaluation of the Root Cause of a Societal Problem. Developing business plan for social ventures. Developing an investor presentation. Feasibility study and report. How to start a business - Procedures for registration of small scale industry

MODULE VI THE IMPACT OF SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP ON SOCIETY 08

Static Impact of Social Entrepreneurship. Impact of Charitable NGOs vs. Social Entrepreneurship, Impact of For-Profit Companies vs. Social Entrepreneurship. Social entrepreneurship report preparation by students.

Case Study of Social Entrepreneurs

Total Hours: 45

REFERENCES:

- 1. Social Entrepreneurship : New models of sustainable social change+ . Alex Nicholls, Oxford University Press 2006
- 2. The Process of social value creation : A multiple case study on Social Entrepreneurship in India , Archana Singh Springer 2016
- Springer Gabler 2012
- 4. Social Entrepreneurship+Manuel London ,Routlege, 2010

OUT COMES:

The students can able to

- Conceptualize social entrepreneurship in terms of a theoretical framework between changing social values and institutions
- " Think and communicate about social values
- Learn about practical models of social change to launch, lead, manage, and evaluate a social venture
- ["] Analyze funding needs and sources for the social venture
- Experience the ideas can be critically and collaboratively examined prior to commitment.

B.Tech.

ENC 3181 COMMUNICATION AND SOFT SKILLS - I CONFIDENCE BUILDING

OBJECTIVES:

To develop professional skills like work ethics, analytical skills, presentation skills etc.

To train them in problem solving skills and leadership skills pertaining to industries.

To train them in team building skills.

To train in setting up career goals

MODULE I

Brief about Multinational companies- Analysing work ethics of multinational companies and small industries- discussing as pairs-Knowledge about etiquette (different types)

MODULE II

Visit to an Industry and prepare reports --Critically reading of industry specific journal articles and write ups-- preparing reports.

MODULE III

Analysing problem solving situations in industries (relating to application of core subject to specific jobs) and discussing about them- working on a sample case

MODULE IV

Developing Leadership in team projects-- debating about various aspects of leadership: for example, responsibility and reliability-time management

MODULE V

Team building skills-- group discussions pertaining to industries-- presenting career goals. -- preparing for interviews- interpersonal skills

Total Hours – 30

REFERENCES:

1. Covey, S.R. (2004). The 7Habits of Highly Effective People: Powerful Lessons in Personal Change. Free Press.UK

4

6

6

6

8

LTPC

Ω Ω

- 2. Fine, P.M.& Alice Olins. (2016).Step up: Confidence, Success and Your Stellar Career in 10 Minutes a Day. Vermilion.UK
- 3. Pai, A. (1993). How to Develop Self-Confidence. Amazon.com
- 4. Wentz,F.H.(2012). Soft skills training: A Workbook to Develop Skills for Employment. Amazon.com

OUTCOMES:

After completing the course students would be able to

Exhibit critical reading skills through review of industry specific articles.

Provide solutions to problem based situations.

Exhibit leadership qualities by debating over industry specific issues.

Participate in group discussions confidently.

Present their career goals.

ITC3101 OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the object oriented life cycle.
- To know how to identify objects, relationships, services and attributes through UML.
- To provide knowledge in Object Oriented Design process.
- To analyze about software quality and usability.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

An Overview of Object Oriented Systems Development - Object Basics - Object Oriented Systems Development Life Cycle.

MODULE II OBJECT ORIENTED METHODOLOGIES

Unified Approach - Development Process - Unified Modeling Language . Use case -Class diagram: The Essential - Advanced Concepts . Interactive Diagram - Package Diagram - Collaboration Diagram - State Diagram . Activity Diagram -Communication Diagrams - Composite Structure - Timing Diagrams.

MODULE III OBJECT ORIENTED ANALYSIS

Identifying use cases - Object Analysis: Classification - Identifying Object relationships, Attributes, and Methods.

MODULE OBJECT ORIENTED DESIGN - I 7

Design axioms - Designing Classes

MODULE V OBJECT ORIENTED DESIGN - II

Access Layer: Object Storage and Object Interoperability, View Layer: Designing Interface Objects.

MODULE SOFTWARE QUALITY AND USABILITY 7

Designing Interface Objects - Software Quality Assurance - System Usability -Measuring User Satisfaction

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

7

8

8

1. Ali Bahrami, "Object Oriented Systems Development", Tata McGraw-Hill, 1999.

2. Martin Fowler, "UML Distilled", 3rd edition, Pearson Education, 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. John Deacon, "Object Oriented Analysis and Design", Pearson Education, 2009.

2. Bennett, Farmer, Steve McRobb, "Object-oriented Systems Analysis and Design: Using UML", McGraw-Hill Higher Education, 2010.

3. Grady Booch, "Object Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications", 3rd edition, Pearson, 2010.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the programme students will be able to:

- " Outline the basics of object oriented system development life cycle.
- " Explain the various UML diagrams.
- " Analyze software requirements to identify objects, attributes and methods.
- " Prepare design for software using UML diagrams.
- Outline how to identify requirements, analyze requirements and prepare design for application and real-time software.
- " Explain how to develop user friendly software.

Т

2 0 2 3

P C

ITC3102 FUNDAMENTALS OF WEB DESIGNING

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of web designing
- To discuss methods and techniques to create simple to complex websites.
- To explore prevailing vocabulary in web development in creating social media websites.
- To focus on client side and server side scripting languages.
- To discuss about software and services that are easily incorporated in a website.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to web design environment, role of web designers, basics of scripting and programming, need of multimedia, tools and equipments assisting web designing, working of web, browser server communication, web page address, anatomy of a web page, Multitude of devices in web, standards in web, responsive web design.

MODULE II STRUCTURE OF WEB PAGE AUTHORING

Introduction . First XHTML Example, Headers, Linking, Images, Special Characters, Unordered Lists, Nested and Ordered Lists, Basic XHTML Tables, Basic HTML Forms. Internal Linking, Meta Elements, Framesets, Forms and creation of Forms.

MODULE III PROGRAMMING WITH JAVASCRIPT

Introduction to scripting, simple program, memory concepts, arithmetic, decision making statements, control structures, JavaScript functions, objects, dynamic html event model.

MODULE IV STYLING WITH CSS

Introduction, Inline styles, embedded style sheets, conflicting styles, linking external style sheets, W3C CSS validation services, positioning elements, Backgrounds, element dimensions, text flow and box model, user style sheets, internal style sheets.

Total Hours : 30

8

8

7

REFERENCES:

1. The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective - Honbo Zhou . CRC Press . 2012.

2. Architecting the Internet of Things - Dieter Uckelmann; Mark Harrison; Florian Michahelles- (Eds.) . Springer . 2011.

3. Designing internet of things . Adrian McEwen & Hakim Cassimally . Jhon Wiley and sons . 2014.

4. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi , ‰he Internet of Things . Key applications and Protocols+, Wiley, 2012.

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of course the students will be able to :

- Create local HTML pages and move them to a remote web server.
- Design and develop basic web pages using HTML and CSS.
- Use graphics and tables in Web pages.
- Link pages so that they create a Web site.

3 0

ITC3103 MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLER L T P

OBJECTIVES:

- " To study the architecture and Instruction set of 8086
- ["] To develop assembly language programs in 8086.
- " To understand and design multiprocessor configurations.
- " To study different peripheral devices and their interfacing to 8086.
- " To study the architecture and programming of 8051 microcontroller.

MODULE I 8086 ARCHITECTURE

Introduction to 8086 Microprocessor, Minimum and Maximum Mode Signals, Architecture, Memory Organization, Interrupt structure of 8086, Introduction to Advanced Microprocessors.

MODULE II INSTRUCTION SET AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING OF 8086

Instruction formats, addressing modes, Instruction Set of 8086, String Manipulations, assembler directives, Procedures and Macros, Assembly Language Programming.

MODULE I/O INTERFACING

Memory Interfacing, I/O Interfacing, Parallel Communication Interface, 8255 PPI Architecture and Interfacing, Serial Communication Interface, 8251 USART Architecture and Interfacing, Real Time Applications.

MODULE IV INTERFACING WITH ADVANCED DEVICES

Interrupt service routine, Programmable Interrupt controller 8259 Architecture and Interfacing, Introduction to Timer/ Counter Controller 8253, Keyboard/Display Controller 8279 and DMA Controller 8257, Simple Applications.

MODULE V 8051 MICROCONTROLLER

Introduction, Signals of 8051, Architecture, Memory Organization, Interrupt Structure, Serial & Timer control.

MODULE VI 8051 REAL TIME CONTROL

Addressing Modes and Instruction set of 8051, Programming Timer interrupts, external hardware interrupts and serial communication interrupts, Real Time Applications using 8051, Introduction to Embedded System.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. K. Ray and K.M. Bhurchandani, "Advanced Microprocessors and

8

8

7

7

7

8

С

Peripherals- TMH", 2nd edition, 2006.

2. Subrata Ghoshal, "8051 Microcontroller Internals, Instructions, Programming and Interfacing", Pearson Education, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. K.Uma Rao, Andhe Pallavi, "The 8051 Microcontrollers, Architecture and programming and Applications", Pearson Education, Sixth Edition, 2013.

2. D. V. Hall, "Micro processors and Interfacing",1st edition, 2006.

3. Kenneth. J. Ayala , "The 8051 microcontroller", 3rd edition, Cengage learning, 2010.

OUTCOMES:

• Explain the internal architecture of 8086 Microprocessor.

- Develop assembly language programs using 8086 instructions.
- Design and demonstrate I/O interfacing concepts and programming techniques using 8255 and 8251 for simple applications.
- Explain the internal architecture of 8051 Microcontroller.
- Develop simple programs using 8051 instructions.

• Develop and demonstrate real time control applications using 8051 instructions.

ITC3104

CASE TOOLS LAB

L T P C 0 0 3 1

OBJECTIVES:

- Define the process of object-oriented analysis and design to software development.
- Pointing out the importance and function of each UML model throughout the process of object-oriented analysis and design and explaining the notation of various elements in these models.
- Providing students with the necessary knowledge and skills in using object oriented CASE tools.

Prepare the following documents for two or three of the experiments listed below and develop the software using software engineering methodology.

1. Feasibility Study and Project Planning.

Thorough study of the problem - Identify project scope, Objectives, Infrastructure.

2. Software Requirements Analysis.

Develop Scenario-based Model, Class-based Model, and Behavioral Model.

3. Data Modelling.

Use work products -use case diagrams and activity diagrams, class diagrams, sequence diagrams and add interface to class diagrams.

- 4. Software development and debugging.
- 5. Study of software testing tools.

LIST OF EXERCISES:

- 1. Student Marks Analyzing System.
- 2. Gas Booking System.
- 3. Online Flight Ticket Reservation System.
- 4. Employee Payroll Management System.
- 5. Course Registration System.
- 6. Hostel Room Allocation System.

- 7. Health Insurance Management System.
- 8. Online Mobile Recharging System.
- 10. Vacation Management System
- 11. Satellite Navigation System

Total Hours : 45

OUTCOMES:

Students on successful completion of the course should have gained the following skills

- Show the importance of systems analysis and design in solving complex problems.
- Show how the object-oriented approach differs from the traditional approach to systems analysis and design.

SEMESTER VI

MSC 3181

LEADERSHIP & CEO TRAINING

LTPC

12

8

8

3003

OBJECTIVES:

The course aims at

- Bringing about positive transformation in studentsqattitude.
- Building unique leadership competencies that would ensure successful transition of students across all career stages.
- Sensitizing students to identify their strengths & weakness and training them to deal with it
- Assisting students in enhancing their expressive ability and inducing a high level of self confidence to manage both business and emotions
- Training students to become more adaptable and flexible to changing business environment

MODULE I Introduction to Leadership

Leadership concept - meaning, definitions, importance of leadership, leadership traits. Leadership functions- general functions, listening, observing, managing and decision making. Components of leadership - leaders, followers and situation. Leadership theories . Trait theory, Skills theory, Style theory, Situational theory, Transformational theory, Transactional theory, Path Goal Theory and LMX. Assessing emotional intelligence and exploring the capabilities and inherent traits through psychometric tests - Multi factor leadership questionnaire and personal reflections

MODULE II Leadership Style and Communication

Leadership styles-visionary, Coaching, Affiliative, Democratic, Pacesetting Commanding, Transformational, Transactional. Autocratic, Participative, Laissez-Faire Leader versus Managers. Leadership communication - Rationale, tactic, assertive, formal, informal, communication in crisis- leadership and negotiations, Leadership Presentations-convincing and impressive style

MODULE III Leadership Roles

Facets of leadership- Leader as an individual. personality and leadership, values, attitudes and ethics of a leader. **Leader as a relationship builder**empowering people to meet higher order needs, initiating organization wide motivational programs, involvement with all stakeholders- focusing on organization growth. **Leader as an inspirer**- motivation and leadership, recognizing and appreciating contributions, empowering others to lead Leader as an innovator . leadercs role in shaping culture and values in an organization. Leader as a Liaison-Leader as team player

MODULE IV Leadership Challenges and Strategies

9

8

Challenges in leadership: Perception of organization culture and values, interpreting the power dynamics in the organization, establishing work life balance. Bad leadership . Reasons and impact.-Case Study of Marissa Mayer-Yahoo.Inc Organizational transformation through efficient leaders-Case study of Apple Inc. Blue Ocean Leadership-Steps to Blue ocean Leadership-Four Pillars of Blue Ocean leadership-Blue Ocean leadership grid

MODULE V Leadership and CEO Training

Leader as a CEO: Traits of a successful CEO, Key responsibilities of a CEO, the path to be a CEO ,Training on Board Room Discussions, Meeting the CEO . Live sessions with industry CEOqs. Requirements of Leadership: - Cognitive skills, Interpersonal skills, Business skills, Strategic skills. Role of Emotional Intelligence in taking up key-positions in the organization.

Teaching Pedagogy:

Nurturing. Based on the identified strengths and weaknesses, training will be given to enhance the strengths and overcome the weakness.

Assessment - Continuous evaluation will be effected through group discussions, oratory assignments and situational enactments. Pre-and post-training assessment through peer reviews and faculty feedback.

Sustained development. Training will be imparted for self-development and monitoring of leadership skills to ensure sustained applicability of the skills learnt.

Total Hours: 45

REFERENCES:

- 1. Andrew J DuBrin. ‰eadership: Research Findings, Practice, and Skills+, 8th Edition, South-Western College Pub, 2015.
- 2. Yukl G, Meadership in Organisations+, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
- 3. Richard L Daft , **%**eadership+, 5th Edition, South Western Cengage Learning 2012.
- Stephen P. Robbins and Timothy A. Judge. ⁽²⁾Grganizational Behaviour+, 15th Edition, New Delhi: Pearson, 2013.
- Fred Luthans, @rganizational Behavior, An Evidence Based Approach+, 12th Edition, New Delhi: McGraw Hill Education, 2013.

- Emotional Intelligence, Why it can matter no more than IQ by Daniel Goleman (include a book) Publisher: Bloomsbury Publishing India Private Limited; Latest edition (2017)
- Primal Leadership: Unleashing the Power of Emotional Intelligence by Prof Daniel Goleman, Richard Boyatzis and McKee, Harvard Business Review Press

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Jim Collins, (2001). Good To Great: Why Some Companies Make the Leap...And Others Don't+, Random House Publishers India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi
- 2. George, B. with Sims, P. True North: Discover Your Authentic Leadership, The Times Group Books; First edition (1 October 2015)
- 3. Kim, W. C., & Mauborgne, R. A. (2014). Blue ocean strategy, expanded edition: How to create uncontested market space and make the competition irrelevant. Harvard business review Press.
- 4. Leadership Wisdom by Robin Sharma Jaico Publishing House;

OUTCOMES

The students will be able to

- Explore through self-introspection onec own leadership style, their strength and weakness
- Gain self confidence to lead a team in the organization
- Realize the role of leadership in making or breaking of an organization
- Acquire the practice of self introspection and development of leadership competencies thorough continuous efforts
- Manage their own emotions as well as other resulting in successful relationship building with all stakeholders

MSC 4181

SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP

LTPC

3 0 0 3

07

OBJECTIVES:

- 1. To be able to understand the field of social entrepreneurship and Social problems
- 2. To be able to describe and understand the traits of social entrepreneurs
- 3. To recognize the social business opportunities
- 4. To synthesize the resource mobilization ways for social entrepreneurship
- 5. To understand the social entrepreneurship models
- 6. To recognize the impact of social entrepreneurship on societies

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Introduction - Emergence and Development of Social Entrepreneurship. Social Problems in India: An Overview. Social Development: The Indian Scenario. Emergence of Social Entrepreneurs and Sustainable Solutions to Social Problem. Characteristics and Context of Social Entrepreneurship .The Role of Social Entrepreneurship in Societies & Economies.

MODULE II SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP: DRIVERS AND CHALLENGES 07

The Drivers of Social Entrepreneurship. Elements of the Social Entrepreneurial Personality. Challenges of financial constraints. Challenge to attract and cultivate talented workers. Challenge of evaluation of social entrepreneur impact. Challenge of scaling and its impact. Cases

MODULE III SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP: OPPORTUNITY RECOGNITION 07

Opportunity Recognition and Planning Process. Opportunities for Social Entrepreneurs. The Nature of Social Entrepreneurial Opportunities. Social Problems into Opportunities. Idea development and conceptualization of social problem. Cases

MODULE IV RESOURCE MOBILIZATION FOR SOCIAL VENTURE 08

Resources at Initial Stage. Social Network as a role of Social Capital. Team and Collective Efforts. Need and Determination of Important Resources. Resource of Knowledge, Skills and Abilities. overview of venture capital and angel investment. Cases

MODULE V BUSINESS MODELS AND BUSINESS PLAN FOR SOCIAL ENTERPRISES 08

Design Principles of Social Entrepreneurship Business Models, Evaluation of the Root Cause of a Societal Problem. Developing business plan for social ventures. Developing an investor presentation. Feasibility study and report. How to start a business - Procedures for registration of small scale industry

MODULE VI THE IMPACT OF SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP ON SOCIETY 08

Static Impact of Social Entrepreneurship. Impact of Charitable NGOs vs. Social Entrepreneurship, Impact of For-Profit Companies vs. Social Entrepreneurship. Social entrepreneurship report preparation by students.

Case Study of Social Entrepreneurs

Total Hours: 45

REFERENCES:

- Social Entrepreneurship : New models of sustainable social change+ . Alex Nicholls, Oxford University Press 2006
- 6. The Process of social value creation : A multiple case study on Social Entrepreneurship in India , Archana Singh Springer 2016
- Springer Gabler 2012
- 8. % Social Entrepreneurship+Manuel London , Routlege, 2010

OUT COMES:

The students can able to

- Conceptualize social entrepreneurship in terms of a theoretical framework between changing social values and institutions
- ["] Think and communicate about social values
- ["] Learn about practical models of social change to launch, lead, manage, and evaluate a social venture
- ["] Analyze funding needs and sources for the social venture
- Experience the ideas can be critically and collaboratively examined prior to commitment.

6

6

4

6

8

Total Hours – 30

ENC 3281 COMMUNICATION AND SOFT SKILLS - II L T P C CAREER CHOICE 0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVES:

To create awareness of industrial trends and market demands.

• To encourage students to explore career opportunities in an industry and evaluate themselves in relation to industry preparedness

MODULE I

Knowledge about specific industry-Discussion with industry experts --Self evaluating career prospects through survey questionnaire (based on his/her eligibility for taking up a job (industry preparedness)

MODULE II

. Knowing case studies of industries(pertaining to studentsqchoice of career)-Reading and discussing about job markets-goal setting, working on creativity.

MODULE III

SWOC analysis and discussing outcomes--exploring mini projects or case studies of latest industries.

MODULE IV

Writing statement of purpose pertaining to career choice---- Outcomes

MODULE V

Project or case study presentations (Presentation in pairs) -mini project report or case study report.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Brown, D. (2002). Career Choice and Development. Wiley, J. & Sons. USA
- Lore,N.(1998). The Pathfinder: How to Choose or Change Your Career for a Lifetime of Satisfaction and Success. Simon & Schuster.USA.
- 3. Shell, G.R.(2013). Springboard Launching your Personal Search for Success.Portfolio.USA.

OUTCOMES:

After the completion of the course, students would be able to

Speak about their career choice.

Self evaluate their strengths and weaknesses and speak about it.

Make effective presentations on case studies or relating to projects.

Write the statement of purpose relating to their career choice.

B.Tech.

SOFTWARE TESTING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

8

8

OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to enable the students:

- To discuss the distinctions between different levels of testing.
- To describe the principles of software testing and maturity levels.
- To describe strategies for generating system test cases.
- To understand the essential characteristics of tool used for test automation.
- Demonstrate the ability to apply multiple methods to develop reliability estimates for a software system.

MODULE I SOFTWARE TESTING-INTRODUCTION

Testing as an Engineering Activity - Role of Process in Software Quality - Testing as a Process - Basic Definitions, Testing Concepts and Definitions . TMM levels-Software Testing Principles - The Tester's Role in a Software Development Organization - Origins of Defects - Defect Classes - The Defect Repository and Test Design- Defect Examples - Developer/Tester Support for developing a defect Repository.

MODULE II STRATEGIES AND METHODS FOR TEST CASE DESIGN

Introduction to Testing Design Strategies - The Smarter Tester -Test Case Design Strategies - Using Black Box Approach to Test Case Design . Random Testing - Equivalence Class Partitioning - Boundary Value Analysis . Using White-Box Approach to Test design - Test Adequacy Criteria - Coverage and Control Flow Graphs - Covering Code Logic - Paths - White-box Based Test Design - Additional White Box Test design approaches - Evaluating Test Adequacy Criteria.

MODULELEVELS OF TESTING AND TESTING GOALS, PLANS AND8IIIPOLICIE

The Need for Levels of Testing - MODULE Testing -Integration testing-System Testing - types of system testing - Acceptance Testing-types of acceptance test - testing OO systems - usability and accessibility testing-Testing and debugging Goals and policies-Test plan components-The role of three groups in Test Planning and Policy Development.

MODULE IV CONTROLLING & MONITORING

Introducing the test specialist - Skills needed by a test specialist - Building a Testing Group-Structure of the testing group- Measurements and milestones for controlling and monitoring-Criteria for test completion- software configuration management-

Controlling and Monitoring: Three critical views.

MODULE V TEST MEASUREMENTS

Reviews as a testing activity-Types of Reviews-Developing a Review Program-Measurement program to support product and process Quality-Review of Quality concepts-Quality costs-An approach to usability Testing.

MODULE VI TESTERS WORKBENCH

Defect analysis and prevention-Defect casual Analysis-Evaluating Testing Tools for the workbench-Tool categories-process reuse-Approach to model development-TMM structure-TMM Assessment model components.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Abu Sayed Mahfuz, Software Quality Assurance: Integrating Testing, Security, and Audit, CRC Press, 2016.

2. Srinivasan Desikan and Gopalaswamy Ramesh, "Software Testing - Principles and Practices", Pearson education, 2006.

3. Ilene Burnstein, "Practical Software Testing", Springer, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Limaye L G, "Software Testing - Principles, Techniques and Tools", Tata Mc-

Graw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.

2. Aditya P.Mathur, "Foundations of Software Testing", Pearson Education, 2008.

3. Boris Beizer, "Software Testing Techniques", 2nd Edition, Dreamtech, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

Students who have completed this course would have learned

- Various test processes and continuous quality improvement
- Types of testing techniques and developing test case design
- Writing proper test plan for an application
- Build a test group and how to control and monitoring the testing process.
- Various test measurement techniques and review techniques
- The use of various test tools

7

0

3

8

7

8

7

3

0

ITC3212 CLOUD COMPUTING TECHNOLOGIES L T P C

OBJECTIVES:

- " To learn about cloud computing basics.
- " To know the various technologies available for cloud platforms.
- To understand the cloud storage service and standards to access cloud service providers.
- To learn virtualization technology over various open source cloud tools to monitor the cloud performance.
- " To understand security and challenges in cloud.

MODULE I CLOUD COMPUTING BASICS

Introduction to Cloud Computing - Essential Characteristics - Architectural Overview . Cloud Delivery Models - Service Models . Deployment models . Cloud computing vendors . Benefits of cloud computing . Limitations.

MODULE II CLOUD COMPUTING TECHNOLOGY

Hardware and Infrastructure . Thick and thin clients . Cloud providers and consumers . Cloud services - Accessing the cloud . Cloud Platforms and Frameworks . Web Applications . Web API+s . Web Browsers . Google App Engine.

MODULE III CLOUD STORAGE AND STANDARDS

Storage as a Service . Cloud Storage Providers - Cloud File Systems - GFS and HDFS . Big Table, HBase and Dynamo DB . Cloud Data Store . Simple Storage Service.

MODULE IV VIRTUALIZATION TECHNOLOGY

Virtualization Technology - Overview - Virtual Machines Provisioning and Manageability - Virtual Machine Migration Services - VM Provisioning and Migration in Action - VM Life Cycle and VM Monitoring - Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud.

MODULE V DATA CENTER TECHNOLOGY

Virtualization . Automation . Remote Operation and Management . Computing Hardware . Storage Hardware . Network Hardware . Carrier and External Network Interconnection . Web Tier Load Balancing and Acceleration.

MODULE VI CLOUD SECURITY

Cloud Security Fundamentals- Terms and Concepts- Threat Agents . Anonymous Attacker - Malicious Service Agent - Trusted Attacker - Malicious Insider -Cloud Security Threats - Traffic Eavesdropping- Malicious Intermediary -Denial of Service -

7

Insufficient Authorization - Virtualization Attack - Overlapping Trust Boundaries . Case Study example for IaaS, PaaS, SaaS.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Anthony T. Velte, Toby J. Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, *Coloud Computing:* A Practical Approach+, McGraw-Hill, 2010.
- 2. Thomas Erl , Ricardo Puttini , Zaigham Mahmood, *Concepts*, Technology & Architecture+, Prentice . Hall, 2013
- Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg, Andrzej Goscinski, % loud ComputingPrinciples and Paradigms+, John Wiley & Sons, Inc Publications, 2011

REFERENCES:

- Kai Hwang, Fox and Dongarra, Morgan Kaufmann, Distributed and Cloud Computing+, 1St Edition, Elseiver, 2012.
- 2. Scott Granneman, Google Apps Deciphered: Compute in the cloud to streamline your desktop+, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 3. Tim Malhar, S.Kumaraswammy, S.Latif, %Gloud Security & Privacy+, SPD, O+REILLY 2009.

OUTCOMES:

- Discuss the core concepts of cloud computing paradigm.
- Analyze services, systems, platforms, frameworks to support cloud computing.
- Illustrate the concepts of cloud storage system services.
- Assess virtualization technology services in open source cloud computing environment.
- Understand data center technology from industry centric perspective.
- Identify cloud security issues to demonstrate real time applications.

ITC3213	DISTRIBUTED COMPUTING	L	Т	Ρ	С
		3	0	0	3
OBJECTIVE	S:	11			
• To un	derstand the components and types of distributed systems.				
•	ve insight into the basic principles of how distributed components are working.	uter			
	rovide knowledge and skills in design and development outed computing systems.	t of			
MODULE I	TYPES OF DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS				8
Introduction - Goals - hardware concepts - bus based multiprocessor - switched multiprocessor - bus based multicomputer - switched multicomputer - software concepts - network operating systems - Multiprocessor time sharing system- True distributed system- Design issues.					
MODULE II	COMMUNICATIONS				7
	ion-Layered Protocols-Issues in communications-Client se cedure call - group communication.	rve	r m	ode	
MODULE III	SYNCHRONIZATION				8
Synchronization-Clock Synchronization - Mutual Exclusion - Election Algorithms - Atomic transactions.					
MODULE IV	SCHEDULING				7
Deadlock - S	System models - Processor Allocation . Scheduling.				
MODULE V	DISTRIBUTED FILE SYSTEMS				8
Introduction to Distributed file systems- Distributed file system design . implementation . file models . fault tolerance . file replication .					
MODULE VI	DISTRIBUTED SHARED MEMORY				7
Consistency models . page based distributed shared memory - shared variable distributed shared memory . Case studies.					
Total Hours : 45					
TEXT BC	OOK:				
1. Andrew S.Tanenbaum, ¹ / ₂ istributed Operating Systems+, Pearson Education					
Asia, 2001.					

REFERENCES:

- 1. Mukesh singhal and Niranjan G.Shivaratri, % dvanced concepts in Operating System+, Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.
- 2. Pradeep.K and Sinha, @istributed operating systems+, PHI, 2001.

OUTCOMES:

The students completing the course are expected to possess the following skills and abilities:

- Understand and be familiar with hardware and software concepts of the distributed operating systems.
- Describe the models and solve the issues associated with the design of distributed systems.
- Implement efficient algorithms for distributed computing application.
- Design and implement scheduling algorithms in distributed application.
- Gain the understanding of distributed file system
- Discuss the different types of shared memory distributed systems

ITC3214 OPEN SOURCE TECHNOLOGIES

L T P C 1 0 2 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To help demystify the tools in Open source technologies.
- To explain the impact of open source technology in programming.
- To expose students to open source environment and introduce them to use open source Packages.
- To develop GUI processing using Python and PHP.
- To create back end server using MySQL.

LIST OF EXERCISES:

- 1. Case study: Proprietary Vs Open Source tools
- 2. Deploy a LAMP stack in Linux
- 3. Create an application that uses all the LAMP stack components
- 4. OPEN SOURCE TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGIES:WEB SERVER: Apache Web server . Working with Web server . Configuring and using Apache Web services . Execution Environment
- 5. Open Source Software tools and processors . Eclipse IDE platform . Compilers.
- 6. Creation of Simple application using GIMP tool.
- 7. Demonstration of GitHub.
- 8. OPEN SOURCE PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES: PHP: Introduction-Programming in Web Environment and SQL database.
- OPEN SOURCE PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES: PYTHON: Python objects-Numbers-Sequences-Strings-Lists and Tuples -Dictionaries-Conditionals and loops
- 10.OPEN SOURCE DATABASE: MySQL: Introduction-Setting up account-Starting, terminating and writing your own SQL programs ,MySQL and Web.

Total Hours : 45

OUTCOMES:

Students who complete this course will be able to:

- Analyze the difference between the open source model and commercial proprietary model.
- Expertise on using a variety of open source software.
- Develop and deploy a project based purely on open source tools.

ITC3215	SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT LAB	L	Т	Ρ	С
		0	0	3	1

OBJECTIVES:

- ["] Create a project team and appoint a project leader.
- Assume the role of client .discuss, evaluate and propose the requirements for a real world problem.
- ["] Discuss the software requirement with team lead.
- " Use the template to write requirements.
- To take part in ongoing project development process such as requirement analysis, design, implementation and testing.
- ["] Learn where and how to make improvements in the software development process through developing projects.

LIST OF EXERCISES

Note: List of exercises will be framed based on the professional elective chosen.

The project should be carried out with the following supporting documents

- a) Requirement Analysis
- b) Software Requirement Specification
- c) Design
- d) Implementation
- e) Testing

Any one of the projects listed below should be carried out in detail

- 1. Software for a Game
- 2. Digital Classroom (Smart Class)
- 3. Course Scheduler

- 4. Stock Management
- 5. Photography Studio
- 6. Buy Big Mobile App
- 7. Online Quiz System
- 8. Entrance Exam System
- 9. Micro Social University Web App
- 10. Internal Assessment
- 11. Tourist Management System
- 12. Airline Reservation System
- 13. Payroll processing System

Total Hours : 45

OUTCOMES:

- Discuss, evaluate and propose the requirements to solve real world problem with team members.
- Analyze software requirements and prepare software design using common template.
- Implement and test software module in coordination with other team members.

т

3

02

SEMESTER VII

ITC4101

INTERNET OF THINGS

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of Internet of things.
- Utilize IoT features and create applications based on IoT protocols.
- To discuss the features of cloud of things and web of things.
- Outline the embedded prototyping and design and apply the use of Devices in IoT Technology.
- To explain Real World IoT Design and compile the same.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Definitions and Functional Requirements . Motivation . Architecture - Web 3.0 View of IoT. Ubiquitous IoT Applications . Four Pillars of IoT . DNA of IoT . The Toolkit Approach for End-user Participation in the Internet of Things. Middleware for IoT: Overview . Communication middleware for IoT.

MODULE II **IOT PROTOCOLS**

Protocol Standardization for IoT . Efforts . M2M and WSN Protocols . SCADA and RFID Protocols . Issues with IoT Standardization . Unified Data Standards . Protocols . IEEE 802.15.4 . BACNet Protocol . Modbus . KNX . ZigBee Architecture . Network layer . APS layer.

MODULE III **WEB OF THINGS**

Web of Things . Web of Things versus Internet of Things . Two Pillars of the Web . Architecture Standardization for WoT. Platform Middleware for WoT. Unified Multitier WoT Architecture . WoT Portals and Business Intelligence.

MODULE IV **DESIGN PRINCIPLES OF CONNECTED DEVICES**

Technology for design. Privacy in storing data. Internet principles for connected devices-Prototypes and production . Changing embedded platform . Open source versus closed source.

MODULE V PROTOTYPING EMBEDDED DEVICES

Prototyping embedded devices . Electronics- Sensors . Actuators . Arduino . Raspberry PI. Beagle Bone Black. Electric Imp.

MODULE VI PROTOTYPING ONLINE COMPONENTS AND EMBEDDED 8 CODING

Sketch . Iterate and Explore . Preparation of physical prototype . Getting started with API. Writing New API. Writing New API. Real Time Reactions. Other

С

4

Ρ

8

7

Protocols . Techniques for Writing Embedded code . Memory Management . Performance and Battery Life . Libraries and Debugging.

Total Hours : 45

LAB COMPONENT - LIST OF EXERCISES

- 1. Integration of Sensors and Actuators with Arduino-Traffic Control System
- 2. Working of Basic IoT Kit with Python Programming Networking
- 3. Implementation of IoT with Raspberry Pi Raspbian OS . Blinking LED
- 4. Home Automation . Controlling lights using ESP8266
- 5. Sending Gmail notification when the door is opened or closed-sensed using Magnetic door sensor
- 6. Sensing the room temperature and monitoring it . using temperature sensor in ZigBee kit
- 7. Calculating distance using ultrasonic sensor
- 8. Program on RESTFUL API and XMAPP
- 9. IP based lighting control through Data Acquisition Card
- 10. Study on Industrial IoT

Practical: 30 Hours

T: 45, P: 30, Total: 75 Hours

REFERENCES:

- 1. Honbo Zhou , Whe Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective+, CRC Press, 2012.
- 2. Dieter Uckelmann; Mark Harrison; Florian Michahelles , Architecting the Internet of Things, Springer, 2011.
- 3. Adrian McEwen & Hakim Cassimally, Designing internet of things+, Jhon Wiley and sons, 2014.
- 4. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, Wie Internet of Things. Key applications and Protocols+, Wiley, 2012.

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of course the students will be able to :

- Identify and design the new models for market strategic interaction
- Analyze various protocols for IoT
- Analyze and compare Cloud of things and Web of things

- Design a middleware for IoT
- Identify the prototyping with various embedded devices
- Analyze and design different models for embedded devices and API techniques

B.Tech.

ITC4102

INFORMATION SECURITY

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of cryptography techniques.
- To explore the technological aspects of program and web security.
- To know the security mechanism given by operating system.
- To discover the network level security.
- To study the critical need for ensuring Information Security in database.
- To know the legal, ethical and professional issues in Information Security.

MODULE I CRYPTOGRAPHY

Introduction - Computer Security . Threats - Harm . Vulnerabilities . Controls - Authentication - Access Control . Cryptography . Symmetric key & Asymmetric key encryption . Digital signatures.

MODULE II PROGRAM & WEB SECURITY

Unintentional (Nonmalicious) Programming errors . Malicious code . Malware - Viruses, Trojan Horses, and Worms . Countermeasures - The Web - Browser Attacks - Web Attacks Targeting Users - Email Attacks.

MODULE III OPERATING SYSTEM SECURITY 7

Memory and Address Protection - File Protection Mechanisms - User Authentication - Trusted Operating Systems - Designing Trusted Operating Systems-Assurance in Trusted Operating Systems

MODULE IV NETWORK SECURITY

Network Security Attacks - Threats to Network Communications - Wireless Network Security - Denial of Service - Security Countermeasures - Cryptography in Network Security . Firewalls - Intrusion Detection and Prevention Systems

MODULE V DATABASE SECURITY

Introduction - Security Requirements of Databases - Reliability and Integrity - Database Disclosure - Data Mining and Big Data

MODULE VI ADMINSTERING SECURITY AND ETHICAL ISSUES

7

135

9

8

Security Planning - Risk Analysis - Organizational Security Policies - Physical Security - Protecting Programs and Data - Information and the Law - Computer Crime - Ethical Issues.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOK:

1. Charles B. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, "Security in Computing", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.

REFERENCES:

- 1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practices", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. Atul Kahate, "Cryptography and Network Security", Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

- Analyze the various cryptographic techniques in Information Security.
- Identify program level malicious code and provide control measures.
- Discuss operating system level security to assess trusted operating systems.
- Explain threats in network level scenarios.
- Outline database security requirements in multilevel databases.
- Discuss organizational security policies and ethical issues.

ITC4103	WIRELESS NETWORKS	L	т	Ρ	С
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the fundamental concepts of wireless, mobile and personal telecommunication system.
- To understand the wireless network topologies, cellular concepts and its operational characteristics.
- To explain the evolution of WLAN and the channel access mechanisms.
- To gain knowledge about the different routing protocols in adhoc wireless networks.
- To understand WPAN and geo-location systems.

MODULE I PHYSICAL LAYER ALTERNATIVES FOR WIRELESS 8 NETWORKS

Applied Wireless Transmission Techniques. Short Distance Baseband Transmission. Pulse Transmission. Carrier Modulated Transmission. Traditional Digital Cellular Transmission. Broadband Modems for Higher Speeds. Spread Spectrum Transmissions. High-Speed Modems for Spread Spectrum Technology. Diversity and Smart Receiving Techniques. Comparison of Modulation Schemes. Coding Techniques for Wireless Communications

MODULE II PRINCIPLES OF WIRELESS NETWORK OPERATION 8

Wireless networks topologies, cellular topology, cell fundamentals signal to interference ratio calculation, capacity expansion techniques, cell splitting, use of directional antennas for cell sectoring, micro cell method, overload cells, channels allocation techniques and capacity expansion FCA, channel borrowing techniques, DCA, mobility management, radio resources and power management securities in wireless networks.

MODULE III GSM, CDMA AND TDMA TECHNOLOGY

Mechanism to support a mobile environment, communication in the infrastructure, IS-95 CDMA forward channel, IS - 95 CDMA reverse channel, pallet and frame formats in IS - 95; forward channel in W-CDMA and CDMA 2000, reverse channels in W-CDMA and CDMA 2000.

MODULE IV LOCAL BROADBAND NETWORKS

Historical overviews of the LAN industry, evolution of the WLAN industry, wireless home networking, IEEE 802.11, Physical Layer, Basic MAC Layer Mechanisms, CSMA/CA Mechanisms, other MAC Layers functionalities.

8

MODULE V AD HOC NETWORKS

Overviews of Ad hoc networks,, Issues in Designing a Routing Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classifications of Routing Protocols, Proactive, Reactive and Hybrid routing protocols - DSDV, AODV, DSR, ABR, TORA, ZRP.

MODULE VI WPAN AND GEOLOCATION SYSTEMS

IEEE 802.15 WPAN, Home RF, Bluetooth, interface between Bluetooth and 802.11, wireless geo location technologies for wireless geo location, geo location standards for E.911 service.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOK:

1. Kaveh Pahlavan, Prashant Krishnamoorthy, "Principles of Wireless Networks-A united approach", Pearson Education, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- Jochen Schiller, "Mobile Communications", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. X.Wang and H.V.Poor, "Wireless Communication Systems", Pearson education, 2004.
- 3. M.Mallick, "Mobile and Wireless design essentials", Wiley Publishing Inc. 2003.
- 4. P.Nicopolitidis, M.S.Obaidat, G.I. papadimitria, A.S. Pomportsis, "Wireless Networks", John Wiley & Sons, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

- Explain the various wireless transmission and coding techniques.
- Discuss the principle of operation of wireless networks and its issues.
- Analyze the IEEE 802.11, ITU, and IS-X standards for multiple access wireless networks.
- Discuss about the application of wireless technology in real world applications.
- Compare the different routing protocols for adhoc networks.
- Analyze the available commercial implementations of several wireless technologies.

7

ITC4104

PROGRAMMING IN HADOOP

L T P C 0 0 3 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students familiar with Hadoop distributed file system and can learn how to configure Hadoop.
- To create single node and multinode using Hadoop and to learn programming using Map Reduce paradigm.
- To provide a complete knowledge about Hadoop echo system with key components like Pig, Hive and Sqoop.
- To Install Apache Spark and explore the components in it

List of exercises:

- 1. Introduction to HDFS and Hadoop Ecosystem. Configuration and Installation of Hadoop 1.0 Single node with Name node and Data node.
- Configuration of Hadoop 1.0 with SSH key for security for Name and Data Node with Demo of Pseudo distributed Node and Case Study of Multinode set up.
- 3. Study of Map reduce Java API. Simple programs in Map Reduce paradigm with java concepts.
- 4. Working on Input functions, mapper & reducer functions. Simple program for text extraction and title extraction.
- 5. Program for searching key word and extract it from the given text paragraph.
- 6. Program for extracting link from a HTML page using Map and Reduce.
- 7. Implementation of Pig using Hadoop Ecosystem for processing structured Data.
- 8. Implementation of Sqoop for transferring schema format to NOSQL format.
- 9. Implementation and configuration of Hive in Hadoop ecosystem for querying.
- 10. Apache Spark Installation and implementation of simple programs in it.

Total Hours : 45

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of this course the student will be able to

- Demonstrate single node and multinode Hadoop 1.0 with installation and configuration.
- Compute simple programs in Hadoop using Map reduce Paradigm.
- Analyze Hadoop Ecosystem using simple components like Pig, Hive and Sqoop.
- Exploring Apache Spark and analyzing the components in it.

Programme Elective – I

Semester – IV

ITCX201	ANDROID APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT	L	т	Ρ	С
		1	0	2	2

OBJECTIVES:

- ⁷⁷ To know the importance of mobile applications.
- ["] To learn the fundamentals of Android application development.
- ["] To develop simple mobile applications using Android.

THEORETICAL STUDY

ANDROID APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

Android Basics - Android Architecture - Application Framework - The Manifest file - Libraries . Developing - Managing Virtual Devices - Building and Running . Debugging . Testing - Building Blocks - Application Components - Content Providers - Broadcast Receiver - Processes and Threads - Data storage - SQLite Databases - Localization - User Interface.

LABORATORY PRACTICE

- Developing Simple Android Applications (4 exercises)
- Mobile application development in Android. (Students can select their own problem to develop an Application)

Sample applications

- Scientific calculator
- Online shopping
- o Student attendance and marks maintenance
- Bus route management
- o Games

Total Hours : 45

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dawn Griffiths, David Griffiths, Wead First Android Development: A Brain-Friendly Guide+, O'Reilly Media, 2015.
- 2. John Horton, Mandroid Programming for Beginners+, Packt Publishing, 2015.
- 3. Herbert Shieldt , Wava: A Beginner's Guide+, 7th Edition, Oracle Press, 2017.

15

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course students will be able to:

- Describe the limitations and challenges of working in a mobile and wireless environment as well as the commercial and research opportunities presented by these technologies.
- Apply the different types of application models/architectures used to develop mobile software applications.
- Describe the components and structure of a mobile development frameworks (Android SDK and Eclipse Android Development Tools (ADT)) and learn how and when to apply the different components to develop a working system.
- Work within the capabilities and limitations of a range of mobile computing devices.
- Design, implement and deploy mobile applications using an appropriate software development environment.

ITCX202	NEXTGEN TECHNOLOGIES	L	Т	Ρ	С
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of Next Generation Technologies like Cloud, Big Data, IoT and Social Media and Mobility, Machine learning, Artificial Intelligence and their impact on the industry.
- To study the concepts of cloud architecture and various services, technologies offered in Cloud, Big Data (Hadoop), Data Sciences, Data analyzing techniques, Structured data, Unstructured data.
- To learn the concepts of social media and how social Media is used for business
- To understand the development of various mobile platforms, mobile apps and their operating systems.
- To discuss IoT, IPV6, and future of IoT and its uses across various industries.
- To acquire knowledge of AI . Machine Learning Algorithms and uses of AI in the various industries.

Prerequisites: Programming in Python, Java Programming, Computer Programming

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO NEXT GENERATION TECHNOLOGIES 7

Introduction . Next-Generation Sequencing Technology . Computing Technology -Cloud Computing, Data Science Technology - Big Data, Internet of Things (IoT), Social Media and Mobility, Machine Learning-Artificial Intelligence (AI) . Diverse applications.

MODULE II CLOUD & BIG DATA

Cloud architectural overview . Cloud deployment models . Cloud service models . Cloud platforms . Managing data in the cloud . Computing in the cloud . Data Analytics in the cloud . Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud . Privacy and Security in Cloud . Data Visualization - Big data value for the enterprise . Structured and Unstructured data - Hadoop components . HDFS . Map reduce.

MODULE III SOCIAL MEDIA

Digital Social Media . Microblogging . Customer Personas - Social Networks . Social Bookmarking . Social Media Marketing . Social Media Profiling - Video Sharing and Podcasts . Live Streaming . REALLY Framework . Strategy Development . Gamification.

MODULE IV MOBILE APP DEVELOPMENT

Introduction . Mobile Platforms - Andriod Development Environment . XCode, Eclipse, VS2012, PhoneGAP - Multichannel and Multimodel UIs . App store, Google Play, Windows Store - Mobile device application programming interfaces . Android/iOS/Win 8 Survial and basic apps . Impact on business cases.

MODULE V INTERNET OF THINGS (IOT)

Introduction to IoT and Web of Things (WoT) . Business aspects of IoT . Industry domains - Making Things Smart . M2M to IoT - Cloud Computing for IoT - IoT Communication Protocols . IoT services or attributes - Electronics- Sensors . Actuators . Arduino . Raspberry PI . Beagle Bone Black . Electric Imp.

MODULE VI ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE & MACHINE LEARNING

Foundations of AI & Machine Learning . Knowledge representation . Advanced search . Types of learning . Supervised . Unsupervised . Dimensionality Reduction . Machine Learning System Design . Linear model . Distance based model . Tree and Rule models . Support Vector Machines . Neural networks . Robotic Process Automation . Machine learning tools . Octave/Matlab tutorial . A case study . Photo OCR . Game playing . Speech recognition

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Ian Foster, Dennis B.Gannon, Cloud Computing for Science and Engineering+, MIT Press, September 2017.
- 2. Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg, Andrzej Goscinski, Coloud Computing Principles and Paradigms+, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Publications, 2011.
- 3. Michael Minelli, Michele Chambers, Ambiga Dhiraj., **%**ig Data, Big Analytics, Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses+, First Edition, Wiley Publications, 2013.
- 4. Luttrell, Regina, Social Media: How to Engage, Share, and Connect+, Rowman

8

7

8

& Littlefield Publishers, 2016.

- 5. Jeff McWherter, Scott Gowell, % Rrofessional Mobile Application Development+, 2012.
- 6. Honbo Zhou, ‰he Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective+, CRC Press, 2012.
- 7. K. P. Murphy, Machine Learning: A probabilistic perspective+, MIT Press, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Reto Meier, % Rrofessional Android 4 Development+, John Wiley and Sons, 2012.
- 2. Matt Neuburg, % Rrogramming iOS 5+, O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2012.
- 3. Adrian McEwen & Hakim Cassimally, Designing internet of things+, John Wiley and Sons, 2014.
- 4. P. Flach, Machine Learning: The art and science of algorithms that make sense of data+, Cambridge University Press, 2012.

OUTCOMES:

- Describe the concepts of Next Generation Technologies.
- Understand cloud services, Big Data, Data science, Hadoop, and their impact on industry.
- Analyze social media and impact of social media on the business.
- Understand any of the mobile platforms, and mobile programming language.
- Develop skills on IoT technologies and their contact on industry.
- Implement AI & machine learning algorithms for an application and analyze the results.

ITCX203 MULTIMEDIA TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES L

L T P C 0 0 2 1

30

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- understand and gain knowledge about the various multimedia tools.
- learn to do Image Editing using Adobe Photoshop.
- design animation using Adobe Flash, Write Action script.
- edit text, image, audio and video

LIST OF EXERCISES

- 1. Create an image and demonstrate basic image editing using photoshop
- **2.** Demonstrate rasterization and filtering of layers, blending effects, text effects using photoshop
- 3. Design logo using adobe illustrator
- 4. Create animated text effects and transition using flash.
- **5.** Create an advertisement using guide layer, masking, morphing, and onion skin in flash
- 6. Generate frame by frame animation using multimedia flash
- 7. Create 2D/3D Animation using Flash/ Director
- 8. Create 3D Animation using 3dsmax/Maya
- 9. Editing Audio and Video

Total Hours : 30

OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of this course, the students should be able to

- design and implement an animation for various themes.
- create multimedia advertisement.
- edit audio and video using multimedia tools.

SYSTEM SOFTWARE

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- study about assemblers and macroprocessor.
- analyze about linkers and loaders.
- demonstrate the concept about emulators.
- learn about the tools used for system software.

Prerequisite: To understand about assembly language programming.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Simplified Instructional Computer (SIC)- -Modes of addressing - instruction sets, instruction formats - I/O instructions-Device Driver, Role of Device Drivers, Classes of Devices, Security issues, Design issues.

MODULE II ASSEMBLERS

Definition- Machine dependent features . Types of addressing modes and types of instruction formats - Program relocation . Assembler machine independent features . Literal pool- Statements defining symbols - Expressions . Types of assemblers . example of a assembler.

MODULE III LOADERS AND LINKERS

Absolute Loader - Features of Loader-Machine dependent and machine independent - Program relocation ,linking- Tables used during Linking . Standard Library Search -Design of Loader - Linkage Editors . Dynamic program Linking . Types of Loaders - MSDOS linker.

MODULE IV MACRO PROCESSORS AND EMULATORS

Functions of a macro processor - Macro Definition and Expansion . Tables generated- machine-independent features - Example - MASM Macro Processor - Introduction of virtual machine (VM)-Emulation . Basic interpretation-Threaded interpretation.-Binary Transalation.

MODULE V COMPILER AND INTERPRETERS

Basic concepts of Compiler-Phases of Compiler -Interpreters-Benefits of Interpreters- Overview of Interpretation-A Toy Interpreter-Pure and Impure Interpreters.

8

8

8

8

Total: 45 Hours

MODULE VI TEXT EDITOR

Features of a Text editors - Editing tasks - Editor Structure- Debugging systems-Debugging tasks - User-Interface Criteria. Android operating system: Android Architecture, Linux Kernel, Android Architecture Libraries, Android Architecture Application Framework, Applications, Security features and Permission.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Leland L. Beck, "System Software - An Introduction to Systems Programming", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2000.

REFERENCES:

- D. M. Dhamdhere, "Systems Programming and Operating Systems", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1999.
- 2. John J. Donovan, "Systems Programming", Tata McGraw-Hill, 1972.
- 3. Neil Smith , +Android studio development essentials+, Second edition .

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Outline the architecture of hypothetical computers.
- Summarize the functions of assembler.
- Discuss about the various loaders and linkers.
- Compare the different types of macroprocessors.
- Outline about compilers and interpreters.
- Design a text editor and analyze its features.

ITCX205 PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNICATION

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

"To understand the basics of electronic communication.

["] To gain experience about the modulation and demodulation techniques.

"To teach the importance of digital communication.

"To understand the various satellite communication systems.

MODULE I FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION 8

The Significance of Human Communication - Communication Systems - Types of communication . Modulation and Multiplexing - EM spectrum - Optical spectrum . Bandwidth **and** Gain . Attenuation and Decibels - Tuned Circuits- Filters - Application.

MODULE II AMPLITUDE MODULATOR AND DEMODULATOR CIRCUITS 8 Amplitude modulation concept . Modulation index and percent modulation . sidebands and the Frequency domain . Frequency domain representation of AM -AM power . Single sideband modulation - Signal power consideration - AM modulators - low level AM modulator - high level AM modulator . Amplitude demodulators.

MODULE III FREQUENCY MODULATION TECHNIQUE

Basic Principles - Frequency Modulation - Phase Modulation - Modulation Index -Sidebands . Noise Suppression . FM Versus AM - Frequency Modulators - Phase Modulators - Frequency Demodulators - Signal reproduction . Receivers -Transceivers.

MODULE IV DIGITAL MODULATION TECHNIQUES

Introduction . Types of modulation - ASK . FSK . PSK - QAM - Bandwidth Efficiency - Carrier Recovery - Clock Recovery - DPSK - Trellis Code Modulation -Error -Probability -Bit Error Rate - Performance.

MODULE V SPREAD SPECTRUM TECHNIQUES

Introduction, Pseudo noise, properties, model-spread spectrum- performance of DSSS, FHSS - frequency hopping- access techniques. Comparison, Coding of speech for wireless.

8

7

MODULE VI SATELLITE COMMUNICATION

Satellite systems - Satellite Orbits . Spectrum usage . Satellite sub systems - Communication sub system . Power. Antenna . Receiver. Transmitter . Ground station - Satellite application . Global navigation.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Wayne Tomasi, %Advanced Electronic Communication Systems+, 6th edition Pearson Education, 2014.

2. Louis E. Frenzel Jr., % Rrinciples of Electronic Communication Systems+, 4th Edition McGraw-Hill Education, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Simon Haykin and Michael Moher Communication Systems+, 5th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2010.

2. George Kennedy and Bernard Davis, *Electronic Communication Systems*+, 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.

OUTCOMES:

- On completion of the course students will be able to:
- Outline the basics of electronic communication.
- Analyze the basic concepts of Frequency Modulation and Phase Modulation.
- Discuss the various Digital modulation techniques.
- Apply suitable modulation schemes and coding for various applications.
- Analyze the various spread spectrum transmission techniques.
- Identify and describe different satellite communication techniques.

ITCX206 PRINICPLES OF COMPILER DESIGN

С Т Ρ 0 3 3 0

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- enrich the knowledge in various phases of compiler.
- design and construct a lexical analyzer.
- expand the knowledge of parser by parsing.
- construct the syntax-directed tress •
- concise and design optimization of codes.
- design a compiler for a simple programming language.

Prerequisite: Programming concepts and Data structures

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Language processor - Structure of a Compiler - Applications of Compiler Technology - Programming language basics - Syntax Definition - Syntax-Directed translation parsing - Lexical Analysis - symbol tables - intermediate code generation.

MODULE II LEXICAL ANALYSIS

The role of lexical analyzer - Input Buffering - Specification of Tokens - Recognition of Tokens - Lexical Analyzers generator Lex, Finite Automata - From a Regular Expression to automata - Design of a Lexical Analyzer Generator

MODULE III SYNTAX ANALYSIS

Introduction - Context Free Grammars - Top Down parsing - Bottom-up Parsing -Introduction to LR parsing - Construction of SLR Parsing table - Introduction to LALR Parser-Parser Generators.

MODULE IV SYNTAX - DIRECTED TRANSLATION

Syntax-Directed Definitions - Construction of Syntax Trees - Syntax-Directed Translation schemes - Implementing L-Attributed SDDcs.

INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION **MODULE V**

Variants of syntax trees - Three-address code - Types and declarations - Translation of Expressions - Type checking - Type Conversions - Control Flow.

MODULE VI CODE OPTIMIZATION AND CODE GENERATION

Issues in design of a code generator - The target language - Addresses in the target code - Flow graphs - Optimization of basic blocks - a simple code generator

7

9

8

7

algorithm - Peephole Optimization - Register Allocation and Assignment - Optimal code generation.

Total: 45 Hours

TEXT BOOK:

1. Alfred V.Aho, Monica S.Lam, Ravi Sethi and Jeffrey D.Ullman, "Compilers . Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Raghavan V, % Rrinciples of Compiler Design+, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.

2. Dick Grone, Henri E Bal, Ceriel J H Jacobs and Koen G Langendoen, Modern Compiler Design+, John Wiley, New Delhi, 2016.

3. Randy Allen, Ken Kennedy, **%** ptimizing Compilers for Modern Architectures: A Dependence-based Approach+, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2015.

4. Dhamdhere D M, "Compiler Construction Principles and Practice", second edition, Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.

5. Jean Paul Tremblay, Paul G Serenson, "The Theory and Practice of Compiler Writing", McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- obtains the knowledge of modern compiler & its features.
- analyze the given program using lexical analyzer
- discuss various parsing techniques.
- evaluate the syntax directed translation.
- design and conduct experiments for intermediate code generation.
- demonstrate the compilation of a program in a regular high level language.

USER INTERFACE DESIGN

С т Ρ L 3 Λ Ω 3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- gain knowledge on the user interface design process.
- learn business functions and to understand the user interface design principles.
- Be familiar on menus and windows.
- Understand hoe to use messages and controls.
- acquire the knowledge about icons and images.
- learn about android.

Prerequisite: Computer Fundamentals

MODULE I **DESIGN PROCESS**

The Importance of Good Design, The Benefits of Good Design, Characteristics of the Graphical User Interface, Characteristics of a Web Interface, Principles of User Interface Design, The User Interface Design Process

BUSINESS FUNCTIONS AND PRINCIPLES MODULE II

Know Your User or Client - Understand the Business Function - Understand the Principles of Good Interface and Screen Design

MODULE III MENUS AND WINDOWS

Develop System Menus and Navigation Schemes - Select the Proper Kinds of Windows -

MODULE IV CONTROLS AND MESSAGES

Screen-Based Controls - Text and Messages - Effective Feedback and Guidance and Assistance - Internationalization and Accessibility -

MODULE V **VISUAL OBJECTS & TESTING**

Meaningful Graphics, Icons, and Images - Proper Colors - Test, Test, and Retest

MODULE VI ANDROID USER INTERFACE DESIGN

Android UI and Material Design - Understanding Views. The UI Building Blocks -Creating Full Layouts With View Groups and Fragments - Adding App Graphics and Resources - Prototyping and Developing the App

Total: 45 Hours

7

8

7

8

7

TEXT BOOK:

- Wilbert O. Galitz, Whe Essential Guide to User Interface Design: An Introduction to GUI Design Principles and Techniques+, 3rd Revised edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2007
- 2. Ian G. Clifton, Mandroid User Interface Design: Implementing Material Design for Developers %Second Edition, Addison Wesley, 2017

REFERENCES:

- 1. Alon Cooper, % bout Face: The Essentials of Interface Design, Fourth Edition, WILEY, 2016
- 2. Laura Klein, WJX for Lean Startups+, Shroff, 2013
- 3. Jeff Gothelf, & Mean UX: Designing Great Products with Agile Teams+, Second Edition, Shroff/O'Reilly, 2016.
- 4. Patricia Harris, What Is User Interface Design?+, Powerkids Press, 2017

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- explain the design process.
- apply the design principles to develop a good user interface design.
- design a software with suitable types of menus and windows.
- develop appropriate message windows and text messages.
- choose meaningful icons and colors.
- Develop android applications.

SEMANTIC WEB

L T P C 2 0 0 2

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students to

- To understand the evolution and significance of semantic web.
- To identify and explore tools and methods to construct and implement ontologies.
- To build and implement a micro level ontology that is semantically descriptive of chosen problem domain.
- To develop and implement applications and tools based on ontology.

Prerequisite: Web Technology, Internet Technology Fundamentals.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO SEMANTIC WEB

Overview of semantic web. source of semantic web. examining semantic web and examples-semantic wikis-twine-FOAF project-sources of semantic data-RDF-architecture of semantic web-role of ontology in sematic web-semantic web data-Compare and Contrast semantic technologies with traditional technologies-Semantic framework-web based issues and solutions.

MODULE II ONTOLOGY & WEB RESOURCES

Ontologies . Taxonomies . Topic Maps . Classifying Ontologies - Kind of Ontology resources -construction of ontology instances . Classifications and methods for building ontology -Ontology Development Life Cycle & process . Ontology-Evolution . Versioning-Structured Web Documents - XML ,JSON. Building page structures . Namespaces . Labeling . Query parsers for ontology. RDF . RDF based models. Formats - RDF grammar. fundamentals.

MODULE III SEMANTIC WEB TOOLS AND APPLICATIONS

Tools for construction and designing ontology and reasoning logics for semantic web. Apache Jena Framework, Protégé . SPARQL . Alchemy API . Word Net based Applications -Case studies and Applications using Python and NLTK based Libraries.

Total : 30 Hours

TEXT BOOK:

 Liyang Yu, A Developerc Guide to the Semantic Web, Springer; 3rd Edition, 2015.

12

9

REFERENCES:

- John Hebeler, Matthew Fisher, Ryan Blace and Andrew Perez-Lopez, Semantic Web
- 2. Programming, Wiley; 1 edition, 2009.
- Grigoris Antoniou, Frank van Harmelen, A Semantic Web Primer, Second Edition

(Cooperative Information Systems) (Hardcover), MIT Press, 2008

 Dean Allemang and James Hendler, Semantic Web for the Working Ontologist: Effective Modeling in RDFS and OWL, Morgan Kaufmann; 2 edition, 2011.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Explore fundamentals of semantic web, models and tools.
- Understand semantic tools and techniques for representing ontology as XML and RDF files.
- Have hands on experience on various popular Semantic NLP tools and libraries.

0

1

2 2

PROGRAMME ELECTIVE – II (6 Credits)

ITCX101 IOS APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT L T P C

OBJECTIVES:

- To know the fundamentals of iOS programming using Swift.
- To create swift programs in Xcode IDE.
- To develop simple iOS mobile applications.

THEORETICAL STUDY

IOS APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

iOS Basics - iOS Architecture - Integrated development Tools - Swift - Frame work and Libraries - Project templates - Resource & Application Settings - Views & Controls - Debugging & Running - Building Block Approach - Application Life cycle -MVC . Pattern - View - Data Management - Core Data - Application Storage -External Storage - Memory Management - UI Design - Design Tools - Interface Builders - Story board - View Controllers - Drawing model . Windows - Event Handling - View data Source and delegates.

LABORATORY PRACTICE

- Developing Simple Swift programs (4 exercises)
- Mobile application development in iOS. (Students can select their own problem to develop an Application)
 Sample applications
 - o Scientific calculator
 - Home Automation
 - $\circ \quad \text{Ecommerce App} \quad$
 - o Currency converter
 - o Reminder
 - o Games

Total Hours : 45

REFERENCES:

- Matt Neuburg, % S 11 Programming Fundamentals with Swift+, O'Reilly Media, Inc. 2017.
- 2. Michael Dippery, % Professional iOS Programming with Swift+, Wiley, 2015.
- 3. Rob Napier, Mugunth kumar, **%**OS 7 Programming+, Wiley, 2014.

155

4. Erica Sadun, 75the iOS 5 Developer Cookbook+, Pearson, Third Edition, 2012.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course students will be able to :

- Describe the limitations and challenges of working in a mobile and wireless environment as well as the commercial and research opportunities presented by these technologies.
- Apply the different types of application models/architectures used to develop mobile software applications.
- Describe the components and structure of an integrated development environment (XCode) and learn how and when to apply the different components to develop a working system.
- Work within the capabilities and limitations of a range of mobile computing devices.
- Design, implement and deploy mobile applications using an appropriate software development environment.

ITCX102	ORACLE DATABASE PROGRAMMING	L	Т	Ρ	С
		0	0	2	1

OBJECTIVES:

- To design and implement effective SQL queries within database applications and manipulate database data effectively.
- To demonstrate a database solution for a business or organization using Oracle Application Express (APEX).
- To implement database-driven web site with database programming with PL/SQL.
- To develop, execute and manage PL/SQL database program like procedures, functions, and database triggers.

LIST OF EXERCISES:

- 1. Design of database with SQL using DDL, DML, and TCL commands.
- 2. Implementation of Single Row Functions, JOINs, Group Functions.
- 3. Implementation of Constraints, Views, Sequences, Privileges and Regular Expressions.
- 4. SQL Functions, Triggers and Procedures.
- 5. Database and Websheet application creation in Oracle Application Express (APEX) using Application Builder.
- 6. Working on SQL Commands in Oracle Application Express SQL Command Processor.
- 7. Transferring Schema and Data in APEX.
- 8. Database Programming with PL/SQL
 - [®] Retrieving & Manipulating Data in PL/SQL
 - " Using Explicit & Multiple Cursors
 - ["] Program Structures to Control Execution Flow
 - " Creating procedures and Passing parameters
 - " Using dynamic SQL
 - ["] Database Event Triggers
- 9. Design and Implement a basic database using the Oracle Database Management and Java Programming.
- 10. Creating and Presenting Database Projects.

OUTCOMES:

- Understand the use and application of the relational database model.
- Enhance skills in Oracle database programming.
- Implement database applications using Java programming.
- Design database and web sheet application creation using Application Builder.
- Expertise in relational database data management.

Total Hours : 30

ITCX103 NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

7

7

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn the techniques in natural language processing.
- Be familiar with the natural language generation.
- Be exposed to machine translation.
- Understand the information retrieval techniques.

MODULE I OVERVIEW AND LANGUAGE MODELING

Overview: Origins and challenges of NLP-Language and Grammar-Processing Indian Languages- NLP Applications-Information Retrieval. Language Modeling: Various Grammar- based Language Models-Statistical Language Model.

MODULE II WORD LEVEL AND SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS

Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions-Finite-State Automata-Morphological Parsing-Spelling Error Detection and correction-Words and Word classes-Part-of Speech Tagging.

MODULE III SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS AND SEMANTIC ANALYSIS 8

Syntactic Analysis: Context-free Grammar-Constituency- Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing. Semantic Analysis: Meaning Representation-Lexical Semantics- Ambiguity-Word Sense Disambiguation.

MODULE IV DISCOURSE PROCESSING AND NATURAL LANGUAGE 8 GENERATION

Discourse Processing: cohesion-Reference Resolution- Discourse Coherence and Structure. Natural Language Generation: Architecture of NLG Systems- Generation Tasks and Representations- Application of NLG.

MODULE V MACHINE TRANSLATION AND INFORMATION RETRIEVAL 8

Machine Translation: Problems in Machine Translation- Characteristics of Indian Languages- Machine Translation Approaches-Translation involving Indian Languages.

MODULE VI LEXICAL RESOURCES AND APPLICATIONS

Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non-classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval . valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora -Applications.

Total Hours : 45

REFERENCES:

1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, Matural Language Processing and Information

Retrieval+, Oxford University Press, 2008.

- 2. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, Speech and Language Processing: An introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech Recognition+, 2 nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 3. James Allen, Matural Language Understanding+, 2nd edition, Benjamin /Cummings publishing company, 1995.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to:

- Discuss the major trends and systems in Natural Language Processing.
- Explain context free grammars and the use of parsers.
- Outline the syntax of grammars and analyze the feature-based semantic systems.
- Apply statistical techniques to natural language analysis.
- Do machine translation.
- Apply information retrieval techniques.

GAME THEORY

L T P C 3 0 0 3

7

8

8

7

8

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the student to the notion of a game, its solutions concepts, and other basic notions and tools of game theory.
- Appraise theoretical predictions obtained from Game Theory analyses against real world conflicts.
- To formalize the notion of strategic thinking and rational choice by using the tools of game theory, and to provide insights into using game theory in modeling applications.
- Integrate increasing analytical skills into increasingly complex conflicts.
- To draw the connections between game theory, computer science, and economics, especially emphasizing the computational issues.
- To introduce contemporary topics in the intersection of game theory, computer science, and economics.

MODULE I GRAPHICS SYSTEM FOR GAME THEORY

Coordinate Systems - Handedness and Cross Products - Points and Vectors . Transformations . Cameras - Culling and Clipping . Rasterizing - Vertex Attributes . Rendering.

MODULE II GAME DESIGN & GAME PROGRAMMING

Game Design - Game Writing - Narrative Theory - Story and Character Development - Game play - Creating the Game World - Level Design Human - Computer Interface design - Game Programming Fundamentals - C++ - Java - Scripting Languages.

MODULE III GAMES WITH PERFECT & IMPERFECT INFORMATION

Games with Perfect Information - Strategic games - prisoner's dilemma, matching pennies - Nash equilibrium - mixed strategy equilibrium . zero sum games - Games with Imperfect Information . Bayesian Games - Extensive Games with Imperfect . Information . Strategies - Beliefs and sequential equilibrium . Illustrations - Repeated Games . The Prisoner's Dilemma . Bargaining.

MODULE IV NON - COOPERATIVE GAME THEORY

Non-cooperative Game Theory . Self - interested agents - Games in normal form -Analyzing games: from optimality to equilibrium - Computing Solution Concepts of Normal - Form Games - Computing Nash equilibrium of two - player, zero - sum games - Computing Nash equilibrium of two - player, general - sum games -Identifying dominated strategies.

MODULE V MECHANISM DESIGN

Aggregating Preferences - Social Choice - Formal Model . Voting - Existence of social functions - Ranking systems - Protocols for Strategic Agents: Mechanism Design - Mechanism design with unrestricted preferences - Efficient mechanisms - Vickrey and VCG mechanisms (shortest paths) - profit maximization Computational applications of mechanism design - applications in Computer Science - Google's sponsored search - eBay auctions.

MODULE VI GAME PRODUCTION AND BUSINESS OF GAMES

7

Game production - Project management - Game industry roles . Economics . Publisher - Developer relationship . Marketing - Intellectual Property rights - Content regulation.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. M. J. Osborne, %An Introduction to Game Theory+. Oxford University Press, 2004.
- 2. David H. Eberly, 3D Game Engine Design: A Practical Approach to Real-Time Computer Graphics, Second Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jonathan S. Harbour, Beginning Game Programming, Course Technology, Third Edition PTR, 2009.
- 2. Ernest Adams and Andrew Rollings, Fundamentals of Game Design, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.
- 3. Jim Thompson, Barnaby Berbank-Green, and Nic Cusworth, Game Design: Principles, Practice, and Techniques - The Ultimate Guide for the Aspiring Game Designer, First Edition, Wiley, 2008.
- 4. N. Nisan, T. Roughgarden, E. Tardos, and V. V. Vazirani, % Igorithmic Game Theory+, Cambridge University Press, 2007.

OUTCOMES:

- Discuss the notion of a strategic game and equilibrium, and identify the characteristics of main applications of these concepts.
- Communicate game theoretic ideas and concepts to non specialist audiences in a language which is accessible and comprehensible.
- Discuss the game with perfect and imperfect information with the use of Nash Equilibrium for other problems.
- Model competitive real world phenomena using concepts from noncooperative game theory.
- Identify key strategic aspects and based on these be able to connect them to appropriate game theoretic concepts given a real world situation.
- Implement a typical Virtual Business scenario using Game theory applications.

SOFT COMPUTING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- " Understand the basic concepts of soft computing
- To become familiar with AI and neural networks that can learn from available examples and generalize to form appropriate rules for inferencing systems.
- Provide the mathematical background for carrying out the optimization associated with neural network learning.
- Familiarize with genetic algorithms and other random search procedures useful while seeking global optimum in self-learning situations.
- Introducing the ideas of hybrid soft computing techniques and applications and use of heuristics based on human experience.
- Develop the case studies utilizing the above and illustrate the intelligent behavior of programs based on soft computing.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Introduction of soft computing, soft computing vs. hard computing, various types of soft computing techniques, applications of soft computing. Artificial Intelligence: Introduction to searching: breadth first search, depth first search techniques, other Search Techniques like hill Climbing, A* algorithm, AO* Algorithms and various types of control strategies. Knowledge representation issues, Prepositional and predicate logic, monotonic and non monotonic reasoning, forward Reasoning, backward reasoning.

MODULE II INTRODUCTION TO NEURAL NETWORK

Structure and Function of a single neuron: Biological neuron, artificial neuron, definition of ANN, Taxonomy of neural net, Difference between ANN and human brain, characteristics and applications of ANN, single layer network, Perceptron training algorithm, Linear separability, Widrow & Hebb+s learning rule/Delta rule, ADALINE, MADALINE, AI v/s ANN.

MODULE III MLP

Introduction of MLP, different activation functions, Error back propagation algorithm, derivation of BBPA, momentum, limitation, characteristics and application of EBPA. Counter propagation network, architecture, functioning & characteristics of counter Propagation network, Hopfield/ Recurrent network,

7

8

associative memory, and characteristics, limitations and applications.

MODULE IV FUZZY LOGIC

Membership functions: features, fuzzification, methods of membership value assignments- Defuzzification: lambda cuts . methods . fuzzy arithmetic and fuzzy measures: fuzzy arithmetic . extension principle -fuzzy integrals . fuzzy rule base and approximate reasoning : truth values and tables, fuzzy propositions, formation of rules-decomposition of rules, aggregation of fuzzy rules, fuzzy reasoning-fuzzy inference systems-overview of fuzzy expert system-fuzzy decision making.

MODULE V MODULE V MACHINE LEARNING

Learning form Examples - Inductive Concept Learning - Sequence Prediction -Effect of Noise in Input. Learning by Analogy- Concept formation - Derivational Analogy. Learning by Observation and Discovery - Search for Regularity-Conceptual Clustering, Computational Learning Theory.

MODULE VI GENETIC ALGORITHM

Fundamentals, basic concepts, working principle, encoding, fitness function, Genetic modeling: Inheritance operator, cross over, inversion & deletion, mutation operator, Bitwise operator, constraints ,Generational Cycle, Real Applications & advances in GA.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- S.Rajasekaran & G.A. Vijayalakshmi Pai, Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic & Genetic Algorithms, Synthesis & applications+, PHI Publication, 2002.
- 2. S.N.Sivanandam and S.N.Deepa, % Rrinciples of Soft Computing+, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2011.
- 3. J.S.R.Jang, C.T. Sun and E.Mizutani, Weuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing+, PHI / Pearson Education 2004.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Timothy J.Ross, ‰uzzy Logic with Engineering Applications+, McGraw-Hill, 1997.
- 2. N.K.Bose, Neural Network Fundamentals with Graphs, Algorithms, and Applications+TMH, 1996.
- 3. Kosko: % Neural Network & Fuzzy System+, PHI Publication, 1992.
- 4. Rich E and Knight K, % rtificial Intelligence+, TMH, 1991.

7

5. Tom. M Mitchell, McGraw Hill International Edition.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student should be able to;

- Learn about soft computing techniques and their applications
- Analyze various neural network architectures
- Understand perceptrons and counter propagation networks.
- Define the fuzzy systems
- Analyze the genetic algorithms and their applications
- Familiar with the techniques of soft computing and adaptive neuro-fuzzy inferencing systems which differ from conventional AI and computing in terms of its tolerance to imprecision and uncertainty.

ITCX106 MACHINE LEARNING ALGORITHMS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students

- To study the components, models of machine learning.
- To discuss the various concepts related to supervised and unsupervised learning.
- To recognize the different types of machine learning models and how to use them.
- To learn the theoretical and practical aspects of tree and graph models.
- To acquire the knowledge of reinforcement learning.
- To discuss various applications in machine learning.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE LEARNING

Introduction - Component of learning - examples of machine learning applications -Types of machine learning - Mathematical foundations of machine learning -Learning models - Probabilistic models - Logic models - Parametric Models - Non-Parametric Models - Theory of learning - Theory of generalization.

MODULE II SUPERVISED LEARNING

Linear classification - Linear Models for Regression . Univariate linear regression Multivariate linear regression - Bayesian Linear Regression . Linear algebra review -Linear Models for Classification - Discriminant Functions - Probabilistic Generative Models -Probabilistic Discriminative Models. Learning Artificial Neural Networks -Feed-forward Network Functions - Back Propagation Network - Bayesian Neural Network - support vector machines - Ensemble methods.

MODULE III UNSUPERVISED LEARNING

Nearest neighbor models . Clustering - K-means - hierarchical clustering - k-d trees - EM Algorithm- Mixtures of Gaussians - Dimensionality Reduction - Factor analysis - Principal Component Analysis (PCA) - Probabilistic PCA - Independent components analysis (ICA) - Singular Value Decomposition - meta learning.

MODULE IV TREE AND GRAPHICAL MODELS

Decision trees - learning decision trees - regression trees - clustering trees - descriptive rule learning - association rule mining - Graphical Models - Undirected graphical models - Markov Random Fields - Directed Graphical Models - Bayesian Networks - Inference - Learning - Generalization - Hidden Markov Models.

8

8

8

MODULE V REINFORCEMENT LEARNING

Passive reinforcement learning - direct utility estimation - adaptive dynamic programming - temporal-difference learning - active reinforcement learning exploration - learning an action-utility function - Generalization in reinforcement learning - policy search - applications in game playing - applications in robot control. **MODULE VI APPLICATIONS 7** Ranking: Priority Inbox - Ordering Email Messages by Priority - Writing a Priority Inbox - Spam Filtering - Analyzing Social Graphs - Social Network Analysis -Hacking Twitter Social Graph Data - Analyzing Twitter Networks - Case Study -Octave/Matlab.

Total Hours : 45

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Describe the concepts, components and models of machine learning.
- Understand and design algorithms for supervised and unsupervised learning.
- Develop skills by using unsupervised learning techniques.
- Analyze the efficient tree and graphical models for solving real world problems.
- Implement reinforcement learning algorithms for an application and analyze the results.
- Apply the appropriate techniques in social network analysis and web security.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Ethem Alpaydin, % atroduction to Machine Learning+, Third Edition, MIT Press, 2014.
- 2. Alex Smola and S.V.N Vishwanathan, % troduction to Machine Learning+, Second Edition Cambridge University Press, 2010.

REFERENCES:

- 1. K. P. Murphy, Machine Learning: A probabilistic perspective+, MIT Press, 2012.
- 2. Flach, Machine Learning: The art and science of algorithms that make sense of data+, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 3. Ian H. Witten, Eibe Frank, Mark A. Hall, *Data Mining: Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques+*, Third Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
- 4. T. M. Mitchell, Machine Learning+, McGraw Hill, 1997.

C# AND .NET FRAMEWORK

L T P C 3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand the foundations of CLR execution.
- Know the object oriented aspects of C#.
- Learn the technologies of the .NET framework.
- Be aware of application development in .NET.
- Learn web based applications on .NET (ASP.NET).

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO C#

Review of OOP Concepts - Overview of .NET Framework - Basic Elements of C# -Program Structure and simple Input and Output Operations . Operators and Expressions . Statements . Arrays and Structures.

MODULE II OBJECT ORIENTED ASPECTS OF C#

Inheritance - Namespace . Polymorphism . Interface and Overloading . Multiple Inheritance . Property . Indexes . Delegates . Publish/Subscribe Design Patterns-Operator Overloading-Method Overloading

MODULE III C# CONCEPTS FOR FILES AND THREADS

C# Concepts for creating Data Structures - File Operation . File Management systems.

Stream Oriented Operations- Multitasking . Multithreading . Thread Operation . Synchronization.

MODULE IV XML and .NET

Working with XML . Techniques for Reading and Writing XML Data - Using XPath and

Search XML - ADO.NET Architecture . ADO.NET Connected and Disconnected Models

. XML and ADO.NET . Simple and Complex Data Binding. Data Grid View Class.

MODULE V APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT ON .NET

Application Domains . Remoting . Leasing and Sponsorship - .NET Coding Design Guidelines . Assemblies . Security . Application Development

MODULE VI WEB SERVICES

Web Services -Building an XML Web Service - Web Service Client . WSDL and SOAP . Web Service with Complex Data Types . Web Service Performance.

Theory Hours : 45

LIST OF EXERCISES

8

8

7

7

7

- 10. Programs using I/O Operations
- 11. Programs using Operators, Expressions and Statements
- **12.** Program using Inheritance and overloading
- 13. Create application using Windows Forms
- 14. Create application using Web Forms
- 15. Program to access data source through ADO.NET.

Lab Hours: 30 Total Hours: 75

REFERENCES:

- 1. S. Thamarai Selvi and R. Murugesan ‰ Textbook on C# ‰ Pearson Education,2003.
- 2. Stephen C. Perry Gore C# and .NET+, Pearson Education,2006.
- 3. Jesse Liberty, % Rrogramming C#+, Second Edition, OcReilly Press, 2002.
- 4. Robinson et al, % Rrofessional C#+, Fifth Edition, Wrox Press, 2002.
- 5. Herbert Schildt, 75the Complete Reference: C#+, Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.
- 6. Andrew Troelsen, % and the .NET Platform+, A! Press, 2003.
- 7. Thuan Thai and Hoang Q. Lam, &NET Framework Essentials+, Second Edition, OdReilly, 2002.

OUTCOMES:

After completing this course, the student will be able to:

- List the major elements of the .NET frame work and discuss CLR.
- Explain how C# fits into the .NET platform.
- Analyze the basic structure of a C# application
- Debug, compile, and run a simple application.
- Develop programs using C# on .NET
- Design and develop Web based applications on .NET

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

To enable the students

- 1. To introduce the fundamentals of artificial intelligence.
- 2. To introduce various searching techniques.
- 3. To introduce the ideas of fuzzy sets, fuzzy logic and reasoning and use of heuristics based on human experience.
- 4. To provide the mathematical background for carrying out the optimization associated with learning.
- 5. Introduce the concept of expert systems and machine learning.
- 6. To understand the basic of machine learning concepts.

Prerequisite: Introduction to Algorithms

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Artificial Intelligence -History - The State of Art - Intelligent Agents - Structure - Environment.

MODULE II SEARCH STRATEGIES

Breadth-First Search - Uniform Cost Search - Depth-First Search - Depth-Limited Search - Iterative Deepening Search - Bidirectional Search - Heuristic Search Techniques - A* Search - AO* Algorithm - Adversarial Search: Minimax Algorithm - Alphabeta Pruning.

MODULE III KNOWLEDGE AND REASONING

Representation - First Order Predicate Logic . Inference . Unification - Forward and Backward Chaining - Resolution - Reasoning with Default Information - Truth Maintenance Systems - Acting under Uncertainty - Statistical Reasoning - Probability and Bayes Theorem - Certainty Factors and Rule Based Systems - Dempster-Shafer Theory.

MODULE IV PLANNING AND LEARNING

Planning with State Space Search: Partial Order Planning - Planning Graphs - Examples. Forms of Learning: Inductive Learning - Explanation Based Learning - Statistical Learning - Learning With Complete Data.

8

8

6

MODULE V KNOWLEDGE ENGINEERING

Design and architecture of expert systems - Expert system life cycle - Knowledge acquisition . difficulties - strategies - major applications areas - Qualitative study of expert systems, DENDRAL, MYCIN.

MODULE VI MACHINE LEARNING

Frame work for learning . Inductive learning . Supervised, Unsupervised learning . Parallel distributed processing . Genetic Algorithms.

Total : 45 Hours

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Stuart J Russell and Peter Norvig, %Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach+, Third Edition, Prentice Hall of India/ Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2015.
- 2. Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, %Artificial Intelligence+, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Dan W Patterson, % notroduction to AI and Expert Systems+, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2010.
- 2. Eugene Charniak and Drew McDermott, % Introduction to Artificial Intelligence+, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2010.
- 3. Stuart Russel and Peter Norvig, %Artificial Intelligence . a modern approach+, Prentice Hall, 2009.
- 4. Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, % rtificial Intelligence+, Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.
- 5. Nils J Nilsson, % Rrinciples of Artificial Intelligence+, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2000.

6.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

• Demonstrate fundamental understanding of the history of artificial intelligence

(AI) and its foundations.

- Use various searching techniques for solving various AI problems.
- Apply basic principles of AI in solutions that require problem solving, inference, perception, knowledge representation, and learning.
- Identify the production systems and the search strategies. Acquire knowledge on the representation and reasoning techniques.
- Demonstrate awareness and a fundamental understanding of various

8

applications of AI techniques in intelligent agents, expert systems, artificial neural networks and other machine learning models.

• Have an exposure on machine learning problems and applications.

GRID COMPUTING

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide an overview of the basic concepts of Grid Computing.
- To highlight the advantages of deploying Grid Computing.
- To study about grid security and grid resource management.
- To study about semantic grid concepts.
- To illustrate the practical adoption of a Grid deployment through real life case studies.

MODULE I CONCEPTS AND ARCHITECTURE

8

8

6

8

7

8

Introduction-Parallel and Distributed Computing-Cluster Computing-Grid Computing-Virtual Organization and the Grid Standards-Anatomy and Physiology of Grid-Web and Grid Services.

MODULE II STANDARDIZATION OF GRID TECHNOLOGY

Service Oriented Grid Architecture. Web Services-Open Grid Services Infrastructure-OGSA Services and Schema-OGSA implementations.

MODULE III GRID SECURITY

Grid Security-A Brief Security Primer-PKI-X 509 Certificates-Grid Security Requirement -WS Security.

MODULE IV RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Grid Scheduling and Resource Management, Gridway and Gridbus Brokerprinciples of Local Schedulers- Overview of Condor, SGE, PBS,LSF-Grid Scheduling with QoS.

MODULE V KNOWLEDGE ORIENTED GRIDS

Knowledge for Grid applications-Meta data, Knowledge and Semantics-Architectures for Knowledge Oriented Grids-Representing Knowledge-Case study.

MODULE VI GRID MIDDLEWARE

List of globally available Middlewares. Case Studies-Recent version of Globus Toolkit and gLite- Architecture, Components and Features. Features of Next generation grid.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Ian Foster, Carl Kesselman, ‰he Grid2: Blue print for a New Computing Infrastructure+, Elsevier Series, 2nd edition, 2004.
- Parvin Asadzadeh, Raj kumar Buyya, Chun Ling Kei, Deepa Nayar, and Srikumar Venugopal, Global Grids and Software Toolkits: A Study of Four Grid Middleware Technologies", Wiley Press, 2006.
- Laurence Yang and Minyi Guo, "High Performance Computing: Paradigm and Infrastructure+, John Wiley & Sons, Wiley Press, New Jersey, 2006.

REFERENCES:

- Jarek Nabrzyski, Jennifer M. Schopf, Jan Weglarz, Grid Resource Management: State of the Art and Future Trends+, (International Series in Operations Research & Management Science), 1St Edition, Springer, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2003.
- Designing a Resource Broker for Heterogeneous Grids, Software: Practice and Experience+, Wiley Press, New York, USA, Wiley Press, 2008.
- Fran Berman, Geoffrey Fox, Anthony J.G. Hey, Grid Computing: Making The Global Infrastructure a Reality+, Wiley Press, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Outline the basic concepts of Grid Computing.
- Discuss the components of OGSA frame work.
- Design suitable methods for grid security.
- Compare the local and global grid scheduling mechanisms.
- Prepare a case study on knowledge oriented grid.
- Develop an application using any grid middleware.

ITCX110 INFORMATION CODING TECHNIQUES

L T P C 3 0 0 3

8

8

7

7

8

7

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the concept of information and entropy of Information.
- To understand the basic Modulation and its types.
- To familiarize with text compression techniques.
- To know about video compression, H.261 and MPEG standard.

MODULE I INFORMATION ENTROPY FUNDAMENTALS

Uncertainty, Information and Entropy . Source coding Theorem . Huffman coding . Shannon-fano coding . Discrete Memory less channels . channel capacity . channel coding theorem . Channel capacity theorem.

MODULE II DATA AND VOICE CODING

Differential Pulse Code Modulation . Adaptive Differential Pulse code Modulation . Adaptive subband coding . Delta Modulation . Adaptive Delta Modulation . Coding of speech signal at low bit rates (Vocoders, LPC).

MODULE III BLOCK CODES

Definitions and Principles: Hamming weight - Hamming distance - Minimum distance decoding - Single parity codes - Hamming codes - Repetition codes - Linear block codes - Cyclic codes - Syndrome calculation - Encoder and decoder . CRC.

MODULE IV ERROR CONTROL CODING

Generator polynomial . Parity check polynomial . Convolutional codes . code tree trellis, state diagram - Encoding . Decoding: Sequential search and Viterbi algorithm . Principle of Turbo coding.

MODULE V COMPRESSION TECHNIQUES

Principles of text compression . static Huffman coding . dynamic huffman coding . arithmetic coding . image compression . graphics interchange format . tagged image file format . digitized documents . introduction to JPEG standards.

MODULE VI AUDIO AND VIDEO CODING

Linear predictive coding . code excited LPC . perceptual coding - MPEG audio coders . Dolby audio coders . video compression . H.261 and MPEG video standards.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Simon Haykin, £ommunication Systemsq John Wiley and Sons, 4th Edition 2001.

2. Fred Halsall, Multidedia Communications: Applications, Networks, Protocols and Standards+, Perason Education Asia, 2002

REFERENCES:

1. Mark Nelson, @ata Compression Book+, BPB, 1992.

2. Watkinson J, Compression in Video and Audio+, Focal Press, London, 1995.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course students will be able to:

- Explain the different information coding theorems.
- Discuss the various modulation methods to encode data and voice.
- Apply the block codes and cyclic codes to detect errors.
- Discuss how error control coding techniques are applied in communication systems.
- Demonstrate the various text and image compression techniques.
- Demonstrate the various audio and video compression techniques.

MOBILE ADHOC NETWORKS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

8

8

OBJECTIVES:

- ["] To know the difference between wired and adhoc networks.
- ["] To gain the knowledge about the applications of adhoc networks.
- ["] To learn about the proactive and reactive protocols.
- To understand the concepts of reactive protocols in less mobile environment.
- " To explain the concepts of reactive protocols in high mobile environment.
- ["] To realize the importance of hybrid and hierarchical protocols

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Model of Operation- symmetric Links- Layer-2 Ad Hoc Solutions- Proactive versus Reactive Protocols- Multicast- Commercial Applications of Ad Hoc Networking- Conferencing- Home Networking- Emergency Services- Personal Area Networks and Bluetooth- Embedded Computing Applications- Technical and Market Factors Affecting Ad Hoc Networks- Scalability- Power Budget versus Latency- Protocol Deployment and Incompatible Standards.

MODULE II CHANNEL ALLOCATION

Channel allocation methods . 802-11 WLAN . MACA . MACAW . MACABI . CSMA . TSMA.

MODULE III DESTINATION SEQUENCED DISTANCE VECTOR 7 PROTOCOL

Introduction- Overview of Routing Methods- Link-State- Distance-Vector-Destination-Sequenced Distance Vector Protocol- Protocol Overview- Route Advertisements- Route Table Entry Structure- Responding to Topology Changes- Route Selection Criteria- Operating DSDV at Layer 2- Extending Base Station Coverage- Performance evaluation using simulators.

MODULE IV DYNAMIC SOURCE ROUTING PROTOCOL FOR MULTI HOP 7 WIRELESS NETWORK

Ad Hoc Networks Assumptions- DSR Protocol Description · Overview and Important Properties- DSR Route Discovery- DSR Route Maintenance-Additional Route Discovery Features- Additional Route Maintenance Features-Support for Heterogeneous Networks and Mobile IP- Multicast Routing with DSR- Location of DSR Functions in the ISO Network Reference Model-Performance evaluation using simulators.

MODULE V AD HOC ON-DEMAND DISTANCE-VECTOR 7 PROTOCOL

AODV Properties- Unicast Route Establishment- Route Discovery- Expanding Ring Search- Forward Path Setup- Route Maintenance- Local Connectivity Management- Multicast Route Establishment- Route Discovery- Forward Path Setup- Multicast Route Activation/Deactivation- Multicast Tree Maintenance-Performance evaluation using simulators.

MODULE VI HYBRID AND HIERARCHICAL ROUTING PROTOCOLS 8

ZRP: A Hybrid Framework for Routing in Ad Hoc Networks- The Zone Routing Protocol-ZRP. Formal Description-Hiearchical based Routing. Hierarchical State Routing Protocol, Fisheye Routing Protocol.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- Subir Kumar Sarkar, <u>T-G- Basavaraju</u> and <u>C- Puttamadappa</u>, %Ad Hoc Mobile Wireless Networks: Principles, Protocols, and Applications+, Second Edition, CRC Press, 2016
- C. Siva Ram Murthy, B.S. Manoj, & dhoc Wireless Networks+, Prentice Hall, 2004-

REFERENCES:

- 1. C.K. Toh, %Adhoc Mobile Wireless Networks: Protocols and Systems+, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 2. Charles E. Perkins, %Ad Hoc Networking+, Addison Wesley, December 2000.

OUTCOMES:

- Acquaint the basic knowledge of adhoc networks.
- Analyze the various channel allocation algorithms used in MAC layer.
- Explain the DSDV, DSR and AODV protocols.
- Compare the performance of DSDV, DSR and AODV protocols and implement any one protocol using simulator.
- Identify the difference between the protocols & practical issues.
- Evaluate the ZRP and Fisheye Routing Protocol.

2 2

15

30

0

PROGRAM ELECTIVES – III (6 Credit)

ITCX212 HYBRID APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT L T P C

OBJECTIVES:

- ["] To know the importance of hybrid applications.
- ["] To learn the fundamentals of hybrid application development.
- ["] To develop simple hybrid applications using AngularJS.

THEORETICAL STUDY

HYBRID APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

Introduction - Computing eras & current mobile wave - Platforms, Frameworks & Tools - Hybrid frameworks, web tech, web APIs (backend) - The stack . HTML5/CSS3/AngularJS - Ionic . AngularJS and native-like . Phonegap. JS Basics - JS Frameworks - AngularJS Intro - Ionic Framework, Why Ionic? - Ionic 1 / 2 - NodeJS / NPM - Data Binding & Filters - Module, Controller & Views . Directives . Services . Routing - Angular JS 2 changes . Components . Typescript - Working with Angular code.

Project Structure - Application Logic - Screen Templates - Ionic components -Navigation Stack - Application structure and screens - Integrating the screens -Component customization - Working with Web APIs - Integrating Device Features.

LABORATORY PRACTICE

- Developing Simple Hybrid Applications using AngularJS (4 exercises)
- Hybrid application development in AngularJS. (Students can select their own problem to develop an Application)

Sample applications

- Simple Conversion Apps
- ToDo App
- Employee Directory
- o Tourism App
- o Games

Total Hours : 45

B.S. Abdur Rahman Crescent Institute of Science and Technology

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course students will be able to :

- Create mobile apps with HTML, JavaScript, and CSS.
- Describe the components and structure of a hybrid application development frameworks (lonic, phonegap, etc.) and learn how and when to apply the different components to develop a working system.
- Design complex interfaces with Ionic UI controls.
- Build once and deploy for both iOS and Android.
- Design, implement and deploy hybrid applications using an appropriate software development environment.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Chris Griffith, Mobile App Development with Ionic+, OcReally Media, Inc. 2017
- 2. Asep Edi Kurniawan, Mobile App Development with Angularis and Ionic+, Leanpub 2015.
- 3. Jeremy Wilken, % onic in Action: Hybrid Mobile Apps with Ionic and AngularJS+, Manning Publication 2015.
- 4. Vinci Rufus, %AngularJS Web Application Development Blueprints+, Packt Publishing 2014.

ITCX213 DATA WAREHOUSING, DATA MINING AND DATA L T P C MINING TOOLS

3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concept of data mining with a detail coverage of basic tasks, metrics, issues and implication.
- To explain core topics like classification, clustering and association rules are exhaustively dealt with.
- " To provide knowledge on data mining tools.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO DATA WAREHOUSING

Need for Data warehousing - Operational database systems vs Data warehouses - Data warehouse architecture . Data warehousing components - A Multidimensional data model - Need for OLAP- OLAP Operations . Types of OLAP servers.

MODULE II DATA PREPARATION AND CONCEPT DESCRIPTION

Data Collection and Pre-processing . Outliers - Mining Outliers - Missing Data -Types of Data - Computing Distance - Data Summarising Using Basic Statistical Measurements - Displaying Data Graphically - Multidimensional Data Visualisation -Data Integration and Transformation - Concept hierarchy.

MODULE ASSOCIATION RULE MINING

III

Introduction . Basics - The Task and a Naïve Algorithm - The Apriori Algorithm - Improving the Efficiency of the Apriori Algorithm - Apriori-TID - Direct Hashing and Pruning - Dynamic Itemset Counting - Mining Frequent Patterns without Candidate Generation - Performance Evaluation of Algorithms -

MODULE CLASSIFICATION

Decision Tree - Building a Decision Tree The Tree Induction Algorithm- Split Algorithm Based on Information Theory - Split Algorithm Based on the Gini Index -Overfitting and Pruning - Decision Tree Rules - Decision Tree Summary - Naïve Bayes Method - Estimating Predictive Accuracy of Classification Methods . Improving Accuracy of Classification Methods - Other Evaluation Criteria for Classification Methods - Classification Software -

MODULE V CLUSTER ANALYSIS

Desired Features of Cluster Analysis - Types of Cluster Analysis Methods -

8

7

7

7

Partitional Methods - Hierarchical Methods - Density-Based Methods - Dealing with Large Databases - Quality and Validity of Cluster Analysis Methods - Cluster Analysis Software -

MODULE ADVANCED CLUSTER ANALYSIS ANS DATA MINING TOOLS 10

Probabilistic Model-Based Clustering . Clustering High-Dimensional Data . Clustering Graph and Network Data . Clustering with Constraints . Trends and social impacts of data mining . Introduction to WEKA tool . Introduction to R.

Theory: 45

Practical Session:

- 1. Prepare data warehouse for mobile user.
- 2. Perform OLAP operations
- 3. Calculate overall statistics such as distribution of mobile users over genderage groups, distribution of used smartphone brands, distribution of appcategory-usage
- 4. Preprocess data and extract meaningful features
- 5. Prepare a recommendation system for online shopping
- 6. Clustering of music files and automatic playlist generation

Note: Use R Tool or Weka Tool.

Lab: 30 Total Hours : 45 + 30 = 75

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, Jian Pei, ¹/₂ ata Mining Concepts and Techniques+, Third Edition, Elsvier Inc., 2012.
- 2. G.K. GUPTA, *%* natroduction to Data Mining with Case Studies+, Third Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, 2014.
- 3. Yanchang Zhao, Yonghua Cen, Data Mining Applications with R+, Academic Press, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Vipin Kumar, ‰troduction to Data Mining+, Pearson Education,New Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Margaret Dunham, Qata Mining: Introductory and Advanced Topics+, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2007.
- 3. Gupta K, % notroduction to Data Mining with Case Studies+, PHI Learning Private Ltd, New Delhi, 2011.
- 4. Daniel T.Larose, ¹/₂ Data Mining Methods and Models+, Wile-Interscience, 2006.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Explain the concept of data warehousing
- Preprocess the data
- Discuss the association rule mining
- Cluster and classify the given data
- Demonstrate the data mining tools

CYBER SECURITY

L T P C 3 0 0 3

7

8

8

8

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of Cryptography.
- To know the impact of various cybercrimes and cyber offenses.
- To understand cybercrimes in mobile devices.
- To know the tools and techniques used to secure from cybercrimes.
- To understand the basics of Cyber Security Standards and Policies.
- To learn about the basics of cyber forensics.

MODULE I FUNDAMENTALS OF CRYPTOGRAPHY

Security problem in computing . Cryptography Basics . History of Encryption . Modern Methods . Legitimate versus Fraudulent Encryption methods . Encryption used in Internet.

MODULE II CYBERCRIME AND CYBER OFFENSES

Cybercrime and Information Security . Cybercriminals . Classifications of Cybercrimes . Email Spoofing . Spamming . Cyber defamation . Internet Time Theft . Forgery . Web jacking . Hacking . Online Frauds . Software Piracy . Mail Bombs . Password Sniffing . Cyberoffenses . Categories . Planning the attacks . Cyberstalking . Cybercafe and Cybercrimes . Botnets.

MODULE III CYBERCRIME: MOBILE AND WIRELESS DEVICES

Proliferation of Mobile and Wireless Devices . Trends in Mobility . Credit card frauds in Mobile and Wireless Computing . Security Challenges . Authentication Service Security . Attacks on Mobile Phones.

MODULE TOOLS AND METHODS USED IN CYBERCRIME

IV

Proxy Servers and Anonymizers . Phishing . Password Cracking . Keyloggers and Spywares . Virus and Worms . Trojan Horses and Backdoors . Steganography . DoS and DDoS Attacks.

MODULE V SECURITY POLICIES

Introduction - Defining User Policies . Passwords . Internet Use . Email Usage . Installing/ Uninstalling Software . Instant Messaging . Defining System Administrative Policies . Defining Access Control . Developmental Policies .

Total Hours: 45

Standards, Guidelines and Procedures . Basics of Assessing a System.

MODULE COMPUTER FORENSICS

VI

General Guidelines . Finding Evidence on the PC - Finding Evidence in System Logs . Windows Logs . Linux Logs . Getting Back Deleted Files . Operating System Utilities . The Windows Registry.

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. Nina Godbole, Sunit Belapure, Syber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives+, Wiley, 2011.
- 2. Chuck Easttom, Computer Security Fundamentals+, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Charles B. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, Security in Computing+, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. William Stallings, %Gryptography and Network Security . Principles and Practices+, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 3. Atul Kahate, % Gryptography and Network Security+, Tata McGraw Hill, 2000.

OUTCOMES:

- Explain the general security issues.
- Discuss various cybercrimes and offenses.
- Cybercrime in mobile and wireless environment.
- Use relevant tools and methods in cybercrime
- Apply security policies in cyber forensics.
- Outline the strategies adopted in computer forensics.

3 0 0 3

ITCX215 SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS AND SOFTWARE L T P C PROJECT MANAGEMENT

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basic concepts of software requirements.
- To learn the software requirements management concepts.
- To learn the basic concepts of software project management and software estimation methods.
- To know the software product estimation techniques.
- To learn how to manage risks and allocate resources for software projects.

MODULE I INDTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

The essential software requirement - Good practices for requirements engineering -The business analyst role - Requirements elicitation - Documenting the requirements

MODULE II SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS MANAGEMENT

Requirements management practices: Requirements management process - The requirements baseline - Requirements version control - Requirement attributes - Tracking requirements status - Resolving requirements issues - Measuring requirements effort - Managing requirements on agile projects - Why manage requirements? - Change happens - Tools for requirements engineering

MODULE PROJECT MANAGEMENT CONCEPT 9 RISK MANAGEMENT 8

Introduction to software project Management - Project evaluation and programme Management - An overview of project planning

MODULE SOFTWARE ESTIMATION & COSTING

IV

Selection of an appropriate project Approach - Software effort estimation - Activity planning

MODULE V RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management - Resource allocation - Monitoring and control - Managing contracts

MODULE PEOPLE MANAGEMENT

VI

Managing people in software Environments - Working in teams - Software quality

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. McConnell, S. Software Requirements+, 3rd edition, Microsoft Press, 2013.

2. Bob Hughes and Mike Cotterell, Software Project management+, 5th edition, Mc

7

8

7

Graw Hill, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Adolfo Villafiorita, "Introduction to Software Project Management", CRC Press, 2014.
- 2. Ashfaque Ahmed, "Software Project Management: A Process-Driven Approach", CRC Press, 2012.
- 3. Dr. Tuhin Chattopadhyay, "How to Be a Successful Software Project Manager", Partridge Publishing, 2015.
- 4. Anna P. Murray, "The Complete Software Project Manager: Mastering Technology from Planning to Launch and Beyond", John Wiley & Sons. 2016.

OUTCOMES:

- Students will explain the concepts of software requirements elicitation.
- They will be able to explain how to change and control the requirements.
- Students will know the software project management and software estimation methods.
- They will have capability to prepare project plan.
- Students will be ready to identify and analyze risks.
- They will express how to manage people.

B.Tech.

ITCX216 BUSINESS AND DATA ANALYTICS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

7

8

8

7

8

7

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain an understanding business analytics to formulate and solve business problems and to support managerial decision making.
- To become familiar with data analysis techniques to develop, report, and analyze business data.
- To learn to use advanced analytics and model evaluation to solve business problems.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to Business Analytics, data mining, Big Data and data science, steps in data mining, preliminary steps.

MODULE II BUSINESS ANALYTICS LIFE CYCLE

Business Analytics Process, CRISP-DM, predictive power and over fitting, using JMP, automated data mining solutions.

MODULE III DATA EXPLORATION AND DIMENSION REDUCTION

Uses of data visualization, basic charts, multidimensional visualization, curse of dimensionality, practical considerations, correlation analysis, principal component analysis, dimension reduction using regression models, classification and regression trees.

MODULE PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

IV

Evaluating Predictive performance, judging classifier performance, judging ranking performance, and oversampling.

MODULE V ADVANCED ANALYTICS

Multiple linear regression, k-nearest neighbors, classification and regression trees, logic regression, neural nets, discriminative analysis.

MODULE MODEL EVALUATION TECHNIQUES

VI

Model Evaluation Techniques for the Description Task ,Model Evaluation Techniques for the Estimation and Prediction Tasks ,Model Evaluation Techniques for the Classification Task, Error Rate, False Positives, and False Negatives, Misclassification Cost Adjustment to Reflect Real-World Concerns ,Decision Cost/Benefit Analysis , Lift Charts and Gains Charts, Interweaving Model Evaluation with Model Building , Confluence of Results: Applying a Suite of Models.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Galit Shmueli ,Peter C. Bruce,Mia L. Stepiiens, Nitin R. Patel, Quata Mining For Business Analytics Concepts, Techniques, and Applications with JMP Pro+, John Wiley & sons, 2017.
- 2. Daniel T. Larose & Chantal D. Larose, Discovering Knowledge in Data: An Introduction to Data Mining+, Wiley, Second Edition.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ron Klimberg and B. D. McCullough, ‰undamentals of Predictive Analytics with JMP+, SAS Institute.
- Marc J. Schniederjans, Dara G. Schniederjans, Christopher M. Starkey, Business analytics principles, concepts and applications what, why and how+, Pearson.
- 3. Saxena, Rahul, Srinivasan, Anand, Business Analytics A Practitionercs Guide+, Springer.
- 4. Hastie, Trevor, et al. The elements of statistical learning. Vol. 2. No. 1. New York: springer, 2009.
- **5.** Montgomery, Douglas C., and George C. Runger. Applied statistics and probability for engineers. John Wiley & Sons, 2010.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the programme students will be able to:

- Explain the business analytics and data mining concepts
- Understand the life cycle of business analytics
- Apply data visualization and dimension reduction techniques
- Evaluate the performance of prediction methods
- Apply the knowledge of advanced analytic techniques
- Discuss on various model evaluation techniques

WEB SERVICES

L T P C 3 0 0 3

8

7

7

7

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the XML based standards for creating XML application.
- To understand the architecture of web services and its underlying infrastructure.
- To gain knowledge about SOAP, WSDL and UDDI.
- To explore HTTP, from the request/response cycle to its verbs, headers, and cookies
- To choose the service that works best for an application.

MODULE I XML TECHNOLOGY FAMILY

XML . benefits . Advantages of XML over HTML, Databases . XML based standards . Structuring with schemas - DTD . XML Schemas . XML processing DOM . SAX . presentation technologies . XSL . XFORMS . XHTML . Transformation . XSLT . XPATH . XQuery.

MODULE MOTIVATIONS FOR WEB SERVICES

II

Business motivations for web services . B2B . B2C . Technical motivationslimitations of CORBA and DCOM . Service-oriented Architecture (SOA).

MODULE ARCHITECTING WEB SERVICES

III

Architecting web services . Implementation view . web services technology stack . logical view . composition of web services . deployment view . from application server to peer to peer . process view . life in the runtime.

MODULE WEB SERVICES BUILDING BLOCKS

IV

Transport protocols for web services . messaging with web services . protocols -SOAP - describing web services . WSDL . Anatomy of WSDL . manipulating WSDL . web service policy . Discovering web services . UDDI . Anatomy of UDDI . Web service inspection . Ad-Hoc Discovery - Securing web services.

MODULE HTTP VERBS AND HEADERS

V

HTTP . Clients and Servers . Making HTTP requests - HTTP Verbs - Serving GET request- Making GET request . Handling POST request . Making POST request-Headers . request response headers . identify clients with user agents . Headers for content negotiation . Securing headers with authorization headers . caching headers . custom headers.

MODULE BUILDING API

VI

Cookies- Cookies Mechanics . reading and writing cookies . making request with cookies- cookies and APIs . JSON- Handling JSON with PHP . Consuming JSON APIs . XML in PHP . Consuming XML APIs . Sample API application.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- Ron Schmelzer, Travis Vandersypen, Jason Bloomberg, Madhu Siddalingaiah and Sam Hunting, %ML and Web Services Unleashed+, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Sandeep Chatterjee and James Webber, Developing Enterprise Web Services: An Architector Guide+, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 3. Lorna Jane Mitchell, % HP Web Services . APIs for the Modern Web+2nd edition, Oqeilly, 2016.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Keith Ballinger, %NET Web Services Architecture and Implementation+, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. David Chappell, % Inderstanding .NETATutorial and Analysis+, Addison Wesley, 2002.
- 3. Kennard Scibner and Mark C.Stiver, Winderstanding SOAP+, SAMS publishing.
- 4. Alexander Nakhimovsky and Tom Myers, %ML Programming: Web Applications and Web Services with JSP and ASP+, Apress, 2002.

8

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Create, validate and parse XML documents.
- Analyze the B2B and B2C real world applications.
- Explain the logical and deployment view of web service technology stack.
- Use SOAP, WSDL and UDDI for creation of a web service.
- work with JSON and XML technologies.
- Use the best service for a given application and make it robust.

IMAGE PROCESSING

С т Ρ 3 Λ 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the basic principles and concepts in digital image processing.
- To provide the application of digital image analysis moving towards image interpretation.
- To know the techniques and tools for digital image processing, and finally also introduce image analysis techniques in the form of image segmentation.
- To study the image fundamentals and mathematical transforms necessary for image processing.

MODULE I DIGITAL IMAGE FUNDAMENTALS

Digital image fundamentals . Examples of fields that use image processing . Components of image processing systems - Elements of Visual Perception . Light and the Electromagnetic Spectrum . Image Sensing and Acquisition . Image Sampling and Quantization . Relationship between Pixels . Mathematical tools used in image processing.

MODULE II DIGITAL IMAGE TRANSFORMS

Basic geometric transformations . Introduction to Fourier Transform and DFT, Properties of 2D Fourier Transform, FFT, Separable Image Transforms, Walsh, Hadamard, Discrete Cosine Transform, Haar, Slant, Karhunen, Loeve transforms,

MODULE **IMAGE ENHANCEMENT TECHNIQUES** ш

Spatial Domain methods: Basic grey level transformation, Histogram equalization, Image subtraction, Image averaging, Spatial filtering: Smoothing, sharpening filters, Laplacian filters, Frequency domain filters : Smoothing, Sharpening filters.

MODULE **IMAGE RESTORATION**

IV

Model of Image Degradation/restoration process, Noise models, Inverse filtering, Least mean square filtering, Constrained least mean square filtering, Blind image Restoration, Pseudo inverse, Singular value decomposition.

MODULE V IMAGE COMPRESSION

Need for data compression, Lossless compression: Variable length coding, LZW codina. Bit

Plane coding, predictive coding - DPCM. Lossy Compression: Transform coding, Wavelet coding, Basics of Image compression standards: JPEG, MPEG, Basics of Vector quantization.

7

8

7

8

MODULE IMAGE SEGMENTATION AND REPRESENTATION VI

7

Edge detection, Thresholding, Region Based segmentation, Boundary representation: chair

Codes . Polygonal approximation, Boundary segments, boundary descriptors: Simple descriptors . Fourier descriptors, Regional descriptors, Simple descriptors. **Total Hours : 45**

REFERENCES:

- Rafael C Gonzalez, Richard E Woods, Digital Image Processing+, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 2. William K Pratt, Digital Image Processing+, John Willey, 2001.
- 3. Millman Sonka, Vaclav hlavac, Roger Boyle, Broos/colic, Manage Processing Analysis and Machine Vision+, 1999.
- 4. A.K. Jain, PHI, ‰undamentals of Digital Image Processing+,New Delhi ,1995.
- 5. Chanda Dutta Magundar, Spigital Image Processing and Applications+, Prentice Hall of India, 2000.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Explain the basic elements and applications of image processing.
- Create Gray level transformations for Image enhancement.
- Design and implement two-dimensional spatial filters for image enhancement.
- Select Wiener filtering for de-blurring and noise removal.
- Analyze the techniques for image compression and segmentation.
- Apply digital image analysis techniques and enhance their critical thinking skills in digital color images.

EXPERT SYSTEMS

L Т С 3 Λ Λ 3

Ρ

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the basic concepts of expert systems.
- To know the languages and tools for building expert systems.
- To study about representing knowledge & knowledge acquisition.
- To understand the various heuristics for building expert systems.

MODULE I **INTRODUCTION TO EXPERT SYSTEMS**

Definition, Features of an expert system, Organization, Characteristics, Uses, Basic activities of expert systems, Prospector, Knowledge Representation in expert system, an overview of Artificial Intelligence.

MODULE II RULE-BASED EXPERT SYSTEM

Introduction to Rule-based systems. Canonical systems, production systems for problem solving, the syntax of rules, working memory, controlling behavior of the interpreter, conflict resolution, forward and backward chaining, rules and meta-rules.

MODULE LANGUAGES TO BUILD AN EXPERT SYSTEM ш

Symbolic computation-Symbolic representation, Physical symbols svstems. Introduction to LISP, LISP data structures, LISP programs, List processing, pattern matching. Logic Programming- Formal languages, propositional calculus, the predicate calculus, the PROLOG language, PROLOG and MBASE, PROLOG search rules, Object-oriented analysis and design for expert systems.

MODULE **EXPERT SYSTEMS TOOLS**

IV

Overview of expert systems tools, expert system shells, high-level programming languages, constraints of production rule languages, evaluating object-oriented approaches, logic programming for expert systems, multiple-paradigm programming environments, potential implementation problems, More maxims on expert system development, Building an Expert System-MYCIN, EMYCIN.

MODULE V KNOWLEDGE ACQUISITION

Theoretical analysis of knowledge acquisition, Stages of knowledge acquisition, Ontology analysis, Expert system shells, Knowledge acquisition methods, Knowledge-based knowledge acquisition, Introduction to Machine Learning.

8

8

7

8

7

MODULE CLASSIFICATIONS OF EXPERT SYSTEM TASKS

VI

Classification of expert system tasks, heuristic matching, classification, The generality of heuristic classification, Classification versus construction, mapping tools to tasks, knowledge acquisition strategies, Managing complexity, classification problem solving.

TEXT BOOKS:

Total Hours : 45

- 1. Peter Jackson, % atroduction to Expert Systems+, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.
- 2. Donald A. Waterman, % Guide to Expert Systems+, Addison Wesley, 1999.

REFERENCES:

- 1. W. Patterson, ±ntroduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systemsq Prentice Hall of India, 2003.
- 2. Elain Rich and Kevin Knight, #Artificial Intelligenceq Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1995.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Explain the concepts of expert systems.
- Write the rules for designing expert system
- Develop programs using LISP and PROLOG
- Analyze the knowledge acquisition in expert system
- Develop programs using machine learning concepts
- Build a new expert system using various tools

ITCX220 SERVICE ORIENTED ARCHITECTURE

L T P C 3 0 0 3

8

8

8

9

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain understanding of the basic principles of service orientation.
- To understand web services and service abstraction.
- To learn service oriented analysis and coordination techniques.
- To use the concepts of SOAP and WSDL for designing applications.
- To learn technologies underlying the design of xml based web services.
- To know about various WS-* specification standards, web service security and service transaction.

MODULE I SOA FUNDAMENTALS

Roots of SOA . Characteristics of SOA - Comparing SOA to client-server and distributed internet architectures . Anatomy of SOA- How components in an SOA interrelate -Principles of service orientation.

MODULE II WEB SERVICES & SERVICE ABSTRACTION

Web services . Service descriptions . Messaging with SOAP . Message exchange Patterns . Coordination . Atomic Transactions . Business activities . Orchestration . Choreography - Service layer abstraction . Application Service Layer . Business Service Layer . Orchestration Service Layer.

MODULE SERVICE-ORIENTED ANALYSIS & DESIGN

III

Service oriented analysis . Business-centric SOA . Deriving business services- service modeling - Service Oriented Design . WSDL basics . SOAP basics . SOA composition guidelines . Entity-centric business service design. Application service design . Task centric business service design.

MODULE XML BASED WEB SERVICES

IV

SOA platform basics . SOA support in J2EE . Java API for XML-based web services (JAX-WS) - Java architecture for XML binding (JAXB) . Java API for XML Registries (JAXR) - Java API for XML based RPC (JAX-RPC)- Web Services Interoperability Technologies (WSIT) - SOA support in .NET . Common Language Runtime - ASP.NET web forms . ASP.NET web services . Web Services Enhancements (WSE).

MODULE V SERVICE COORDINATION AND WEB SERVICES SECURITY 6

WS-BPEL basics . WS-Coordination overview - WS-Choreography, WS-Policy, WS-Security.

MODULE SOA TRANSACTION & PROTOCOL COORDINATION

6

Transaction processing . paradigm . protocols and coordination . transaction specifications . SOA in mobile . research issues.

Total Hours : 45

REFERENCES:

- 1. Thomas Erl, Service-Oriented Architecture: Analysis and Design for Services and Microservices+, Second Edition, Prentice Hall, Service Tech Press, 2016.
- 2. Newcomer, Lomow, **%** Inderstanding SOA with Web Services+, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Sandeep Chatterjee, James Webber, Developing Enterprise Web Services-An Architect+s Guide+, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 4. Dan Woods and Thomas Mattern, Senterprise SOA Designing IT for Business Innovation+, First Edition, OcReilly, 2006.
- 5. Shankar Kambhampaly, Service. Oriented Architecture for Enterprise Applications+, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2008.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Compare service oriented architecture with other internet architectures.
- Analysis about web services and service abstraction.
- Discuss about service-oriented analysis and design.
- Design a web service using SOAP and WSDL to support SOA based applications.
- Identify research issues in service coordination, web services security and choreography in service layers.
- Explain the various WS-* specification standards and research issues in SOA.

PERVASIVE COMPUTING

С 3 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To know about the applications of pervasive computing.
- " To understand the use of pervasive computing on web applications.
- To study about PDA's using pervasive computing.
- To learn the user interface issues and web applications in pervasive computing.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Pervasive Computing Application- Pervasive Computing devices and Interfaces Device technology trends, Connecting issues and protocols. Pervasive Computing Market -m-Business . Application examples: Retail, Airline -check- in and booking . Health care . Car information system . E-mail access via WAP and voice.

MODULE II WEB APPLICATION CONCEPTS

Pervasive Computing and web based Applications- XML and its role in Pervasive Computing- Wireless Application Protocol (WAP) Architecture and Security-Wireless Mark-Up language (WML). Introduction.

MODULE **VOICE TECHNOLOGY**

ш

Voice Enabling Pervasive Computing- Voice Standards- Speech Applications in Pervasive Computing and security . java for pervasive devices, Biometrics.

PERSONAL DIGITAL ASSISTANTS MODULE

IV

User Interface Issues in Pervasive Computing, Architecture - Smart Card-based Authentication Mechanisms- Wearable computing Architecture. Case study-Wearable computing / Cyber physical system.

MODULE V USER INTERFACE ISSUES

User Interface Issues in Pervasive Computing, Architecture - SmartCard-based Authentication Mechanisms- Wearable computing Architecture. Case study-Wearable computing / Cyber physical system.

MODULE PERVASIVE WEB APPLICATION ARCHITECTURE VI

Introduction-scalability and availability- Development of Pervasive computing Web Applications-Pervasive application architecture. Example application. User interface

7

8

7

8

7

over view. Architecture. Implementation.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

- Horst Henn, Jochen Burkhardt, Klaus Rindtorff, Stefan Hepper, Thomas Schaeck, "Pervasive Computing: Technology and Architecture of Mobile Internet Applications+, ISBN 10: 8177582801 / ISBN 13: 9788177582802, Pearson Education, 14th Edition, 2012.
- 2. Uwe Hansman, Lothat Merk, Martin S Nicklous & Thomas Stober, % Rrinciples of Mobile Computing+, 2nd Edition, Springer- Verlag, New Delhi, 2003.
- 3. Hagras Abraham Hassanien, "Pervasive Computing-Innovations in Intelligent Multimedia and Applications", Springer, 2009.

REFERENCES:

- Rahul Banerjee, %aternetworking Technologies: An Engineering Perspective+, Prentice. Hall of India, New Delhi, (ISBN81-203-2185-5).2003.
- Rahul Banerjee, Lecture Notes in Pervasive Computing+, Outline Notes, BITS-Pilani, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course students will be able to:

- " Outline the basics of pervasive computing device technologies.
- " Identify the protocols used in pervasive computing.
- " Assess the voice standards and applications in pervasive computing.
- " Compile the characteristics of PDA devices.
- " Discuss various user interface issues in pervasive computing.
- ["] Develop a Pervasive computing Web Application

ITCX222 KNOWLEDGE BASED DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To become familiar with the theoretical perspectives of knowledge creation, knowledge transfer, knowledge sharing, and knowledge leadership roles and skills.
- To understand how the study of communication relates to knowledge development and knowledge sharing in organizations.
- To read about and discuss the relationship between knowledge management and a learning organization, Development of support system Methods of managing knowledge Intelligent decision system development.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Decision making, Systems, Modeling, and support - Introduction and Definition -Systems - Models - Modeling process - Decision making: The intelligence phase - The design phase - The choice phase - Evaluation: The implementation phase -Alternative Decision - Making models - Decision support systems - Decision makers - Case applications.

MODULE II DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

Decision Support System Development: Introduction - Life cycle - Methodologies prototype - Technology Levels and Tools - Development platforms - Tool selection - Developing DSS. Enterprise systems: Concepts and Definition - Evolution of information systems - Information needs - Characteristics and capabilities . Comparing and Integrating EIS and DSS - EIS data access, Data Warehouse, OLAP, Multidimensional analysis, Presentation and the web - Including soft information enterprise on systems- Organizational DSS - supply and value chains and decision support - supply chain problems and solutions - computerized systems MRP, ERP, SCM - frontline decision support systems.

MODULE KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT

Ш

Introduction - Organizational learning and memory - Knowledge management - Development -methods, Technologies, and Tools - success -Knowledge management and Artificial intelligence - Electronic document management. Knowledge acquisition and validation: Knowledge engineering - Scope -

8

7

Acquisition methods - Interviews - Tracking methods - Observation and other methods - Grid analysis - Machine Learning: Rule induction, case-based reasoning - Neural computing - Intelligent agents - Selection of an appropriate knowledge acquisition methods - Multiple experts - Validation and verification of the knowledge base - Analysis, coding, documenting, and diagramming - Numeric and documented knowledge acquisition - Knowledge acquisition and the Internet/Intranets.

MODULE IV KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION AND INFERENCE 8 TECHNIQUES

Knowledge representation: Introduction - Representation in logic and other schemas - Semantic networks - Production rules - Frames - Multiple knowledge representation - Experimental knowledge representations - Representing uncertainty.Inference Techniques: Reasoning in artificial intelligence - Inference with rules: The Inference tree - Inference with frames- Model-based and case- based reasoning - Explanation and Meta knowledge- Inference with uncertainty - Representing uncertainty - Probabilities and related approaches - Theory of certainty - Approximate reasoning using fuzzy logic.

MODULE V INTELLIGENT SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT

Intelligent Systems Development: Prototyping: Project Initialization . System analysis and design - Software classification: Building expert systems with tools - Shells and environments - Software selection - Hardware -Rapid prototyping and a demonstration prototype - System development - Implementation - Post implementation.

MODULE VI MANAGEMENT SUPPORT SYSTEMS

Implementing and integrating management support systems Implementation: The major issues - Strategies - System integration . Generic models MSS, DSS, ES - Integrating EIS, DSS and ES, and global integration Intelligent DSS - Intelligent modeling and model management. Examples of integrated systems - Problems and issues in integration. Impacts of Management Support Systems - Introduction - overview - Organizational structure and related areas - MSS support to business process reengineering Personnel management issues - Impact on individuals - Productivity, quality, and competitiveness - decision making and the manager manager-s job - Issues of legality, privacy, and ethics - Intelligent systems and employment levels - Internet communication - other societal impacts - managerial implications and social responsibilities.

7

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOK:

1. Efrain Turban, Jay Aaronson, Decision Support Systems and Intelligent Systems+, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2001.

REFERENCES:

- Ganesh Natarajan, Sandhya Shekhar, %nowledge management . Enabling Business Growth+, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 2. George M.Marakas, @ecision Support System+, Prentice Hall, India, 2003.
- Efrem A.Mallach, @Decision Support and Data Warehouse Systems+, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2002.

OUTCOMES:

- Outline the relationship between business information needs and decision making
- Explain the development of decision support systems.
- Discuss the role of knowledge management.
- Identify the various knowledge representation and inference techniques.
- Analyze the working of an intelligent system development.
- Evaluate the function of management support systems.

0

0

3

С

3

8

8

8

ITCX223 ELECTRONICS COMMERCE	L	Т	Ρ	
------------------------------	---	---	---	--

OBJECTIVES:

- To have an awareness about security and legal issues in ecommerce to investigate the strategic implications of e-commerce with emphasis on existing companies
- To navigate positioning strategies available within the e-commerce landscape
- To develop the ability to quickly and effectively research Internet companies and strategies
- To learn to distinguish between temporary tremors and seismic shifts in the unstable e-commerce landscape

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Introduction . Electronic Commerce Framework . The Anatomy of E-Commerce Applications- The Network Infrastructure for E-Commerce-The Internet as a Network Infrastructure - World of Blogs.

MODULE II ELECTRONIC COMMERCE AND EDI 8

Electronic Payment Systems- Interorganizational Commerce and EDI - EDI Implementation - MIME and Value added Networks- ecommerce security and fraud detection.

MODULE III ADVERTISING AND MARKETING

Advertising and Marketing on the Internet- Computer Based Education and Training - Technological Components of Education on-Demand- Digital Copy rights and Electronic Commerce -Software Agent - Website Design Issues-Factors that Make People Return to Your Site- Strategies for Website Development.

MODULE IV CORPORATE DIGITAL LIBRARY

The Corporate Digital Library . Dimensions of Internal Electronics Commerce Systems - Making a Business case for a document Library - Types of Digital documents - Issues behind document Infrastructure- Corporate data warehouses- Documents Active / Compound document architecture.

MODULE V DOCUMENT TYPES

Structured Documents-Structured Document Fundamentals-Document Interchange Representations-Separating Logical Structure from Physical Structure - Document Markup- Document Markup Languages.

MODULE VI MULTIMEDIA AND ECOMMERCE

8

Multimedia and Digital Video . Broad band Telecommunications . Mobile and Wireless Computing Fundamentals-Social networks and online communities- Online auctions including Ebay-Ecommerce portals-Mobile Commerce.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOK:

1. Kalakota & Whinston, ‰rontiers of Electronic Commerce+, Pearson Education, 2002.

REFERENCES:

- Kamalesh K. Bajaj, & Commerce: The Cutting Edge & Business+, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- 2. Brenda Kennan, Managing your E-Commerce Business+, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.
- 3. Elias M. Awad, Sciectronic Commerce from Vision to Fulfillment+, Prentice Hall of India, 2003.
- 4. Bharat Bhaskar, % Dectronic Commerce . Framework, Technology and Application+, TMH, 2003.
- 5. Effy Oz, ‰oundations of E-Commerce+, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.
- 6. Jim A Carter, & eveloping E-Commerce Systems+, Prentice Hall of India, 2001.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the programme students will be able to:

- Demonstrate an understanding of the foundations and importance of ECommerce
- Demonstrate an understanding of the impact of eCommerce on business models and strategy
- Describe Internet trading relationships including Business to Consumer, Business-to-Business, Intra-organizational.
- Describe the infrastructure for ECommerce
- Demonstrate an understanding of eCommerce related programming, database, and networking issues.
- Recognize legal, global, privacy, security and risk management issues in ECommerce

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES IV (9 Credits)

ITCX117	CLOUD MIDDLEWARE TOOLS	L	т	Ρ	С
		1	0	2	2

OBJECTIVES:

MODULE I

- To understand the datacenter resources in cloud middleware environment.
- To implement creation of virtual machines and accessing cloud services.
- To create virtual machines with different operating systems using open source middleware technologies.
- To design and access private, public and hybrid clouds.

INTRODUCTION

• To analyze various cloud middleware tools and their functionalities.

THEORY COMPONENT

7

Introduction to Physical and Viirtual Machine resources . Viirtualization . Hypervisor - Data Center - Cloud Services - IaaS, PaaS, SaaS, Operating systems - Virtual Appliances . vApps & AppV

MODULE II PRIVATE, PUBLIC AND HYBRID CLOUD 8

Private Cloud Tools - VMware workstation, VirtualBox, VMware vCenter Convertor, vApps, Open Source Cloud Middleware Tools & Technologies - Eucalpytus, OpenNebula, and Openstack Cloud IaaS, Public Cloud - Amazon EC2, Hybrid Cloud, Oracle Fussion

LAB COMPONENT - LIST OF EXERCISES

- 1. Study of Physical Machine & virtual machines resources
- 2. Creation of Virtual Machines using VMware workstation, VirtualBox, VMware vCenter Convertor
- 3. Virtual Appliances vApps & AppV
- 4. Creating Windows and Ubuntu virtual data centers using Eucalpytus and OpenNebula-Open Source Middleware technology.
- 5. Cloud service provisioning IaaS, PaaS, SaaS
- 6. Openstack Cloud IaaS solution-nova, neutron, cinder, glance, swift
- 7. Amazon EC2
- 8. Hybrid cloud
- 9. Cloud Middleware Integration Consulting .NET/JAVA · SOAP/REST
- 10. Database Middleware Automation
- 11. Oracle Fussion Middleware

OUTCOMES:

- Analyze physical and virtual machines management in remote cloud servers.
- Design virtual machines using various hypervisors and cloud middleware products.

Total Hours: 45

- Demonstrate Windows and Ubuntu virtual machines using open source middleware technologies.
- Identify and evaluate private, public and hybrid clouds and IaaS, PaaS, SaaS service provisioning.
- Build cloud platform for digital business.

ITCX118 BIG DATA TOOLS AND TECHNOLGIES

L T P C 0 0 3 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To make the students familiar with Hadoop distributed file system and can learn how to configure Hadoop.
- To install and configure various tools in hadoop ecosystem.
- To provide a complete knowledge about Hadoop echo system with key components like Pig, Hive and Sqoop.
- To Install Apache Spark and explore the components in it.

List of exercises:

- 1. Introduction to HDFS and Hadoop Ecosystem. Configuration and Installation of Hadoop 1.0 Single node with Name node and Data node.
- 2. Implementation and configuration of Hive in Hadoop ecosystem for querying.
- 3. Implementation of Pig using Hadoop Ecosystem for processing structured Data.
- 4. Implementation of Sqoop for transferring schema format to NOSQL format.
- 5. Configure Flume and Working flume for logdata.
- 6. Install HDFS 2.0 and explore YARN for scheduling.
- 7. Apache Spark Installation and implementation of simple programs in it.
- 8. Connect MongoDB with Hadoop as store data from MongoDB to HDFS.
- 9. Connect MYSQL with Hadoop and store data form MYSQL to HDFS
- 10. Work With RANGER and configure Hadoop for security features.
- 11. Install IBM BigInsights, hortonworks HDP on virtual machines
- 12. Working with AWS nodes. Creation of Virtual machines in AWS and Amazon S3.

Total Hours : 45

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of this course the student will be able to

- Demonstrate single node and multinode Hadoop 1.0 and 2.0 with installation and configuration.
- Compute the dataset with different tools in hadoop ecosystem.
- Analyze Hadoop Ecosystem using simple components like Pig, Hive and Sqoop.
- Exploring Apache Spark and analyzing the components in it.

FORENSIC TOOL KITS

L T P C 0 0 3 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand Cyber Forensics, Digital evidence and Investigation process.
- To become familiar with Computer forensics toolkits (FTK).
- To analyze the components of the Encase forensic software environment, evidence and configuration files.
- To explore methods of data storage and forensic recovery using Access Data Software.

LIST OF EXERCISES:

- 1. Study of computer forensic toolkits like CyberCheck Suite (C-DAC), FTK, Helix, The Coronerc Toolkit (TCT), ProDiscover.
- 2. Working in Windows and Linux Environment: Study of various commands in Linux like Encryption and Decryption, message digest etc.
- 3. Exploring Encase software.
- 4. Email Forensics Tracing E. mail. Finding senders IP Address of received e. mail, tracing route of e. mail received using tools available on internet using Visual Trace Route.
- 5. Locate a deleted mail using Forensic Tool Kit.
- 6. Storage media forensics.
- 7. Image Analysis & Steganography using tools like Merge Streams, Image Hide, Stealth Files, Blindside, Stools.
- 8. Network Forensics Analysis . Capture and analyze network traffic using network traffic/data capturing/monitoring tools like NetWitness, Windump, Network Flight Recorder.
- 9. Digital evidence imaging using R-Drive Imag, Drive Image Pro.

Total Hours : 45

OUTCOMES:

- To do the cross validation of computer forensic case data using Encase Access Data and computer forensic tools.
- Analyze the storage media forensics and email forensics.
- The ability to quantitatively assess and measure threats and forensic challenges to information assets.
- Analyze network forensic analysis using capturing and monitoring tools.
- To protect data assets against attacks from the Internet and investigate and mitigate data risk.

ITCX120 MONGODB FOR JAVA DEVELOPERS

L T P C 0 0 3 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To explore NoSQL database and learn installation of MongoDB.
- To practice hands-on session on Mongo Shell
- To learn the CURD operations in MongoDB.
- To acquire knowledge in sharding and replication.

List of exercises:

Introduction and Overview

Overview, Design Goals, the Mongo Shell, JSON Intro, Installing Tools, Overview of Blog Project. Maven, Spark and Free marker Intro.

Creating, Reading and Updating Data (CRUD)

Mongo Shell, Query Operators, Update Operators and a Few Commands

Schema Design

Patterns, Case Studies & Tradeoffs

Performance

Using Indexes, Monitoring and Understanding Performance. Performance in Sharded Environments/.

Aggregation Framework

Goals, the Use of the Pipeline, Comparison with SQL Facilities.

Application Engineering

Drivers, Impact of Replication and Sharding on Design and Development.

Case Studies

Total Hours : 45

OUTCOMES:

At the end of this MongoDB course you will be able to:

- Develop an expertise in writing Java applications using MongoDB
- Perform installation, configuration and maintenance of MongoDB environment
- Get hands-on experience in creating and managing different types of indexes in MongoDB for query execution
- Develop skillsets in processing huge amounts of data using MongoDB tools
- Proficiently store unstructured data in MongoDB
- Acquire in-depth understanding of managing DB Nodes, replica set & Master-Slave concepts.

GREEN COMPUTING

L T P C 2 0 0 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire knowledge to adopt green computing practices to minimize negative impacts on the environment.
- To learn to minimize energy consumption.
- To examine technology that can reduce paper and other consumables usage.

MODULE I GREEN COMPUTING FUNDAMENTALS, ASSETS & 7 MODELING

Green IT Fundamentals: Business, IT, Environment - Green IT Strategies: Drivers, Dimensions, Goals - Green Assets: Buildings, Data Centers, Networks, and Devices - Green Business Process Management: Modeling, Optimization, and Collaboration . Green Enterprise Architecture - Green Information Systems: Design and Development Models.

MODULE II GREEN IT FRAMEWORK & GREEN COMPLIANCE

Virtualizing of IT systems . Role of electric utilities, Telecommuting, Teleconferencing and

Teleporting . Going paperless - Materials recycling . Green Data center . Green Grid framework . Green Compliance: Protocols, Standards, and Audits . Emergent Carbon Issues: Technologies and Future.

Total Hours : 15

8

TEXT BOOKS:

- Bud E. Smith, +Green Computing Tools and Techniques for Saving Energy, Money, and Resources+, Taylor & Francis Group, CRC Press, ISBN-13: 978-1-4665-0340-3, 2014.
- Jason Harris, % Green Computing and Green IT Best Practices, On Regulations and Industry Initiatives, Virtualization and power management, materials recycling and Tele commuting, Emereo Publishing. ISBN-13: 978-1-9215-2344-1, 2014.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Ishfaq Ahmed & Sanjay Ranka, % Handbook of Energy Aware and Green Computing+, CRC Press, ISBN: 978-1-4665-0116-4, 2013.
- 2. Greg Schulz, Whe Green and Virtual Data Center+, CRC Press, ISBN-13:978-1-4200-8666-9, 2009.
- 3. Marty Poniatowski, ‰oundation of Green IT: Consolidation, Virtualization, Efficiency, and ROI in the Data Center+, Printice Hall, ISBN: 9780-1-3704-375-0, 2009.

OUTCOMES:

- Discuss Green Computing concepts, assets and business process management.
- Outline Green IT data center framework, Green compliance in IT systems.

XML TECHNOLOGIES

L T P C 0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To become familiar with various aspects of XML.
- Able to develop complex XML applications

LIST OF EXERCISES:

- 1. XML Document Creation.
- 2. Creating Inline Cascading Style Sheets, Embedded Cascading Style Sheets and External Cascading Style Sheets.
- 3. Render XML document with HTML in JavaScript.
- 4. Internal and External DTD Creation.
- 5. Importing and Exporting XML document in Database.
- 6. XSL Transformation- Displaying data with XSLT using XPath functions
- 7. Demonstrate X Query, X Link and XML Namespaces
- 8. XML Schema Creation- Working with simple types &Working with complex types
- 9. Parsing XML Document using SAX/DOM Parser.
- 10. Fetching data from XML using Java Applications.

Total Hours : 15

OUTCOMES:

On completing this course students will,

- Analyse the different scripting languages and learn to apply the same in different context in web technology
- Implement dynamic applications and apply it for real time problems.

OBJECTIVES:

- Understand big data analytics
- Discuss data analytic methods
- To learn technology and tools for analytics

MODULE IINTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA ANALYTICS7Big Data Overview . State of the Practice in Analytics . Data Analytics LifecycleOverview . data analytics life cycle-discovery . Data preparation . Model planning .Model building . Communicate results . Operationalize.

BIG DATA ANALYTICS

MODULE II DATA ANALYTIC METHOD

Introduction to R - Exploratory data analysis . Statistical methods for evaluation . Clustering . k-means . Association rules.

MODULE III ADVANCED ANALYTICS

Regression . linear regression . Logistic regression . Classification . Data Visualization - Decision trees . Regression - Naives Bayes - Diagnostics of classifiers.

MODULE IV TIME SERIES AND TEXT ANALYSIS

Overview of Time Series Analysis - ARIMA Model - Text Analysis - Text Analysis Steps - A Text Analysis Example - Collecting Raw Text - Representing Text - Term Frequency. Inverse Document Frequency - Categorizing Documents by Topics -Determining Sentiments.

MODULE V TECHNOLOGY AND TOOLS

Analytics of unstructured data - The Hadoop Ecosystem . NoSQL - SQL Essentials - In-Database Text Analysis - Advanced SQL . MADlib.

MODULE VI RECOMMENDATION SYSTEM

Recommendation System and their Types . Content Based Recommendation System. Collaborative Recommendation System.

Total Hours : 45

8

8

7

8

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Data Science & Big Data Analytics: Discovering, Analyzing, Visualizing and Presenting Data+, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Indianapolis, Indiana, 2015.
 - 2. Rajat Mehta, % Big Data Analytics with Java+, Packt Publishing Ltd, 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Anil Maheshwari, %Data Analytics+, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2017.
- 2. Vignesh Prajapati, Big data analytics with R and Hadoop+, Packet publishing, 2013.
- 3. Michael Minelli, Michele Chambers and Ambiga Dhiraj, Big data, Big Analytics+, John Wiley & Sons, Inc,2013.
- 4. Mike Barlow, Real-time big data analytics-emerging architecture by, OdReilly Media, First Edition, 2013.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Discuss the basics of big data analytics
- Explain the methods of analytics
- Describe the advanced analytics methods
- Perform time series and text mining
- Setup environment using technology and tools for analytics
- Carry out the analytic projects

PROGRAMMING IN SCALA

L T P C 0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To explore a multiparadigm programming language equivalent to java.
- To install and set up the environment to execute the scala programs.
- To develop simple scala programs and implement in the scala environment.
- To demonstrate the scala based web frameworks.

PRE-REQUISITES

- 1. Basic knowledge of Object Oriented Programming systems.
- 2. Fundamentals of Java Programming and Internet Programming.

LIST OF EXERCISES

- 1. Overview of Scala and environmental setup.
- 2. Creation of simple programs with basic syntax, variables and data types.
- 3. Implementation of class and extension of class and objects.
- 4. Implementation of classes using access modifiers and operators.
- 5. Implementation of looping statements and branching statements.
- 6. Implementation of programs in Arrays and Collections.
- 7. Implementation of strings, traits, pattern matching.
- 8. Implementation of pattern matching with extractors.
- 9. Program with regular expressions and exceptional handling.
- 10. A case study of different web frameworks with scala.

Total Hours : 45

SOFTWARE REQUIRED

- Java Environment Java SDK version 1.8.0_31
- Scala . Code Runner Version- 2.11.5.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the programme students will be able to:

- Install and set the environment to run scala programs.
- Develop and implement scala programs with arrays, classes and objects.
- Implement pattern matching based programs
- Explore scale based web frameworks

R PROGRAMMING

L T P C 1 0 2 2

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of R programming.
- To analyze the data and draw graph

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO R PROGRAMMING

Introduction . R Programming Structures - Doing Math and Simulations in R

MODULE II DATA ANALYSIS AND DATA MINING

Text mining and network analysis of Digital Libraries in R . Recommender Systems in R . Selecting best features for predicting Bank Loan Default.

LIST OF EXERCISE:

- 1. Store data in textual and binary format.
- 2. Subsetting R objects
- 3. Vectorized Matrix Operation
- 4. Text mining
- 5. Recommender System
- 6. Crime data analysis
- 7. Social network analysis

Total Hours : 45

Text Book:

- 1. Yanchang Zhao, Yonghua Cen, Qata Mining Applications with R+, Academic Press, 2014.
- 2. Norman Matloff, Whe Art of R Programming: A Tour of Statistical Software Design, %No Starch Press, 2011.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the programme students will be able to:

- Develop a simulation model in R programming.
- ["] Analyze the data and perform knowledge mining.

8

ITCX126

VIRTUAL REALITY

L T P C 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To make students know the basic concept and framework of virtual reality.
- To study of virtual reality systems, transformations, graphical rendering, human vision.
- To discuss VR system framework and development tools.
- To design a virtual environment and compelling virtual reality experience.

THEORY COMPONENT

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO VIRTUAL REALITY

Introduction . Goals and VR definitions . History of VR and AR . The Graphics Pipeline and OpenGL: Overview and Transformations . Rotation, Translation, Scaling, Modelview matrix, and Projection matrix . Lighting and Shading with GLSL . Stereo Rendering - Human visual system

MODULE II VI: TRACKING SYSTEMS & VR INTERFACES

Orientation tracking . Tilt drift correction . Yaw drift correction . Tracking with a camera . Perspective n-point problem . Filtering . Lighthouse approach - Evaluation of VR Systems . Interactive techniques in VR . Body track . Hand gesture

MODULE VR DEVELOPMENT TOOLS AND FRAMEWORKS

Frameworks of Software Development Tools in VR . X3D standard . Vega . MultigEN . VR toolkits . VRML Programming . Augmented reality system - VR technology in Film & TV production . VR technology in physical exercises and games . Demonstration of Digital Entertainment by VR . Emerging Virtual Reality Applications.

LAB COMPONENT - LIST OF EXERCISES

- 1. Hello, Web GL!
- 2. Lighting and Shading with GLSL
- 3. Stereo Rendering, Depth of Field and Anaglyph
- 4. Build your own HMD
- 5. Orientation Tracking with IMUs Arduino Programming
- 6. Pose Tracking
- 7. VRML Programming
- 8. Work on augmented reality
- 9. Demo on Digital Entertainment by VR
- 10. Case study Virtual Reality Applications

REFERENCES:

John Vince, Wirtual Reality Systems+, Pearson Education, First edition, 2007.

L: 30; P: 15

2. Burdea, G.C. and P. Coiffet, %irtual Reality Technology+, Second edition,

Total Hours : 45

10

10

Wiley-IEEE Press, 2003.

- 3. Sherman, W.R. & A. Craig, Junderstanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application, and Design+, Morgan Kaufmann, San Francisco, CA, 2003.
- Alan B. Craig, William R. Sherman, and Jeffrey D. Will, Developing Virtual Reality Applications-Foundations of Effective Design+, Morgan Kaufmann Publisher, 2012.
- 5. George Mather, ‰oundations of Sensation and Perception+, Psychology Press; Second edition, 2009.
- 6. Peter Shirley, Michael Ashikhmin, and Steve Marschner, ‰undamentals of Computer Graphics+, A K Peters/CRC Press; Third edition, 2009.

OUTCOMES:

- Provides students the fundamental knowledge of virtual reality required for their professional career in this field, and applied to various applications such as digital entertainment.
- Apply visual rendering and audio in VR systems in real time standards.
- Design of VR interfaces using interactive techniques.
- Analyze frameworks of Software Development & modeling Tools in VR.

ITCX127 SOFTWARE QUALITY MANAGEMENT

L T P C 3 0 0 3

7

7

8

8

OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this course is to enable the students:

- To understand the fundamental concepts of quality management.
- To acquire the knowledge of understanding the "widely-used" quality analysis tools and techniques.
- To have the exposure about software quality assurance, quality measures, and quality control.
- To introduce philosophies and strategies to quality related issues.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Quality Concepts and Perspectives - Assuring Software Quality Assurance . Software Quality Assurance Planning.

MODULE II SOFTWARE QUALITY MEASUREMENTS

Fundamentals Of Measurement Theory . Software Quality Metrics Overview . Applying The Seven Basic Quality Tools In Software Development . Selecting Quality Goals And Measures . Principles Of Measurement . Measures And Metrics . Quality Function Deployment . Measuring And Analyzing Customer Satisfaction.

MODULE III SOFTWARE QUALITY MANAGEMENT MODELS

Quality Management Systems . A Historical Perspective, A QMS For Software . Quality Management Systems . The ISO 9000 Series Of Quality Management Standards . Models And Standards For Process Improvement . Dos And Don-ts Of Software Process Improvement.

MODULE SOFTWARE QUALITY METRICS

IV

Product Quality Metrics: Defect Density-Customer Problems Metric- Customer Satisfaction Metrics-Function Points- In-Process Quality Metrics: Defect Arrival Pattern-Phase-Based Defect Removal Pattern- Defect Removal Effectiveness-Metrics for Software Maintenance: Backlog Management Index- Fix Response Time-Fix Quality-Software Quality Indicators.

MODULE V SOFTWARE MANAGEMENT PROCESS FRAMEWORK & 8 DISCIPLINE

Life Cycle Process . Model Based Software Architectures . Workflow of The Process . Checkpoint of The Process . Iterative Process Planning . Project Organizations And Responsibilities . Process Automation.

MODULE SOFTWARE RELIABILITY AND PROCESS IMPROVEMENT 7

Definition and Measurement . Measurement based Assurance . Software Process Improvement and Capability Determination.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Abu Sayed Mahfuz, Software Quality Assurance: Integrating Testing, Security, and Audit, CRC Press, 2016.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the student should be able to

- Describe software quality assurance.
- Understand the measurement theory concept.
- Choose the suitable software quality model for the given software project.
- Identify various software quality metrics.
- Understand management problems, general solutions, technologies and standards.
- Describe software process improvement.

ITCX128

CLOUD FORENSICS

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Gain knowledge on fundamental concepts of cloud forensics
- Apply appropriate skills and knowledge in solving cloud forensics investigation.
- Apply theoretical and practical knowledge in forensic computing into the future.
- Familiarize the basics of Digital Forensics.
- Analyze the legal, ethical and professional issues in Cyber Crime.
- Know the technological aspects of Incident Response.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO CLOUD FORENSICS

9

8

9

6

6

7

History of Forensics . Cloud Forensic Flaws and Risks . Rules of Cloud Forensics . Legal issues . Digital Forensic Principles . Digital Environments . Digital Forensic Methodologies - Forensics Software and Hardware tools.

MODULE II AN OVERVIEW OF CLOUD FORENSICS INVESTIGATION

Router Forensics and Network Forensics . An overview of Routers . Hacking Routers . Investigating Routers . Investigating Wireless Attacks . Basics of wireless . Wireless Penetration Testing . Direct Connections to Wireless Access Point . Wireless Connect to a Wireless Access Point.

MODULE DIGITAL FORENSICS

III

Introduction . Evidential potential of digital devices: closed vs. open systems, evaluating digital evidence potential- Device handling: seizure issues, device identification, networked devices and contamination - Seven element security model-developmental model of digital systems- audit and logs- Evidence interpretation: Data content and context.

MODULE NETWORK FORENSICS

IV

Collecting Network Based Evidence - Investigating Routers - Network Protocols - Email Tracing - Internet Fraud.

MODULE V SYSTEMS INVESTIGATION AND ETHICAL ISSUES

Data Analysis Techniques - Investigating Live Systems (Windows &Unix) - Investigating Hacker Tools - Ethical Issues . Cybercrime.

MODULE INCIDENT AND INCIDENT RESPONSE

VI

Introduction to Incident - Incident Response Methodology . Steps - Activities in Initial

Response Phase after detection of an incident.

REFERENCES:

Total Hours : 45

- 1. Anthony Reyes, Jack Wiles, % Gybercrime and Digital Forenscis+, Elsevier Publications, 2007.
- 2. John Sammons, Whe Basics of Digital Forensics+, Elsevier, 2012.
- 3. Linda Volonins, Reynalds Anzaldua, Computer Forensics for dummies+, Wiley Publishing 2008.
- 4. Norbert Zaenglein, %Disk Detective: Secret You Must Know to Recover Information From a Computer+, Paladin Press, 2000.
- Bill Nelson, Amelia Philips and Christopher Steuart, Guide to computer forensics and investigations+, course technology, Cengage Learning; 4thedition, ISBN: 1- 435-49883-6, 2009.
- 6. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Macident Response and computer forensics+, Tata McGrawHill, 2006.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this program, students will be able to:

- Have a fundamental understanding of Cloud Forensics and how resultant evidence can be applied within legal cases.
- Distinguish various types of Cloud crime, and use cloud forensic techniques to identify the digital fingerprints associated with criminal activities.
- Understand why Digital forensics is important for any modern organization. Gained theoretical knowledge in digital forensic investigations.
- Know how to apply forensic analysis tools to recover important evidence for identifying cloud crime.
- Identify and apply current practices for data discovery recovery and acquisition.
- Understand financial and accounting forensics, and explain their role in preventing various forms of fraud.

ITCX129

NETWORKING SIMULATORS

OBJECTIVES:

- Introduce various wireless systems and standards and their basic operation cases.
- Learn to simulate wireless networks and analyze the simulation results.

LIST OF EXERCISES

Experiments using NS2, Wireshark and Packet tracer.

- 1. Wireless Access Point configuring and enabling security.
- 2. Wi-Fi based Data Acquisition.
- 3. Routing protocols for IP network using routers.
- 4. Configuration of VLAN using switches.
- 5. Signaling in wireless networks (RTS, CTS, DATA and ACK)
- 6. Configure AODV Routing Protocol.
- 7. Configure DSR Routing Protocol.
- 8. RTP protocol of VoIP.
- 9. Implementation of network security algorithms.
- 10. Network performance analysis.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course students will be able to:

- Create wireless network environment and configure virtual LAN.
- Develop various wireless network applications.
- Demonstrate different wireless network protocols.
- Identify suitable network security algorithms for a given scenario.
- Assess the performance of wireless network using packet sniffer.

ITCX130 ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING	
--------------------------------------	--

OBJECTIVES:

- Knowing the real time information about business field strategies and business process of an enterprise.
- Understand and how to access information and provide services through an intuitive and integrated interface, and ultimately aims to: Improve Service Experience, Enhance Competitiveness, Modernize Business Processes and Systems, Automate Business Solutions, Increase Operating Efficiency and Provide Access to Standardized College Data.
- To understand the key implementation issues.

223

L T P C 0 0 2 1

Total Hours: 45

LTPC

3 0 0 3

- To know the business modules and appreciate the current and future trends.
- To be aware of some popular products available in market.
- Familiar the current and future emerging trends in erp developments.

MODULE I ERP AND TECHNOLOGY

ERP: An Overview, Enterprise . An Overview, Benefits of ERP, ERP and Related Technologies, Business Process Reengineering (BPR), Data Warehousing, Data Mining, OLAP, SCM, CRM and Product life Cycle management.

MODULE II ERP IMPLEMENTATION

ERP Implementation Challenges - Lifecycle, Implementation Methodology, Package selection, Requirements Definition. Methodology and Frame Work Training. Data Migration, People Organization in implementation-Consultants, Vendors and Employees, Project Management and Monitoring.

MODULE ERP IN ACTION

III

Operation and Maintenance of the ERP System, Measuring the Performance of the ERP System, Maximizing the ERP System. Organizational and Industrial impact, Success and Failure factors of and ERP Implementation

MODULE THE BUSINESS MODULES

Business modules in an ERP Package, Finance, Manufacturing, Human Resources, Materials Management, Marketing, Total Quality Management, Sales, Distribution and Service.

MODULE V THE ERP MARKET

Marketplace . Dynamics . SAP AG . Oracle . PeopleSoft . JD Edwards . QAD Inc . SSA Global . Lawson Software.

MODULE ERP – PRESENT AND FUTURE

VI

Turbo Charge the ERP System, EIA, ERP and e-Commerce, ERP II, ERP and Internet, Business analytics, Future trends in ERP systems-web enabled, Wireless technologies.

Total Hours : 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Alexis Leon, SaRP Demystified+, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2000.

2. Mary Sumner, Senterprise Resource Planning+, Pearson Education, 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Vinod Kumar Garg and Venkitakrishnan N K, Senterprise Resource Planning .

6

9

9

7

8

Concepts and Practice+, PHI, New Delhi, 2003.

2. Joseph A Brady, Ellen F Monk, Bret Wagner, Concepts in Enterprise Resource Planning+, Thompson Course Technology, USA, 2001.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course students should be able to:

- Understand how business processes are mapped (translated) into enterprise system software and how managerial decisions integrate across disciplines.
- Understand and be able to articulate the life cycle stages of any ERP implementation. Develop working knowledge of enterprise system modules to enable efficient navigation and information access for management.
- Differentiate enterprise system transactions, queries, and reports within a manageros role and develop competence in transforming raw data into management information.
- Know and be able to apply key technical terminology in enterprise information systems as they apply in different ERP products and development methods.
- Understand key differences between the major ERP applications (such as SAP AG, and Oracle/PeopleSoft) and issues specific to these applications their configuration and management.
- Synthesize prior theoretical and experiential knowledge in IT development and project management with the current literature on Enterprise System development.

ECCX70

EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

С L т Ρ 3 0 0 3

8

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide a detailed overview of embedded system.
- To equip students with the software development skills necessary for practitioners in the embedded systems field.
- To understand entire software development lifecycle and examine the various • issues involved in developing software for embedded systems.

PREREQUISITES:

- Basics of electronic components, circuits, processors,
- Basics of analog and digital communication, wireless communication

INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEM MODULE I

Introduction Embedded System -characteristics - challenges- Application areas -Real Time Examples . Embedded system design process - requirements analysisspecifications- design methodologies.

EMBEDDED SYSTEM HARDWARE DESIGN 7 MODULE II

Internal processor design: ALU. registers. control unit - clock. on chip memory. processor I/O . interrupts . processor buses . processor performance.

DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OF EMBEDDED 8 MODULE III SOFTWARE

Host and target machines - compilation process . libraries -Linkers / Locators for Embedded Software . Debugging techniques . Integrated Development Environment . Introduction to Embedded C.

PROCESSES AND OPERATING SYSTEMS 7 MODULE IV

Tasks and processes - process timing requirements- real-time operating systemspreemptive execution- context switching- scheduling processes- priority schedulinginter-process communication- shared-memory systems- message passing.

NETWORKS FOR EMBEDDED SYSTEMS 8 **MODULE V**

Multiprocessor systems, distributed embedded systems, CAN bus, I2C bus, multiprocessor system-on-chip (MPSoC), accelerators . Introduction to IoT. 7

EMBEDDED SYSTEM APPLICATION MODULE VI

Application specific embedded system . case study: Embedded systems in Automobile . Smart card . Digital Camera . Smart Phone.

Total Hours -45

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Marilyn Wolf, "Computers as components", Elsevier 2012.
- 2. Shibu. K.V, % atroduction to Embedded Systems+, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2009.
- 3. Jean J. Labrosse, Sembedded Systems Building Blocks: Complete and Ready-To-Use Modules in C+, The publisher, Paul Temme, 2011.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Sriram V lyer and Pankaj Gupta , Sembedded Real time Systems Programming+, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008
- Qing Li and Carolyn Yao," Real-Time Concepts for Embedded Systems", CMP Books, 2003
- 3. David E.Simon, "An Embedded Software Primer", Pearson Education, 2003

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify requirements analysis and specifications to design the embedded system
- 2. Choose the right platform for designing an embedded system
- 3. Implement debugging techniques in embedded system design
- 4.Explore different scheduling mechanism in RTOS
- 5. Illustrate the concepts of embedded networking
- 6. Analyze different domain specific applications in embedded systems.

PHYSICS ELECTIVE COURSES (to be offered in II Semester)

PHCX 01	FUNDAMENTALS OF ENGINEERING	L	Т	Ρ	С
	MATERIALS	2	0	2	2

OBJECTIVES:

- To familiarize students with basic ideas of nanomaterials and its electrical, electronic, mechanical and magnetic properties.
- To help students acquire the properties and applications of magnetic materials and dielectric materials.
- To familiarize students with basics ideas about the properties of dielectric and its applications
- To enable the students to correlate theoretical principles with practical applications.

MODULE I CONDUCTING AND SEMICONDUCTING MATERIALS 7

Conductors: properties, Fermi distribution function, Fermi energy in metals- density of states- conducting polymers-properties-applications, semiconductors: intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors-carrier concentrations, conductivity and energy band gap, semiconducting polymers- properties- applications.

MODULE II DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

Polarization- dielectric constant . electronic, ionic, orientational and space charge polarization . frequency and temperature dependence of polarisation . Internal field -Clausius Mosotti relation - dielectric loss . dielectric breakdown . applications of dielectric materials (capacitors and transformers) . Pyroelectricity, Piezoelectricity, ferroelectricity and applications in FERAM - multiferroic materials and its applications.

MODULE III MAGNETIC MATERIALS

Origin of magnetism-magnetic moment, susceptibility, permeability. Bohr magneton . Dia, Para and Ferro magnetism . Spontaneous magnetization- Domain theory . Hysteresis . soft and hard magnetic materials . antiferromagnetic materials . Ferrites and its application -Giant Magneto-resistance effect(GMR) - Magnetic resonance imaging(MRI).

7

MODULE IV NANOMATERIALS

Properties of nanomaterials . size effect on thermal, electrical, electronic, mechanical, optical and magnetic properties . quantum confinement . classification of nanomaterials . quantum well, quantum wire, quantum dot - nanoporous materials - carbon nanotubes, grapheme - nanocomposites . applications.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Determination of energy band gap of a semiconductor.
- 2. Determination of resistivity of metals by four point probe method.
- 3. Determination of dielectric constant of dielectric material.
- 4. Determination of time constant of a capacitor using RC circuit.
- 5. Determination of paramagnetic susceptibility of given liquid.
- 6. Determination of hysteresis loss in a transformer using BH curve.
- 7. Analysis of size effect on the absorption spectrum of nanomaterials.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. William D.Callister, Material Science and Engineering, Wiley Publications, 2006.
- 2. Raghavan, V., Materials Science and Engineering, 5th edition, Printice Hall of India Pvt Ltd. New Delhi, 2004.
- 3. Wahab.M.A, Solid State Physics: Structure and Properties of Materials, Narosa Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi , 2nd Edition, 2010.
- 4. Pillai, S.O., Solid State Physics, New Age International, New Delhi, 2005.
- 5. Charles P.Poole and Frank J. Owens, *H*ntroduction to nanotechnology+, Wiley (India), 2009.
- 6. Pradeep. T., ‰extbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology+, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, New York, 2012.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the student will be able to

- differentiate between the properties of the nanomaterials compared to bulk materials.
- comprehend the significance of properties of magnetic materials and derive these properties from synthesized materials.
- apply the concepts of conducting and semiconducting materials for solid state devices.
- complement the knowledge acquired in the theory class and correlate the results for applications.

10

PHCX 02	HEAT AND THERMODYNAMICS	L	т	Ρ	С
		2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To familiarize students with basic concepts of heat.
- To help students acquire the fundamentals of heat conduction and radiation.
- To enable students acquaint with the basics of thermodynamic concepts.
- To make students understand the fundamentals of heat based experiments.

MODULE I CONCEPTS OF HEAT

Definition of temperature, thermal and thermodynamic equilibrium- relationship between temperature and kinetic energy- definition of solid, liquid, gas- Introduction to phase transitions, critical and triple points- definition of heat capacity, mechanical equivalent of heat -Joule's calorimeter- latent heat- Microscopic model of ideal gasequation of state, internal energy, equipartition theorem- equation of state for nonideal gases.

MODULE II CONDUCTION AND RADIATION

Thermal conductivity . rectilinear flow of heat . thermal conductivity of a good conductor . Forbeqs method . thermal conductivity of a bad conductor . Leeqs disc method . conduction of heat through compound media-radiation . Planckqs law blackbody radiation . Wienqs law . Stefanqs law . Newtonqs law of cooling from Stefanqs law . Solar constant . Pyrometry.

MODULE III FUNDAMENTALS OF THERMODYNAMICS 10

Thermodynamic equilibrium . zeroth law of thermodynamics . first law of thermodynamics . Reversible and irreversible processes . second law of thermodynamics -Heat engine . Carnotos engine . Carnotos theorem . Internal combustion engines . petrol and diesel engines(qualitative) . Entropy . entropy and available energy . temperature . entropy diagram for Carnotos cycle - Third Law of thermodynamics(qualitative).

PRACTICALS

- 1. Determination of mechanical equivalent of heat by Joules calorimeter.
- 2. Relation between temperature of a body and time by plotting a cooling curve-Newtonos law of cooling.
- 3. Determination of specific heat capacity of liquid by cooling.
- 4. Determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor-Lee's disc method
- 5. Determination of thermal conductivity of a good conductor-Forbe's method

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Mathur. D.S, %Heat & Thermodynamics+, S.Chand & Co., 2009.
- 2. Brijlal & Subramaniam, % Heat and Thermodynamics+, S.Chand & Co, Delhi., 2010.
- 3. Gupta. A.B and Roy. H, Whermal Physics+, Books and Allied Ltd., 2002.
- 4. Sharma. J.K and Sarkar. K.K, % hermodynamics and statistical Physics+, Himalaya Publishing House, 1988.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the student will be able to

- understand the concepts of heat and its properties.
- comprehend the ideas governing the conduction and radiation processes.
- understand and apply the ideas of laws of thermodynamics in thermodynamic systems.
- perform heat based experiments and determine its various properties.

12

8

PHCX 03 INTRODUCTION TO NANOSCIENCE AND L T P C TECHNOLOGY 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire basic knowledge about the nanomaterials and applications.
- To learn about the imaging techniques of nanomaterials.
- To gain the basic concepts of fabrication techniques.
- To enable the students to correlate theoretical principles with practical applications.

MODULE I NANOMATERIALS AND APPLICATIONS

Properties of nanomaterials . size effect on thermal, electrical, electronic, mechanical, optical and magnetic properties . quantum confinement . classification of nanomaterials . quantum well, quantum wire, quantum dot- nanoporous materials-zeolite, mesoporous materials, carbon nanotubes, graphene- nanocomposites - applications (qualitative): Molecular electronics-nanoelectronics . nanophotonics - single electron transistor-drug delivery.

MODULE II SYNTHESIS AND IMAGING TECHNIQUES

Top-down and bottom up approaches . mechanical alloying and mechanical ball milling-sol-gel approach-hydrothermal method-precipitation method-spray pyrolysis-spin coating-self assembled monolayer (SAM)-Chemical vapour deposition method . Physical vapour deposition method: laser ablation method, sputtering method.

Optical microscopy . Phase contrast and interference microscopy . confocal microscopy- high resolution Scanning electron microscope (HRSEM)- high resolution Transmission electron microscope (HRTEM)-Atomic force microscope-Scanning Tunnelling microscope (STM).

MODULE III NANOFABRICATION

Photolithgraphy - electron beam lithography - X-ray and Ion beam lithographynanoimprint lithography - soft lithograpy - nanoelectromechnical systems (NEMS) nanoindentation principles.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Synthesis of nanomaterials by sol-gel method.
- 2. Synthesis of nanomaterials by hydrothermal method.
- 3. Synthesis of nanomaterials by solid state reaction method.
- 4. Synthesis of nanomaterials by chemical bath deposition method.
- 5. Synthesis of nanomaterials by co-precipitation method.

- 6. Synthesis of nano thin films by spray pyrolysis method.
- 7. Synthesis of nano thin films by pulsed laser deposition (PLD) method.
- 8. Analysis of size effect on the absorption spectrum of nanomaterials.
- 9. SEM characterization of nanomaterials.
- 10. AFM characterization of nano thin films.
- 11. Phase confirmation by XRD.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Charles P.Poole and Frank J. Owens, +Introduction to nanotechnology+, Wiley (India), 2009.
- 2. Cao. G., Nanostructures & Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties & Applications+, Imperial College Press, 2004.
- 3. Gaddand. W., Brenner. D., Lysherski. S. and Infrate. G.J., & andbook of NanoScience, Engineering and Technology+, CRC Press, 2002.
- 4. Pradeep. T., ‰extbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology+, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, New York, 2012.
- 5. Chris Mack, ‰undamental Principles of Optical Lithography: The Science of Microfabrication+, John Wiley & Sons, 2008.
- 6. Bandyopadhyay A.K., Mano Materials+, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2008.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- understand the importance and basic concepts of the nanomaterials.
- comprehend the imaging techniques for nanomaterials.
- illustrate the various nanofabrication techniques.
- complement the knowledge acquired in the theory class and correlate the results for applications.

8

PHCX 04	LASERS AND THEIR	L	Т	Ρ	С
	APPLICATIONS	2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To recognize the fundamentals of laser and its characteristics.
- To comprehend and compare the different laser systems.
- To apply lasers in metrology and material processing.
- To understand the working of laser instrumentation.
- To correlate the experimental results for applications.

MODULE I LASER THEORY

Spontaneous and stimulated emission - Population inversion . Einsteinos A & B coefficients - Threshold condition . super-radiance Laser . Three level and four level laser systems -conditions for CW and pulsed laser action. Q-Switching - experimental methods - cavity dumping - Mode locking - experimental methods - Spatial and Temporal coherence

MODULE II DIFFERENT LASER SYSTEMS

Laser systems . General description - Laser structure - excitation mechanism - Different laser systems- He-Ne laser, Carbon-dioxide laser - Excimer laser . Free electron laser- Alexandrite laser - Ti-Sapphire laser . Semiconductor diode laser - Diode pumped solid state laser - Pulsed-CW dye laser- Fibre laser.

MODULE III METROLOGICAL AND MATERIAL PROCESSING 8 APPLICATIONS

CW and Pulsed laser beam characteristics and its measurements - Beam focusing effects - spot size - Power and Energy density Measurements - Distance measurement - Interferometric techniques - LIDARS - different experimental arrangements - Pollution monitoring by remote sensing - Laser gyroscope - Laser welding, drilling, machining and cutting - Laser surface treatment - Laser vapour deposition . Biophotonic applications.

MODULE IV LASER INSTRUMENTATION

Laser for measurement of length, current and voltage . Laser Doppler Velocimetry -Holography and speckle in displacement and deformation measurements - Laser for communication with fiber optics as channel.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Tuning of Dye Laser using DFDL Arrangement
- 2. Determination of Brewster Angle using He-Ne laser
- 3. Study of transversely Pumped Dye Lasers
- 4. Study of longitudinally Pumped Dye Lasers
- 5. Determination of power and wavelength using Distributed Feedback Dye Laser

(DFDL)

- 6. Determination of fibre optic losses using semiconductor laser.
- 7. Bandgap determination of a semiconductor diode.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. William T. Silfvast, Maser Fundamentals+, Cambridge University Press, 2009.
- 2. Ghatak. A. & Thyagarajan. K. ^(C) ptical Electronics+, Cambridge University, 1994.

3.

aud.B.B., ‰aser and Non-Linear Optics+, Second Edition, New Age International (p) Limited Publishers, 2011.

4.

ambiar. K.R., **‰**asers Principle, Types and Applications+, New Age International (p) Ltd, 2004.

5.

ilson. J. & Hawkes. J.F.B., % pto Electronics - An Introduction+, Prentice Hall, 1992.

6.

illiam M.Steen, +Laser Material Processing+, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, Third Edn., 2005.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able

- ["] To complement the knowledge acquired in the theory class.
- " To work with dye lasers for tunability of laser wavelength
- " To measure the loss of information involved in fibre optic communication
- " To correlate the results for application.

PHCX 05	MATERIALS SCIENCE	L	Т	Ρ	С
		2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain basic knowledge in conducting and semiconducting materials and their properties.
- To provide a basis for understanding properties and applications of dielectric materials.
- To impart knowledge on magnetic and optical materials and their properties & applications.
- To enable the students to correlate theoretical principles with practical applications.

MODULE I CONDUCTING AND SEMICONDUCTING ⁸ MATERIALS

Quantum free electron theory of metals and its importance - Energy distribution of electrons in metals - Fermi distribution function - Density of energy states and carrier concentration in metals - Fermi energy . Classification of solids into conductors, semiconductors and insulators on the basis of Band theory . Introduction to Elemental and Compound semiconductors - Carrier concentration derivation for Intrinsic semiconductors - Density of electrons in conduction band & Density of holes in valence band- intrinsic carrier concentration - Fermi energy & Variation of Fermi energy level with temperature - Mobility and electrical conductivity - Band gap determination.

MODULE II DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

Introduction to dielectric materials & basic definitions . Electronic, Ionic, Orientation & space charge polarizations - Total polarization . Frequency and temperature dependence of polarization - Internal field in a dielectric material - Deduction of Clausius - Mosotti**c** relation - dielectric loss & loss tangent . Different types of dielectric breakdown . Applications of dielectric materials : Capacitors and Transformers.

MODULE III MAGNETIC MATERIALS

Introduction to magnetic materials & origin of magnetic moment - Different types of magnetic materials and their properties - Ferromagnetism & Domain theory of ferromagnetism - Hysteresis, Soft and Hard magnetic materials - Antiferromagnetic materials - Ferrites and its applications . Applications of magnetic materials : Data storage.

7

MODULE IV OPTICAL MATERIALS

Optical properties of semiconductors - Direct and Indirect bandgap semiconductors . Traps, recombination centre, color center and exciton . Luminescence : Fluorescence and Phosphorescence - Liquid crystal display : twisted nematic crystal display . Applications of Optical materials - Optical Sources : light emitting diode and laser diode - Photo detectors : PIN photodiode and Avalanche Photodiode - Pyroelectric devices - Electro optic effect : Kerr effect and Faraday effect.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Resistivity measurement of a semiconductor using four point probe method.
- 2. Determination of band gap of a semiconductor diode.
- 3. Determination of Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor material.
- 4. Determination dielectric constant of a given non-polar liquid.
- 5. Determination of magnetic susceptibility of a given paramagnetic liquid using Quinckec method.
- 6. Determination of energy loss of a given transformer core using hysteresis method.
- 7. To study the I-V characteristics of a photodiode.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Palanisamy P.K., #Physics Ilon Material Science for ECE, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt Ltd., 2006.
- 2. Kasap. S.O., **±**Principles of Electronic materials and devices**q** McGraw Hill Publishers, 3rd Edition, 2007.
- 3. Arumugam. M, Rhysics Ilog Material Science for ECE, Anuradha Publishers, 5th Edition, 2005.
- Sze. S.M., *±*βemiconductor Devices . Physics and Technologyq John Wiley, 2nd Edition. 2002.
- 5. Raghavan. V, AdMaterials Science and Engineering on Prentice Hall of India, 5th Edition, 2004.

OUTCOMES:

On the completion of this course, the students will be able to

- Gain knowledge about fundamentals of conducting and semiconducting materials
- Understand the concepts and applications of Dielectric, Magnetic materials
- Familiarize Optical materials and their applications in Engineering and Medical fields.
- Complement the knowledge acquired in the theory class and correlate the results for applications.

10

10

PHCX 06	NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING	L	т	Ρ	С
		2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the process and applications of ultrasonic inspection method.
- To understand the basic concepts of radiographic inspection method.
- To acquire the knowledge about the various surface Non-Destructive Testing (NDT) techniques.
- To enable the students to correlate theoretical principles with practical applications.

MODULE I ULTRASONIC INSPECTION METHOD

Ultrasonic Testing- Principle of operations- types of sound waves -types of Transducers-transmission and pulse-echo method- straight beam and angle beam, instrumentation- calibration methods-ultrasonic testing technique- data representation, A Scan, B-scan, C-scan. Phased Array Ultrasound, Time of Flight Diffraction-thickness determination-, advantages, disadvantages and applications.

MODULE II RADIOGRAPHIC INSPECTION METHOD

Radiographic testing- Principle-Interaction of X-ray with matter-X-ray radiography-method of generation-industrial radiography inspection techniques- Equipment-Exposure charts-Types of films-Fluoroscopy- Xero-Radiography . Limitations-Gamma radiography-Equipment, radiation sources- method of generation- film processing- interpretations of radiography-safety in industrial radiography.

MODULE III SURFACE NDT TECHNIQUES

Liquid Penetrant Testing . Principles, Characteristics and types of liquid penetrants- developers- advantages and disadvantages of various methods- Inspection Procedure and Interpretation of results. Applications of Liquid Penetrant testing.

Magnetic Particle Testing- Principle-magnetizing technique-procedure . equipment- Interpretation and evaluation of test indications-.applications and limitations-demagnetization.

PRACTICALS

1. Inspection of welds using solvent removable visible dye penetrant.

- 2. Inspection of welds using solvent removable fluorescent dye penetrant.
- 3. Inspection on non magnetic materials by eddy current method.
- 4. Inspection on magnetic materials by eddy current method.

- 5. Inspection of welds by Eddy current Testing.
- 6. Inspection of welds by Magnetic Particle Testing Dry method.
- 7. Inspection of welds by Magnetic Particle Testing Wet method.
- 8. Ultrasonic flaw detector- Inspection of defects.
- 9. Demonstration of Radiographic inspection.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS –

60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Baldev Raj., Jayakumar T., Thavasimuthu., %Rractical Non-Destructive Testing+, Narosa Publishing House, 2009.
- 2. Ravi Prakash., %Non-Destructive Testing Techniques+, 1st revised edition, New Age

International Publishers, 2010.

- 3. ASM Metals Handbook of Non-Destructive Evaluation and Quality Control, American Society of Metals, Metals Park, Ohio, USA, Volume-17, 2000.
- 4. Paul E Mix., Introduction to Non-destructive testing: a training guide+, Wiley, 2nd Edition New Jersey, 2005.
- 5. Charles J., Hellier, Mandbook of Nondestructive evaluation+, McGraw Hill, New York, 2001.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

- illustrate the ultrasonic inspection methods of NDT.
- understand the basic concept of radiographic inspection method.
- test the surfaces by the various surface NDT techniques.
- complement the knowledge acquired in the theory class and correlate the results for applications.

8

7

7

PHCX 07 PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND L T P C ACOUSTICS 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand principles and properties of elasticity.
- To understand the basic concepts and application of viscosity.
- To analysis acoustic of building.
- To know about photoelasticity and its applications.

MODULE I ELASTICITY

Stress and strain - Hooke's Law of elasticity - Elastic moduli - Stress-Strain Diagram - Poisson's Ratio - Relation between elastic constants - Work done in stretching and twisting a wire - Twisting couple on a cylinder-Expression for bending moment - Cantilever. Expression for depression -Uniform bending and Non-uniform bending of beams (theory & experiment)

- I form Girders (qualitative treatment) and applications.

MODULE II VISCOSITY

Viscosity- Newtoncs formula for viscous flow- Streamline and turbulent motion- Reynolds number - Poiseuille's formula- Determination of coefficient of viscosity- factors affecting viscosity - capillary flow method - Stoke's formula- viscosity of highly viscous liquids . Stokecs method - Lubricants and its applications . viscosity measurements- Viscometer-Variation of Viscosity with Temperature.

MODULE III ACOUSTICS OF BUILDING

Basic requirement for the acoustically good halls - Reverberation and time of reverberation . Sabinecs formula for reverberation time - Absorption coefficient and its measurement -Transmission of sound and transmission loss - Factors affecting the architectural acoustics and their remedy-sound absorbing materials-vibration and noise control systems for buildings.

MODULE IV PHOTOELASTICITY

Polarization- double refraction-Theory of Plane, Circularly and Elliptically polarized light- Quarter wave plate and half wave plate- photo elasticity-Theory of photo-elasticity- Stress optic relations- model materials-analysis techniques- Photo elastic bench.- Three dimensional photo elasticity-Digital photo elasticity- Photo elastic coatings.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Determination of viscosity of liquid by Poiseuillecs method.
- 2. Determination of viscosity of liquid by Stokecs method.

- 3. Analysis of stress by photo elastic method.
- 4. Verification of Hookeqs law by spring method.
- 5. Determination of Young modulus of the cantilever beam.
- 6. Determination of rigidity modulus by static torsion method.
- 7. Visit to acoustically good auditorium and identifying the sound absorbing materials in the auditorium.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Mathur D.S., Selements of Properties of Matter+, S.Chand & Co, Delhi, 2009.
- 2. Gaur R.K., Gupta S.L., Engineering Physics +, Dhanpat Rai Publishers, 2010.
- 3. Brijlal and Subramaniam.,+Properties of Matter+, Eurasia Publishing Co, New Delhi, 2002.
- 4. Smith C.J.,+General Properties of Matter+, Orient & Longman, 1960.
- 5. Kenneth G. Budinski and Michel K., Budinski, Singineering Materials Properties and Selection+, Pearson, Singapore, 2002.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

- understand the basic concepts of the elasticity of materials.
- comprehend the concepts of viscosity of liquid and measurement.
- demonstrate the acoustical aspects of building and its importance in construction.
- illustrate the fundamental concept of photo elasticity and its use for the stress analysis of the object.

8

6

8

PHCX 08 PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND L T P C NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge about the principles and properties of elasticity.
- To learn the laws governing the dynamic of rigid bodies.
- To acquire the knowledge of the various techniques of Non-Destructive Testing (NDT) of materials.
- To understand the principle and basic concept of low temperature applications.

MODULE I ELASTICITY

Stress and strain - Hooke's Law of elasticity - Elastic moduli - Stress-Strain Diagram - Poisson's Ratio - Relation between elastic constants - Work done in stretching and twisting a wire - Twisting couple on a cylinder-Expression for bending moment-Cantilever. Expression for depression -Uniform Bending and Non-uniform bending of beams (theory & experiment) - I form Girders (qualitative treatment) and applications.

MODULE II DYNAMICS OF RIGID BODIES

Rigid bodies - angular acceleration - Torque on a particle - angular momentum - law of conservation of angular momentum - moment of inertia and its significance -Theorem of parallel and perpendicular axis - moment of inertia of a thin uniform bar - moment of inertia of a rectangular lamina moment of inertia of uniform circular disc - Moment of inertia of hollow and solid cylinders . flywheel (qualitative) - kinetic energy of rotating body . Routh rule.

MODULE III NDT TECHNIQUES

Ultrasonic Testing- types of Transducers-transmission and pulse-echo method- Radiographic testing- Principle-Interaction of X-ray with matter-Xray radiography-method of generation-industrial radiography inspection techniques- Liquid Penetrant Testing- Inspection Procedure and Interpretation of results.

MODULE IV LOW TEMPERATURE PHYSICS

Definition of Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning - Types of **Refrigeration Systems-**Applications- Comfort Air Conditioning, Industrial Refrigeration, Food processing and food chain - **Cryogenic treatment - Low temperature properties of engineering materials: Mechanical properties, Thermal properties, Electrical properties.**

PRACTICALS

- 1. Verification of Hookecs law by spring method.
- 2. Determination of Young modulus of the beam by bending method.
- 3. Inspection of welds using solvent removable visible dye penetrant.
- 4. Inspection of welds using solvent removable fluorescence dye penetrant.
- 5. Inspection of welds by Magnetic Particle Testing.
- 6. Determination of moment of inertia of the disc by torsion pendulum method.
- 7. Determination of moment of inertia of the disc by static torsion method.
- 8. Demonstration of working of flywheel.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Mathur D.S.,+Elements of Properties of Matter+, S.Chand & Co, Delhi, 2009.
- 2. Brijlal & Subramaniam,+ Properties of Matter+, Eurasia Publishing Co, Delhi,2002.
- Gaur R.K., Gupta S.L., Signature Physics+Dhanpat Rai Publishers, 2010.
- 4. Baldev Raj., Jayakumar T., Thavasimuthu M., +Practical Non-Destructive testing+, Narosa Publishing House, 2009.
- 5. Brijlal & Subrahmanyam., % Heat and Thermodynamics+ S.Chand & Company Ltd, 2002.
- 6. Paul E Mix.,+ Introduction to Non-destructive testing: a training guide+, Wiley, 2nd Edition, New Jersey, 2005.
- 7. Charles J., Hellier.,+Handbook of Nondestructive evaluation+, McGraw Hill, New York, 2001.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

- understand the basic of concept of elasticity of materials.
- comprehend the basic concepts of motion of rigid bodies and its applications.
- Demonstrate the various NDT techniques and its importance.
- Illustrate the low temperature systems and its applications.

7

7

8

PHCX 09 SEMICONDUCTOR PHYSICS AND L T P C OPTOELECTRONICS 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the Physics of Semiconductor devices.
- To make the students learn the fundamentals of Photoluminous semiconductors, Optoelectronic devices, Optical modulators/detectors.
- To make them understand the technology behind latest Display devices like LCD, Plasma and LED Panels.
- To enable the students to correlate theoretical principles with practical applications.

MODULE I PHYSICS OF SEMICONDUCTORS

Elemental and compound semiconductors . Drift and diffusion current -Intrinsic semiconductors . Carrier concentration (derivation) . Fermi energy . Variation of Fermi energy level with temperature . Mobility and electrical conductivity . Band gap determination . Extrinsic semiconductors . Carrier concentration in n-type and p-type semiconductor (derivation) . Variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration . Variation of Electrical conductivity with temperature . Hall effect .

Experiment and applications of Hall effect.

MODULE II OPTOELECTRONIC DEVICES

Light Emitting Diodes (LED) . power and efficiency - double hetero LED -LED structure - LED characteristics - White LED . Applications. Liquid crystal displays . Dynamic scattering and Twisted nematic display, Semiconductor Lasers, Homojunction and Heterojunction laser diodes -Optical processes in semiconductor lasers.

MODULE III OPTICAL MODULATORS

Modulation of light . birefringence . Modulation Techniques - Electro optic effect . Electro optic materials . Types of Electro optic Modulators : Kerr and Pockel modulators . - Magneto optic effect - Magneto optic Modulators . Acousto Optic modulators.

MODULE IV OPTICAL DETECTORS

Photo detectors - photodiodes - phototransistors - noise characteristics -PIN diode . Avalanche Photodiode (APD) characteristics - APD design of detector arrays . Charged Couple Device - Solar cells - Materials and design considerations, Thin film solar cells, amorphous silicon solar cells. **PRACTICALS**

1. Resistivity measurement of a semiconductor using four point probe

method.

- 2. Determination of band gap of a semiconductor diode.
- 3. Determination of Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor material.
- 4. Determination of the wavelength of a given laser source using diffraction grating.
- 5. Determination of Plancko constant using LED.
- 6. To study the I-V characteristics of photodiode and phototransistor.
- 7. To study the characteristics of a solar cell.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS –

60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Arumugam. M, Rhysics II+, Anuradha Publishers, 5th Edition, 2005.
- 2. Sze. S.M., Semiconductor Devices . Physics and Technology+, 2nd edn. John Wiley, 2002.
- 3. Wilson & J.F.B. Hawkes, % ptoelectronics . An Introduction+, Prentice Hall, India, 1996.
- 4. Bhattacharya, Semiconductor optoelectronic devices+, Second Edn, Pearson Education, 2002.
- 5. <u>Safa O. Kasap</u>, ⁽²⁾ ptoelectronics & Photonics:Principles & Practices+, Second Edn, Pearson Education,2013.
- 6. Palanisamy P.K., Semiconductor physics and optoelectronics+Scitech Publications, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Understand the principles of Physics behind semiconductor devices.
- Choose the correct semiconductors for electronic devices and display.
- Differentiate the working principle of LED and Diode Laser.
- Apply the knowledge of modulation of light for different types of optical modulators.
- Select suitable photodetectors for different types of applications.
- Complement the knowledge acquired in the theory class and correlate the results for applications.

Chemistry Elective Courses (to be offered II Semester)

CHCX01	ANALYTICAL INSTRUMENTATION	L	Т	Ρ	С
		2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

To make the student conversant with

- > principles, instrumentation and applications of different electroanalytical techniques
- different chromatographic techniques

principles, instrumentation and applications of various types of absorption and emission spectroscopy

> different thermal analytical methods and their applications

MODULE I ELECTROANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES

7

Principle and applications: conductometric titrations . potentiometric titrations, ion-selective electrodes and pH-metry . coulometry . voltammetry - polarography, amperometric titrations.

MODULE II CHROMATOGRAPHY

Basic concepts of chromatography . paper chromatography . column chromatography . thin layer chromatography . gas chromatography . high performance liquid chromatography . gel permeation chromatography.

MODULE III SPECTROSCOPY

Absorption spectroscopy (principle, instrumentation and applications): Colorimetric analysis . UV-Visible spectroscopy . FTIR spectroscopy - Emission Spectroscopy (principle, instrumentation and applications): fluorescence, phosphorescence and chemiluminescence . Atomic absorption spectroscopy . flame emission spectroscopy.

MODULE IV THERMAL ANALYSIS

Principle, instrumentation and applications: Thermogravimetric analysis . Differential thermal analysis . Differential scanning calorimetry

PRACTICALS

- 1. Conductometric titrations: acid-base and precipitation titrations
- 2. Potentiometric titrations
- 3. Determination of pH of the unknown solution
- 4. Estimation of alkali metals using flame emission spectroscopy

5. Estimation of metal ions of coloured solutions using colorimetric analysis

6. Separation of compounds using gas chromatography

7. Separation of compounds using high performance liquid chromatography

8

7

8. Analysis of the given sample and interpretation of the data using IR, UV-Visible spectroscopy

9. Demonstration of TGA/DTA and DSC and interpretation of data.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

1. Skoog D.A., West D.M., Holler F.J. and Crouch S.R., Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, 8th Edition, Thomson Brooks/Cole Publication., Singapore, 2004.

2. Willard H.H., Merritt L.L., Dean J.A. and Settle F.A., Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Edition, CBS Publication, New Delhi Reprint, 2004.

3. A.I. Vogel, Vogelos Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall, London, 2008.

4. Christian G.D., Analytical Chemistry, 6th Edition, John Wiley, Singapore, 2003.

5. Fifield F.W. and Kealey D., Principles and Practice of Analytical Chemistry, 5th Edition, Blackwell Publication, London, 2000.

6. Settle F. (Editor), Handbook of Instrumental Techniques for Analytical Chemistry, Pearson Education, Singapore, 2004.

OUTCOMES:

The student will be able to

- > state the principle and applications of various electro-analytical techniques
- > identify the right separation method for a given sample using different chromatographic techniques

> explain the principle, instrumentation & applications of various spectroscopic methods and also to interpret the data

elaborate the principle, instrumentation and applications of various thermal analytical techniques and interpret the data.

7

CHCX02	CORROSION AND ITS CONTROL	L	Т	Ρ	С	
		2	0	2	2	

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be conversant with the

- > Basic concepts, principles and factors affecting corrosion
- > Types and mechanism of corrosion
- Control measures of corrosion by material selection, proper design and by applying organic coatings
- > Control of corrosion by applying inorganic coating

MODULE I BASIC CONCEPTS OF CORROSION

Corrosion . causes and impacts of corrosion . mechanism of corrosion: Dry corrosion- oxidation corrosion - corrosion by other gases . Pilling-Bedworth rule- Corrosion by hydrogen: hydrogen blistering, hydrogen embritttlement, decarburization and hydrogen attack . corrosion of silver and copper by sulphur compounds . liquid metal corrosion (embritttlement or cracking) . Wet corrosion : hydrogen evolution . presence and absence of oxygen and absorption of oxygen . difference between dry and wet corrosion-factors influencing corrosion-polarization-passivity-emf series and galvanic series- corrosion current -rate of corrosion.

MODULE II FORMS OF CORROSION

Forms of corrosion-conditions for electrochemical corrosion . galvanic corrosion . differential aeration corrosion: pitting, water line, wire fencing, crevice and filiform corrosion . stress corrosion . Intergranular corrosion-erosion corrosion . soil corrosion . microbiological corrosion- fretting corrosion- corrosion in composites.

MODULE III CORROSION CONTROL AND ORGANIC 8 COATINGS

Corrosion control . selection of materials and designing- cathodic protection . sacrificial anode and impressed current cathodic protection . corrosion inhibitors: anodic, cathodic and vapour phase inhibitors. Organic protective coatings . paints: constituents . functions . varnishes : types-constituents . functions . lacquers : constituents . functions . enamels- constituents . functions . special paints : fire retardant, water repellant, heat resistant, temperature indicating and luminous paints.

MODULE IV INORGANIC COATINGS

Treatment of metal surface-inorganic coatings- classification- metallic coatings : anodic and cathodic coatings-hot dipping : galvanizing and tinning- electroplating- electroless plating . cementation (diffusion) : sherardizing, calorizing and chromizing . metal cladding-metal spraying . non metallic coatings (chemical conversion coatings) : phosphate, chromate, oxide coatings and anodizing . comparison of anodic and cathodic protection.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Determination and comparison of rate of corrosion of metals in the presence of acid, base and neutral medium by weight loss method.
- 2. Determination of rate of corrosion of iron in the presence of various acids by weight loss method.
- 3. Determination of rate of corrosion of iron in the presence and absence of anodic Inhibitor by weight loss method.
- 4. Determination of rate of corrosion of iron in the presence and absence of cathodic Inhibitor by weight loss method.
- 5. Electroplating of base metal with copper.
- 6. Electrolessplating of base metal with copper
- 7. Chemical conversion coatings such as chromate and phosphate coatings.
- 8. Demonstration on the study of rate of corrosion by using cyclic voltametry.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. P.C Jain & Monica Jain, Engineering Chemistry Dhanpatrai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi (2013).
- 2. S S Umare & S S Dara, A text Book of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2014.
- 3. M.G. Fontana and N.G. Green, Corrosion Engineering, McGraw Hill Book Company, NewYork, 1984.
- S. Banerjee, A.K. Tyagi, Functional Materials- Preparation, Processing and Applications, ELSEVIER Publications, London ; Waltham, MA : 2011

OUTCOMES:

Students will be able to

- explain the mechanism, compare and enumerate the factors affecting corrosion
- describe and identify the place and types for a given situation.

- choose and elaborate the suitable organic coating method for a given real time situation.
- > apply a suitable metallic coating for a given situation

CHCX03 ELECTRICAL MATERIALS AND L T P C BATTERIES 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be conversant with

- preparation, properties and applications of plastics used in electrical and electronic applications
- > properties and uses of electrical engineering materials
- classification and description of different types of batteries.
- classification and types of fuel cells

MODULE I POLYMERS FOR ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC APPLICATIONS

8

7

8

Preparation, properties and applications : polyethylene, polypropylene, EPDM, Nylon-6,6, PVC, PTFE, polycarbonates, ABS, phenol formaldehyde, urea formaldehyde, epoxy resins . polymer blends and alloys.

MODULE II ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING MATERIALS 7

Conductors: Silver, Copper, Gold, Aluminum . Semiconductors: Germanium, Silicon, Gallium Arsenic . Insulating Materials: Rubbers, Mica, Plastics, Ceramics, Insulating papers . Magnetic Materials: ferromagnetic materials, paramagnetic materials, diamagnetic materials, antiferromagnetic materials, ferrites

MODULE III BATTERIES

Electrochemical and electrolytic cell . batteries: types (primary, secondary and flow cell) . primary batteries: dry cells, alkaline batteries . secondary batteries: nickel-cadmium cell . lead acid storage cell, lithium battery: primary and secondary type . solar cell . dye sensitized solar cell.

MODULE IV FUEL CELLS

Difference between batteries and fuel cells - chemistry of fuel cells - types of fuel cell (based on temperature and electrolyte) . principle, characteristic

features, advantages, disadvantages and applications of polymer electrolyte membrane or proton exchange membrane fuel cell (PEMFC), direct methanol fuel cell (DMFC), alkaline fuel cell (AFC), phosphoric acid fuel cell (PAFC), molten carbonate fuel cell (MCFC) and solid oxide fuel cells (SOFC).

PRACTICALS

- 1. Free radical polymerization of styrene.
- 2. Free radical polymerization of PMMA.
- 3. Preparation of phenol-formaldehyde.
- 4. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde.
- 5. Synthesis of epoxy resin.
- 6. Demonstration of mechanical properties of insulating materials using UTM
- 7. Demonstration of electrical properties of insulating materials
- 8. Construction of batteries using natural resources
- 9. Measurement of EMF for different batteries.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jain P.C. and Renuka Jain, Engineering Chemistry, Dhanpat Rai Publication Co. (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2013.
- 2. Michael L. Berins, Plastics Engineering Hand Book, 5th Edition, Chapman and Hall, New York, 1991.
- 3. H.F. Mark and N. Gaylord, Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Technology, Vol. 1 to XIV Interscience, 2nd Ed. 1988.
- 4. Gowarikar V.R., Viswanathan N.V and Jayadev Sreedhar, Polymer Science, Wiley Eastern Limited, Madras, 1981.
- 5. R.K. Rajput, A Textbook of Electrical Engineering Materials, Firewall Media, 2004
- Vladimir S. Bagotsky, Fuel Cells: Problems and Solutions, 2nd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2012.
- 7. B. Viswanathan and M. Aulice Scibioh, Fuel Cells: Principles and Applications, Taylor and Francis Group, 2007.

OUTCOMES:

The student will be able to

- summarise the preparation, properties and applications of plastics used in electrical and electronic applications
- > enumerate the properties and uses of electrical engineering materials
- illustrate various types of batteries with the aid of a diagram
- classify the fuel cells and elaborate the different types of fuel cells.

CHCX04	ENGINEERING MATERIALS	L	т	Ρ	С
		2	0	2	3

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be conversant with

- > properties and uses of different types of refractories and abrasives
- adhesives, cements and lime, setting of cements and their chemical behaviors.
- > types, properties and uses of lubricants.
- various types of composite materials.

MODULE I REFRACTORIES AND ABRASIVES

8

Introduction refractory: -classification - based on chemical naturecharacteristic and selection of good refractory - general manufacture of refractory- preparation properties and uses of: silica refractory - magnesite refractory - zirconia refractory, properties of refractories: refractoriness refractoriness under load - thermal spalling - porosity and dimensional stability, Cermets - super refractory.

Abrasives : introduction - Mohos scale - natural abrasives: diamond . corundum . emery - garnet and quartz, synthetic abrasives: preparation properties and uses: carborundum (silicon carbide). alundum - boron (norbide) carbide

MODULE II ADHESIVES AND BINDING MATERIALS

Introduction - classification of adhesives . advantage . limitation of adhesive bonding . development of adhesive- factors influencing adhesive action: chemical and physical, application techniques of adhesive . Lime: classification . manufacture - setting and hardening, Gypsum: - Manufacture and properties and uses - Cement : chemical composition-Manufacture . setting and hardening . concrete . weathering of cement and concrete and its prevention- special cements: high alumina cement - sorel cement - white portland cement . water proof cement.

MODULE III LUBRICANTS

7

7

Introduction . functions of lubricant- mechanism of lubrication - classification of lubricant . liquid lubricant: vegetable and animal oils . mineral oils, semisolid: grease(calcium, lithium, aluminium) . petroleum jelly, solid lubricant: graphite - molybdenum disulphide, Properties of lubricant: viscosity - viscosity index - flash point and fire point - cloud point and pour point . oiliness - aniline point - carbon residue

MODULE IV COMPOSITE MATERIALS

Introduction . advantageous characteristics of composites, applications of composites, main constituent of composites, types and applications of composites: RCC fibre-reinforced plastics (glass, carbon and aramid) - particulate composite - metal matrix composite - layered composites - failures in fibre-reinforced composites, ceramic matrix composites (CMC). properties and applications.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Preparation of refractory bricks
- 2. Preparation of abrasive papers/cloth
- 3. Preparation of simple adhesives
- 4. Estimation of alkalinity in cements
- 5. Determination of cloud point and pour point
- 6. Determination of flash point and fire point
- 7. Preparation of fibre-reinforced composite

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. P.C Jain & Monica Jain, Engineering Chemistry Dhanpatrai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., New Delhi (2013).
- 2. B.Sivasnakar, Signaria Chemistry+, Tata McGrow-Hill Publication Limited, New Delhi, second reprint 2008.
- 3. Engineering Chemistry, Wiley India Editorial Team, Willey India Publisher, New Delhi, 2011.
- 4. S S Umare & S S Dara, A text Book of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2014.

OUTCOMES:

The student will be able to

- classify and describe the manufacture the refractories and enumerate the properties and uses of abrasive materials.
- elaborate the manufacture, properties and uses of various adhesives and binding materials.
- > classify lubricants and describe the properties and uses of them
- > enumerate the properties and uses of various composite materials.

7

8

8

7

HCX05	FUELS AND COMBUSTION		Т	Ρ	С	
		2	0	2	3	

OBJECTIVES:

To make the students conversant with the

- three types of fuels available and the different processes involved in it.
- > analysis of fuel characteristics and manufacture of fuels
- calculations involved in calorific values and minimum air requirement for complete combustion.

> classification, functions, mechanism and properties of lubricants.

MODULE I SOLID FUELS

Characteristics of good fuel. Solid fuel . Wood, Coal . Ranking of coal . selection of coal. Analysis of coal . Proximate analysis. Pulverized coal . Metallurgical coke . Carbonization of coal . types. Manufacture of metallurgical coke . Beehive oven and Otto Hoffmanc by-product oven methods.

MODULE II LIQUID AND GASEOUS FUELS

Liquid fuel: Petroleum: Refining of petroleum, Liquid fuels derived from petroleum . Cracking: Thermal (Liquid and Vapour phase) . Catalytic (fixed bed and moving bed cracking . Synthetic petrol: Fischer-Tropsch method. Knocking in petrol and diesel engine: octane number and antiknocking . cetane number and improvement of cetane number . biodiesel (trans-esterification) . Gaseous fuels: Compressed natural gas (CNG) – LPG . oil gas . producer gas . water (blue) gas . biogas.

MODULE III COMBUSTION

Calorific value: Gross and net caloric value – Bomb Calorimeter, Gas calorimeter - Definition of combustion . calculation of minimum requirement of air (problems) . theoretical calculation of calorific values (Dulongos formula), Gross and net calorific values ((problems) . Analysis of flue gas: Orsatos gas analysis method, explosive range, Ignition temperature. Introduction to air pollution from IC (Internal combustion) engines, photochemical smog, primary and secondary pollutants.

MODULE IV LUBRICANTS

Friction and wear . lubricants: definition, functions and mechanism of lubrication (thick film and thin film) . classification: liquid lubricants: animal and vegetable origin, mineral oil, blended oils, lubricating

B.S. Abdur Rahman Crescent Institute of Science and Technology

emulsions and silicones . properties of lubricating oils: viscosity and viscosity index; Flash and fire-point, Cloud and pour point, oiliness, emulsification number, volatility, carbon residue, aniline point . semisolid lubricant: greases and waxes . solid lubricant: graphite and molybdenum disulphide . nanolubricants.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Testing of fuels proximate analysis (moisture, volatile matter, ash content and fixed carbon present in coal, coke, charcoal etc)
- 2. Ash content and carbon residue test
- 3. Biodiesel synthesis by trans-esterification method (from coconut, groundnut, mustard oil, palm oil)
- 4. Determination of calorific value of a solid fuel using Bomb calorimeter (coal, charcoal, coke etc)
- 5. Determination of calorific value of a liquid fuel using Bomb calorimeter (petrol, diesel, biodiesel etc)
- 6. Determination of cloud point and pour point of a lubricant
- 7. Determination of flash and fire point of diesel.
- 8. Aniline Point of diesel
- 9. Viscosity Index of lubricants and Fuels by Viscometer
- 10. Flue gas analysis by $\mbox{Orsat} {\bf \mathfrak{g}}$ gas analysis method . Demonstration
- 11. Working of internal combustion engine Demonstration

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS –

60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jain P.C and Renuka Jain, Physical Chemistry for Engineers, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. Engineering Chemistry, Wiley India Editorial Team, Willey India Publisher, New Delhi, 2011.
- 3. John Griswold, Fuels Combustion and Furnaces, Mc-Graw Hill Book Company Inc. University of Michigan, 1946.
- 4. J.B. Heywood, Internal Combustion Engine Fundamentals, McGraw Hill International Editions, 1989.
- 5. Bahl B.S., Tuli and Arun Bahl, Essentials of Physical Chemistry, S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.

OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

- compare and contrast the solid, liquid and gaseous fuels and also describe the processes involved in liquid and gaseous fuels.
- analyse the fuel properties such as moisture, votalite matter, ass content, calorific value etc.
- calculate minimum air required for complete combustion and calorific values of fuels.
- Categorize different lubricants into three types, explain the preparation and determine their properties.

8

8

8

6

CHCX06 FUNDAMENTALS OF PHYSICAL L T P C CHEMISTRY 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

The students will be conversant with the

- various thermodynamic terms and relate the laws of thermodynamics in chemical processes
- molecularity and order of reaction and derive the rate constant for different order of reactions
- basics of adsorption of different materials and propose mechanisms and surface area measurement
- conditions for equilibrium and learn different components at equilibrium

MODULE I BASIC THERMODYNAMICS

Introduction - Thermodynamic terms - Thermodynamic equilibrium and processes - 1st law of thermodynamics: internal energy, enthalpy, heat capacity, isothermal and adiabatic expansion, Joule-Thomson effect - Zeroth law of thermodynamics: absolute temperature - 2nd law of thermodynamics: - spontaneous and cyclic process, Entropy in isothermal, isobaric and isochoric processes, work and free energy function, Maxwellog relation - 3rd law of thermodynamics

MODULE II CHEMICAL KINETICS

Rate of chemical reaction - order and molecularity of a reaction - Rate constant - kinetics of opposing, parallel and consecutive and chain reactions - isotope effects - effect of temperature on reaction rate - collision theory - absolute reaction rate theory - kinetics in enzyme catalysis

MODULE III SURFACE SCIENCE AND CATALYSIS

Adsorption - adsorption isotherms - uni and bimolecular adsorption reactions - parahydrogen conversion - factors affecting adsorption . Langmuir adsorption isotherm - Hinshelwood mechanism and *Eley-Rideal* mechanism with example - adsorption of gases on solids and surface area measurement by BET method - Terms in catalysis - homogeneous and heterogeneous and enzyme catalysis with example

MODULE IV PHASE RULE

Terms involved - Conditions for equilibrium - application of phase rule to water, lead-silver system, freezing mixtures, thermal analysis: cooling curves.

PRACTICALS

1. Determination of the heat capacity of benzoic acid, internal energy of

combustion of camphor using Bomb calorimeter. Calculation of enthalpy of combustion and formation for camphor.

- 2. Determination of adsorption isotherm of (i) acetic acid on charcoal (ii) oxalic acid on charcoal.
- 3. Kinetics of first and second order reactions.
- 4. Phase rule experiments with organic compounds: (i) naphthalene and pdichloro benzene (ii) naphthalene and diphenyl (iii) mdinitrobenzenzene and p-nitro toluene.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Rajaram J. and Kuriacose J.C., Chemical Thermodynamics: Classical, Statistical and Irreversible, Pearson Education, India, 2013.
- 2. Samuel Glasstone, Thermodynamics for Chemists, Read Books, United Kingdom, 2007.
- 3. James E. House, Principles of Chemical Kinetics, 2nd Edition, Academic Press, United States of America, 2007.
- 4. Keith J. Laidler, Chemical Kinetics, Pearson Education, India, 1987.
- 5. Douglas M. Ruthven, Principles of Adsorption and Adsorption Processes, John Wiley & Sons, 1984.
- 6. Puri B.R., Sharma L.R. and Pathania M.S., Principles of Physical Chemistry, 47th Edition, Vishal Publishing Co. India, 2016.

OUTCOMES:

The student will be able to

- calculate entropy, enthalpy and free energy change for different chemical processes
- > calculate the rate constant for any chemical and biochemical processes
- differentiate the adsorption processes and calculate the surface area and predict the suitability of catalysts for different chemical processes
- predict the equilibrium conditions for water, alloys, freezing mixtures and draw the thermal curves for phase transition

7

8

7

8

CHCX07	GREEN TECHNOLOGY	L	Т	Ρ	С	
		2	0	2	3	

OBJECTIVES:

To make students conversant with the

- basic principles of green chemistry and green technology.
- wastes that causes hazards to human health
- chemicals that harms our environment
- need for green processes in various industries

MODULE I GREEN CHEMISTRY PROTOCOL

Need . Significance . 12 Principles with examples . R4 model . Life cycle analysis . sustainable and cleaner production - Green Technology: definition, examples: CFC free refrigerants, green building, energy, 3D printers, nanotechnology . Awards for Green chemistry . organization promoting green chemistry.

MODULE II WASTE & WASTE MINIMISATION

Source of wastes: domestic, industrial, medical, nuclear, e-waste; problems; prevention . economy of waste disposal . Waste minimization techniques: general waste treatment and recycling . alternate waste water treatment technologies: hybrid process . Green computing: goals, green cloud, green ICT - Pollution statistics from various industries (Industrial case studies).

MODULE III GREEN SYNTHESIS

Introduction - Solvent free reactions - green reagents, green solvents in synthesis - microwave and ultrasound assisted reactions . supercritical fluid extraction . green oxidation and photochemical reactions . catalyst and biocatalysts.

MODULE IV GREEN INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES

Polymer industry: biodegradable polymer - textile industry: greener approaches of dyeing, waste disposal . ecofriendly agrochemicals: biofertilizers, biopesticides . Pharmaceutical industry: atom economy, reduction of toxicity, use of biocatalyst, zero waste disposal . Leather industry: greener process in tanning, crusting, surface coating . ecofriendly batteries & fuel cells.

PRACTICALS

1. Synthesis of an ionic liquids (Ex: imidazolium) and testing the solubility of organic chemicals.

- 2. Green bromination of stilbene (using pyridine hydrobromide).
- Green synthesis: Photocatalytic reactions, solvent-free organic reaction
 Aldol; green oxidation, green reduction.
- 4. Microwave assisted chemical reaction. (synthesis of aspirin, pinacolpinacolone reaction, etc).
- 5. Comparison of conventional reaction with microwave assisted reactions (atom economy, solvent, etc) [Ex: aldehyde and ketones with hydrazines to give hydrazones].
- 6. Diels-Alder reaction in eucalyptus oil (green process).

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Jain P.C and Renuka Jain, Physical Chemistry for Engineers, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi. 2001.
- 2. V. K. Ahluwalia, Green Chemistry: Environmentally Benign Reactions, Ane Books India, New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. Paul Anastas, John C.Warner, John Warner Joint; Green Chemistry: Theory & Practice New Ed Edition; Oxford University press, USA, 2000.
- 4. Rashmi Sanghi, M. M. Srivastava, Green chemistry, Narosa publishers, New Delhi, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

- > outline the principles and implications of green chemistry.
- comprehend the potential risks of waste generated and analyse the threats to human and environment.
- integrate information into design of molecules to avoid/eliminate toxic solvents & reagents or reduce toxic products.
- identify various alternate greener technologies for various industries.

CHCX08 ORGANIC CHEMISTRY OF L T P C BIOMOLECULES 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

To make students conversant with the

- basic concepts in organic chemistry
- types and structure of carbohydrates and lipids
- > formation of different structures of proteins from amino acid
- structure of nucleic acids

MODULE I BASIC CONCEPTS IN ORGANIC CHEMISTRY 8

Classification and IUPAC nomenclature of organic compounds . stereochemistry . optical, stereo and geometrical isomerism . types of reagents: electrophiles and nucleophiles . types of reactions: addition, substitution, elimination and rearrangement reactions.

MODULE II CARBOHYDRATES, LIPIDS AND VITAMINS 7

Structure and functions of carbohydrates: mono, di, oligo and polysaccharides . lipids: phospholipids, glycolipids, sphingolipids . cholesterol . steroids . Structure, functions and deficiency disorders of fat soluble vitamins: A, D, E & K - Water soluble vitamins B & C: Thiamine, riboflavin, pantothenic acid, niacin, pyridoxine, biotin, cobalamine, folic acid and ascorbic acid.

MODULE III AMINO ACIDS, PEPTIDES AND PROTEINS 7

Aminoacids: classification, properties - peptides . polypeptides . proteins: primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure . glycoproteins . lipoproteins . Enzymes: classification and functions

MODULE IV NUCLEIC ACIDS

Nucleic acids . importance - structure of purines and pyrimidines . nucleotides . polynucleotides - RNA . types & structure - DNA . phosphodiester bonds . chemical, helical structure and functions . DNA replication . gene modification.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Qualitative tests to identify carbohydrates.
- 2. Quantitative estimation of carbohydrates.
- 3. Separation of sugars . TLC and/or paper chromatography.
- 4. Quantitative estimation of lipids.
- 5. Separation of amino acids . TLC and/or paper chromatography.
- 6. Quantitative estimation of proteins by Lowrycs method.

L - 30; P - 30; TOTAL HOURS -

60

REFERENCES:

- 1. V. K. Ahluwalia, Organic Reaction Mechanism, Narosa Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Johnson Arthur T., Biology for Engineers, CRC Press, Finland, 2011.
- 3. Jain P.C and Renuka Jain, Physical Chemistry for Engineers, Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi. 2001.
- 4. David L. Nelson, Michael M. Cox, Lehninger Principles of biochemistry, Macmillan press, London, 2010

OUTCOMES:

The students will be able to

- classify organic compounds and explain the mechanism of various organic reactions.
- draw the structures and enumerate the functions of carbohydrate, lipids and vitamins.
- > correlate the relationship among amino acids, peptides and proteins.
- recognize the role of nucleic acid in the formation of RNA & DNA and differentiate DNA & RNA using their structure and function.

CHCX09

POLYMER SCIENCE AND L T P C TECHNOLOGY 2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

To make the student conversant with the

- basic concepts of polymers, classification, types of polymerization and molecular weight & its distribution
- preparation, properties and applications of thermoplastics and introduction to biodegradable polymers
- > properties and applications of thermosets, elastomers and FRP
- different types of moulding techniques

MODULE I BASIC CONCEPTS OF POLYMERS

8

Definitions: monomer, polymer, functionality, degree of polymerization . classification of polymers: source, structure, application, thermal processing behavior (thermoplastics and thermosets), composition and structure (addition and condensation), mechanism (chain growth and step-wise growth) . copolymer: types . Definition . nomenclature of polymers . tacticity . types of polymerization : free radical, cationic and anionic polymerization (concepts only) . average molecular weight of polymer: number, weight . molecular weight distribution (problems)

MODULE II THERMOPLASTICS AND BIODEGRADABLE 8 POLYMERS

Preparation, properties and applications : LDPE, HDPE, polypropylene, PVC, PTFE, PET, polyamides (Nylon-6 and Nylon 6,6) and polycarbonates . polymer blends and alloys . basics of biodegradable polymers.

MODULE IIITHERMOSET RESINS, ELASTOMERS AND FRP7Thermoset resins : phenolic resins, amino resins (urea and melamine
formaldehyde), epoxy resins, unsaturated polyesters . polyurethanes .
elastomers : vulcanization of natural rubber, diene based elastomers . fibre
reinforced plastics: glass, aramid and carbon.7

MODULE IV MOULDING TECHNIQUES

7

Moulding constituents: functions . moulding techniques: compression, injection, extrusion (single screw), blow moulding, thermoforming, (mechanical and vacuum forming), lamination.

PRACTICALS

- 1. Determination of molecular weight and degree of polymerization using Oswald s viscometer.
- 2. Free radical polymerization of styrene.
- 3. Free radical polymerization of PMMA.
- 4. Preparation of phenol-formaldehyde.
- 5. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde.
- 6. Synthesis of epoxy resin.

- 7. Synthesis of unsaturated polyester.
- 8. Preparation of FRP laminates.
- 9. Demonstration of injection moulding, compression moulding and blow moulding.

L – 30; P – 30; TOTAL HOURS – 60

REFERENCES:

- 1. Billmeyer F.N., Text Book of Polymer Science, 3rd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1994.
- 2. George Odian, Principles of Polymerisation, 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill Book Company, New York, 1991.
- 3. Michael L. Berins, Plastics Engineering Hand Book, 5th Edition, Chapman and Hall, New York, 1991.
- 4. Jacqueline I., Kroschwitz, Concise Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Engineering, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1998.
- 5. Encyclopedia of Polymer Science and Technology, Vol. 1 to XIV, H.F. Mark and N. Gaylord, Interscience, 2nd Ed. 1988.
- 6. Gowarikar V.R., Viswanathan N.V and Jayadev Sreedhar, Polymer Science, Wiley Eastern Limited, Madras, 1981.

OUTCOMES:

The student will be able to

- classify various polymers, name the polymers and types of polymerization reactions, calculate molecular weight of polymers,
- summarise preparation, properties and applications of thermoplastics and give examples of biodegradable polymers
- elaborate the properties and applications of thermosets, elastomers and FRP
- select the appropriate moulding technique for a given polymer, based on the application

B.Tech.

Mathematics Electives – I

(to be offered in IV semester)

MACX 01 DISCRETE MATHEMATICS AND GRAPH THEORY

OBJECTIVES

L T P C 3 1 0 4

The aims of this course are to

- introduce Logical and Mathematical ability to deal with abstraction.
- familiarize the basic mathematical ideas and terminologies used in computer science.
- translate real life situations into diagrammatic representations.

MODULE I PROPOSITIONAL CALCULUS 8+2

Propositions . Logical connectives . Compound propositions . Conditional and biconditional propositions . Truth tables . Tautologies and contradictions . Contrapositive . Logical equivalences and implications . DeMorgances Laws . Normal forms . Principal conjunctive and disjunctive normal forms . Rules of inference . Arguments . Validity of arguments.

MODULE II PREDICATE CALCULUS

Predicates . Statement function . Variables . Free and bound variables . Quantifiers . Universe of discourse . Logical equivalences and implications for quantified statements . Theory of inference . The rules of universal specification and generalization . Validity of arguments.

MODULE III FUNCTIONS

Functions . Classification of functions . . Composition of functions . Inverse functions . Binary and n. ary operations . Characteristic function of a set . Hashing functions . Recursive functions . Permutation functions.

MODULE IV ALGEBRAIC SYSTEMS

Groups, Cyclic Groups, Subgroups, Cosets, Lagrange¢ theorem, Normal subgroups . Codes and group codes . Basic notions of error correlation . Error recovery in group codes.

7+3

7+3

8+2

MODULE V GRAPH THEORY

Graphs . incidence and degree . subgraphs . isomorphism . complement of a graph . operations on graphs

MODULE VI PATH AND CIRCUIT

Walks, trails and paths . Eulerian graphs . Konigsburg bridge problem - Hamiltonian graphs

TEXT BOOKS

- 1 Trembly J.P and Manohar R, ⁽Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science+, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 30th Reprint 2011.
- 2 Kenneth H.Rosen, ¹/₂ iscrete Mathematics and its Applications:, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, Special Indian Edition, 2011.

REFERENCES

- 1 Ralph.P.Grimaldi, ⁽Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics: An Introduction+, 4th Edition, Pearson Education Asia, Delhi, 2007.
- 2 Thomas Koshy, **D**iscrete Mathematics with Applications+, Elsevier Publications, 2006.
- 3 C.L.Liu, D.P.Mohapatra, **C**lements of Discrete Mathematics+, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.

OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, student will be able to

- > use the concepts of propositional calculus.
- > use the concepts of predicate calculus.
- > identify types of functions and their importance.
- decode and encode the messages using group theory concepts.
- > apply the basic concepts of graph theory.
- > represent some real life situations into diagrammatic representation.

8+2

7+3

L – 45; T – 15; Total – 60

MACX 02 PROBABLITY AND STATISTICS

L T P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES

The aims of this course are to impart the

- knowledge of the theory of probability and random variables
- techniques to carry out probability calculations and identifying probability distributions
- application of statistical inference in practical data analysis

MODULE I BASICS OF PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

8+2

Sample space, events- axioms of probability and interpretation . Addition, multiplication rules . conditional probability, Independent events - Total probability . Bayecs theorem - Descriptive Statistics.

MODULE II ONE DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLE AND PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS 7+3

Discrete random variable . continuous random variable . Expectation - probability distribution - Moment generating function . Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform (continuous), Exponential and Normal distributions.

MODULE III TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES 8+2

Joint, marginal, conditional probability distributions . covariance, correlation - transformation of random variables.

MODULE IV SAMPLING AND ESTIMATION

Sampling distributions . basic knowledge on Random , simple random , stratified and cluster samplings . Test of Hypotheses - concepts- Point estimation and Interval estimation.

MODULE V THEORY OF INFERENCE

Large sample tests . test for single and difference on proportions, single mean, difference of means, difference of variances . confidence intervals. Small sample tests . Studentos t test, F test and Chi square test on theory of goodness of fit and analyses of independence of attributes.

7+3

8+2

MODULE VI DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS 7+3

Analysis of variance . one way classification . two way classification . Completely Randomised Block Designs . Randomised Block Design . Latin square designs - Interpretations - case studies.

L – 45; T – 15; Total – 60

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. T.Veerarajan, % Rrobability and Statistics+, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008.
- 2. Miller, I., Miller, M., Freund, J. E., Mathematical statistics+, 7th Edition, Prentice Hall International, 1999.
- 3. S.P.Gupta, % pplied Statistics+, Sultan Chand & Sons

REFERENCES

- 1. S.M.Ross, % atroduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists+Fifth Edition, Elesvier.
- 2. S.C.Gupta and V.K.Kapoor, ‰undamentals of Mathematical Statistics+First edition, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 3. Arora and Arora, Comphrensive Statistical Methods+, S. Chand, 2007

OUTCOMES

On completion of the course, students will be able to

- > do basic problems on probability and descriptive statistics.
- > derive the probability mass / density function of a random variable.
- calculate probabilities and derive the marginal and conditional distributions of bivariate random variables.
- > calculate point and interval estimates.
- > apply some large sample tests and small sample tests.
- carry out the data collection representation analysis and implications and the importance of inferences.

MACX 03 RANDOM PROCESSES

L T P C 3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES

The aims of the course are to

- acquire the knowledge of the theory of probability and random variables
- study discrete and continuous probability distributions.
- demonstrate the techniques of two dimensional random variables and its distributions.
- introduce the random process, stationarity, Markov process and the study of correlation function and spectral analysis.

MODULE I BASICS OF PROBABILITY

7+3

Sample space, events- axioms of probability and interpretation . Addition, multiplication rules . conditional probability, Independent events - Total probability . Bayecs theorem - Tchebychevcs inequality.

MODULE II ONE DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLE AND PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS

7+3

Discrete random variable . continuous random variable . Expectation - probability distribution - Moment generating function . Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform (continuous), Exponential and Normal distributions.

MODULE III TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES

7+3

Joint, marginal, conditional probability distributions - covariance, correlation and regression lines - transformation of random variables.

MODULE IV RANDOM PROCESSES

Classification of Random process - Stationary process - WSS and SSS processes - Poisson process . Markov Chain and transition probabilities.

MODULE V CORRELATION FUNCTIONS

8+2

8+2

Autocorrelation function and its properties - Cross Correlation function and its properties - Linear system with random inputs . Ergodicity.

8+2

MODULE VI SPECTRAL DENSITY

Power spectral Density Function - Properties - System in the form of convolution - Unit Impulse Response of the System . Weiner-Khinchine Theorem - Cross Power Density Spectrum.

L – 45; T – 15; Total – 60

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Veerarajan T., % Rrobability, Statistics and Random Processes+, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd edition, 2008.
- 2. Papoulis, %Rrobability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes+, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Company, 2002.
- 3. S.M.Ross, % Introduction to Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists+Fifth Edition, Elesvier

REFERENCES

- 1. Scott L. Miller, Donald G. Childers, Probability and Random Processes, Academic Press, 2009.
- Trivedi K S, %Probability and Statistics with reliability, Queueing and Computer Science Applications+Prentice Hall of India,New Delhi,2nd revised edition, 2002

OUTCOMES

On completion of the course, students will be able to

- > do basic problems on probability.
- > derive the probability mass / density function of a random variable.
- calculate probabilities and derive the marginal and conditional distributions of bivariate random variables.
- identify and study the different random processes.
- > compute correlation functions and related identities.
- compute power spectral density functions and apply Weiner-Khinchine formula.

MACX 04 APPLIED NUMERICAL METHODS

OBJECTIVES

The aims of the course are to

- introduce basic computational methods for analyzing problems that arise in engineering and physical sciences.
- acquire knowledge about approximation theory and convergence analysis associated with numerical computation.

MODULE I NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS OF EQUATIONS

Bisection method - Regula Falsi method . Secant method - Fixed point iteration method - Newtong Raphson method . Gauss Elimination method - Gauss-Jordon method. Gauss Jacobi method - Gauss-Seidel method.

MODULE II INTERPOLATION

Finite difference operators. Gregory Newtons forward and backward interpolations . Cubic spline interpolation - Lagrange interpolation - Newtongs divided difference formula.

MODULE III NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION 8+2

Numerical differentiation using Newtons forward and backward formulae . Numerical integration: Trapezoidal and Simpsons 1/3 and 3/8 rules. Rombergs method. Gaussian Two Point and Three Point Quadrature formulae. Double integrals using Trapezoidal and Simpsons 1/3 rule.

MODULE IV INITIAL VALUE PROBLEMS FOR FIRST ORDER ORDINARY **DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**

Numerical solutions by Taylors Series method, Eulers method, Modified Eulers Method - Runge . Kutta Method of fourth order . Milness and Adamss Bashforth Predictor and Corrector methods.

INITIAL AND BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS FOR ORDINARY MODULE V DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 8+2

Numerical solutions by Taylors Series method - Runge. Kutta Method of fourth order of second order ODE. Finite difference methods.

7+3

7+3

MODULE VI BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS FOR PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 7+3

Finite difference solution of one dimensional heat equation by explicit and implicit methods . One dimensional wave equation and two dimensional Laplace equation.

L – 45; T – 15; Total – 60

TEXT BOOKS

- Grewal, B.S., Numerical methods in Engineering and Science+, 7th edition, Khanna Publishers, 2007.
- C.F.Gerald, P.O.Wheatley, Mpplied Numerical Analysis+, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2002.

REFRENCES

- Chapra S.C, Canale R.P. Wumerical Methods for Engineers+, 5th Ed., McGraw Hill, 2006.
- M.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyengar, R.K.Jain, Wumerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation+, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2003

OUTCOMES

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- > solve algebraic, transcendental and system of equations.
- > apply interpolation techniques.
- > carry out numerical differentiation and integration using different methods.
- > solve first order ODE using single and multi step methods.
- > solve second order ODE, initial and boundary value problems.
- > solve the boundary value problems in PDE.

Information Technology

Mathematics Electives – I

(to be offered in IV semester)

MACX 05 MATHEMATICAL PROGRAMMING

OBJECTIVES

The aims of the course are to

- acquire knowledge and training in optimization techniques.
- obtain knowledge about optimization in utilization of resources.
- understand and apply operations research techniques to industrial operations.

MODULE I LINEAR PROGRAMMING PROBLEM

Linear programming . formulation of the problem - graphical interpretation of optimality - Simplex method . to obtain basic feasible solution . types of linear programming solution . complications and their resolution.

MODULE II ADVANCED LINEAR PROGRAMMING PROBLEMS

Artificial variable - Big M method . Two phase method . alternative optimal solution . unbounded solution - Duality . primal dual relationships.

MODULE III TRANSPORTATION PROBLEM

Transportation problems . Initial basic feasible solutions, MODI method, Unbalanced transportation problem, Degeneracy in transportation models,.

MODULE IV ASSIGNMENT PROBLEM

Assignment problem . Minimization and Maximization type of problems by Hungarian method.

Total-30

5

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Hamdy A Taha, ¹/₂ perations Research An introduction+, 8th edition, Phil Pearson, 2007.
- 2. Winston.W.L., @perations Research+, 4th edition, Thompson-Brooks/Cole, 2003.

L T P C 2 0 0 2

10

8

REFERENCE

- 1. Wayne.L. Winston, *©*perations Research Applications and Algorithms+, 4th edition, Thomson learning, 2007.
- Frederick. S. Hiller and Gerald J Lieberman, @perations Research Concepts and Cases+, 8th edition (SIE), Tata McGraw. Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. A. Ravindran, D. T. Phillips and J. J. Solberg, "Operations Research: Principles and Practice", 2nd edition, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1992.
- 4. Robertazzi. T.G., Computer networks and systems-Queuing theory and performance evaluation+, 3rd edition, Springer, 2002.

OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- > formulate industrial problems as mathematical programming problems.
- > solve linear programming problems by different methods.
- > solve transportation problems by different methods.
- > solve assignment problems by Hungarian method.

MACX 06 STATISTICAL METHODS FOR DATA L T P C ANALYSIS 2 0 0 2

OBJECTIVE

The aim of the course is to

• introduce statistical quality control tools.

MODULE I TESTS OF HYPOTHESES AND STATISTICAL INFERENCES 8

Small sample tests . Studentos qt qtest for single mean , difference of means, paired t test . F test for difference of variances . Chi square test on theory of goodness of fit and analyses of independence of attributes.

MODULE II DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS

Analysis of variance . one way classification . two way classification . Completely Randomised Block Designs . Randomised Block Design . Latin square designs - Statistical analysis -Interpretations - case studies.

MODULE III STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL-I 8

Quality improvement and statistics . Statistical quality control- statistical process control . control charts . design of control charts . analysis of patterns on control charts - X bar chart, R chart and S chart.

MODULE IV TATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL-II

7

Process and product control . attribute charts . P, np and C charts . control charts performance.

Total-30

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Douglas C.Montgomery, George C. Runger % pplied Statistics and probability for Engineers+V Edition . John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 2. Miller, I., Miller, M., Freund, J. E. Mathematical statistics+ 7th Edition. Prentice Hall International, 1999.

REFERENCE

- 1. Dekking, F.M., Kraaikamp, C., Lopuhaä, H.P., Meester, L.E. % Modern Introduction to Probability and Statistics+Springer, 2nd Edition.
- 2. Chin Long chiang Statistical Methods of Analysis World Scientific Books, 2003.
- 3. S.C.Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, Mathematical Statistics+, Sultan Chand publications.
- 4. Veerarajan % Sundamentals of Mathematical Statistics+ I Edition, Yes Dee Publishing Pvt. Ltd., 2017.

OUTCOMES

On completion of the course, students will be able to

- > develop and test hypothesis for different statistical tests
- > design an experiment and case study the experiment with different data.
- > analyze the industrial data using quality control design tools statistically.
- analyze the industrial data using process and product control tools statistically.

Т

2 Λ P C

0 2

MACX 07 NUMERICAL METHODS FOR INTEGRATION AND DIFFERENTIAL **EQUATIONS**

- **OBJECTIVE**
 - This course aims to solve numerically integral and differential equations.

MODULE I NUMERICAL INTEGRATION

Numerical integration by trapezoidal and Simpsongs 1/3 and 3/8 rules . Romberggs method. Two Point and Three point Gaussian quadrature formulae.

MODULE II NUMERICAL DOUBLE INTEGRATION

Double integrals using trapezoidal and Simpsons 1/3 rules.

MODULE III NUMERICAL SOLUTIONS OF ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL **EQUATIONS**

Milners Predictor and Corrector Method . Adams Predictor-Corrector Method - Finite difference methods for two . point Boundary Value problems for Ordinary Differential Equations.

MODULE IV BOUNDARY VALUE PROBLEMS FOR PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Finite difference solution of one dimensional heat equation by explicit and implicit methods . One dimensional wave equation and two dimensional Laplace and Poisson equations.

Total:30

8

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. M.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyengar, R.K.Jain, Wumerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation+, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2003.
- 2. Grewal, B.S., Wumerical methods in Engineering and Science+7th edition, Khanna Publishers, 2007

8

6

REFRENCES

- 1. C.F.Gerald, P.O.Wheatley, % pplied Numerical Analysis+Pearson Education, New Delhi 2002.
- 2. P.Dechaumphai, N. Wansophark, Numerical Methods in Engineering+, Narosa Publications, 2012.

OUTCOMES

At the end of the course students will be able to

- > solve the integration by numerical methods.
- solve the double integration by numerical methods
- find numerical solution of ordinary differential equations in engineering problems.
- find numerical solution of partial differential equations in engineering problems.

MACX 08

MATHEMATICAL MODELLING

L T P C 2 0 0 2

7

OBJECTIVES

The aims of the course are to

- provide basic idea of formation and use of Mathematical models for different purposes.
- determine the extent to which models are able to replicate real-world phenomena under different conditions

MODULE I PRINCIPLES OF MATHEMATICAL MODELING

Mathematics as a modelling language - Classification of models - Building, studying, testing and using models - Black and white box models . Difference equations

MODULE II PHENOMENOLOGICAL MODELS

Linear, Multiple linear and nonlinear regression - Neural networks - Fuzzy model - Stability and higher dimensional systems

MODULE III MECHANISTIC MODELS –I

Setting up ODE models . Initial and Boundary value problems - Numerical solutions - Fitting ODE to data - Applications

MODULE IV MECHANISTIC MODELS –II

Linear and nonlinear equations - Elliptic, parabolic and hyperbolic equations - Closed form solutions - Finite difference and finite element methods

Total-30

7

8

8

TEXT BOOKS

- G. Ledder , Calculus, modelling , probability and dynamic systems+, Springer 2013
- 2. Kei Velten, Mathematical modelling and simulation+, J. Wiley and sons,2009

REFRENCES

- 1. Michael D Alder, % n introduction to Mathematical modelling+, Heaven for Books.com
- 2. Alfio Quarteroni, Mathematical models in science and engineering+, Notices of AMS
- 3. J.N. Kapur, Mathematical models in Biology and Medicine+, Affiliated East-West Press Private Limited, New Delhi, 1992.

OUTCOMES

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- > identify the relationship between real world and mathematical models
- > Classify the data and choose the appropriate model
- > Distinguish between linear and nonlinear models
- > identify the relationship between empirical and mechanistic models

MACX 09

GRAPH THEORY

LTPC

2 0 0 2

8

8

7

7

OBJECTIVES

The aims of this course are to

- represent the real life situations diagrammatically.
- appraise different methods to find solutions to graph theory problems.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION TO GRAPH THEORY

Graphs - finite and infinite graphs - Incident and degree-isolated vertex, pendent vertex and null vertex.

MODULE II PATH AND CIRCUIT

Isomorphism . sub graphs-walks, paths and circuits . connected and disconnected graphs- Euler graphs . operation on a graph.

MODULE III TREES AND FUNDAMENTAL CIRCUITS

Trees- some properties of trees- pendent vertices in a tree . rooted binary tree- spanning trees-fundamental circuits.

MODULE IV CUT SETS AND CUT VERTICES

Cut sets . some properties of cut sets- fundamental circuits and cut sets-network flows.

Total-30

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. NARSINGH DEO, Graph theory with applications to Engineering and Computer Science, Prentice Hall INC, New Delhi,
- 2. J.A. Pondy and U.S.R. Murthy, North Holland, Oxford, New York Graph theory with applications

REFRENCES

- 1. Trembly J.P and Manohar R, Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science+, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 30th Reprint 2011
- Kenneth H.Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications+, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, Special Indian Edition, 2011
- 3. Md. Saidur Rahman, Basic graph theory+, Springer, 2017

OUTCOMES

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- > demonstrate the basic concepts of Graph theory.
- > explore connected and disconnected graphs.
- > identify the real life problems with trees and circuits.
- > bring out the cut set properties and network flows properties.

Humanities Elective I

SSCX01 – FUNDAMENTALS OF ECONOMICS

Course objectives:

- To identify and present the basic concepts of demand, supply and equilibrium.
- To explain and discuss the types and concepts of national income and inflation.
- To illustrate the fundamental concepts of money, banking and public finance.
- To apprise the students about Indian economy and the role of engineers in economic development.

MODULE I DEMAND AND SUPPLY ANALYSIS

Classification of economy . open and closed economy, Demand - Types of demand - Determinants of demand . Law of Demand - Demand elasticity - Supply - Determinants of Supply . Law of Supply - Supply elasticity - Pricing strategies.

MODULE II NATIONAL INCOME AND INFLATION

Concepts of National income and measurement . Importance and difficulties of estimating National Income in India - Aggregate demand and aggregate supply, Macroeconomic equilibrium . meaning of inflation- types - causes and preventive measures.

MODULE III MONEY, BANKING AND PUBLIC FINANCE

Money . Meaning, types, functions, importance - Commercial Banks - Central Bank - Monetary policy . meaning, objectives, Methods of Credit Control By RBI, Government Budget . Government revenue and Expenditures . Fiscal policy - Its objectives, instruments and limitations - Deficit Financing - The Fiscal Responsibility and Budget Management Act, 2003 (FRBMA) .

MODULE IV INDIAN ECONOMY AND THE ROLE OF ENGINEERS

Economic reforms . Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization - challenges and opportunities, Engineers . Engineersqcontributions to the economic growth.

B.S. Abdur Rahman Crescent Institute of Science and Technology

Periods: 30

Ρ

0

С

2

Information Technology

Т

0

L

2

8

7

9

Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course,

- Students will have had exposure to the basic concepts of demand, supply and various pricing strategies.
- Students will have understood the macroeconomic concepts of national income and inflation.
- Students will be able to apply the knowledge of money, banking and public finance in their real life situations.
- Students will have an overview of the economic reforms introduced in Indian economy.

Reference Books:

- 1. Dutt and Sundharam (2013), *Indian Economy*, S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2. Hussain, Moon Moon (2015), *Economics for Engineers*, Himalaya Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 3. Cleaver Tony (2004), *Conomics: The Basics+*, Routledge, London.
- 4. Mell Andrew and Walker Oliver (2014), *‰he Rough Guide to Economics*+, Rough Guide Ltd.

SSCX02 - PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY.

Course Objectives:

L T P C 2 0 0 2

- To acquaint the students with Concepts and perspectives of Sociology
- To explain the reflection of society in Individuals and vice versa
- To describe the hierarchical arrangement of individuals and groups in society
- To explicate the dimensions, forms and factors of Social change.
- To examine the context, impact and agencies of Globalization

MODULE I THE FOUNDATIONAL CANON

Sociology-Definition, scope and importance; Major theoretical perspectives-Functionalism, Conflict Theorising and Interactionism; Elements of social formation-Society, Community, Groups and Association; Associative Social Process- Co-operation, Accommodation and Assimilation; Dissociative Social Process- Competition and Conflict.

MODULE II INDIVIDUAL AND SOCIETY

Culture-definition, characteristics, functions, types, cultural lag and civilization, Socialization . definition, process, stages, agencies and anticipatory socialization; Social Control- definition, characteristics, importance, types & agencies.

MODULE III SOCIAL INEQUALITY AND STRATIFICATION

Concepts- inequality, hierarchy, differentiation, Social Exclusion, and Social Stratification. Forms of Social Stratification- Caste, Class and Estate. Gender and Social Stratification- sex and gender, patriarchy, factors perpetuating gender stratification; Globalization and gender inequality.

MODULE IV SOCIAL CHANGE AND GLOBALIZATION

Social Change-definition, nature, direction; Forms- evolution, development, progress and transformation; Factors of social change- demography, economy, technology, polity and culture. Globalization- definition, characteristics, historical

7

8

and social context and Impact, agencies of globalization- IGOs, INGOs, Nation-State, MNEs and Media

Total: 30 Hours

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course,

- Students will have exposure to the fundamentals tenets of Sociology.
- Students will be trained to understand social reality with sociological perspective.
- Students will be oriented to constructively analyze human interactions, social relationship and social issues
- Students will gain exposure to the dynamics of human society with special reference to the contemporary trends of globalization.

Textbooks

- ✤ Giddens A. 1989. Sociology+Cambridge: Polity Press.
- Heald Haralambos, R.M(2014) . ±Sociology Themes and Perspectives+, Oxford, New Delhi-92
- Bhushan Vidya and D.R. Sachdeva (2012). #Fundamental of Sociology+, Pearson, Delhi.

References

- Das Gupta, Samir and Paulomi Saha (2012), #An Introduction to Sociology+, Pearson, Delhi
- Bottomore, T.B. 1972. Sociology- A Guide to Literature and Problems, New Delhi,

LTPC

0

0 2

SSCX03 – SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY. 2

Course Objectives:

- To present a portrayal of the components of the Indian Social structure
- To describe the nature and contemporary structure of Indian social Institutions.
- To examine the causality and magnitude of social problem facing the contemporary India.
- To elucidate the processes forms and impact of change and development in Indian society

MODULE I INDIAN SOCIAL STRUCTURE

Unity and Diversity; Concepts of unity and diversity- racial, religious, ethnic and linguistic composition of India. Types of communities-rural, urban and tribal; Social backwardness- OBC, SC and ST; Indian minorities- religious, ethnic, linguistic and LGBT

MODULE II INDIAN SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Family- definition, types, characteristics, functions of family; Joint Family- definition features, utility, changes; Marriage- definition, characteristics, marriage as sacrament or contract. Caste- definition, principles, contemporary changes, dominant caste, caste -class interface.

MODULE III SOCIAL PROBLEMS IN INDIA

Social Problem-definition, nature, social disorganization; Population explosioncauses, effects, relationship with development; Child Labour- causes, magnitude and consequences; Unemployment-nature, types, causes and effects; Gender issues- social status of women, violence against women and women in work place; Contemporary issues- communalism, terrorism and corruption.

MODULE IV SOCIAL CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA Socio-cultural Change- Sanskritization, Westernization, Secularization, Modernization; Processes of Social change- Industrialization, Urbanization, Globalization; Development- definition, elements, role of government, industry and corporate sector. Technology and change- invention and innovation, impact of technology on social institutions, technology and development.

Total: 30 Hours

7

7

8

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course,

- Students will gain an in-depth understanding of the social structure and social institutions that constitute society in India.
- Students will be sensitized to the various categories ,Inequalities and their challenges
- Students will be exposed to the social problems encountered in contemporary India.
- Students will gain knowledge about the various forms and trends of the social change.
- Students will become aware about the challenges in the path of progress of Indian society and realize relevance of their role in bringing about development

Textbooks

- Sharma,K.L.2008. Indian Social Structure and Change. Jaipur: Rawat Publications,.
- Shah, A.M. 1998. The Family in India: Critical Essays. New Delhi: Orient Longman,
- Ahuja Ram. 1999. Social problems in India, Rawat Publication: New Delhi.
- Ahuja Ram. 2014. Society in India,, Rawat Publication: New Delhi.

Reference Books:

- Subramainam, R.,(2013), #Professional Ethics+, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Jayapalan, N.(2001), "Indian Society and Social Institutions+ Atlantic Publishers & Distri,
- ✤ Atal, yogesh (2006), ‰hanging Indian Society+Rawat Publications, Jaipur

IV Semester Electives (3 Credits)

Humanities Elective – II

SSCX04– ECONOMICS OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

L	т	Р	С
2	0	0	2

7

6

Objectives:

- 1. To have an increased awareness on the concept and components of sustainable development.
- 2. To develop the ability to demonstrate the need of sustainable development and international responses to environmental challenges.
- 3. To have an insight into global environmental issues and sustainable globalization.
- 4. To establish a clear understanding of the policy instruments of sustainable development.

MODULE I CONCEPT OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Evolution of the Concept . Rio Summit and sustainable development - various definitions of sustainable development - Components of sustainable development: Social, environmental and economic components.

MODULE II NEED FOR SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Need for sustainability . Global environmental challenges: population growth, resource depletion, pollution, energy use, climate change, pollution, growing water scarcity, other urban problems, loss of biodiversity, hazardous wastes disposal.

International responses to environmental challenges - Global policy such as Kyoto Protocol, Montreal Protocol, Basel Convention.

MODULE III GLOBALIZATION AND ENVIRONMENT SUSTAINABILITY 9

Impact of Globalization on sustainable development, Co - existence of globalization and Environment sustainability, Globalization and Global Governance. Green economy - Renewable energy, sustainable transport, sustainable construction, land and water management, waste management.

MODULE IV POLICIES FOR ACHIEVING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT 8

Principles of environmental policy for achieving sustainable development: precautionary principle and polluter pays principle . Business Charter for Sustainable Development. Policy instruments for sustainable development: direct

regulation . market based pollution control instruments such as pollution tax, subsidy, pollution permits.

Periods: 30

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the students will

- 1. The students will have understood the concepts and components of sustainable development.
- 2. The students will have a holistic overview on the challenges of sustainable development and International responses to environmental challenges.
- 3. The students will have gained knowledge on the global environment issues and demonstrate responsible globalization through global governance.
- 4. The students will have developed awareness of the ethical, economic, social and political dimensions that influence sustainable development.

References:

- Anderson, David A (2010), % *Environmental Economics and Natural Resource Management*+, Routledge, 3rd edition.
- Karpagam M (1999), *Environmental Economics: A Textbook*, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- Karpagam M and Jaikumar Geetha (2010), *Green Management Theory and Applications*+, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- Sengupta Ramprasad (2004), *Ecology and Economics: An Approach to Sustainable Development+*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

Т

L

2 0

P C

0 2

SSCX05 – INDUSTRIAL SOCIOLOGY

Course Objectives:

- To introduce sociological approaches and perspectives to understand the social relationship in manufacturing industries and corporate sector.
- To explain the structure and functions of industrial organizations.
- To elucidate the dynamics of organizational behavior, leadership and communication.
- To inculcate professional ethics and values to equip students to work in organizational settings.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION

Industrial Sociology- definition, scope and importance; Theoretical approachesscientific management, human relations approach, theory of bureaucracy, Fordism and post-fordism; Production system- concept and characteristics of factory system, automation and rationalization; Industrial conflict- strike , lockout and trade unions

MODULE II INDUSTRIAL ORGANIZATION

Formal organization- definition, features, utility; Informal organization- definition, characteristics, types and relevance; Structure of industrial organization-features and functions of line organization, characteristics and roles of staff organization, distinction;

Industrial hierarchy-white collar, blue collar, supervisors and managers

MODULE III DYNAMICS OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Group dynamics- Definition, Group behaviour model, Group decision making process, group cohesiveness; Leadership- definitions, style and effective supervision; Communication- concepts, types, model barriers; Job satisfaction-nature, employee compensation and job satisfaction

MODULE IV PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND VALUES

Concepts- values- morals, and ethics, Integrity, work ethics, service learning -Civic Virtue - caring - Sharing - Honesty - Courage - Valuing Time - Cooperation - commitment - empathy - Self-Confidence - Environmental Ethics, Cyber issues - computer ethics, cyber crimes, plagiarism Ethical living-concept of harmony in life.

Total: 30 Hours

293

8

8

7

Textbook

- Narender Singh, Industrial Sociology, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2012.
- Gisbert Pascal, Fundamentals of Industrial Sociology, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1972
- Schneider Engeno. V, Industrial Sociology 2nd Edition, Mc. Graw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1979.

Reference

- Robbins, Stephen, Organizational Behaviour, Prentice Hall of India PVT Itd new Delhi, 1985
- Devis Keith, Human Behaviour at work place, Mc. Graw Hill Publishing Co., New Delhi, 1984

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course,

- Students will have acclimatized with sociological perspectives for dealing with social relationships in production and service organizations.
- Students will be familiar with structure of authority, roles and responsibility in organizational settings.
- Students will imbibe leadership, communication and behavioral acumen to govern organization
- Students will be sensitized to standards of desirable behavior to engage in industrial and corporate sector.

B.Tech.

LAW FOR ENGINEERS

L T P C 2 0 0 2

Course objectives

- To understand the Constitution and Governance of our country.
- To apprise the students of human rights local and international and redressal mechanism.
- To have an insight into the industrial, corporate and labour laws of our country.
- To establish a clear understanding about the importance of intellectual property related laws.

MODULE I - INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNANCE

Constitution . salient features, Preamble, Citizenship, Fundamental rights, Fundamental duties, Directive principles, Union executive, Legislature . Union . State and union territories . Election Commission . Election for parliament and state legislature, Judiciary- basic functioning of the Supreme Court and High Courts, Right to information Act 2005 . evolution . concept . practice.

MODULE II - HUMAN RIGHTS

Human rights . meaning and significance, Covenant on civil and political rights, Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural rights, UN mechanism and agencies, The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 . watch on human rights and enforcement.

MODULE III – INDUSTRIAL, CORPORATE AND LABOUR LAWS 8

Corporate laws . meaning and scope, Companies Act 1956 . Indian Contract Act 1872 - Principles of Arbitration - Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act 1946 - Industrial Disputes Act 1947 - Workmence Compensation Act 1923 - The Factories Act, 1948.

MODULE IV - LAWS RELATED TO IPR

IPR . meaning and scope, International organization . WIPO . TRIPS, Major Indian IPR Acts . Copyright laws, Patent and Design Act, Trademarks Act, Trade Secret Act, Geographical Indicator.

6

Text Books:

- 1. M.P. Jain (2005) *Indian Constitutional Law*, Wadhwa & Co.
- 2. H. D, Agarwal (2008), *International Law and Human Rights,* Central Law Publications,
- 3. Rao, Meena (2006), *Fundamental Concepts in Law of Contract*, 3rd edn., Professional offset.
- 4. Ramappa (2010), Intellectual Property Rights Law in India, Asia Law House.
- 5. Singh, Avtar (2007), *Company Law*, Eastern Book Co.
- 6. R.F, Rustamji (1967), Introduction to the Law of Industrial Disputes, Asia Publishing House.

References:

1. Acts: Right to Information Act, Industrial Employees (standing order) Act, Factories Act, Workmen Compensate Act.

Outcomes:

On successful completion of the course

- Students will `be able to apply the basic concepts of Indian Constitution, Governance and power in their real life situation.
- Students will have gained knowledge in human rights, cultural, social and political rights.
- Students will have synthesized knowledge about industrial, corporate and labour laws of our country.
- Students will have an overview of IPRs and laws related to Intellectual Property Rights.